

ASSEMBLY RESOLUTION NO. 1—COMMITTEE ON
LEGISLATIVE OPERATIONS AND ELECTIONS

FEBRUARY 3, 2025

Read and Adopted

SUMMARY—Adopts the Standing Rules of the Assembly for the 83rd Session of the Legislature. (BDR R-980)

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EXPLANATION – Matter in *bolded italics* is new; matter between brackets ~~omitted material~~ is material to be omitted.

ASSEMBLY RESOLUTION—Adopting the Standing Rules of the Assembly for the 83rd Session of the Legislature.

RESOLVED BY THE ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF NEVADA, That the Assembly Standing Rules are hereby adopted for the 83rd Session of the Legislature as follows:

I. OFFICERS AND EMPLOYEES

DUTIES OF OFFICERS

Rule No. 1. Speaker of the Assembly.

1. All officers of the Assembly are subordinate to the Speaker in all that relates to the prompt, efficient and correct discharge of their official duties under the Speaker's supervision.

2. Possessing the powers and performing the duties described in this Rule, the Speaker shall:

(a) Take the chair at the hour to which the Assembly stands adjourned, call the members to order, and upon the appearance of a quorum, proceed to business.

(b) In the event an emergency occurs during a regular or special session of the Legislature which requires a meeting of the Assembly, call the members back to order before the hour to which the Assembly had adjourned.

(c) Preserve order and decorum and have general direction of the Chamber of the Assembly and the approaches thereto. In the event of any disturbance or disorderly conduct therein, order the same to be cleared.



1 (d) Decide all questions of order, subject to a member's right
2 to appeal to the Assembly. On appeal from such decisions, the
3 Speaker has the right, in the Speaker's place, to assign the reason
4 for the decision.

5 (e) Have the right to name any member to perform the duties
6 of the Chair, but such substitution must not extend beyond one
7 legislative day.

8 (f) Have the power to accredit the persons who act as
9 representatives of the news media and assign them seats.

10 (g) Sign all bills and resolutions passed by the Legislature as
11 provided by law.

12 (h) Sign all subpoenas issued by the Assembly.

13 (i) Receive all messages and communications from other
14 departments of the government and announce them to the
15 Assembly.

16 (j) Represent the Assembly, declare its will and in all things
17 obey its commands.

18 (k) Vote on final passage of a bill or adoption of a resolution,
19 but the Speaker shall not be required to vote in ordinary legislative
20 proceedings except where the Speaker's vote would be decisive. In
21 all yea and nay votes, the Speaker's name must be called last.

22 (l) Appoint committees during the interim between regular
23 sessions of the Legislature for any proper purpose, including,
24 without limitation, taking testimony, compelling the attendance of
25 witnesses, punishing persons or entities for contempt and
26 reporting findings to the next session of the Legislature.

27 3. If a vacancy occurs in the office of Speaker, through
28 death, resignation or disability of the Speaker, the Speaker Pro
29 Tempore shall temporarily and for the period of vacancy or
30 disability conduct the necessary business of the Assembly.

31 4. If a permanent vacancy occurs in the office of Speaker, the
32 Assembly shall select a new Speaker.

33 5. This Rule shall remain in full force and effect throughout
34 the interim between regular sessions of the Legislature and until
35 new Standing Rules of the Assembly are adopted as part of the
36 organization of a newly-constituted Assembly at the
37 commencement of a session.

38
39 **Rule No. 2. Continuation of Leadership and Standing Rules of**
40 **the Assembly During the Interim Between Regular Sessions.**

41 1. Except as otherwise provided in subsections 2, 3 and 4, the
42 tenure of the Speaker, Speaker Pro Tempore, Majority Leader and
43 Minority Leader of the Assembly extends during the interim
44 between regular sessions of the Legislature.



1 2. *The Assemblymembers designated to be the Speaker,*
2 *Speaker Pro Tempore, Majority Leader and Minority Leader for*
3 *the next succeeding regular session shall perform any duty*
4 *required of that officer by the Standing Rules of the Assembly and*
5 *the Nevada Revised Statutes in the period between the time of their*
6 *designation after the general election and the organization of the*
7 *next succeeding regular session.*

8 3. *The Assemblymember designated to be the Speaker and the*
9 *Assemblymember designated to be the Minority Leader for the*
10 *next succeeding regular session shall appoint the regular and*
11 *alternate members to the Select Committee on Ethics as set forth*
12 *in Assembly Standing Rule No. 23.*

13 4. *The Assemblymember designated to be the Speaker for the*
14 *next succeeding regular session shall:*

15 (a) *Determine the start time of the Assembly's organizational*
16 *session.*

17 (b) *Have the right to name any person to call the Assembly to*
18 *order and preside over the Assembly's organizational session until*
19 *a presiding officer is elected.*

20 (c) *Refer prefiled bills and resolutions to committee, subject to*
21 *ratification by a majority vote of the members of the Assembly*
22 *once the Assembly is organized and ready for business.*

23 5. *The Assembly Standing Rules set forth herein shall remain*
24 *in full force and effect throughout the interim between regular*
25 *sessions of the Legislature and until new Standing Rules of the*
26 *Assembly are adopted as part of the organization of a newly-*
27 *constituted Assembly at the commencement of a session, unless a*
28 *conflict exists with a rule adopted by the Assembly for a special*
29 *session occurring between regular sessions.*

30
31 ***Rule No. 3. Chief Clerk.***

32 1. *The Chief Clerk is elected by the Assembly and is*
33 *responsible to the Speaker.*

34 2. *The Chief Clerk shall recruit, select, train and supervise all*
35 *attaches employed to assist with the work of the Assembly.*

36 3. *The Chief Clerk shall administer the daily business of the*
37 *Assembly.*

38 4. *The Chief Clerk shall adopt such administrative policies as*
39 *the Chief Clerk deems necessary to carry out the business of the*
40 *Assembly.*

41 5. *The Speaker and the Chief Clerk are authorized to make*
42 *any necessary corrections and additions to the final journal,*
43 *history and committee minutes of the Assembly.*

44 6. *At the direction of the Speaker or Speaker Designate, the*
45 *Chief Clerk shall attest and affix the seal of the Assembly to all*



1 *writs, warrants, subpoenas and formal documents issued by the*
2 *Assembly.*

3 *7. The Chief Clerk shall have custody of all bills, resolutions,*
4 *petitions, papers and other documents, including, without*
5 *limitation, matters referred to the committees of the Assembly.*

6
7 *Rule No. 4. Reserved.*

8
9 *Rule No. 5. Reserved.*

10
11 *Rule No. 6. Reserved.*

12
13 *The next rule is 10.*

14
15 **II. SESSIONS AND MEETINGS**

16
17 *Rule No. 10. Time of Meeting.*

18 *The Assembly shall meet each day at 11:30 a.m., unless the*
19 *Assembly adjourns to some other hour.*

20
21 *Rule No. 11. Open Meetings.*

22 *All meetings of the Assembly and its committees must be open*
23 *to the public.*

24
25 *Rule No. 12. Convening of the Assembly between Legislative*
26 *Sessions.*

27 *1. The Assembly may be convened at any time between*
28 *sessions of the Legislature upon a petition signed by a majority of*
29 *the members elected to the Assembly to consider and take action*
30 *on any matter that is solely and exclusively within the*
31 *constitutional or inherent powers of the Assembly, including,*
32 *without limitation, any matter that may be considered and acted*
33 *on by the Assembly pursuant to its plenary and exclusive*
34 *constitutional powers under Article 4, Section 6 of the Nevada*
35 *Constitution or pursuant to its inherent powers of institutional*
36 *self-protection and self-preservation to govern, control and*
37 *regulate its membership and its internal organization, affairs and*
38 *management.*

39 *2. A petition convening the Assembly pursuant to this Rule*
40 *must specify the matter that will be considered or acted on by the*
41 *Assembly, indicate a date for the Assembly to convene and be*
42 *transmitted to the Chief Clerk of the Assembly. Upon receipt of*
43 *one or more substantially similar petitions signed, in the*
44 *aggregate, by a majority of the members elected to the Assembly,*
45 *the Chief Clerk shall notify all members of the Assembly that the*



1 *Assembly will be convened pursuant to this Rule and the date on*
2 *which the Assembly will be convened.*

3 3. *The Assembly hereby finds and declares that:*

4 (a) *The Nevada Constitution invests each House of the*
5 *Legislature with certain plenary and exclusive constitutional*
6 *powers which may be exercised only by that House and which*
7 *cannot be usurped, infringed or impaired by the other House or by*
8 *any other branch of Nevada's State Government. (Heller v.*
9 *Legislature, 120 Nev. 456 (2004); Commission on Ethics v. Hardy,*
10 *125 Nev. 285 (2009); Mason's Manual of Legislative Procedure §§*
11 *2-3 & 560-564 (2010) (Mason's Manual))*

12 (b) *Article 4, Section 6 of the Nevada Constitution invests each*
13 *House with plenary and exclusive constitutional powers to govern,*
14 *control and regulate its membership and its internal organization,*
15 *affairs and management, expressly providing that: "Each House*
16 *shall judge of the qualifications, elections and returns of its own*
17 *members, choose its own officers (except the President of the*
18 *Senate), determine the rules of its proceedings and may punish its*
19 *members for disorderly conduct, and with the concurrence of two*
20 *thirds of all the members elected, expel a member."*

