SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 7-SENATOR DONDERO LOOP

MARCH 16, 2021

JOINT SPONSOR: ASSEMBLYMAN ROBERTS

Referred to Committee on Legislative Operations and Elections

- SUMMARY—Proposes to amend the Nevada Constitution to remove the constitutional provisions governing the election and duties of the Board of Regents of the State University and to authorize the Legislature to provide by statute for the governance of the State University and for the auditing of public institutions of higher education in this State. (BDR C-944)
- FISCAL NOTE: Effect on Local Government: No. Effect on the State: No.

EXPLANATION - Matter in *bolded italics* is new; matter between brackets [omitted material] is material to be omitted.

SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION—Proposing to amend the Nevada Constitution to remove the constitutional provisions governing the election and duties of the Board of Regents of the State University and to authorize the Legislature to provide by statute for the governance of the State University and for the auditing of public institutions of higher education in this State.

Legislative Counsel's Digest:

Article 11 of the Nevada Constitution, commonly known as the Education Article, requires the Nevada Legislature to provide for the establishment of a State University that is controlled by a Board of Regents whose duties are prescribed by law. (Nev. Const. Art. 11, § 4) The Education Article also: (1) requires the Legislature to provide for the election of the members of the Board of Regents of the State University and to define their duties by law; and (2) authorizes the Board of Regents to control and manage the affairs of the State University and its funds under such regulations as may be provided by law. (Nev. Const. Art. 11, §§ 7, 8)

As required by the Education Article, the Legislature has provided by law for:
(1) the establishment of the State University, which is known as the University of
Nevada; and (2) the election of the members of the Board of Regents. (NRS
396.020, 396.040) Additionally, the Legislature has: (1) provided by law for the





establishment of the Nevada System of Higher Education, which consists of the
State University and other educational institutions, programs and operations; and
(2) authorized the Board of Regents to administer the System and to prescribe rules
for its governance and management. (NRS 396.020, 396.110, 396.230, 396.280,
396.300, 396.420, 396.440, 396.550)

18 This resolution proposes to amend the Nevada Constitution to remove the 19 constitutional provisions governing the Board of Regents and to authorize the $\dot{20}$ Legislature to provide by statute for the governance of the State University and for the auditing of public institutions of higher education in this State. However, 21222324252627282930although this resolution removes the status of the Board of Regents as a constitutional body under the Nevada Constitution, this resolution does not change the status of the Board of Regents as a statutory body under existing statutory provisions, which authorize the Board of Regents to administer the Nevada System of Higher Education and prescribe rules for its governance and management. In addition, this resolution does not repeal, either expressly or by implication, any of those existing statutory provisions relating to the Board of Regents, including the existing statutory provisions that provide for the election of the members of the Board of Regents.

31 32 33 34 Under the federal Morrill Land Grant Act of 1862, each state was provided with certain federal land grants to be sold to support and maintain at least one college in the state that teaches both agriculture and mechanic arts, including military tactics, so long as the state agrees to certain terms and conditions regarding 35 the preservation and use of the proceeds derived from the sale of the federal land 36 grants. (Act of July 2, 1862, ch. 130, §§ 1-8, 12 Stat. 503-05, as amended and 37 codified at 7 U.S.C. §§ 301 et seq.) To secure the benefits offered by the federal 38 law, the Framers of the Nevada Constitution approved Section 8 of the Education 39 Article to provide for the preservation and use of the proceeds derived from the sale 40 of the federal land grants. (Nev. Const. Art. 11, § 8; Debates & Proceedings of the 41 Nevada State Constitutional Convention of 1864, at 586 and 589-91 (Andrew J. 42 43 Marsh off. rep. 1866)) This resolution proposes to amend Section 8 of the Education Article to: (1) remove references to the Board of Regents; (2) delete 44 obsolete provisions; (3) clarify citations to the pertinent federal law, including all 45 amendments thereto; and (4) specify that the proceeds derived under the federal law 46 must be invested by the State of Nevada in the manner required by law.

47 If this resolution is passed by the 2021 Legislature, it must also be passed by
48 the next Legislature and then approved and ratified by the voters in an election
49 before the proposed amendments to the Nevada Constitution become effective.

