Amendment No. 401

Senate A	(BDR 54-25)					
Proposed by: Senate Committee on Commerce and Labor						
Amends:	Summary: No	Title: Yes Preamble: No	Joint Sponsorship: No	Digest: Yes		

ASSEMBLY	ACT	TION	Initial and Date	SENATE ACTIO	ΟN	Initial and Date
Adopted		Lost		Adopted	Lost	
Concurred In		Not	1	Concurred In	Not	
Receded		Not	1	Receded	Not	

EXPLANATION: Matter in (1) *blue bold italics* is new language in the original bill; (2) variations of <u>green bold underlining</u> is language proposed to be added in this amendment; (3) <u>red strikethrough</u> is deleted language in the original bill; (4) <u>purple double strikethrough</u> is language proposed to be deleted in this amendment; (5) <u>orange double underlining</u> is deleted language in the original bill proposed to be retained in this amendment.

TPG/KRO : Date: 4/19/2021

S.B. No. 184—Revises provisions relating to the practice of medicine. (BDR 54-25)



SENATE BILL No. 184-SENATOR HARDY

MARCH 8, 2021

Referred to Committee on Commerce and Labor

SUMMARY—Revises provisions relating to the practice of medicine. (BDR 54-25)

FISCAL NOTE: Effect on Local Government: No.

Effect on the State: Yes.

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EXPLANATION - Matter in bolded italics is new; matter between brackets [omitted material] is material to be omitted.

AN ACT relating to professions; authorizing the Board of Medical Examiners and the State Board of Osteopathic Medicine to issue a license to practice medicine or a license to practice osteopathic medicine, respectively, to certain persons; [authorizing a physician assistant to provide emergency care in certain emergency situations without the supervision of a physician or osteopathic physician; revising requirements governing the supervision of a physician assistant;] providing that a person may be simultaneously licensed as a physician assistant by the respective Boards; providing for a fee for a simultaneous license; requiring the respective Boards to supply a list of physician assistants licensed by the respective Boards; revising the requirements governing licensure as a physician assistant; [authorizing certain licensed physician assistants to use the title "inactive physician assistant"; providing penalties;] and providing other matters properly relating thereto.

Legislative Counsel's Digest:

Existing law establishes requirements that govern the supervision of physician assistants by: (1) allopathic physicians who engage in the practice of medicine pursuant to chapter 630 of NRS; and (2) osteopathic physicians who engage in the practice of osteopathic medicine pursuant to chapter 633 of NRS. (NRS 630.271-630.2752, 633.432-633.469) Existing law requires an applicant for a license to practice medicine or for a license to practice osteopathic medicine to satisfy various requirements, including educational requirements. (NRS 630.160, 633.305, 633.311) Sections 2 and 24 of this bill authorize the Board of Medical Examiners and the State Board of Osteopathic Medicine to issue a license to practice medicine or a license to practice osteopathic medicine, respectively, to a person who: (1) has received a doctorate degree from a medical school or a school of osteopathic medicine located in the United States or Canada and who has completed 2 years of postgraduate residency training; or (2) has received a doctorate degree from a medical school or a school of osteopathic medicine located outside of the United States and Canada and who has completed 3 years of postgraduate residency training. Section 13 of this bill exempts such an applicant for a license to practice medicine as an allopathic physician who is a graduate of a foreign medical school from a requirement that the graduate must have passed the examination given by the

Educational Commission for Foreign Medical Graduates. Sections 15 and 33 of this bill authorize the issuance of a special volunteer medical license to practice allopathic or osteopathic medicine to a physician who meets the requirements prescribed in section 2 or 24, as applicable. Sections 12, 31 and 32 of this bill make conforming changes by exempting persons who meet the requirements of section 2 or 24 from the general requirements for licensure as an allopathic physician or osteopathic physician, as applicable.

[Existing regulations provide that a physician assistant governed by chapter 630 of NRS is considered to be and is deemed the agent of his or her supervising physician in the performance of all medical activities. (NAC 630.375) Existing regulations also authorize a physician assistant to perform medical services without supervision from his or her supervising physician in: (1) life threatening emergencies, including at the scene of an accident; or (2) emergency situations, including human caused or natural disaster relief efforts. (NAC 630.375) In such situations, the physician assistant: (1) is not the agent of the supervising physician and the supervising physician is not responsible or liable for any medical services provided by the physician assistant; (2) is required to provide whatever medical services he or she is able to provide based on his or her training, education and experience; (3) may take direction from a licensed physician on-scene; and (4) is required to make a reasonable effort to contact his or her supervising physician to advise the supervising physician of the incident and the physician assistant's role in providing medical services. (NAC 630.375) Sections 3 and 38 of this bill incorporate those provisions from existing regulations into statute in chapters 630 and 633 of NRS.