21 (c) *In addition to its plenary and exclusive constitutional*
22 *powers, each House possesses certain inherent powers of*
23 *institutional self-protection and self-preservation to govern,*
24 *control and regulate its membership and its internal organization,*
25 *affairs and management. (In re Chapman, 166 U.S. 661, 668*
26 *(1897); Mason's Manual § 2; Luther S. Cushing, Elements of the*
27 *Law & Practice of Legislative Assemblies § 533 (1856) (Cushing's*
28 *Legislative Assemblies))*

29 (d) *The inherent powers of each House are considered "so*
30 *essential to the authority of a legislative assembly, that it cannot*
31 *would exist without them; and they are consequently entitled to be*
32 *regarded as belonging to every such assembly as a necessary*
33 *incident." (Cushing's Legislative Assemblies § 533)*

34 (e) *The inherent powers of each House authorize it to take all*
35 *necessary and proper institutional actions that are "recognized by*
36 *the common parliamentary law." (Cushing's Legislative*
37 *Assemblies § 684)*

38 (f) *Thus, it is well established that each House is "vested with*
39 *all the powers and privileges which are necessary and incidental to*
40 *a free and unobstructed exercise of its appropriate functions.*
41 *These powers and privileges are derived not from the Constitution;*
42 *on the contrary, they arise from the very creation of a legislative*
43 *body, and are founded upon the principle of self-preservation."*
44 *(Ex parte McCarthy, 29 Cal. 395, 403 (1866))*



The next rule is 20.

III. DECORUM AND DEBATE

Rule No. 20. Points of Order.

If any member, in speaking or otherwise, transgresses the rules of the Assembly, the Speaker shall, or any member may, call to order, in which case the member so called to order shall immediately sit down, unless permitted to explain; and if called to order by a member, such member shall immediately state the point of order. If the point of order be sustained by the presiding officer, the member shall not be allowed to proceed; but if it be not sustained, then the member shall be permitted to go on. Every such decision from the presiding officer shall be subject to an appeal to the House; but no discussion of the question of order shall be allowed unless an appeal be taken from the decision of the presiding officer.

Rule No. 21. Portable Electronic Communication Devices.

1. A person who is within the Assembly Chambers shall not engage in a telephone conversation via the use of a portable telephone.

2. Before entering the Assembly Chambers, any person who possesses a portable electronic communication device, such as a pager or telephone, that emits an audible alert, such as a ringing or beeping sound, to signal an incoming message or call, shall turn the audible alert off. A device that contains a nonaudible alert, such as a silent vibration, may be operated in a nonaudible manner within the Assembly Chambers.

Rule No. 22. Reserved.

Rule No. 23. Select Committee on Ethics; Legislative Ethics.

1. The Select Committee on Ethics consists of:

(a) Two members of the Assembly appointed by the Speaker from the majority political party;

(b) One member of the Assembly appointed by the Minority Leader from the minority political party; and

(c) Three qualified electors of the State, two of whom are appointed by the Speaker and one who is appointed by the Minority Leader, and none of whom is a present member of the Legislature or employed by the State of Nevada.

2. The Speaker shall appoint the Chair and Vice Chair of the Committee. The Vice Chair shall serve as the acting Chair if the



1 *Chair is unable to serve for any reason during the consideration*
2 *of a specific question.*

3 *3. The Speaker shall appoint an alternate member with the*
4 *qualifications set forth in paragraph (a) of subsection 1 and an*
5 *alternate member with the qualifications set forth in paragraph (c)*
6 *of subsection 1. The Minority Leader shall appoint an alternate*
7 *member with the qualifications set forth in paragraph (b) of*
8 *subsection 1 and an alternate member with the qualifications set*
9 *forth in paragraph (c) of subsection 1. If a member of the*
10 *Committee is unable to serve for any reason during the*
11 *consideration of a specific question, the alternate appointed with*
12 *the qualifications from the same paragraph in subsection 1 shall*
13 *serve as a member of the Committee during the consideration of*
14 *the specific question.*

15 *4. A member of the Committee is disqualified to serve during*
16 *the consideration of a specific question if:*

17 *(a) The member is the requester of advice concerning the*
18 *question of ethics or conflict of interest, or the member is the*
19 *subject of the complaint concerning the specific question; or*

20 *(b) A reasonable person in the member's situation could not*
21 *exercise independent judgment on the matter in question.*

22 *5. The members of the Committee shall perform any duty*
23 *required in the period between the time of their appointment after*
24 *the general election and the organization of the next succeeding*
25 *regular session, or until the Speaker or the Speaker Designate or*
26 *the Minority Leader or Minority Leader Designate appoint new*
27 *members to the Committee, whichever occurs first.*

28 *6. The tenure of the members of the Committee shall extend*
29 *during the interim between regular sessions of the Legislature.*

30 *7. The Committee:*

31 *(a) May hear requests brought by members of the Assembly for*
32 *advice on specific questions of potential breaches of ethics and*
33 *conflicts of interest; and*

34 *(b) Shall hear complaints brought by members of the Assembly*
35 *and others on specific questions of alleged breaches of ethics and*
36 *conflicts of interest, including, without limitation, alleged*
37 *breaches of the Legislative Code of Ethical Standards in the Joint*
38 *Standing Rules.*

39 *8. All proceedings held by the Committee to consider the*
40 *character, alleged misconduct, professional competence or*
41 *physical or mental health of any person on matters of ethics or*
42 *conflicts of interest and all materials related to those proceedings*
43 *are confidential, unless the person who is the subject of the*
44 *proceedings requests a public hearing or discloses the content of*
45 *the proceedings or materials.*



1 9. *An individual may file a complaint which alleges a breach*
2 *of ethics or a conflict of interest, including, without limitation, an*
3 *alleged breach of the Legislative Code of Ethical Standards in the*
4 *Joint Standing Rules. If the alleged breach of ethics or conflict of*
5 *interest involves the conduct of more than one person, separate*
6 *complaints must be filed regarding each person. A complaint must*
7 *be:*

8 (a) *Made in writing on a form provided by the Legislative*
9 *Counsel;*

10 (b) *Signed and verified under penalty of perjury by the*
11 *individual making the allegation; and*

12 (c) *Filed with the Legislative Counsel who shall review the*
13 *complaint and any other relevant information and consult with*
14 *the Chair of the Committee or, if the Chair is the subject of the*
15 *complaint, with the Vice Chair, to evaluate whether the Committee*
16 *has jurisdiction and whether an investigation is warranted in the*
17 *matter. If it is determined that the Committee:*

18 (1) *Does not have jurisdiction or that an investigation is not*
19 *warranted in the matter, the Legislative Counsel shall send written*
20 *notice of the determination to the individual who filed the*
21 *complaint.*

22 (2) *Has jurisdiction and an investigation is warranted in*
23 *the matter, the Legislative Counsel shall send written notice of the*
24 *determination and a copy of the complaint to the person who is the*
25 *subject of the complaint.*

26 10. *Each Legislator is subject, at all times, to the Legislative*
27 *Code of Ethical Standards in the Joint Standing Rules and, in*
28 *addition, must determine whether he or she has a conflict of*
29 *interest upon any matter in question before the Legislator. In*
30 *determining whether the Legislator has such a conflict of interest,*
31 *the Legislator should consider whether the independence of*
32 *judgment of a reasonable person in his or her situation upon the*
33 *matter in question would be materially affected by the*
34 *Legislator's:*

35 (a) *Acceptance of a gift or loan;*

36 (b) *Private economic interest; or*

37 (c) *Commitment to a member of his or her household or*
38 *immediate family.*

39 ↳ *In interpreting and applying the provisions of this subsection, it*
40 *must be presumed that the independence of judgment of a*
41 *reasonable person in the Legislator's situation would not be*
42 *materially affected by the Legislator's private economic interest or*
43 *the Legislator's commitment to a member of his or her household*
44 *or immediate family where the resulting benefit or detriment*
45 *accruing to the Legislator, or if the Legislator has a commitment*



1 to a member of his or her household or immediate family,
2 accruing to those other persons, is not greater than that accruing
3 to any other member of the general business, profession,
4 occupation or group that is affected by the matter.

5 11. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 12, if a
6 Legislator knows he or she has a conflict of interest pursuant to
7 subsection 10, the Legislator shall make a general disclosure of
8 the conflict of interest on the record in a meeting of a committee
9 or on the floor of the Assembly, as applicable. Such a disclosure
10 must be entered:

11 (a) If the Legislator makes the disclosure in a meeting of a
12 committee, in the minutes for that meeting.

13 (b) If the Legislator makes the disclosure on the floor of the
14 Assembly, in the Journal.

15 12. If, on one or more prior occasions during the current
16 session of the Legislature, a Legislator has made a general
17 disclosure of a conflict of interest on the record in a meeting of a
18 committee or on the floor of the Assembly, the Legislator is not
19 required to make that general disclosure at length again regarding
20 the same conflict of interest if, when the matter in question arises
21 on subsequent occasions, the Legislator makes a reference on the
22 record to the previous disclosure.

23 13. In determining whether to abstain from voting upon,
24 advocating or opposing a matter concerning which a Legislator
25 has a conflict of interest pursuant to subsection 10, the Legislator
26 should consider whether:

27 (a) The conflict impedes his or her independence of judgment;
28 and

29 (b) His or her interest is greater than the interests of an entire
30 class of persons similarly situated.

