## SENATE BILL NO. 69-COMMITTEE ON COMMERCE AND LABOR

(ON BEHALF OF THE CANNABIS COMPLIANCE BOARD)

### Prefiled November 16, 2022

Referred to Committee on Commerce and Labor

SUMMARY—Revises provisions relating to disciplinary proceedings against the holder of a license or registration card issued by the Cannabis Compliance Board. (BDR 56-278)

FISCAL NOTE: Effect on Local Government: No.

Effect on the State: Yes.

EXPLANATION - Matter in **bolded italics** is new; matter between brackets formitted material; is material to be omitted.

AN ACT relating to cannabis; revising provisions governing disciplinary proceedings against the holder of a license or registration card issued by the Cannabis Compliance Board; requiring the Board to appoint one or more hearing officers to carry out certain duties relating to disciplinary proceedings against a licensee or registrant; authorizing the issuance of a citation to a licensee or registrant for certain violations under certain circumstances; revising provisions governing procedures for judicial review of the final decision of the Board in a disciplinary proceeding against a licensee or registrant; and providing other matters properly relating thereto.

#### **Legislative Counsel's Digest:**

Existing law provides for the licensure and regulation of persons and establishments in the cannabis industry in this State by the Cannabis Compliance Board. (Title 56 of NRS) Existing law sets forth procedures by which the Board may take disciplinary action against a licensee or registrant. (NRS 678A.500-678A.600) Under existing law, the Executive Director of the Board is authorized to transmit the details of any suspected violation of the provisions of existing law and regulations that govern the medical and adult-use of cannabis to the Attorney General for an investigation. (NRS 678A.500) After the investigation, existing law requires the Board to determine whether to proceed with disciplinary action against





a licensee or registrant. (NRS 678A.510) If the Board proceeds with disciplinary action, existing law sets forth procedures for the conduct of a disciplinary hearing before the Board. (NRS 678A.520-678A.590) If the Board determines that a licensee or registrant has violated a provision of existing law or regulations governing the medical and adult-use of cannabis, existing law authorizes the Board to impose certain penalties against the licensee or registrant. (NRS 678A.600)

This bill revises the procedures by which disciplinary action may be taken against a licensee or registrant. Section 18 of this bill requires the Executive Director, rather than the Board, to make the determination whether to proceed with disciplinary action against a licensee or registrant after an investigation by the Attorney General. If the Executive Director makes a determination to proceed, section 19 of this bill requires the Executive Director to assign a hearing officer to the matter. Sections 19-26 of this bill require a disciplinary hearing to be heard before the hearing officer, rather than the Board, and revise procedures for the conduct of such a hearing. If the hearing officer determines that a licensee or registrant has violated a provision of existing law or regulations governing the medical and adult-use of cannabis, section 27 of this bill authorizes the hearing officer to impose certain penalties against the licensee or registrant.

**Section 9** of this bill provides that the decision of a hearing officer is final unless appealed to the Board within 30 days after the service of the decision. **Section 9** also authorizes the Board to review any decision of a hearing officer that is not otherwise appealed. Under **section 9**, any decision of the Board after such an appeal or review is final. **Section 28** of this bill requires the Board to adopt regulations establishing procedures for the conduct of such an appeal or review.

**Sections 2, 5-7 and 17** of this bill establish an alternative manner by which disciplinary action may be taken against a licensee or registrant for a minor violation through the issuance of a citation. **Section 5** of this bill authorizes an employee of the Board, after a lawful inspection of a cannabis establishment, to issue a citation to a licensee or registrant who the employee concludes has committed a minor violation. **Section 2** defines "minor violation" to mean, in general, a violation of a provision of existing law or regulations governing the medical and adult-use of cannabis that the Board has by regulation determined to be appropriate for the issuance of a citation. **Section 5** sets forth the required contents of a citation and the actions that a licensee or registrant who is issued a citation may be required to take. **Section 6** of this bill establishes the procedure for a licensee or registrant who is issued a citation to request a hearing before a hearing officer. **Section 28** requires the Board to adopt regulations establishing procedures for the conduct of such proceedings.

Existing law sets forth the procedures by which a person aggrieved by a final decision of the Board in a disciplinary proceeding may obtain judicial review of the decision. (NRS 678A.610-678A.640) **Section 29** of this bill eliminates those procedures. **Sections 10-15** of this bill instead establish procedures pursuant to which a party may obtain judicial review of the final decision of the Board after an appeal or review by the Board of the decision of a hearing officer pursuant to **section 9** or after a hearing to contest a citation pursuant to **section 6**. The procedures set forth in **sections 10-15** are modeled, in general, after the procedures for judicial review set forth in the Nevada Administrative Procedure Act. (NRS 233B.130-233B.150)

Existing law sets forth the procedures the Board is required to follow to adopt, amend and repeal regulations. (NRS 678A.460) **Section 3** of this bill defines "regulation" to exclude, among other things, the decision of a hearing officer and any memorandum between a hearing officer and the Board.