Existing law: (1) authorizes an osteopathic physician to refuse to act as a supervising osteopathic physician for a physician assistant; and (2) provides that certain agreements governing the supervision of a physician assistant by an osteopathic physician are void. (NRS 633.468) Section 4 of this bill creates a similar provision for an allopathic physician licensed pursuant to chapter 630 of NRS. Sections 4 and 40 of this bill require an allopathic physician or osteopathic physician who refuses to act as a supervising allopathic or osteopathic physician, as applicable, to provide written notice of his or her refusal to provide such supervision to the physician assistant and the applicable Board. Sections 4 and 40 also require a physician assistant, after receiving such notice, to: (1) immediately stop performing medical services for patients of the supervising physician who has refused to supervise the physician assistant; and (2) notify the applicable Board within 5 business days of the physician assistant entering into a new contract with a new supervising allopathic or osteopathic physician, as applicable.]

Existing law authorizes an osteopathic physician to supervise a physician assistant in person, electronically, telephonically or by fiber optics. (NRS 633.469) [Section 5 of this bill authorizes a supervising allopathic physician licensed pursuant to chapter 630 of NRS to provide supervision to his or her physician assistant in person, electronically, telephonically or by fiber optics.] Section 19 of this bill [makes conforming changes by removing] removes the authority of the Board of Medical Examiners to adopt regulations relating to the supervision of a physician assistant electronically, telephonically or by fiber optics. [Sections 5 and 41 of this bill require the Board of Medical Examiners and the State Board of Osteopathic Medicine, respectively, to adopt regulations prescribing the maximum number of physician assistants that an allopathic or osteopathic physician may supervise at the same time. Sections 5 and 41 also require an allopathic or osteopathic physician providing supervision in person during the first 30 days of supervision of a physician assistant who is newly licensed or who has not practiced before to be physically present at the same location as the physician assistant, but does not require the physician to be in the same room as the physician assistant.]

Sections 6 and 25 of this bill require a person who is applying for a license to practice as a physician assistant under chapter 630 or 633 of NRS and wishes to be simultaneously licensed as a physician assistant under both chapters 630 and 633 of NRS to: (1) indicate in his or her application that he or she wishes to hold a simultaneous license; (2) submit an application for a license to the Board of Medical Examiners under chapter 630 of NRS and to the State Board of Osteopathic Medicine under chapter 633 of NRS; and (3) pay the fee for the application and issuance of a simultaneous license as a physician assistant to both Boards. Sections 7 and 26 of this bill require a person who is applying to renew a license to practice as a physician assistant under chapter 630 or 633 of NRS and wishes to be simultaneously licensed as a physician assistant under both chapters 630 and 633 of NRS to: (1) indicate in his or her application that he or she wishes to hold a simultaneous license; (2) submit an

application to renew a license to practice as a physician assistant with the Board under which he or she is currently licensed and submit an application for a license to practice as a physician assistant to the Board under which he or she is not currently licensed; and (3) pay the fee for simultaneous registration of a physician assistant to both Boards. Existing law provides certain fees for a physician assistant. (NRS 630.268, 633.501) Sections 16 and 44 of this bill provide that the fee that each Board charges for simultaneous registration is equal to half of the fee each Board would charge for registration for a person who is licensed by only one Board.

Sections 8 and 27 of this bill require a person who is licensed to practice as a physician assistant who is not applying for a renewal of his or her license and who wishes to be simultaneously licensed as a physician assistant under both chapters 630 and 633 of NRS to: (1) apply for a license to the Board under which he or she is not licensed; and (2) pay the fee for application and issuance of a simultaneous license as a physician assistant to both Boards. Section 39 of this bill makes a conforming change to exempt a physician assistant from certain requirements governing the supervision of a physician assistant licensed pursuant to chapter 633 of NRS by an allopathic physician licensed pursuant to chapter 630 of NRS.

