SENATE BILL NO. 235-COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY

(ON BEHALF OF THE JOINT INTERIM STANDING COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY)

MARCH 8, 2023

Referred to Committee on Judiciary

SUMMARY—Revises provisions relating to pretrial release. (BDR 14-310)

FISCAL NOTE: Effect on Local Government: No.

Effect on the State: No.

EXPLANATION - Matter in bolded italics is new; matter between brackets [omitted material] is material to be omitted.

AN ACT relating to criminal procedure; revising provisions relating to pretrial release hearings; and providing other matters properly relating thereto.

Legislative Counsel's Digest:

In general, existing law requires a court to hold a pretrial release hearing to determine the custody status of a person within 48 hours after the person has been taken into custody. However, existing law authorizes a court to continue such a pretrial release hearing if good cause is shown by a party. (NRS 178.4849) **Section 1** of this bill instead authorizes the court to continue a pretrial release hearing: (1) at the request of either party or the court and for good cause shown; or (2) upon stipulation of the parties. **Section 1** also prescribes certain requirements relating to the scheduling of a pretrial release hearing continued by the court.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEVADA, REPRESENTED IN SENATE AND ASSEMBLY, DO ENACT AS FOLLOWS:

Section 1. NRS 178.4849 is hereby amended to read as follows:

178.4849 1. Except as otherwise provided in [this section] subsection 2 and NRS 178.484 and 178.4847, a court shall, within 48 hours after a person has been taken into custody, hold a pretrial release hearing, in open court or by means of remote communication, to determine the custody status of the person.



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- 2. The *court may continue a* pretrial release hearing [may be continued]:
- (a) At the request of either party or the court and for good cause shown. A pretrial release hearing so continued must be placed on the next regularly scheduled calendar of the court.
- (b) Upon stipulation of the parties. The court shall schedule a hearing continued pursuant to this paragraph for the date specified by stipulation.
 - 3. A stipulation made pursuant to subsection 2 may be:
 - (a) An oral stipulation; or

- (b) A written stipulation communicated by mail, by electronic mail, via the internet or by other electronic means.
- [2.] 4. As used in this section, "remote communication" means communication through telephone or videoconferencing.
 - **Sec. 2.** This act becomes effective on July 1, 2023.