31 14. The provisions of this Rule do not under any
32 circumstances and regardless of any conflict of interest:

33 (a) Prohibit a Legislator from requesting or introducing a
34 legislative measure; or

35 (b) Require a Legislator to take any particular action before or
36 while requesting or introducing a legislative measure.

37 15. If a Legislator who is a member of a committee declares
38 on the record when a vote is to be taken by the committee that he
39 or she will abstain from voting because of the requirements of this
40 Rule, the necessary quorum to act upon and the number of votes
41 necessary to act upon the matter is reduced as though the
42 Legislator abstaining were not a member of the committee.

43 16. The standards and procedures set forth in this Rule which
44 govern whether and to what extent a member of the Assembly has
45 a conflict of interest, should disclose a conflict of interest or



1 *should abstain from voting upon, advocating or opposing a matter*
2 *concerning which the member has a conflict of interest pursuant*
3 *to subsection 10:*

4 (a) *Are exclusive and are the only standards and procedures*
5 *that apply to members of the Assembly with regard to such*
6 *matters; and*

7 (b) *Supersede and preempt all other standards and procedures*
8 *with regard to such matters,*

9 ↪ *except that this subsection does not exempt any members of the*
10 *Assembly from the Legislative Code of Ethical Standards in the*
11 *Joint Standing Rules.*

12 17. *For purposes of this Rule, “immediate family” means a*
13 *person who is related to the Legislator by blood, adoption or*
14 *marriage within the first degree of consanguinity or affinity.*

15
16 *The next rule is 30.*

17
18 **IV. QUORUM, VOTING, ELECTIONS**

19
20 **Rule No. 30. Manner of Voting.**

21 1. *The presiding officer shall declare all votes, but the yeas*
22 *and nays must be taken when called for by three members present,*
23 *and the names of those calling for the yeas and nays must be*
24 *entered in the Journal by the Chief Clerk.*

25 2. *The presiding officer shall call for yeas and nays by a*
26 *division or by a roll call, either electronic or oral.*

27 3. *When taking the yeas and nays on any proposal, the*
28 *electronic roll call system may be used, and when so used shall*
29 *have the force and effect of any roll call under these rules.*

30 4. *When taking the yeas and nays by oral roll call, the Chief*
31 *Clerk shall take the names of members alphabetically, except that*
32 *the Speaker’s name must be called last.*

33 5. *The electronic roll call system may be used to determine*
34 *the presence of a quorum.*

35 6. *The yeas and nays must not be taken with the electronic*
36 *roll call system until all members present are at their desks. The*
37 *presiding officer may vote at the rostrum.*

38 7. *Only a member who:*

39 (a) *Has been certified by the Committee on Legislative*
40 *Operations and Elections or a special committee of the Assembly;*
41 *and*

42 (b) *Is physically present within the Assembly Chambers,*

43 ↪ *may cast a vote in the Assembly.*

44 8. *A member shall not vote for another member on any roll*
45 *call, either electronic or oral. Any member who votes for another*



1 *member may be punished in any manner deemed appropriate by*
2 *the Assembly.*

3
4 **Rule No. 31. Requirement of Voting.**

5 *1. A member shall vote on all proposals that come before the*
6 *body unless the member:*

7 *(a) Is excused; or*

8 *(b) Makes a full and complete disclosure of a conflict pursuant*
9 *to Assembly Standing Rule No. 23.*

10 *2. A member found guilty by the House of a breach of this*
11 *Rule shall not vote or speak on the floor, except to explain and*
12 *apologize for the breach, until the member has made satisfaction*
13 *to the House for the breach.*

14
15 **Rule No. 32. Announcement of the Vote.**

16 *1. A member may change his or her vote at any time before*
17 *the announcement of the vote if the voting is by voice, or at any*
18 *time before the votes are electronically recorded if the voting is*
19 *conducted electronically.*

20 *2. The announcement of the result of any vote shall not be*
21 *postponed.*

22
23 **Rule No. 33. Voting by Division.**

24 *Upon a division and count of the Assembly on any question, no*
25 *person without the bar shall be counted.*

26
27 *The next rule is 40.*

28
29 **V. LEGISLATIVE BODIES**

30
31 **A. COMMITTEES**

32
33 **Rule No. 40. Standing Committees.**

34 *The standing committees of the Assembly for the regular*
35 *session, and for Legislative Operations and Elections for both the*
36 *regular session pursuant to this Rule and for a special session*
37 *pursuant to Assembly Standing Rule No. 142, are as follows:*

38 *1. Ways and Means.*

39 *2. Judiciary.*

40 *3. Revenue.*

41 *4. Education.*

42 *5. Legislative Operations and Elections.*

43 *6. Natural Resources.*

44 *7. Growth and Infrastructure.*

45 *8. Commerce and Labor.*



1 **9. Health and Human Services.**

2 **10. Government Affairs.**

3
4 **Rule No. 41. Appointment of Committees.**

5 1. *Except as otherwise provided in Assembly Standing Rule*
6 *No. 23, all committees must be appointed by the Speaker, unless*
7 *otherwise directed by the Assembly. The Speaker shall designate*
8 *the chair and vice chair of each committee.*

9 2. *To facilitate the full participation of the members during*
10 *an adjournment called pursuant to Joint Standing Rule No. 9 of*
11 *the Senate and Assembly, the Speaker may temporarily appoint a*
12 *member to a committee that is scheduled to meet during the*
13 *adjournment if none of the committees to which the member is*
14 *regularly assigned will be meeting during the adjournment.*

15 3. *Except as otherwise provided in Assembly Standing Rule*
16 *No. 45, all committees will operate under the rules set forth herein*
17 *and other uniform committee rules as determined by the Speaker*
18 *and published on the Nevada Legislature's Internet website. Each*
19 *committee may adopt and file with the Chief Clerk's Office*
20 *policies consistent with these rules.*

21
22 **Rule No. 41.5. Appointment of Alternates.**

23 *If the chair or any member of a committee is temporarily*
24 *unable to perform his or her duties, the Speaker shall appoint an*
25 *alternate of the same political party to serve in the chair's or the*
26 *member's place for such time as is determined by the Speaker.*

27
28 **Rule No. 42. Subcommittees.**

29 1. *Subcommittees may be appointed by the chair to consider*
30 *and report back on specific subjects or bills. If a member of a*
31 *subcommittee is not a member of the standing committee for*
32 *which the subcommittee is created, the approval of the Speaker is*
33 *required for that member's appointment.*

34 2. *Subcommittee meetings will be scheduled by the*
35 *subcommittee chair after consulting with the committee chair.*

36 3. *Members of a subcommittee are required to attend*
37 *meetings of the subcommittee.*

38 4. *Subcommittees of standing committees shall follow the*
39 *same rules as standing committees.*

40
41 **Rule No. 43. Concurrent Referrals.**

42 *When a bill or resolution is referred to two committees, the bill*
43 *or resolution must go to the first committee named. If the first*
44 *committee votes to amend the bill or resolution, it must be*
45 *reprinted with amendments and then returned to the first*



1 *committee or sent immediately to the next committee. If there is no*
2 *amendment proposed by the first committee, or if the first*
3 *committee acts upon the bill or resolution after amendment, the*
4 *bill or resolution must be sent with the committee recommendation*
5 *to the Chief Clerk for transmittal to the second committee.*

6
7 ***Rule No. 44. Committee on Legislative Operations and***
8 ***Elections.***

9 *The Committee on Legislative Operations and Elections has*
10 *jurisdiction over matters relating to personnel. It shall recommend*
11 *by resolution the appointment of all attaches and employees of the*
12 *Assembly not otherwise provided for by law.*

13
14 ***Rule No. 45. Committee of the Whole.***

15 *If a Committee of the Whole is convened:*

16 *1. The Speaker shall preside as Chair of the Committee or*
17 *name a Chair to preside.*

18 *2. A member of the Committee may speak not more than*
19 *twice during the consideration of any one proposal, on the same*
20 *day, and at the same stage of proceedings, without leave. Members*
21 *who have once spoken shall not again be entitled to the floor*
22 *(except for explanation) to the exclusion of others who have not*
23 *spoken.*

24 *3. The Chair may require any vote of the Committee to be*
25 *recorded in the manner designated by the Chair.*

26 *4. All amendments proposed by the Committee:*

27 *(a) Must first be approved by the Committee.*

28 *(b) Must be reported by the Chair to the Assembly.*

29 *5. Insofar as they are applicable and not in conflict with this*
30 *Rule, a Committee will observe the committee rules set forth in*
31 *Section V(A) of the Assembly Standing Rules and such other*
32 *uniform committee rules as determined by the Speaker and*
33 *published on the Nevada Legislature's Internet website.*

34 *6. A quorum of the Committee is the same as a quorum of the*
35 *House, and in case a quorum is not present or other defect is*
36 *observed, the Committee can take no other action than to rise.*

37 *7. It is permissible to limit debate to a certain length of time,*
38 *to close at a time certain, to limit the length of speeches, or to*
39 *otherwise limit debate.*

40 *8. When a fixed duration is established for a Committee, the*
41 *time may be extended with consent of a majority of the members.*