Section 4 of this bill requires the Board to appoint one or more hearing officers to carry out the duties set forth in sections 19-27 of this bill. Section 8 of this bill provides that the voluntary surrender of a license or registration card after the



<u>2</u>9

<del>3</del>0



commencement of a disciplinary action by the Executive Director is deemed to constitute discipline against the licensee or registrant.

Section 16 of this bill makes a conforming change to indicate the proper

**Section 16** of this bill makes a conforming change to indicate the proper placement of **sections 2 and 3** in the Nevada Revised Statutes.

# THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEVADA, REPRESENTED IN SENATE AND ASSEMBLY, DO ENACT AS FOLLOWS:

- **Section 1.** Chapter 678A of NRS is hereby amended by adding thereto the provisions set forth as sections 2 to 15, inclusive, of this act.
- Sec. 2. "Minor violation" means a violation of any provision of this title or any regulation adopted pursuant thereto that the Board by regulation has determined to be appropriate for the issuance of a citation pursuant to section 5 of this act.
- Sec. 3. "Regulation" means a rule, standard, directive or statement of general applicability which effectuates law or policy, or describes the procedure or requirements for practicing before the Board. The term includes a proposed regulation and the amendment or repeal of a prior regulation, but does not include:
- 1. A statement concerning only the internal management of the Board and not affecting the rights or procedures available to any licensee, registrant or any other person;
  - 2. A declaratory ruling;
- 3. An interagency memorandum or a memorandum between a hearing officer and the Board;
- 4. The decision of the Board in a contested case, including, without limitation, any settlement agreement in such a case;
- 5. The decision of the Board relating to an application for a license or registration card;
- 6. The decision of a hearing officer made pursuant to NRS 678A.590; or
- 7. Any notice concerning the fees to be charged which are necessary for the administration of this title.
- Sec. 4. The Board shall appoint one or more hearing officers to conduct hearings and render decisions as provided in NRS 678A.520 to 678A.600, inclusive, and section 8 of this act.
- Sec. 5. 1. After conducting an inspection of a cannabis establishment pursuant to NRS 678A.500 or 678B.510 or any regulation of the Board which authorizes the inspection of a cannabis establishment, an employee of the Board may, in lieu of filing a written complaint with the Executive Director pursuant to NRS 678A.500, issue a citation to a licensee or registrant if the employee of the Board concludes that, based on a preponderance





of the evidence, the licensee or registrant has committed a minor violation.

- 2. A citation issued pursuant to this section must:
- (a) Be on a form prescribed by the Board;

- (b) Be served upon the licensee or registrant in the following manner:
- (1) By personally delivering the citation to the licensee or registrant;
- (2) By mailing the citation by certified mail to the licensee or registrant at the last known business or residential address of the licensee or registrant; or
- (3) For a citation issued to a licensee that is not a natural person, by personally delivering the citation to a cannabis establishment agent who is a natural person employed by the licensee and who exercises managerial authority over the cannabis establishment associated with the minor violation for which the citation is issued;
- (c) Set forth in ordinary and concise language the acts or omissions with which the licensee or registrant is charged;
- (d) Specify the statutes or regulations which the licensee is alleged to have violated, but must not consist merely of charges raised in the language of the statutes or regulations;
  - (e) Contain, without limitation, the following:
- (1) The location at which the alleged minor violation occurred;
- (2) The date and time the employee of the Board identified the alleged minor violation;
- (3) The name of the licensee or registrant to whom the citation is issued;
- (4) For a citation served in the manner described in subparagraph (3) of paragraph (b), the name and signature of the cannabis establishment agent to whom the citation is delivered; and
- (5) Information advising the licensee or registrant to whom the citation is issued of the manner in which, and the time within which, the citation may be contested.
- 3. A citation issued pursuant to this section may include, without limitation, an order to:
- (a) Take any action to correct any condition resulting from any act that constitutes a minor violation, at the expense of the licensee or registrant that committed the minor violation. If the citation includes such an order, the citation must:
- (1) State the time permitted for compliance, which must be not less than 5 business days after the date the licensee or registrant is served the citation; and