WHEREAS, Article 11 of the Nevada Constitution, commonly
known as the Education Article, requires the Legislature to provide
for the establishment of a State University that is controlled by a
Board of Regents whose duties are prescribed by law (Nev. Const.
Art. 11, § 4); and

6 WHEREAS, The Education Article also requires the Legislature 7 to provide for the election of the members of the Board of Regents 8 and to define their duties by law (Nev. Const. Art. 11, § 7); and

9 WHEREAS, The Education Article authorizes the Board of 10 Regents to control and manage the affairs of the State University 11 and its funds under such regulations as may be provided by law 12 (Nev. Const. Art. 11, §§ 7, 8); and





1 WHEREAS, When drafting the Education Article, the Framers of 2 the Nevada Constitution purposefully added constitutional language to ensure that the powers and duties of the Board of Regents and its 3 4 members "shall be prescribed by the Legislature," in order to "not 5 leave it to be inferred, perhaps, that they have absolute control" over 6 the State University (Debates & Proceedings of the Nevada State 7 Constitutional Convention of 1864, at 586 (Andrew J. Marsh off. 8 rep. 1866) (statement of Delegate George A. Nourse)); and

9 WHEREAS, The Framers believed that the Board of Regents' 10 control and management of the affairs of the State University should 11 be governed by laws enacted by the Legislature (*Debates & Proceedings of the Nevada State Constitutional Convention of 1864*, 13 at 585-87 (Andrew J. Marsh off. rep. 1866)); and

WHEREAS, The Framers did not create the Board of Regents as a
constitutional body in the Education Article to give the Board of
Regents unchecked autonomy from legislative oversight (*Debates & Proceedings of the Nevada State Constitutional Convention of 1864*,
at 585-91 (Andrew J. Marsh off. rep. 1866)); and

WHEREAS, As required by the Education Article, the Legislature has provided by law for the establishment of the State University, known as the University of Nevada, and has provided by law for the election of the members of the Board of Regents (NRS 396.020, 396.040); and

WHEREAS, The Legislature has provided by law for the establishment of the Nevada System of Higher Education, which consists of the State University and other educational institutions, programs and operations, and for the Board of Regents to administer the System and to prescribe rules for its governance and management (NRS 396.020, 396.110, 396.230, 396.280, 396.300, 396.420, 396.440, 396.550); and

WHEREAS, In cases before the Nevada Supreme Court, the Board of Regents has asserted that its "unique constitutional status" gives it "virtual autonomy and thus immunity" from particular laws and policies enacted by the Legislature (*Board of Regents v. Oakley*, 97 Nev. 605, 607 (1981)); and

36 WHEREAS, Although the Nevada Supreme Court has rejected the Board of Regents' broad assertion of autonomy and immunity 37 from laws and policies enacted by the Legislature, the Nevada 38 Supreme Court has recognized that the Board of Regents' 39 40 constitutional status prevents the Legislature from enacting certain legislation that directly "interferes with the Board's essential 41 42 management and control of the University" (Board of Regents v. 43 Oakley, 97 Nev. 605, 608 (1981); King v. Board of Regents, 65 Nev. 44 533, 564-69 (1948)); and





1 WHEREAS, Under our Nation's fundamental, well-established 2 and long-standing principles of representative government, the 3 traditional role of the people's elected representatives in the Legislature is to serve as the people's legislative check of 4 5 accountability to ensure that public bodies, agencies and officers in 6 the other branches of government are carrying out their 7 governmental functions for the benefit of the people and in a manner consistent with the laws and policies enacted by the Legislature; and 8

9 WHEREAS, The Board of Regents has, at various times, relied on 10 its constitutional status and its authority to control and manage the affairs of the State University as a defensive shield and cloak against 11 12 the people's legislative check of accountability, and the Board of 13 Regents has, at various times, taken actions that have hindered, 14 thwarted or undermined the Legislature's investigation, review and 15 scrutiny of the institutions, programs and operations of the Nevada 16 System of Higher Education; and