Sections 9 and 28 of this bill require the Board of Medical Examiners and the State Board of Osteopathic Medicine to provide to the State Board of Osteopathic Medicine or the Board of Medical Examiners, respectively, a list of all physician assistants who are licensed by the respective Boards.

[Sections 10 and 29 of this bill require a supervising allopathic physician or supervising osteopathic physician to review and initial a certain amount of charts of patients of a physician assistant who has not previously practiced as a physician assistant.]

Existing law provides that the provisions governing allopathic physicians, physician assistants, medical assistants, perfusionists and practitioners of respiratory care and osteopathic medicine do not apply to certain persons and in certain circumstances. (NRS 630.047, 633.171) **Sections 11 and 30** of this bill provide that such provisions do not apply to: (1) the performance of medical services by a student enrolled in an educational program for a physician assistant which is accredited by the Accreditation Review Commission on Education for the Physician Assistant, Inc., as part of such a program; and (2) a physician assistant of any division or department of the United States in the discharge of his or her official duties.

Existing law authorizes a person holding a license as an allopathic or osteopathic physician, physician assistant, perfusionist or practitioner of respiratory care to place his or her license on inactive status. (NRS 630.255, 633.491) Section 14 of this bill authorizes the Board of Medical Examiners to place any physician assistant who notifies the Board in writing on inactive status. Sections 14 and 43 of this bill: (1) prohibit a physician assistant with a license on inactive status from practicing as a physician assistant; and (2) require the Board of Medical Examiners and the State Board of Osteopathic Medicine, respectively, to exempt a physician assistant with a license on inactive status from paying certain fees.

Existing law authorizes a physician assistant to provide only those medical services he or she is authorized to perform by his or her supervising physician. (NRS 630.271) Section 17 of this bill additionally requires services performed by a physician assistant to be within the scope of practice of the supervising physician.

Existing law authorizes the Board of Medical Examiners and the State Board of Osteopathic Medicine to issue a license to practice as a physician assistant to an applicant who is qualified under the regulations of the respective Boards. (NRS 630.273, 633.433) Sections 18 and 34 of this bill authorize the respective Boards to issue a license to practice as a physician assistant to an applicant who: (1) meets the qualifications set forth in chapter 630 or 633 of NRS, as applicable; (2) is qualified under the regulations of the respective Boards; and (3) passes the Physician Assistant National Certifying Examination.]

Existing law prescribes certain requirements relating to the renewal of a license to practice as a physician assistant. (NRS 630.275, 633.471) **Sections 19 and 42** of this bill prohibit the Board of Medical Examiners and the State Board of Osteopathic Medicine from requiring a physician assistant to receive or maintain certification by the National Commission on Certification of Physician Assistants to satisfy any continuing education requirements for the renewal of a license.

Existing law authorizes an applicant for the issuance of a license by endorsement to practice as a physician assistant to submit to the Board of Medical Examiners or the State

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Board of Osteopathic Medicine an application for such a license if the applicant satisfies certain requirements, including being certified in a specialty recognized by certain professional organizations. (NRS 630.2751, 630.2752, 633.4336, 633.4336) **Sections 20, 21,** 35 and 36 of this bill remove the requirement that an applicant for the issuance of a license by endorsement be certified in a specialty recognized by such organizations.

[Existing law makes it unlawful for any person to hold himself or herself out as a

Existing law makes it unlawful for any person to hold himself or herself out as a physician assistant without being licensed by the Board of Medical Examiners or the State Board of Osteopathic Medicine. (NRS 630.400, 633.741) Sections 22 and 45 of this bill authorize a person to use the title "inactive physician assistant if he or she: (1) meets the qualifications for licensure as a physician assistant but does not hold a current license; and (2) is certified by the National Commission on Certification of Physician Assistants. Sections 22 and 45 prohibit an inactive physician assistant from acting or practicing as a physician assistant.

Existing law requires the State Board of Osteopathic Medicine to adopt regulations regarding the procedures for applications for and the issuance of a license to practice as a physician assistant. (NRS 633.434) Section 37 of this bill requires the Board to adopt regulations regarding the procedures for applications for the renewal of such licenses.]

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEVADA, REPRESENTED IN SENATE AND ASSEMBLY, DO ENACT AS FOLLOWS:

Section 1. Chapter 630 of NRS is hereby amended by adding thereto the provisions set forth as sections 2 to 10, inclusive, of this act.