42 *9. A motion for the previous question is not in order.*

43 *10. A Committee cannot:*

44 *(a) Entertain any question of priority.*

45 *(b) Entertain any matter of privilege.*



- 1 (c) *Lay a proposal on the desk.*
- 2 (d) *Postpone consideration of any proposal.*
- 3 (e) *Reconsider a vote on a proposal no longer in possession of*
- 4 *the Committee.*
- 5 (f) *Appoint a subcommittee.*
- 6 (g) *Punish members for disorderly conduct, but must report*
- 7 *any misconduct to the body for its action.*
- 8 11. *Seconds to motions are required.*
- 9 12. *The minutes of the meetings of the Committee must be*
- 10 *entered in the Assembly's final journal.*
- 11

12 ***Rule No. 46. Procedure for Election Contests.***

13 1. *If the Secretary of State delivers a statement of contest of*

14 *the general election for the legislative office of any member*

15 *pursuant to NRS 293.427, the Speaker shall appoint a committee*

16 *to review the contest and designate the chair and vice chair of the*

17 *committee. The committee must consist of three members who are*

18 *not parties to the contest.*

19 2. *The parties to the contest must be designated as the*

20 *contestant and the defendant, and the parties may be represented*

21 *in the contest by attorneys who are licensed to practice law in this*

22 *State.*

23 3. *The chair may take, direct or require any reasonable*

24 *actions to facilitate or carry out the contest, including, without*

25 *limitation, issuing and enforcing any orders or other directives to*

26 *the parties and any attorneys representing the parties.*

27 4. *The committee shall not review the merits of the contest*

28 *unless the committee first determines that the contestant complied*

29 *with all requirements to bring and maintain the contest. To assist*

30 *the committee in making its determination, the chair shall take,*

31 *direct or require any reasonable actions to provide the parties with*

32 *notice and an opportunity to submit written arguments to the*

33 *committee limited to the issue of whether the contestant complied*

34 *with all requirements to bring and maintain the contest.*

35 5. *If the committee determines that the contestant complied*

36 *with all requirements to bring and maintain the contest, the*

37 *committee shall review the merits of the contest pursuant to this*

38 *Rule. If the committee determines that the contestant did not*

39 *comply with all requirements to bring and maintain the contest,*

40 *the committee shall report to the Assembly its recommendation*

41 *that the Assembly should not take further action on the contest*

42 *and that the Assembly should dismiss the contest with prejudice.*

43 *As soon as practicable after receiving the committee's report, the*

44 *Assembly shall vote on whether to accept or reject the committee's*

45 *recommendation without amendment. If the Assembly accepts the*



1 *committee's recommendation, the Speaker shall declare that the*
2 *Assembly shall not take further action on the contest and that the*
3 *Assembly dismisses the contest with prejudice. If the Assembly*
4 *rejects the committee's recommendation, the Speaker shall declare*
5 *that the Assembly returns the contest to the committee with*
6 *directions to review the merits of the contest pursuant to this Rule.*

7 *6. If the committee reviews the merits of the contest pursuant*
8 *to this Rule, the committee may conduct any reasonable hearings*
9 *or other proceedings to receive any evidence and arguments from*
10 *the parties regarding the merits of the contest. The committee*
11 *shall keep written minutes of any hearings that are conducted.*

12 *7. To the extent possible, the merits of the contest must be*
13 *presented and submitted to the committee upon depositions and*
14 *any written or oral arguments as the chair may order. If, at any*
15 *hearings or other proceedings, any oral statements are made that*
16 *purport to establish matters of fact, the statements must be made*
17 *under oath. Strict rules of evidence do not apply in any hearings*
18 *or other proceedings, but the chair may admit or exclude any*
19 *evidence based on the rules of evidence.*

20 *8. A party may take the deposition of any witness at any time*
21 *after the statement of contest is filed with the Secretary of State,*
22 *but the chair may establish reasonable limitations and deadlines*
23 *regarding any depositions. Before taking a deposition, a party*
24 *must provide at least 5 days' notice to the prospective deponent*
25 *and the other party.*

26 *9. To prevail on the merits of the contest, the contestant has*
27 *the burden of proving that, based on one or more of the grounds*
28 *set forth in NRS 293.410, there were sufficient irregularities in the*
29 *election of such a substantial nature as to establish that the result*
30 *of the election was changed thereby.*

31 *10. If the committee reviews the merits of the contest*
32 *pursuant to this Rule, the committee shall report to the Assembly*
33 *its findings and its recommendation on which party should be*
34 *declared elected, unless the committee declines to make such a*
35 *recommendation in its report. As soon as practicable after*
36 *receiving the committee's report, the Assembly shall vote on*
37 *whether to accept or reject the committee's recommendation*
38 *without amendment, if such a recommendation is made. If the*
39 *Assembly accepts the committee's recommendation, the Speaker*
40 *shall declare the recommended party elected. If the Assembly*
41 *rejects the committee's recommendation or if the committee did*
42 *not make such a recommendation, the Assembly shall vote on*
43 *which party should be declared elected, and the Speaker shall*
44 *declare the party elected after the vote.*



1 *11. If the contestant is declared elected and seated as a*
2 *member of the Assembly as a result of the contest, the Speaker*
3 *shall inform the Governor of the Assembly's actions.*
4

5 **B. DUTIES OF COMMITTEE OFFICERS, COMMITTEE**
6 **MEMBERS AND COMMITTEE STAFF**
7

8 **Rule No. 47. Committee Chairs.**

9 *1. The chair has all authority necessary to ensure an efficient*
10 *operation of the committee or subcommittee.*

11 *2. The chair shall have general direction of the committee*
12 *room or other meeting place of the committee, and in case of any*
13 *disturbance or disorderly conduct therein, or if the peace, good*
14 *order and proper conduct of the legislative business is hindered by*
15 *any person or persons, the chair shall have power to exclude from*
16 *the session any individual or individuals so hindering the*
17 *legislative business.*

18 *3. Possessing the powers and performing the duties described*
19 *in this Rule, each committee chair shall:*

20 *(a) Preside over committee meetings and put all proposals*
21 *before the committee;*

22 *(b) Preserve order and decorum and decide all questions of*
23 *order;*

24 *(c) Determine the order of bills for hearing;*

25 *(d) Prepare and distribute the committee's agenda;*

26 *(e) Prepare and distribute a work session document that*
27 *contains a list of all measures on which the committee is ready to*
28 *consider final action;*

29 *(f) Call recesses of the committee as deemed necessary;*

30 *(g) Request amendments to resolve conflicts;*

31 *(h) Determine when final action is to be taken on measures,*
32 *committee reports and other business of the committee;*

33 *(i) Sign and submit bill draft requests on behalf of the*
34 *committee;*

35 *(j) Appoint subcommittees, as necessary;*

36 *(k) Provide direction to committee support staff;*

37 *(l) Prepare and submit committee reports;*

38 *(m) Review and approve minutes of the committee;*

39 *(n) Handle unfinished business for measures heard in the*
40 *committee; and*

41 *(o) Inform the Speaker of committee activity.*

42 *4. In the absence of the chair, or upon the request of the*
43 *chair, the vice chair of the committee shall assume the duties of*
44 *the chair.*



1 5. *The chair may name any member of the committee to*
2 *perform the duties of the chair if such substitution shall not*
3 *extend beyond such meeting.*

4
5 ***Rule No. 48. Attendance.***

6 1. *Members shall notify the chair of any absence. Excused*
7 *absences will be so recorded at the direction of the chair.*

8 2. *A member shall advise the chair if he or she must leave a*
9 *meeting for an extended period of time.*

10 3. *Members not in attendance when a final action is taken on*
11 *a measure will be marked absent for the vote.*

12
13 ***Rule No. 49. Committee Staff.***

14 *Duties of committee attaches shall be prescribed by the Chief*
15 *Clerk and include, but are not limited to, the following:*

16 1. *The committee secretary shall call roll of the members at*
17 *each meeting, with the chair being called last. The committee*
18 *secretary shall record in the minutes the members present and the*
19 *members not present.*

20 2. *The committee secretary shall record the meeting and draft*
21 *committee minutes for the chair's approval.*

22 3. *On behalf of the chair, the committee secretary shall*
23 *maintain all minutes and exhibits of the committee's meetings*
24 *until released to the custody of the Chief Clerk.*

25 4. *The committee manager assigned to each committee shall*
26 *be responsible to the chair of the committee for the proper and*
27 *accurate preparation of all reports of the committee.*

28
29 ***Rule No. 50. Committee Operations.***

30 1. *Each committee of the House shall be provided a*
31 *committee manager who shall maintain a current record of all*
32 *bills, resolutions, petitions, memorials or other matters filed in*
33 *committee. A record of committee actions shall be filed with the*
34 *Chief Clerk. The committee manager shall post, on a bulletin*
35 *board and electronically, all meeting agendas.*

36 2. *The standing committees of the Assembly may coordinate*
37 *with the standing committees of the Senate to meet jointly*
38 *whenever agreed to by said committees for the purpose of holding*
39 *public hearings or considering any proposed or pending*
40 *legislation. Upon conclusion of the joint meeting of said*
41 *committees, each standing committee of the Assembly may take*
42 *such action as it determines appropriate. Whenever the*
43 *committees of the Assembly and Senate hold joint hearings or*
44 *meetings, the chair of the Assembly committee shall coordinate*



1 *with the chair of the Senate committee to determine which of them*
2 *shall preside at the joint meeting.*