- (2) Specifically describe the corrective action to be taken.
- (b) Pay a civil penalty not to exceed the amount prescribed by regulation of the Board for the minor violation.
- (c) Reimburse the Board for any expenses incurred to investigate the minor violation, in an amount not to exceed \$10,000.
- 4. The sanctions authorized by this section are separate from, and in addition to, any other remedy, civil or criminal, authorized by this title.
- 5. The Board shall adopt regulations prescribing a list of each violation of a provision of this title or a regulation adopted pursuant thereto that the Board has determined to be a minor violation and appropriate for the issuance of a citation pursuant to this section.
- Sec. 6. 1. Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, to contest a citation issued pursuant to section 5 of this act, the licensee or registrant to whom the citation is issued must submit to the Executive Director a written request for a hearing not later than 30 days after service of the citation. The Executive Director may, for good cause shown, extend the time to submit a request for a hearing.
- 2. If the licensee or registrant to whom the citation is issued files a timely written request for a hearing to contest the citation, the Executive Director shall order a hearing on the matter before a hearing officer. The hearing officer shall give notice of the hearing, conduct the hearing and render a final decision on the matter in accordance with procedures governing the conduct of a disciplinary proceeding arising from the issuance of a citation established by regulation of the Board.
- 3. If a licensee or registrant to whom a citation is issued pursuant to section 5 of this act does not file timely a written request for a hearing to contest the citation:
- (a) The citation shall be deemed a final order of the Board and not subject to review by any court; and
- (b) Any civil penalty assessed or required reimbursement for expenses shall be deemed due and payable and any corrective action shall be deemed required.
- Sec. 7. For the purposes of sections 5 and 6 of this act, a citation issued pursuant to section 5 of this act shall be deemed to have been served on a licensee or registrant:
- 1. On the date on which the citation is personally delivered to the licensee, registrant or cannabis establishment agent described in subparagraph (3) of paragraph (b) of subsection 2 of section 5 of this act; or





2. If the citation is mailed, 3 business days after the date on which the citation is mailed by certified mail to the last known business or residential address of the licensee or registrant.

Sec. 8. The voluntary surrender of a license or registration card by a licensee or registrant during a disciplinary proceeding commenced pursuant to NRS 678A.520 shall be deemed to constitute discipline against the licensee or registrant.

**Sec. 9.** 1. Except as otherwise provided in this section:

- (a) A decision of a hearing officer made pursuant to NRS 678A.590 is final unless appealed to the Board.
- (b) Any party who is aggrieved by a decision of a hearing officer made pursuant to NRS 678A.590 may appeal the decision by filing a notice of appeal with the Board within 30 days after the service of the decision.
- 2. The Board may review any decision of a hearing officer made pursuant to NRS 678A.590 that is not otherwise appealed to the Board pursuant to this section.
- 3. The Board may reverse, affirm, remand or modify any decision of a hearing officer made pursuant to NRS 678A.590 that is:
  - (a) Appealed to the Board pursuant to this section; or (b) Reviewed by the Board pursuant to this section.
- 4. The Board shall conduct an appeal or review of a decision of a hearing officer made pursuant to NRS 678A.590 in accordance with procedures established by regulation of the Board.
- 5. A decision of the Board made pursuant to this section is a final decision for the purposes of judicial review. The Executive Director or any other employee or representative of the Board shall not seek judicial review of such a decision.
- Sec. 10. 1. Any party who is aggrieved by a final decision of the Board in a disciplinary proceeding pursuant to section 6 or 9 of this act is entitled to judicial review of the decision.
  - 2. A petition for judicial review must:
- (a) Name as respondents the Board and all parties of record to the proceedings for disciplinary action;
- (b) Be instituted by filing a petition in the district court in and for Clark County;
  - (c) Be served upon:
- (1) The Attorney General, or a person designated by the Attorney General, at the Office of the Attorney General in Carson City; and
  - (2) The Executive Director; and
- (d) Be filed within 30 days after the service of the final decision of the Board.





3. The Board and any party desiring to participate in the judicial review must file a statement of intent to participate in the petition for judicial review and serve the statement upon the Board and every party within 20 days after the service of the petition.

4. The petition for judicial review must be served upon the Board and every party within 45 days after the filing of the petition, unless, upon a showing of good cause, the district court

extends the time for such service.

5. The provisions of sections 10 to 15, inclusive, of this act are the exclusive means of judicial review of, or judicial action concerning, a final decision in a proceeding for disciplinary action involving the Board.