Sec. 2. 1. Except as otherwise provided in NRS 630.161, the Board may issue a license to any person who:

(a) Has received a degree of doctor of medicine from a medical school approved by the Liaison Committee on Medical Education of the American Medical Association and the Association of American Medical Colleges and has completed 2 years of postgraduate residency training; or

(b) Has received a degree of doctor of medicine from a medical school which provides a course of professional instruction equivalent to that provided in medical schools in the United States and is approved by the Liaison Committee on Medical Education and has completed 3 years of postgraduate residency training.

- 2. The Board may issue a license to practice medicine after the Board verifies, through any readily available source, that the applicant has complied with the provisions of subsection 1. The verification may include, without limitation, using the Federation Credentials Verification Service. If any information is verified by a source other than the primary source of the information, the Board may require subsequent verification of the information by the primary source of the information.
- 3. The provisions of subsections 4 and 5 of NRS 630.160 apply to a license issued pursuant to this section.
- Sec. 3. [1. Except as otherwise provided in this section, a physician assistant is considered to be and is deemed the agent of his or her supervising physician in the performance of all medical activities.
- 2. A physician assistant shall not perform medical services without supervision from his or her supervising physician, except in:
- (a) Life threatening emergencies, including, without limitation, at the scene of an accident; or
- (b) Emergency situations, including, without limitation, human caused or natural disaster relief efforts.

- 3. When a physician assistant performs medical services in an emergency described in subsection 2:
- (a) The physician assistant is not the agent of his or her supervising physician and the supervising physician is not responsible or liable for any medical services provided by the physician assistant;
- (b) The physician assistant may provide whatever medical services possible based on the need of the patient and the training, education and experience of the physician assistant;
- (c) The physician assistant may take direction from a physician who is at the seene of the emergency; and
- (d) The physician assistant shall make a reasonable effort to contact his or her supervising physician, as soon as possible, to advise him or her of the incident and the physician assistant's role in providing medical services.]
 (Deleted by amendment.)
- Sec. 4. [1. Subject to the provisions of this section, a physician may at any time refuse to act as a supervising physician for a physician assistant.
- 2. A condition, stipulation or provision in a contract or other agreement which:
- (a) Requires a physician to act as a supervising physician for a physician assistant;
- (b) Penalizes a physician for refusing to act as a supervising physician for a physician assistant; or
- (c) Limits the authority of a supervising physician with regard to any protocol, standing order or delegation of authority applicable to a physician assistant supervised by the physician,
- ⇒is against public policy and void.
- 3. If a physician refuses to act as a supervising physician for a physician assistant pursuant to this section, the supervising physician or his or her designed must provide written notice to the physician assistant and the Board. Such written notice must clearly state that the supervising physician:
- (a) Refuses to act as a supervising physician for the physician assistant; and
- (b) No longer serves as the supervising physician.
- 1. The supervising physician shall not refuse to act as a supervising physician to a physician assistant until the physician assistant receives the notice required by subsection 3.
- 5. Upon receiving the written notice described in subsection 3 from a supervising physician, a physician assistant must:
- (a) Immediately stop performing medical services for any patients of the supervising physician; and
- (b) Notify the Board of any contract with a new supervising physician within 5-business days after entering into the contract. (Deleted by amendment.)
- Sec. 5. [1. The Board shall establish by regulation the maximum number of physician assistants that a supervising physician may supervise at the same time and may establish different maximum numbers for different practice areas.
- 2. A supervising physician shall provide supervision to his or her physician assistant continuously whenever the physician assistant is performing his or her professional duties.
- 3. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 4, a supervising physician may provide supervision to his or her physician assistant in person, electronically, telephonically or by fiber optics. When providing supervision electronically, telephonically or by fiber optics, a supervising physician may be at a different site than the physician assistant, including a site located within or outside this State or the United States.

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5. A supervising physician providing supervision pursuant to subsection 4 must be physically present at the same location as the physician assistant performing the medical services but is not required to be in the same room as the physician assistant.

4. A supervising physician shall provide supervision to his or her physician assistant in person at all times during the first 30 days that the supervising

physician supervises the physician assistant if the physician assistant has not been previously licensed or has not previously practiced as a physician assistant.