3 *3. When a joint meeting is chaired by a Senator, the practices*
4 *of the Senate that are inconsistent with those of the Assembly do*
5 *not create a precedent for the same practice in the Assembly.*

6
7 ***Rule No. 51. Committee Records.***

8 *1. The chair of each committee shall make reports authorized*
9 *by the committee and submit the same to the Chief Clerk.*

10 *2. The chair of each committee shall keep, or cause to be*
11 *kept, a complete record of the committee proceedings in which*
12 *there must be entered:*

13 *(a) The time and place of each meeting;*

14 *(b) The attendance and absence of members;*

15 *(c) The names of all persons appearing before the committee,*
16 *with the names of persons, firms, corporations or associations in*
17 *whose behalf such appearance is made; and*

18 *(d) The subjects or measures considered and action taken.*

19 *3. A person may obtain a recording of a meeting by paying a*
20 *fee determined by the Director of the Legislative Counsel Bureau*
21 *to cover the cost of the recording. Minutes of joint meetings*
22 *prepared by non-Assembly staff are not official records of the*
23 *Assembly. Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, the*
24 *official record of the committee is the minutes of the committee*
25 *meeting approved by the chair pursuant to paragraph (m) of*
26 *subsection 3 of Assembly Standing Rule No. 47. If the chair does*
27 *not approve the minutes pursuant to paragraph (m) of subsection*
28 *3 of Assembly Standing Rule No. 47 within 60 days after the*
29 *minutes are submitted to the chair for review, such minutes shall*
30 *be deemed to be the official record of the committee without*
31 *requiring the approval or signature of the chair.*

32 *4. The Speaker and the Chief Clerk are authorized to make*
33 *any necessary corrections and additions to the minutes of*
34 *committee meetings.*

35
36 ***Rule No. 52. Final Disposition of Committee Minutes and***
37 ***Exhibits.***

38 *Upon their completion, the Chief Clerk shall turn over all*
39 *original minutes and exhibits to the Research Library of the*
40 *Legislative Counsel Bureau.*

41
42 ***Rule No. 52.5. Notices of Bills, Topics and Public Hearings.***

43 *1. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 3, all*
44 *committees shall provide adequate notice of public hearings on*
45 *bills, resolutions or other topics which are to come before the*



1 *committees. The notice must include the date, time, place and*
2 *agenda to be covered. The notice must be posted conspicuously in*
3 *the Legislative Building and be posted on the Nevada*
4 *Legislature's Internet website.*

5 *2. The noticing requirements of this Rule may be suspended*
6 *for emergency situations but only after approval by a majority vote*
7 *of a committee.*

8 *3. Subsection 1 does not apply to:*

9 *(a) Committee meetings held behind the bar on the floor of the*
10 *Assembly during a recess;*

11 *(b) Conference committee meetings; or*

12 *(c) Meetings of the Committee of the Whole.*

13
14 **C. COMMITTEE HEARINGS**

15
16 **Rule No. 53. Communications.**

17 *1. Out of respect for the privacy of committee members and*
18 *staff, members are requested to hold conversations with lobbyists*
19 *and members of the public at a location other than at the dais.*

20 *2. At the direction of the chair, lobbyists, the press and*
21 *members of the public are not allowed at the dais.*

22 *3. All directions, assignments, or requests on behalf of the*
23 *committee must be communicated to its staff and to the personnel*
24 *of the Legislative Counsel Bureau by the chair of the committee. A*
25 *member of the committee must submit such requests to the chair*
26 *for transmittal to the staff of the committee or to the personnel of*
27 *the Legislative Counsel Bureau.*

28 *4. The chair may report instances of misconduct or*
29 *indecorum by any committee member or other person to the*
30 *Assembly for its consideration and action.*

31
32 **Rule No. 54. Testimony, Witnesses and Exhibits.**

33 *1. All persons wishing to offer testimony to a committee shall*
34 *be given a reasonable opportunity to do so as determined by the*
35 *chair.*

36 *2. In addressing the committee, a person must state for the*
37 *record whether he or she supports, opposes or is neutral to the bill*
38 *or resolution before the committee. For purposes of legislative*
39 *intent:*

40 *(a) "Support" of a bill or resolution shall be construed as:*

41 *(1) Approval of the measure as written; or*

42 *(2) Approval of the measure as written along with proposed*
43 *amendments that have been approved by the sponsor of the*
44 *measure.*

45 *(b) "Opposition" to a bill or resolution shall be construed as:*



1 (1) *Not supporting the measure as written; or*
2 (2) *Supporting the measure as revised by an amendment*
3 *that has not been approved by the sponsor of the measure.*

4 (c) *A “neutral” position on a bill or resolution is one in which*
5 *the person offers particular insight on the measure but expresses*
6 *no position on the measure.*

7 3. *Persons addressing the committee shall keep their remarks*
8 *to the point and avoid repetition and are subject to call to order by*
9 *the chair for failure to do so.*

10 4. *A person shall not be excluded from a meeting or public*
11 *hearing of a committee or subcommittee except in case of any*
12 *disturbance or disorderly conduct, or if the peace, good order, and*
13 *proper conduct of the legislative business is hindered by the*
14 *person or persons.*

15 5. *Questions from the committee will be restricted to relevant*
16 *subject areas.*

17 6. *When the chair deems necessary, witnesses will be sworn*
18 *in pursuant to NRS 218E.040 before providing testimony.*

19 7. *Unless waived or revised by the chair, handouts for*
20 *hearings, including proposed amendments:*

21 (a) *Must be submitted to the committee’s manager not later*
22 *than 5 p.m. on the business day before the meeting unless an*
23 *earlier submission date or time is set by the chair, and included on*
24 *the agenda;*

25 (b) *Must include the name and contact information of the*
26 *person providing the handouts;*

27 (c) *For proposed amendments, must include a brief statement*
28 *of intent; and*

29 (d) *Must be submitted by electronic mail or other electronic*
30 *means.*

31

32 ***Rule No. 55. Hearings.***

33 1. *The presence of a quorum of the committee is desirable but*
34 *not required to conduct a public hearing. In addition to the use of*
35 *remote-technology systems pursuant to the Remote-Technology*
36 *Rule in Assembly Standing Rule No. 126, at the discretion of the*
37 *chair and with the approval of the Speaker, members of the*
38 *committee may attend, participate in and, if applicable, vote*
39 *during the hearing via simultaneous telephone or video*
40 *conference or other appropriate remote-technology systems.*

41 2. *Public hearings are opened by the chair who announces*
42 *the subject under consideration and provides an opportunity for*
43 *persons wishing to address the committee to be heard. These*
44 *persons shall rise in an order determined by the chair, address the*



1 *chair and furnish their names, addresses and firms or other*
2 *organizations represented.*

3 *3. Committee members may address the chair for permission*
4 *to question the witness.*

5 *4. A committee meeting shall adjourn not later than 10*
6 *minutes preceding the hour of its next regularly scheduled*
7 *meeting.*

8 *5. At the discretion of the chair, a meeting may be held*
9 *outside the regularly scheduled day(s) and time.*

10 *6. Meetings of the committee may be scheduled outside the*
11 *Legislative Building in Carson City with prior written approval of*
12 *the Speaker. Subcommittees must have the prior written approval*
13 *of the chair of the committee and the Speaker in order to conduct*
14 *a meeting outside Carson City.*

15 *7. The designated meeting room or rooms of a committee*
16 *meeting conducted with all members participating via the use of*
17 *remote-technology systems pursuant to the direction of the*
18 *Speaker, must remain locked during the committee meeting and*
19 *only the committee staff designated by the Chief Clerk, if any, may*
20 *be present in a committee room during the meeting.*

21
22 **D. VOTING AND COMMITTEE ACTION**

23
24 **Rule No. 56. Manner of Voting.**

25 *1. The chair shall declare all votes and shall cause same to be*
26 *entered on the records of the committee.*

27 *2. A member shall not vote for another member on any roll*
28 *call. Any member who votes for another member may be punished*
29 *in any manner deemed appropriate by the Assembly.*

30
31 **Rule No. 57. Committee Action.**

32 *1. The committee shall have regular meetings scheduled by*
33 *the Assembly leadership. A quorum of the committee is a majority*
34 *of its members and may transact business except as limited by this*
35 *Rule.*

36 *2. Except as limited by this Rule, a simple majority of those*
37 *present may move, second and pass a motion by voice vote.*

38 *3. All motions require a second. If no second is received, that*
39 *motion shall be declared invalid.*

40 *4. Absent approval by the Speaker or unanimous consent to*
41 *waive the waiting period, a committee may not take final action on*
42 *a bill or resolution until at least 24 hours after the close of the*
43 *hearing on the bill or resolution.*



1 5. *Definite action on a bill or resolution will require a*
2 *majority of the entire committee. A member shall vote on all*
3 *proposals that come before the committee unless the member:*

4 (a) *Is excused; or*

5 (b) *Makes a full and complete disclosure of a conflict pursuant*
6 *to Assembly Standing Rule No. 23.*

7 6. *A majority vote of the entire committee is required to*
8 *reconsider action on a bill or resolution.*

9 7. *Committee introduction of legislative measures which are*
10 *not prefiled requires concurrence of a majority of the entire*
11 *committee and does not imply commitment to support final*
12 *passage.*

13 8. *Absent the consent of the chair and the approval of the*
14 *Speaker, the chair must be present when the committee votes to*
15 *take any final action regarding bills or resolutions.*