Sec. 11. 1. Within 45 days after the service of a petition for

judicial review or such time as is allowed by the court:

- (a) The party who filed the petition for judicial review shall transmit to the reviewing court an original or certified copy of the transcript of the evidence resulting in the final decision of the Board.
- (b) The Board shall transmit to the reviewing court the original or a certified copy of the remainder of the record of the proceeding under review, which must include, without limitation:

(1) All pleadings in the case;

(2) All notices and interim orders issued by the Board or a hearing officer in connection with the case;

(3) All stipulations;

- (4) The decision appealed from;
- (5) The exhibits admitted or rejected; and

(6) Any other papers in the case.

- → The record may be shortened by stipulation of the parties to the proceedings. A party unreasonably refusing to stipulate to limit the record, as determined by the court, may be assessed by the court any additional costs. The court may require or permit subsequent corrections or additions to the record.
- 2. If, before submission to the court, an application is made to the court for leave to present additional evidence, and it is shown to the satisfaction of the court that the additional evidence is material and that there were good reasons for failure to present it in the proceeding before the Board, the court may order that the additional evidence and any rebuttal evidence be taken before the Board upon such conditions as the court determines.
  - 3. After receipt of any additional evidence, the Board:

(a) May modify its findings and decision; and

(b) Shall file the evidence and any modifications, new findings or decisions with the reviewing court.





- Sec. 12. 1. A petitioner who is seeking judicial review must serve and file a memorandum of points and authorities within 40 days after the Board gives written notice to the parties that the record of the proceeding under review has been filed with the court.
- 2. The respondent shall serve and file a reply memorandum of points and authorities within 30 days after service of the memorandum of points and authorities.
- 3. The petitioner may serve and file reply memoranda of points and authorities within 30 days after service of the reply memorandum.
- 4. Within 7 days after the expiration of the time within which the petitioner is required to reply, any party may request a hearing. Unless a request for hearing has been filed, the matter shall be deemed submitted.
- 5. All memoranda of points and authorities filed in proceedings involving petitions for judicial review must be in the form provided for appellate briefs in Rule 28 of the Nevada Rules of Appellate Procedure.

6. The court, for good cause, may extend the times allowed in

this section for filing memoranda.

- Sec. 13. 1. Judicial review of a final decision of the Board must be:
  - (a) Conducted by the court without a jury; and

(b) Confined to the record.

→ In cases concerning alleged irregularities in procedure before the Board that are not shown in the record, the court may receive evidence concerning the irregularities.

- 2. The final decision of the Board shall be deemed reasonable and lawful until reversed or set aside in whole or in part by the court. The burden of proof is on the party attacking or resisting the decision to show that the final decision is invalid pursuant to subsection 3.
- 3. The court shall not substitute its judgment for that of the Board as to the weight of evidence on a question of fact. The court may remand or affirm the final decision or set it aside in whole or in part if substantial rights of the petitioner have been prejudiced because the final decision of the Board is:
  - (a) In violation of constitutional or statutory provisions;
  - (b) In excess of the statutory authority of the Board;
  - (c) Made upon unlawful procedure;
  - (d) Affected by other error of law;
- (e) Clearly erroneous in view of the reliable, probative and substantial evidence on the whole record; or





- (f) Arbitrary or capricious or characterized by abuse of discretion.
- 4. As used in this section, "substantial evidence" means evidence which a reasonable mind might accept as adequate to support a conclusion.
- Sec. 14. 1. A petitioner who applies for a stay of the final decision of the Board in a disciplinary proceeding shall file and serve a written motion for the stay on the Board and all parties of record to the proceeding at the time of filing the petition for judicial review.
- 2. In determining whether to grant a stay, the court shall consider the same factors as are considered for a preliminary injunction under Rule 65 of the Nevada Rules of Civil Procedure.
  - 3. In making a ruling, the court shall:
  - (a) Give deference to the trier of fact; and
- (b) Consider the risk to the public, if any, of staying the decision of the Board.
- → The petitioner must provide security before the court may issue a stay.
- Sec. 15. An aggrieved party may obtain a review of any final judgment of the district court by appeal to the appellate court of competent jurisdiction pursuant to the rules fixed by the Supreme Court pursuant to Section 4 of Article 6 of the Nevada Constitution. The appeal must be taken as in other civil cases.
- **Sec. 16.** NRS 678A.010 is hereby amended to read as follows: 678A.010 As used in this title, unless the context otherwise requires, the words and terms defined in NRS 678A.020 to 678A.240, inclusive, *and sections 2 and 3 of this act* have the meanings ascribed to them in those sections.
- **Sec. 17.** NRS 678A.500 is hereby amended to read as follows: 678A.500 1. If the Executive Director becomes aware that a licensee or registrant has violated, is violating or is about to violate any provision of this title or any regulation adopted pursuant thereto, the Executive Director may [transmit]:
- (a) Assign the matter to an employee of the Board for an investigation of the cannabis establishment associated with the licensee or registrant and the issuance of a citation, if warranted, pursuant to section 5 of this act; or
- (b) **Transmit** the details of the suspected violation, along with any further facts or information related to the violation which are known to the Executive Director, to the Attorney General.
- 2. If any person other than the Executive Director becomes aware that a licensee or registrant has violated, is violating or is about to violate any provision of this title or any regulation adopted pursuant thereto, the person may file a written complaint with the