The provisions of this subsection do not apply to a federally-qualified health

- 6. Before beginning to supervise a physician assistant, a supervising physician must communicate to the physician assistant:
 - (a) The scope of practice of the physician assistant;
- (b) The access to the supervising physician that the physician assistant will have; and
- (c) Any processes for evaluation that the supervising physician will use to evaluate the physician assistant.
- 7. A supervising physician shall not delegate to his or her physician assistant, and the physician assistant shall not accept, a task that is beyond the physician assistant's capability to complete safely.
- 8. As used in this section, "federally qualified health center" has the meaning ascribed to it in 12 U.S.C. § 1396d(1)(2)(B).] (Deleted by amendment.)
- Sec. 6. A person applying for a license to practice as a physician assistant pursuant to the provisions of this chapter who wishes to hold a simultaneous license to practice as a physician assistant pursuant to the provisions of chapter 633 of NRS must:
- 1. Indicate in the application that he or she wishes to hold a simultaneous license to practice as a physician assistant pursuant to the provisions of chapter 633 of NRS;
 - 2. Apply for a license to practice as a physician assistant to:
 - (a) The Board pursuant to this chapter; and
- (b) The State Board of Osteopathic Medicine pursuant to chapter 633 of NRS; and
 - 3. Pay all applicable fees, including, without limitation:
- (a) The fee for application for and issuance of a simultaneous license as a physician assistant pursuant to NRS 630.268; and
- (b) The application and initial simultaneous license fee for a physician assistant pursuant to NRS 633.501.
- Sec. 7. A person applying to renew a license to practice as a physician assistant pursuant to the provisions of this chapter who wishes to hold a simultaneous license to practice as a physician assistant pursuant to the provisions of chapter 633 of NRS must:
- 1. Indicate in the application that he or she wishes to hold a simultaneous license to practice as a physician assistant pursuant to the provisions of chapter 633 of NRS;
 - 2. Apply:
- (a) To renew a license to practice as a physician assistant to the Board pursuant to this chapter; and
- (b) For a license to practice as a physician assistant to the State Board of Osteopathic Medicine pursuant to chapter 633 of NRS; and
 - 3. Pay all applicable fees, including, without limitation:
- (a) The fee for biennial simultaneous registration of a physician assistant pursuant to NRS 630.268; and

- (b) The application and initial simultaneous license fee for a physician assistant pursuant to NRS 633.501.
- Sec. 8. If a person licensed to practice as a physician assistant pursuant to the provisions of this chapter is not applying to renew his or her license and wishes to hold a simultaneous license to practice as a physician assistant pursuant to the provisions of chapter 633 of NRS, the person must:
- 1. Apply for a license to practice as a physician assistant to the State Board of Osteopathic Medicine pursuant to chapter 633 of NRS; and
 - 2. Pay all applicable fees, including, without limitation:
- (a) The fee for biennial simultaneous registration of a physician assistant pursuant to NRS 630.268; and
- (b) The application and initial simultaneous license fee for a physician assistant pursuant to NRS 633.501.
- Sec. 9. On or before the last day of each quarter, the Board shall provide to the State Board of Osteopathic Medicine a list of all physician assistants licensed by the Board.
- Sec. 10. [1. A supervising physician shall review and initial charts of any patient of a physician assistant pursuant to the provisions of subsection 2 who has not previously practiced as a physician assistant.
- 2. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 3, during the first 90 days of supervision, a supervising physician shall review and initial at least 100 charts or 10 percent of the total number of charts of patients of the physician assistant, whichever is greater.
- 3. If a supervising physician has reviewed and initialed less than 100 charts of patients of the physician assistant during the first 90 days of supervision, the supervising physician must continue to review and initial charts of patients of the physician assistant after the first 90 days of supervision until the supervising physician reviews and initials at least 100 charts of patients of the physician assistant.
- 4. A supervising physician shall review and initial charts of patients of the physician assistant only to the extent that the charts include medical services provided within the portion of the practice of the physician assistant that the supervising physician supervises.
- 5. The Board shall not adopt regulations requiring a supervising physician to review and initial the charts of a patient of a physician assistant the supervising physician is supervising in addition to what is required by this section.] (Deleted by amendment.)
 - Sec. 11. NRS 630.047 is hereby amended to read as follows:
 - 630.047 1. This chapter does not apply to:
- (a) A medical officer or perfusionist or practitioner of respiratory care of the Armed Forces or a medical officer or perfusionist or practitioner of respiratory care of any division or department of the United States in the discharge of his or her official duties, including, without limitation, providing medical care in a hospital in accordance with an agreement entered into pursuant to NRS 449.2455;
- (b) Physicians who are called into this State, other than on a regular basis, for consultation with or assistance to a physician licensed in this State, and who are legally qualified to practice in the state where they reside;
- (c) Physicians who are legally qualified to practice in the state where they reside and come into this State on an irregular basis to:
- (1) Obtain medical training approved by the Board from a physician who is licensed in this State; or
- (2) Provide medical instruction or training approved by the Board to physicians licensed in this State;