16 9. *No member of the committee may vote by proxy under any*
17 *circumstances.*

18 10. *A committee shall not take a vote on the question of*
19 *whether to exercise its statutory authority to issue a legislative*
20 *subpoena unless the chair or other person approved by the*
21 *Speaker has informed the Speaker of the intention of the*
22 *committee to consider such a proposal.*

23 11. *Every committee vote on a matter pertaining to a bill,*
24 *resolution or initiative petition must be recorded. The vote may be*
25 *taken by roll call at the discretion of the chair.*

26 12. *A member may change his or her vote at any time before*
27 *the announcement of the vote if the voting is by voice. The*
28 *announcement of the result of any vote shall not be postponed.*

29 13. *Unless a committee member advises the chair otherwise,*
30 *it will be presumed that the member will vote on an amendment or*
31 *on a measure, during a floor session, consistent with his or her*
32 *vote in the committee.*

33 14. *A bill, resolution, or amendment in a committee having*
34 *been rejected twice may not be brought up again during the same*
35 *legislative session.*

36 15. *The minority of a committee may not make a report or*
37 *present to the House an alternative report.*

38
39 **E. PARLIAMENTARY AUTHORITY**

40
41 **Rule No. 58. Precedence of Parliamentary Authority for**
42 **Committees.**

43 *The precedence of parliamentary authority for the purpose of*
44 *actions in a committee is set forth in Assembly Standing Rule*
45 *No. 100.*



1 **F. DECORUM AND DEBATE IN COMMITTEES**

2
3 **Rule No. 59. Portable Electronic Communication Devices.**

4 **1. A person who is within an Assembly committee room shall**
5 **not engage in a telephone conversation via the use of a portable**
6 **telephone.**

7 **2. No person shall engage in any conduct during a committee**
8 **meeting which undermines the decorum of the meeting. Before**
9 **entering an Assembly committee room, any person who possesses**
10 **a portable electronic communication device, such as a pager or**
11 **telephone, that emits an audible alert, such as a ringing or**
12 **beeping sound, to signal an incoming message or call, shall turn**
13 **the audible alert off. A device that contains a nonaudible alert,**
14 **such as a silent vibration, may be operated in a nonaudible**
15 **manner within an Assembly committee room. Failure to follow a**
16 **warning issued by the chair may result in the device(s) being**
17 **confiscated upon direction of the chair for the remainder of the**
18 **meeting.**

19
20 **Rule No. 60. Reserved.**

21
22 **Rule No. 61. Privilege of Closing Debate.**

23 **The author of a bill, a resolution or a main question shall have**
24 **the privilege of closing the debate, unless the previous question**
25 **has been sustained.**

26
27 **Rule No. 62. Points of Order.**

28 **If any member, in speaking or otherwise, transgresses the rules**
29 **of the Assembly, the chair shall, or any member may, call to order,**
30 **in which case the member so called to order shall immediately**
31 **yield to the floor, unless permitted to explain; and if called to**
32 **order by a member, such member shall immediately state the point**
33 **of order. If the point of order be sustained by the presiding officer,**
34 **the member shall not be allowed to proceed; but if it be not**
35 **sustained, then the member shall be permitted to go on. Every**
36 **such decision from the presiding officer shall be subject to an**
37 **appeal to the committee; but no discussion of the question of order**
38 **shall be allowed unless an appeal be taken from the decision of the**
39 **presiding officer.**

40
41 **Rule No. 63. Reserved.**



1 VI. RULES GOVERNING MOTIONS

2
3 **Rule No. 64. Entertaining.**

4 *No motion may be debated until it is distinctly announced by*
5 *the presiding officer. The presiding officer, upon his or her own*
6 *motion or at the request of a member, may direct that the motion*
7 *be reduced to writing and be read by the Chief Clerk before the*
8 *motion is debated. A motion may be withdrawn by the maker at*
9 *any time before amendment or before the motion is put to vote.*

10
11 PARTICULAR MOTIONS

12
13 **Rule No. 65. Indefinite Postponement.**

14 *When a proposal is postponed indefinitely, the same proposal*
15 *must not be considered again during the session. The question is*
16 *not subject to a motion for reconsideration.*

17
18 **Rule No. 66. To Strike Enacting Clause.**

19 *A motion to strike out the enacting clause of a bill or resolution*
20 *does not take precedence over any other subsidiary motion. If the*
21 *motion is carried, it shall be considered equivalent to the rejection*
22 *of such bill or resolution.*

23
24 **Rule No. 67. Reserved.**

25
26 **Rule No. 68. Reserved.**

27
28 *The next rule is 80.*

29
30 VII. DEBATE

31
32 **Rule No. 80. Speaking on Proposal.**

33 *1. No member shall speak more than twice during the*
34 *consideration of any one proposal, on the same day, and at the*
35 *same stage of proceedings, without leave. Members who have once*
36 *spoken shall not again be entitled to the floor (except for*
37 *explanation) to the exclusion of others who have not spoken.*

38 *2. When a member speaks under Order of Business 11, 12, 13*
39 *or 14 of Assembly Standing Rule No. 120, the member must limit*
40 *his or her remarks to an explanation of the issue or an*
41 *explanation of the bill, resolution, initiative petition or*
42 *amendment. If the member desires to speak on the importance of*
43 *such issue, bill, resolution, initiative petition or amendment, the*
44 *member must request permission to speak under Order of*
45 *Business 15 of Assembly Standing Rule No. 120.*



1 **Rule No. 81. Previous Question.**

2 *The previous question shall be put only when demanded by*
3 *three members and sustained by a majority vote of the members*
4 *present. The previous question shall not be moved by the member*
5 *last speaking on the proposal.*

6
7 **Rule No. 82. Privilege of Closing Debate.**

8 *The author of a bill, a resolution or a main question shall have*
9 *the privilege of closing the debate, unless the previous question*
10 *has been sustained.*

11

12 *The next rule is 91.*

13

14 **VIII. CONDUCT OF BUSINESS**

15

16 **A. RULES AND PROCEDURE**

17

18 **Rule No. 91. Rescission, Change or Suspension of Rule.**

19 *No standing rule or order of the Assembly shall be rescinded or*
20 *changed without a vote of a majority of the members elected; but a*
21 *rule or order may be suspended temporarily by a vote of a majority*
22 *of the members present.*

23

24 **Rule No. 92. Reserved.**

25

26 **Rule No. 93. Reserved.**

27

28 **Rule No. 94. Privilege of the Floor and Lobbying.**

29 *1. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 2, no person,*
30 *except former Assemblymembers not currently serving in the*
31 *Senate, and state officers, may be admitted at the bar of the*
32 *Assembly, except by special invitation on the part of some*
33 *member; but a majority may authorize the Speaker to have the*
34 *Assembly cleared of all such persons. No person may do any*
35 *lobbying upon the floor of the Assembly at any time, and it is the*
36 *duty of the Sergeant at Arms to remove any person violating any*
37 *of the provisions of this Rule.*

38 *2. A former Senator or former Assemblymember who is*
39 *expelled from service in the Senate or the Assembly shall have the*
40 *privilege of the floor only with permission of the Speaker.*

41

42 **Rule No. 95. Material Placed on Legislators' Desks.**

43 *All papers, letters, notes, pamphlets and other written material*
44 *placed upon the desk of a member of the Assembly shall contain*
45 *the signature of the Legislator requesting the placement of such*



1 *material on the desk or shall contain a designation of the origin of*
2 *such material. This Rule does not apply to Legislative Counsel*
3 *Bureau material.*

4
5 **Rule No. 96. Peddling, Begging and Soliciting.**

6 *1. Peddling, begging and soliciting are strictly forbidden in*
7 *the Assembly Chambers, and in the lobby, gallery and halls*
8 *adjacent thereto.*

9 *2. No part of the Assembly Chambers may be used for, or*
10 *occupied by, signs or other devices for any kind of advertising.*

11 *3. No part of the hallways adjacent to the Assembly*
12 *Chambers may be used for, or occupied by, signs or other devices*
13 *for any kind of advertising for commercial or personal gain.*
14 *Notices for nonprofit, nonpartisan, civic or special legislative*
15 *events may be posted in a designated area of the hallways adjacent*
16 *to the Assembly Chambers with the approval of the Chief Clerk.*

17
18 **Rule No. 97. Petitions and Other Papers.**

19 *Petitions and other papers addressed to the Assembly shall be*
20 *presented by the Speaker, or by a member in the Speaker's place.*
21 *A brief statement of the contents thereof shall be read for*
22 *information. They shall not be debated on the day of their being*
23 *presented, but shall be on the table, or be referred, as the*
24 *Assembly shall determine.*

25
26 **Rule No. 98. Request of Purpose.**

27 *A member may request the purpose of a bill or resolution upon*
28 *its introduction.*

29
30 **Rule No. 99. Remarks.**

31 *The remarks of all members on final passage of bills and*
32 *initiative petitions and on adoption of resolutions shall be included*
33 *in the day's journal. In addition, it shall be in order for members*
34 *to make remarks under other orders of business and, subject to the*
35 *approval of the majority of the members present, request that such*
36 *remarks be entered in the Journal.*

37
38 **Rule No. 100. Precedence of Parliamentary Authority.**

39 *The precedence of parliamentary authority in the Assembly is:*

40 *1. The Constitution of the State of Nevada and judicial*
41 *decisions thereon.*