1 2



Executive Director specifying the relevant facts. The Executive Director shall review each such complaint and, if the Executive Director finds the complaint not to be frivolous, may [transmit]:

- (a) Assign the matter to an employee of the Board for an investigation of the cannabis establishment associated with the licensee or registrant and the issuance of a citation, if warranted, pursuant to section 5 of this act; or
- (b) **Transmit** the details of the suspected violation, along with any further facts or information derived from the review of the complaint to the Attorney General.
- 3. The employees of the Board who are certified by the Peace Officers' Standards and Training Commission created pursuant to NRS 289.500 shall cooperate with the Attorney General in the performance of any criminal investigation.

**Sec. 18.** NRS 678A.510 is hereby amended to read as follows:

- 678A.510 1. If the Executive Director transmits the details of a suspected violation to the Attorney General pursuant to NRS 678A.500, the Attorney General shall conduct an investigation of the suspected violation to determine whether it warrants proceedings for disciplinary action of the licensee or registrant. If the Attorney General determines that further proceedings are warranted, he or she shall report the results of the investigation together with a recommendation to the Executive Director in a manner which does not violate the right of the person charged in the complaint to due process in any later hearing on the complaint. [The Executive Director shall transmit the recommendation and other information received from the Attorney General to the Board.]
- 2. The [Board] Executive Director shall promptly make a determination with respect to each complaint resulting in an investigation by the Attorney General. The [Board] Executive Director shall:
  - (a) Dismiss the complaint; or
- (b) Proceed with appropriate disciplinary action in accordance with NRS 678A.520 to 678A.600, inclusive, *and section 8 of this act* and the regulations adopted by the Board.
  - **Sec. 19.** NRS 678A.520 is hereby amended to read as follows: 678A.520 1. If the [Board] Executive Director proceeds with sciplinary action pursuant to NRS 678A 510, the [Board or the]

disciplinary action pursuant to NRS 678A.510, the [Board or the] Executive Director shall assign the matter to a hearing officer and the Board or Executive Director shall serve a complaint upon the respondent [either] personally, by electronic mail at the electronic mail address of the respondent that is on file with the Board or by registered or certified mail at the address of the respondent that is on file with the Board. Such complaint must be a written statement of charges and must set forth in ordinary and concise language the acts





or omissions with which the respondent is charged. The complaint must specify the statutes and regulations which the respondent is alleged to have violated, but must not consist merely of charges raised in the language of the statutes or regulations. The complaint must provide notice of the right of the respondent to request a hearing. The *Executive Director or* Chair of the Board may grant an extension to respond to the complaint for good cause.

- 2. Unless granted an extension, the respondent must answer within [20] 21 days after the service of the complaint. In the answer the respondent:
- (a) Must state in short and plain terms the defenses to each claim asserted.
  - (b) Must admit or deny the facts alleged in the complaint.
- (c) Must state which allegations the respondent is without knowledge or information to form a belief as to their truth. Such allegations shall be deemed denied.
- (d) Must affirmatively set forth any matter which constitutes an avoidance or affirmative defense.
- (e) May demand a hearing. Failure to demand a hearing constitutes a waiver of the right to a hearing [and], the right to appeal the decision of the hearing officer to the Board and the right to judicial review of any decision or order of the Board, but the [Board] hearing officer may order a hearing even if the respondent so waives his or her right.
- 3. Failure to answer or to appear at the hearing constitutes an admission by the respondent of all facts alleged in the complaint. The [Board] hearing officer may take action based on such an admission and on other evidence without further notice to the respondent. If the [Board] hearing officer takes action based on such an admission, the [Board] hearing officer shall include in the record which evidence was the basis for the action.
- 4. [The Board] Except as otherwise provided in subsection 5, the hearing officer shall determine the time and place of the hearing as soon as is reasonably practical after receiving the respondent's answer. The [Board] hearing officer shall [deliver or] send by [registered or certified] electronic mail a notice of hearing to all parties, or their attorneys of record, at least [10] 30 days before the hearing. The hearing must be held within [45] 120 days after receiving the respondent's answer unless an expedited hearing is determined to be appropriate by the Board, in which event the hearing must be held as soon as practicable. The Executive Director or Chair of the Board may grant one or more extensions to the [45-day] 120-day requirement pursuant to a request of a party or an agreement by both parties.