WHEREAS, Like other public bodies, agencies and officers of the State Government, the Board of Regents should be subject to the people's legislative check of accountability through legislative oversight, and the Board of Regents' control and management of the affairs of the State University should be governed by all laws enacted by the Legislature; and

23 WHEREAS, To secure accountability to the people's elected 24 representatives in the Legislature, the Nevada Constitution should 25 be amended to remove the Board of Regents' constitutional status so 26 that the Board of Regents operates only as a statutory public body to 27 ensure that it is subject to the people's legislative check of 28 accountability through legislative oversight and to ensure that the 29 Board of Regents' control and management of the affairs of the 30 State University are governed by all laws enacted bv 31 the Legislature; and

32 WHEREAS, Amending the Nevada Constitution to remove the 33 Board of Regents' constitutional status will allow the Legislature to 34 exercise the full extent of its legislative power to review, reform and 35 improve the programs and operations of the State University and, in 36 doing so, the Legislature will also have more options and greater 37 flexibility to review, reform and improve all other institutions, 38 programs and operations of the Nevada System of Higher 39 Education: and

WHEREAS, Amending the Nevada Constitution to remove the Board of Regents' constitutional status will not repeal, either expressly or by implication, the existing statutory provisions which apply to the Board of Regents, the State University and all other institutions, programs and operations of the Nevada System of Higher Education, including, without limitation, the existing





statutory provisions that provide for the voters to elect the members
 of the Board of Regents; now, therefore, be it

RESOLVED BY THE SENATE AND ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF
NEVADA, JOINTLY, That this resolution may be cited as the Nevada
Higher Education Reform, Accountability and Oversight
Amendment; and be it further

7 RESOLVED, That Section 4 of Article 11 of the Nevada 8 Constitution be amended to read as follows:

- 9 [Sec:] Sec. 4. 1. The Legislature shall provide by law for
 10 the establishment and governance of a State University
 11 which shall embrace departments for Agriculture, Mechanic
 12 Arts, and Mining [to be controlled by a Board of Regents
 13 whose duties shall be prescribed by Law.] and other
 14 departments deemed appropriate for the State University.
- 15 2. The Legislature shall provide by law for biennial 16 auditing of the State University and any other public 17 institutions of higher education established by the 18 Legislature in this State.

19 And be it further,

20 RESOLVED, That Section 8 of Article 11 of the Nevada 21 Constitution be amended to read as follows:

- 22 The **Board of Regents shall**, from the [Sec:] Sec. 8. 23 interest accruing from the first funds which come under their 24 control, immediately organize and maintain the said Mining 25 department in such manner as to make it most effective and 26 useful, Provided, that all the proceeds of the public lands 27 donated by Act of Congress approved July second AD. 28 Eighteen hundred and sixty Two, 2, 1862, ch. 130, 12 Stat. 29 503, and thereafter amended by Act of Congress, for a 30 college for the benefit of Agriculture [, the Mechanics] and *Mechanic* Arts, [and] including Military tactics, shall be 31 invested by the [said Board of Regents] State of Nevada in 32 33 the manner required by law in a separate fund to be appropriated exclusively for the benefit of the first named 34 departments to the *State* University as set forth in Section 35 [Four above;] 4 of this Article. And the Legislature shall 36 37 provide that if through neglect or any other contingency, any portion of the fund so set apart [, shall be] is lost or 38 misappropriated, the State of Nevada shall replace said 39 40 amount so lost or misappropriated in said fund so that the 41 principal of said fund shall remain forever undiminished.
- 42 And be it further,

43 RESOLVED, That Section 7 of Article 11 of the Nevada 44 Constitution be repealed.

45 And be it further,





1 RESOLVED, That this resolution becomes effective upon 2 passage.

TEXT OF REPEALED SECTION

Sec: 7. The Governor, Secretary of State, and Superintendent of Public Instruction, shall for the first four years and until their successors are elected and qualified constitute a Board of Regents to control and manage the affairs of the University and the funds of the same under such regulations as may be provided by law. But the Legislature shall at its regular session next preceding the expiration of the term of office of said Board of Regents provide for the election of a new Board of Regents and define their duties.

30