42 *2. The Standing Rules of the Assembly and the Joint*
43 *Standing Rules of the Senate and Assembly.*

44 *3. Custom, usage and precedence.*

45 *4. The Statutes of the State of Nevada.*



1 *must not be considered again during the session, and the question*
2 *is not subject to a motion for reconsideration. No bill shall be*
3 *referred to a committee until after the first reading, nor amended*
4 *until after the second reading.*

5
6 ***Rule No. 110. Second Reading and Amendment of Bills.***

7 *1. All bills must be read the second time on the first*
8 *legislative day after which they are reported by committee, unless*
9 *a different day is designated by motion. Upon second reading,*
10 *Assembly bills reported without amendments shall be placed on*
11 *the General File and Senate bills reported without amendments*
12 *shall be placed on the General File. Committee amendments*
13 *reported with bills shall be considered upon their second reading*
14 *or third reading, as appropriate, and such amendments may be*
15 *adopted by a majority vote of the members present. Any*
16 *amendment which is numbered and made available to all members*
17 *must be moved and voted upon by number. Assembly bills so*
18 *amended must be reprinted, then engrossed or reengrossed, as*
19 *applicable, and placed on the General File. Senate bills so*
20 *amended must be reprinted, then engrossed or reengrossed, as*
21 *applicable, and placed on the General File.*

22 *2. Any member may move to amend a bill during its second*
23 *or third reading, and such a motion to amend may be adopted by a*
24 *majority vote of the members present. Bills so amended on second*
25 *reading must be treated the same as bills with committee*
26 *amendments. Any bill so amended upon the General File must be*
27 *reprinted and then engrossed or reengrossed, as applicable. A*
28 *member who moves to amend a bill during its second reading must*
29 *limit his or her remarks to an explanation of the amendment. If*
30 *the member desires to speak on the importance of the amendment,*
31 *the member must request permission to speak under Order of*
32 *Business 15 of Assembly Standing Rule No. 120.*

33 *3. The reprinting of amended bills may be dispensed with*
34 *upon a majority vote of the members present.*

35 *4. It shall not be in order to consider an amendment that*
36 *removes all sponsors of a bill or resolution.*

37
38 ***Rule No. 111. Consent Calendar.***

39 *1. A standing committee may by unanimous vote of the*
40 *members present report a bill with the recommendation that it be*
41 *placed on the Consent Calendar. The question of recommending a*
42 *bill for the Consent Calendar may be voted upon in committee*
43 *only after the bill has been recommended for passage and only if*
44 *no amendment is recommended.*



1 2. *The Chief Clerk shall maintain a list of bills recommended*
2 *for the Consent Calendar. The list must be printed in the Daily*
3 *History and must include the summary of each bill, and the date*
4 *the bill is scheduled for consideration on final passage.*

5 3. *At any time before the presiding officer calls for a vote on*
6 *the passage of the Consent Calendar, a member may give written*
7 *notice to the Chief Clerk or state orally from the floor of the*
8 *Assembly in session that he or she requests the removal of a*
9 *particular bill from the Consent Calendar. If a member so*
10 *requests, the Chief Clerk shall remove the bill from the Consent*
11 *Calendar and transfer it to the Second Reading File or General*
12 *File, as appropriate. A bill removed from the Consent Calendar*
13 *may not be restored to that Calendar.*

14 4. *During floor consideration of the Consent Calendar,*
15 *members may ask questions and offer explanations relating to the*
16 *respective bills.*

17 5. *When the Consent Calendar is brought to a vote, the bills*
18 *remaining on the Consent Calendar must be read by number and*
19 *summary and the vote must be taken on their final passage as a*
20 *group.*

21
22 **Rule No. 112. Reserved.**

23
24 **Rule No. 113. General File.**

25 1. *All bills and initiative petitions reported to the Assembly, by*
26 *the Committee of the Whole, a standing committee, a conference*
27 *committee or a special committee, after receiving their second*
28 *readings must be placed upon the General File, to be kept by the*
29 *Chief Clerk. The Chief Clerk shall post a daily statement of the*
30 *bills on the General File. The Chief Clerk shall likewise post*
31 *notices of special orders as made.*

32 2. *A member who moves to amend a bill or initiative petition*
33 *during its third reading must limit his or her remarks to an*
34 *explanation of the amendment. If the member desires to speak on*
35 *the importance of the amendment, the member must request*
36 *permission to speak under Order of Business 15 of Assembly*
37 *Standing Rule No. 120.*

38 3. *A member who speaks on third reading regarding the final*
39 *passage of a bill or initiative petition must limit his or her remarks*
40 *to an explanation of the bill or initiative petition. If the member*
41 *desires to speak on the importance of the bill or initiative petition,*
42 *the member must request permission to speak under Order of*
43 *Business 15 of Assembly Standing Rule No. 120.*

44
45 **Rule No. 114. Reserved.**



1 **Rule No. 115. Reconsideration of Vote on Bill.**

2 1. A motion to reconsider a final vote on a bill, resolution or
3 initiative petition shall be in order only on the day on which the
4 final vote is taken, and the vote on such a motion to reconsider
5 must be taken on the same day. The motion to reconsider can be
6 made only by a member who voted with the prevailing side.

7 2. A motion to reconsider a vote on an amendment to a
8 pending proposal must be made at once and can be made only by a
9 member who voted with the prevailing side.

10 3. A motion to reconsider shall have precedence over every
11 other motion, including a motion to adjourn, if the motion is to
12 reconsider a final vote on a bill, resolution or initiative petition. If
13 the motion to reconsider is for any other action, the motion has
14 precedence over every other motion, except a motion to adjourn or
15 to fix the time to adjourn; and when the Assembly adjourns while
16 a motion to reconsider is pending, the right to move a
17 reconsideration shall continue to the next day of sitting.

18
19 **Rule No. 116. Vetoed Bills.**

20 1. Bills that have passed both Houses of the Legislature and
21 are transmitted to the Assembly accompanied by a message or
22 statement of the Governor's disapproval or veto of the same must:

23 (a) Be taken up and considered immediately upon the coming
24 in of the message transmitting the same; or

25 (b) Become the subject of a special order.

26 2. When the message or statement is received, or if made a
27 special order, when the special order is called, the summary of the
28 bill so disapproved must be read by the Chief Clerk. No such bill,
29 message or statement may be referred to any committee, or
30 otherwise acted upon save as provided by law and custom. The
31 complete text of the bill and the message or statement containing
32 the objections of the Governor to the bill must be entered in the
33 Journal of the Assembly.

34
35 **Rule No. 117. Reserved.**

36
37 **C. RESOLUTIONS**

38
39 **Rule No. 118. Joint Resolutions.**

40 1. A joint resolution must be used to:

41 (a) Propose an amendment to the Nevada Constitution.

42 (b) Ratify a proposed amendment to the United States
43 Constitution.

44 (c) Address the President of the United States, Congress, either
45 House or any committee or member of Congress, any department



1 *or agency of the Federal Government, or any other state of the*
2 *Union.*

3 2. *A roll call vote must be taken on final adoption of a joint*
4 *resolution.*

5 3. *Joint resolutions, upon enrollment, must be delivered to*
6 *the Secretary of State.*

7 4. *Joint resolutions proposing amendments to the Nevada*
8 *Constitution or ratifying a proposed amendment to the United*
9 *States Constitution must be entered in the Journal in their*
10 *entirety.*

11
12 ***Rule No. 119. Return from the Secretary of State.***

13 *An Assembly resolution may be used to request the return from*
14 *the Secretary of State of an enrolled Assembly resolution for*
15 *further consideration.*

16
17 ***D. ORDER OF BUSINESS***

18
19 ***Rule No. 120. Order of Business.***

20 *The Order of Business must be as follows:*

21 1. *Call to Order.*

22 2. *Reading and Approval of Journal.*

23 3. *Presentation of Petitions.*

24 4. *Reports of Standing Committees.*

25 5. *Reports of Select Committees.*

26 6. *Communications.*

27 7. *Messages from the Senate.*

28 8. *Motions, Resolutions and Notices.*

29 9. *Introduction, First Reading and Reference.*

30 10. *Consent Calendar.*

31 11. *Second Reading and Amendment.*

32 12. *General File and Third Reading.*

33 13. *Unfinished Business of Preceding Day.*

34 14. *Vetoed Bills and Special Orders of the Day.*

35 15. *Remarks from the Floor, limited to 3 minutes.*

36
37 ***E. REMOTE-TECHNOLOGY SYSTEMS***

38
39 ***Rule No. 121. Reserved.***

40
41 ***Rule No. 122. Reserved.***

42
43 ***Rule No. 123. Reserved.***

44
45 ***Rule No. 124. Reserved.***



1 *Rule No. 125. Reserved.*
2

3 *Rule No. 126. Authorized Use of Remote-Technology Systems*
4 *in Exceptional Circumstances.*

5 *1. As used in this Rule, "remote-technology system" means*
6 *any system or other means of communication that is:*

7 *(a) Approved by the Speaker and uses any electronic, digital or*
8 *other similar technology to enable a member of the Assembly from*
9 *a remote location to attend, participate, vote and take any other*
10 *action in any proceedings of the Assembly or the Committee of the*
11 *Whole even though the member is not physically present within*
12 *the Assembly Chambers or at a meeting of the Committee of the*
13 *Whole.*