5. If, after sending the notice of hearing pursuant to subsection 4, the hearing officer determines that exigent circumstances require a change of the place of the hearing, the hearing officer may, upon reasonable notice to all parties, or their attorneys of record, change the place of the hearing without changing the time of the hearing set forth in the notice of hearing.

**Sec. 20.** NRS 678A.530 is hereby amended to read as follows: 678A.530 Before a hearing before [the Board,] a hearing officer, and during a hearing upon reasonable cause shown, the Board hearing officer shall issue subpoenas and subpoenas duces tecum at the request of a party. All witnesses appearing pursuant to subpoena, other than parties, officers or employees of the State of Nevada or any political subdivision thereof, are entitled to receive fees and mileage in the same amounts and under the same circumstances as provided by law for witnesses in civil actions in the district courts. Witnesses entitled to fees or mileage who attend hearings at points so far removed from their residences as to prohibit return thereto from day to day are entitled, in addition to witness fees and in lieu of mileage, to the per diem compensation for subsistence and transportation authorized for state officers and employees for each day of actual attendance and for each day necessarily occupied in traveling to and from the hearings. Fees, subsistence and transportation expenses must be paid by the party at whose request the witness is subpoenaed. The [Board] hearing officer may award as costs the amount of all such expenses to the

**Sec. 21.** NRS 678A.540 is hereby amended to read as follows: 678A.540 1. At all hearings before [the Board:] a hearing officer:

- (a) Oral evidence may be taken only upon oath or affirmation administered by the [Board.] hearing officer.
  - (b) Every party has the right to:
    - (1) Call and examine witnesses;
    - (2) Introduce exhibits relevant to the issues of the case;
- (3) Cross-examine opposing witnesses [on any matters relevant to the issues of the case, even though the matter was not covered in a direct examination;] in accordance with paragraph (c);
- (4) Impeach any witness regardless of which party first called the witness to testify; and
  - (5) Offer rebuttal evidence.
- (c) Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (d), cross-examination is limited to the subject matter of the direct examination and matters affecting the credibility of witnesses,



1

3

4

5

7

8

9

10

11 12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21 22

23

24

25

26

27

28

29

30

31

32

33

34 35

36

37 38

39 40

41

42 43

44

prevailing party.



unless the hearing officer in the exercise of discretion permits inquiry into additional matters as if on direct examination.

(d) If the respondent does not testify in his or her own behalf, the respondent may be called and examined as if under cross-examination [.

—(d)] on any matters relevant to the issues of the case.

(e) The hearing need not be conducted according to technical rules relating to evidence and witnesses. Any relevant evidence may be admitted and is sufficient in itself to support a finding if it is the sort of evidence on which responsible persons are accustomed to rely in the conduct of serious affairs, regardless of the existence of any common law or statutory rule which might make improper the admission of such evidence over objection in a civil action.

[(e)] (f) The parties or their counsel may by written stipulation agree that certain specified evidence may be admitted even though such evidence might otherwise be subject to objection.

- 2. The **Board** *hearing officer* may take official notice of any generally accepted information or technical or scientific matter within the field of cannabis, and of any other fact which may be judicially noticed by the courts of this State. The parties must be informed of any information, matters or facts so noticed, and must be given a reasonable opportunity, on request, to refute such information, matters or facts by evidence or by written or oral presentation of authorities, the manner of such refutation to be determined by the **Board** *hearing officer*.
- 3. Affidavits may be received in evidence at any hearing [of] **before** the [Board] **hearing officer** in accordance with the following:
- (a) The party wishing to use an affidavit must, not less than 10 days before the day set for hearing, serve upon the opposing party or counsel [, either] personally, by electronic mail or by registered or certified mail, a copy of the affidavit which the party proposes to introduce in evidence together with a notice as provided in paragraph (c).
- (b) Unless the opposing party, within 7 days after such service, [mails or delivers to] serves upon the proponent personally, by electronic mail or by registered or certified mail, a request to cross-examine the affiant, the opposing party's right to cross-examine the affiant is waived and the affidavit, if introduced in evidence, must be given the same effect as if the affiant had testified orally. If an opportunity to cross-examine an affiant is not afforded after request therefor is made in accordance with this paragraph, the affidavit may be introduced in evidence, but must be given only the same effect as other hearsay evidence.





(c) The notice referred to in paragraph (a) must be substantially in the following form:

The accompanying affidavit of (here insert name of affiant) will be introduced as evidence at the hearing set for the ....... day of the month of ....... of the year ..... (Here insert name of affiant) will not be called to testify orally and you will not be entitled to question (here insert name of affiant) unless you notify the undersigned that you wish to cross-examine (here insert name of affiant). To be effective your request must be [mailed or delivered] served to the undersigned personally, by electronic mail or by registered or certified mail on or before 7 days from the date this notice and the enclosed affidavit are served upon you.

•••••	(Party or Counsel)	••••
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	(Address)	

**Sec. 22.** NRS 678A.550 is hereby amended to read as follows: 678A.550 The following procedures apply at all hearings for the Board: before a hearing officer:

- 1. [At least three members of the Board shall be present at every hearing, and they] *The hearing officer* shall exercise all powers relating to the conduct of the hearing. [and shall enforce all decisions with respect thereto.]
- 2. The proceedings at the hearing must be [reported either stenographically or by a phonographic reporter.] audio recorded.

Sec. 23. NRS 678A.560 is hereby amended to read as follows: 678A.560 [After the Board has initiated] Except as otherwise provided in this section, a hearing officer who has been assigned to a matter pursuant to NRS 678A.520 [, the members of the Board] shall not communicate, directly or indirectly, in connection with any issue of fact, with any person or party, nor, in connection with any issue of law, with any party or the party's representative, except upon notice and opportunity to all parties to participate. A hearing officer may:

- 1. Communicate with members of the Board.
- 2. Have the aid and advice of one or more personal assistants.

**Sec. 24.** NRS 678A.570 is hereby amended to read as follows: 678A.570 [The Board] *A hearing officer* may, before submission of the case for decision, permit the filing of amended or supplemental pleadings and shall notify all parties thereof, and provide a reasonable opportunity for objections thereto.





Sec. 25. NRS 678A.580 is hereby amended to read as follows: If any person in proceedings before [the Board] a *hearing officer* disobeys or resists any lawful order or refuses to respond to a subpoena, or refuses to take the oath or affirmation as a witness or thereafter refuses to be examined, or is guilty of misconduct during the hearing or so near the place thereof as to obstruct the proceeding, the **Board** hearing officer may certify the facts to the district court in and for the county where the proceedings are held. The court shall thereupon issue an order directing the person to appear before the court and show cause why the person should not be punished as for contempt. The court order and a copy of the statement of the **Board** hearing officer must be served on the person cited to appear. Thereafter the court has jurisdiction of the matter, and the same proceedings must be had, the same penalties may be imposed and the person charged may purge himself or herself of the contempt in the same way as in the case of a person who has committed a contempt in the trial of a civil action before a district court.

**Sec. 26.** NRS 678A.590 is hereby amended to read as follows: 678A.590 1. Within 60 days after the hearing of a contested matter, the [Board] hearing officer shall render a written decision on the merits which must contain findings of fact, a determination of the issues presented and the penalty to be imposed, if any. The Board hearing officer shall thereafter make and enter [its] a written order in conformity to **its** his or her decision. No member of the Board who did not hear the evidence may vote on the decision. The affirmative votes of a majority of the whole Board are required to impose any penalty.] Copies of the decision and order must be served on the parties personally or sent to them by registered or certified mail. If service is made by registered or certified mail, service is deemed to be complete 3 days after the decision and order are deposited with the United States Postal **Service.** The decision is effective upon such service, unless the **Board** hearing officer orders otherwise.

2. The [Board] hearing officer may, upon motion made within 10 days after service of a decision and order, order a rehearing before the [Board] hearing officer upon such terms and conditions as [it] he or she may deem just and proper if a [petition for judicial review] notice of appeal of the decision and order has not been filed [] with the Board pursuant to section 9 of this act. The motion must not be granted except upon a showing that there is additional evidence which is newly discovered, material and necessary and reasonably calculated to change the decision of the [Board,] hearing officer, and that sufficient reason existed for failure to previously discover the evidence and present the evidence at the hearing of the



1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11 12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28 29

30

31 32

33

34

35

36

37

38

39

40 41

42

43

44



**[Board.]** *hearing officer.* The motion must be supported by an affidavit of the moving party or his or her counsel showing with particularity the materiality and necessity of the additional evidence and the reason why it was not *previously discovered and* introduced at the hearing. Upon rehearing, rebuttal evidence to the additional evidence must be permitted. After rehearing, the **[Board]** *hearing officer* may modify **[its]** *his or her* decision and order as the additional evidence may warrant.