14 *(b) Approved by the chair of a committee, other than the*
15 *Committee of the Whole, and uses any electronic, digital or other*
16 *similar technology to enable a member of the Assembly from a*
17 *remote location to attend, participate, vote and take any other*
18 *action in any proceedings of the committee even though the*
19 *member is not physically present at a meeting of the committee.*

20 *2. Upon request by a member of the Assembly:*

21 *(a) The Speaker may authorize the member to use a remote-*
22 *technology system to attend, participate, vote and take any other*
23 *action in any proceedings of the Assembly or the Committee of the*
24 *Whole if the Speaker determines that exceptional circumstances*
25 *warrant such use by the member. If the Speaker grants such*
26 *authorization, it must be entered in the Journal of the Assembly.*

27 *(b) The chair of a committee, other than the Committee of the*
28 *Whole, with the approval of the Speaker, may authorize the*
29 *member to use a remote-technology system to attend, participate,*
30 *vote and take any other action in any proceedings of the*
31 *committee if the chair and the Speaker determine that exceptional*
32 *circumstances warrant such use by the member. If the chair*
33 *grants such authorization, it must be entered in the records of the*
34 *committee.*

35 *3. If a member of the Assembly uses a remote-technology*
36 *system to attend, participate, vote and take any other action in any*
37 *proceedings pursuant to this Rule, the member shall be deemed to*
38 *be present and in attendance at the proceedings for all purposes.*

39 *4. For the purposes of voting in proceedings of:*

40 *(a) The Assembly or the Committee of the Whole, the Chief*
41 *Clerk of the Assembly, or an authorized assistant, shall call the*
42 *roll of each member who is authorized to use a remote-technology*
43 *system for the proceedings and, in accordance with the procedures*
44 *of the Assembly, cause the member's vote to be entered into the*



1 *record for the purposes of the Journal of the Assembly or the*
2 *records of the Committee of the Whole, as applicable.*

3 (b) *A committee, other than the Committee of the Whole, the*
4 *committee secretary shall call the roll of each member who is*
5 *authorized to use a remote-technology system for the proceedings*
6 *and, in accordance with the procedures of the committee, cause*
7 *the member's vote to be entered into the record for the purposes of*
8 *the records of the committee.*

9 5. *Except as otherwise provided in subsection 7 of Assembly*
10 *Standing Rule No. 55, this Rule supersedes, takes precedence and*
11 *controls over any other rule, provision or principle of law to the*
12 *extent of any conflict with this Rule.*

13 6. *The Assembly hereby finds and declares that:*

14 (a) *The Nevada Constitution invests each House of the*
15 *Legislature with certain plenary and exclusive constitutional*
16 *powers which may be exercised only by that House and which*
17 *cannot be usurped, infringed or impaired by the other House or by*
18 *any other branch of Nevada's State Government. (Heller v.*
19 *Legislature, 120 Nev. 456 (2004); Commission on Ethics v. Hardy,*
20 *125 Nev. 285 (2009); Mason's Manual of Legislative Procedure §§*
21 *2-3 & 560-564 (2010) (Mason's Manual))*

22 (b) *Section 6 of Article 4 of the Nevada Constitution invests*
23 *each House with plenary and exclusive constitutional powers to*
24 *determine the rules of its proceedings and to govern, control and*
25 *regulate its membership and its internal organization, affairs and*
26 *management, expressly providing that: "Each House shall judge*
27 *of the qualifications, elections and returns of its own members,*
28 *choose its own officers (except the President of the Senate),*
29 *determine the rules of its proceedings and may punish its members*
30 *for disorderly conduct, and with the concurrence of two thirds of*
31 *all the members elected, expel a member."*

32 (c) *In addition to its plenary and exclusive constitutional*
33 *powers, each House possesses certain inherent powers of*
34 *institutional self-protection and self-preservation to govern,*
35 *control and regulate its membership and its internal organization,*
36 *affairs and management. (In re Chapman, 166 U.S. 661, 668*
37 *(1897); Mason's Manual § 2; Luther S. Cushing, Elements of the*
38 *Law & Practice of Legislative Assemblies § 533 (1856) (Cushing's*
39 *Legislative Assemblies))*

40 (d) *The inherent powers of each House are considered "so*
41 *essential to the authority of a legislative assembly, that it cannot*
42 *well exist without them; and they are consequently entitled to be*
43 *regarded as belonging to every such assembly as a necessary*
44 *incident." (Cushing's Legislative Assemblies § 533)*



1 (e) *The inherent powers of each House authorize it to take all*
2 *necessary and proper institutional actions that are “recognized by*
3 *the common parliamentary law.”* (Cushing’s Legislative
4 Assemblies § 684)

5 (f) *Thus, it is well established that each House is “vested with*
6 *all the powers and privileges which are necessary and incidental to*
7 *a free and unobstructed exercise of its appropriate functions.*
8 *These powers and privileges are derived not from the Constitution;*
9 *on the contrary, they arise from the very creation of a legislative*
10 *body, and are founded upon the principle of self-preservation.”*
11 (Ex parte McCarthy, 29 Cal. 395, 403 (1866))

12 (g) *Under the Nevada Constitution, there are no constitutional*
13 *provisions establishing a particular method for determining*
14 *whether a member of either House is present at legislative*
15 *proceedings.*

16 (h) *The United States Supreme Court has held that when there*
17 *are no constitutional provisions establishing a particular method*
18 *for determining whether a member of a legislative house is present*
19 *at legislative proceedings, “it is therefore within the competency of*
20 *the house to prescribe any method which shall be reasonably*
21 *certain to ascertain the fact.”* (United States v. Ballin, 144 U.S. 1,
22 6 (1892))

23 (i) *The United States Supreme Court has also held that when a*
24 *legislative house adopts a rule establishing a reasonable method*
25 *for determining whether a member is present at legislative*
26 *proceedings, that rule must be given great deference by the courts*
27 *because:*

28 *Neither do the advantages or disadvantages, the wisdom or*
29 *folly, of such a rule present any matters for judicial*
30 *consideration. With the courts the question is only one of*
31 *power. The constitution empowers each house to determine*
32 *its rules of proceedings. It may not by its rules ignore*
33 *constitutional restraints or violate fundamental rights, and*
34 *there should be a reasonable relation between the mode or*
35 *method of proceeding established by the rule and the result*
36 *which is sought to be attained. But within these limitations*
37 *all matters of method are open to the determination of the*
38 *house, and it is no impeachment of the rule to say that some*
39 *other way would be better, more accurate, or even more just.*
40 *It is no objection to the validity of a rule that a different one*
41 *has been prescribed and in force for a length of time. The*
42 *power to make rules is not one which once exercised is*



1 *exhausted. It is a continuous power, always subject to be*
2 *exercised by the house, and, within the limitations*
3 *suggested, absolute and beyond the challenge of any other*
4 *body or tribunal.*

5
6 *(United States v. Ballin, 144 U.S. 1, 5 (1892))*

7 *7. The Assembly hereby exercises its constitutional and*
8 *inherent powers and privileges and adopts this Rule to:*

9 *(a) Govern, control and regulate its membership and its*
10 *internal organization, affairs and management;*

11 *(b) Ensure its institutional self-protection and self-*
12 *preservation; and*

13 *(c) Establish a reasonable method for determining whether a*
14 *member of the Assembly is present at legislative proceedings*
15 *during exceptional circumstances.*

16
17 *Rule No. 127. Reserved.*

18
19 *Rule No. 128. Reserved.*

20
21 *The next rule is 140.*

22
23 **IX. LEGISLATIVE INVESTIGATIONS AND**
24 **MISCELLANEOUS**

25
26 *Rule No. 140. Compensation of Witnesses.*

27 *Witnesses summoned to appear before the Assembly or any of*
28 *its committees must be compensated as provided by law for*
29 *witnesses required to attend in the courts of the State of Nevada.*

30
31 *Rule No. 141. Use of the Assembly Chamber.*

32 *The Assembly Chamber shall not be used for any public or*
33 *private business other than legislative, except by permission of the*
34 *Assembly.*

35
36 **X. SPECIAL SESSIONS**

37
38 *Rule No. 142. Request for Drafting of Bills, Resolutions or*
39 *Amendments.*

40 *1. Except as otherwise provided in subsections 2 and 3, the*
41 *Legislative Counsel shall not honor a request for the drafting of a*
42 *bill or resolution to be introduced in the Assembly during a special*
43 *session, or an amendment to a bill or resolution, unless it is*
44 *submitted by the Speaker, the Committee of the Whole, such other*



1 *committees as the Speaker may appoint for a special session or a*
2 *conference committee.*

3 *2. The standing Committee on Legislative Operations and*
4 *Elections may request the drafting of three Assembly resolutions*
5 *and one Assembly concurrent resolution necessary to establish the*
6 *rules, staffing, operation and organization of the Assembly and*
7 *the Legislature for a special session.*

8 *3. The Speaker may request the drafting of five bills for a*
9 *special session without seeking the approval of the Assembly.*

10

11

The next rule is 150.

12

13

XI. ASSEMBLY EMERGENCY RULES

14

15 ***Rule No. 150. Reserved.***

16

17 ***Rule No. 151. Reserved.***

18

19 And be it further

20

RESOLVED, That this resolution becomes effective upon
21 adoption.

21