**Sec. 27.** NRS 678A.600 is hereby amended to read as follows:

678A.600 If the **Board** *hearing officer* finds that a licensee or registrant has violated a provision of this title or any regulation adopted pursuant thereto, the **Board** *hearing officer* may take any or all of the following actions:

- 1. Limit, condition, suspend or revoke the license or registration card of the licensee or registrant.
- 2. Impose a civil penalty in an amount established by regulation for each violation.

**Sec. 28.** NRS 678B.650 is hereby amended to read as follows:

678B.650 The Board shall adopt such regulations as it determines to be necessary or advisable to carry out the provisions of this chapter. Such regulations are in addition to any requirements set forth in statute and must, without limitation:

- 1. Prescribe the form and any additional required content of applications for licenses or registration cards issued pursuant to this chapter;
- 2. Establish procedures for the suspension or revocation of a license or registration card or other disciplinary action to be taken against a licensee or registrant [;], including, without limitation, procedures governing the conduct of:
- (a) An appeal or review of the decision of a hearing officer conducted by the Board pursuant to section 9 of this act; and
- (b) Disciplinary proceedings arising from the issuance of a citation conducted by the Board pursuant to section 6 of this act;
- 3. Set forth rules pertaining to the safe and healthful operation of cannabis establishments, including, without limitation:
- (a) The manner of protecting against diversion and theft without imposing an undue burden on cannabis establishments or compromising the confidentiality of consumers and holders of registry identification cards and letters of approval, as those terms are defined in NRS 678C.080 and 678C.070, respectively;
- (b) Minimum requirements for the oversight of cannabis establishments:
- (c) Minimum requirements for the keeping of records by cannabis establishments:





- (d) Provisions for the security of cannabis establishments, including without limitation, requirements for the protection by a fully operational security alarm system of each cannabis establishment; and
- (e) Procedures pursuant to which cannabis establishments must use the services of cannabis independent testing laboratories to ensure that any cannabis or cannabis product or commodity or product made from hemp, as defined in NRS 557.160, sold by a cannabis sales facility to an end user is tested for content, quality and potency in accordance with standards established by the Board;
- 4. Establish circumstances and procedures pursuant to which the maximum fees set forth in NRS 678B.390 may be reduced over time to ensure that the fees imposed pursuant to NRS 678B.390 are, insofar as may be practicable, revenue neutral;
- 5. Establish different categories of cannabis establishment agent registration cards, including, without limitation, criteria for issuance of a cannabis establishment agent registration card for a cannabis executive and a cannabis establishment agent registration card for a cannabis receiver and criteria for training and certification, for each of the different types of cannabis establishments at which such an agent may be employed or volunteer or provide labor as a cannabis establishment agent;
- 6. As far as possible while maintaining accountability, protect the identity and personal identifying information of each person who receives, facilitates or delivers services in accordance with this chapter;
- 7. Establish procedures and requirements to enable a dual licensee to operate a medical cannabis establishment and an adultuse cannabis establishment at the same location;
- 8. Determine whether any provision of this chapter or chapter 678C or 678D of NRS would make the operation of a cannabis establishment by a dual licensee unreasonably impracticable;
- 9. Allow for any record relating to the delivery of cannabis or cannabis products that is required to be kept by a cannabis establishment to be created and maintained in an electronic format;
- 10. Prescribe the manner in which the Board will determine whether a person who holds an adult-use cannabis establishment license is ineligible to hold additional licenses pursuant to NRS 678B.325 and 678B.328;
- 11. Set forth rules pertaining to the safe and healthful operation of cannabis consumption lounges, including, without limitation:
- (a) Standards for the air quality in a cannabis consumption lounge;





- (b) Procedures and requirements for the collection and disposal of cannabis and cannabis products which are left at a cannabis consumption lounge; and
  (c) Requirements for the training of employees of a cannabis
- (c) Requirements for the training of employees of a cannabis consumption lounge in the sale and safe consumption of single-use cannabis products and ready-to-consume cannabis products; and
- 12. Address such other matters as the Board deems necessary to carry out the provisions of this title.
- **Sec. 29.** NRS 678A.610, 678A.620, 678A.630 and 678A.640 are hereby repealed.
  - **Sec. 30.** This act becomes effective on July 1, 2023.

#### LEADLINES OF REPEALED SECTIONS

- 678A.610 Judicial review: Petition; intervention; stay of enforcement.
  - 678A.620 Judicial review: Record on review.
- 678A.630 Judicial review: Additional evidence taken by Board; review confined to record; court may affirm, remand or reverse.
- 678A.640 Judicial review: Appeal to appellate court; exclusive method of review for disciplinary hearings; certain actions not subject to judicial review.





1

2

4

5

7

8

9

10