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- (d) Physicians who are temporarily exempt from licensure pursuant to NRS 630.2665 and are practicing medicine within the scope of the exemption;
- (e) Any person permitted to practice any other healing art under this title who does so within the scope of that authority, or healing by faith or Christian Science;
- (f) The practice of respiratory care by a student as part of a program of study in respiratory care that is approved by the Board, or is recognized by a national organization which is approved by the Board to review such programs, if the student is enrolled in the program and provides respiratory care only under the supervision of a practitioner of respiratory care;
 - (g) The practice of respiratory care by a student who:
- (1) Is enrolled in a clinical program of study in respiratory care which has been approved by the Board;
 - (2) Is employed by a medical facility, as defined in NRS 449.0151; and
- (3) Provides respiratory care to patients who are not in a critical medical condition or, in an emergency, to patients who are in a critical medical condition and a practitioner of respiratory care is not immediately available to provide that care and the student is directed by a physician to provide respiratory care under the supervision of the physician until a practitioner of respiratory care is available:
- (h) The practice of respiratory care by a person on himself or herself or gratuitous respiratory care provided to a friend or a member of a person's family if the provider of the care does not represent himself or herself as a practitioner of respiratory care;
- (i) A person who is employed by a physician and provides respiratory care or services as a perfusionist under the supervision of that physician;
- (j) The maintenance of medical equipment for perfusion or respiratory care that is not attached to a patient; [and]
- (k) A person who installs medical equipment for respiratory care that is used in the home and gives instructions regarding the use of that equipment if the person is trained to provide such services and is supervised by a provider of health care who is acting within the authorized scope of his or her practice [...];
- (1) The performance of medical services by a student enrolled in an educational program for a physician assistant which is accredited by the Accreditation Review Commission on Education for the Physician Assistant, Inc., or its successor organization, as part of such a program; and
- (m) A physician assistant of any division or department of the United States in the discharge of his or her official duties unless licensure by a state is required by the division or department of the United States.
- 2. This chapter does not repeal or affect any statute of Nevada regulating or affecting any other healing art.
 - 3. This chapter does not prohibit:
- (a) Gratuitous services outside of a medical school or medical facility by a person who is not a physician, perfusionist, physician assistant or practitioner of respiratory care in cases of emergency.
 - (b) The domestic administration of family remedies.
 - **Sec. 12.** NRS 630.160 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 630.160 1. Every person desiring to practice medicine must, before beginning to practice, procure from the Board a license authorizing the person to practice.
- 2. Except as otherwise provided in NRS 630.1605 to 630.161, inclusive, and 630.258 to 630.2665, inclusive, and section 2 of this act, a license may be issued to any person who:
 - (a) Has received the degree of doctor of medicine from a medical school:

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- (1) Approved by the Liaison Committee on Medical Education of the American Medical Association and Association of American Medical Colleges; or
- (2) Which provides a course of professional instruction equivalent to that provided in medical schools in the United States approved by the Liaison Committee on Medical Education:
- (b) Is currently certified by a specialty board of the American Board of Medical Specialties and who agrees to maintain the certification for the duration of the licensure, or has passed:
- (1) All parts of the examination given by the National Board of Medical **Examiners:**
 - (2) All parts of the Federation Licensing Examination;
 - (3) All parts of the United States Medical Licensing Examination:
- (4) All parts of a licensing examination given by any state or territory of the United States, if the applicant is certified by a specialty board of the American Board of Medical Specialties;
- (5) All parts of the examination to become a licentiate of the Medical Council of Canada; or
- (6) Any combination of the examinations specified in subparagraphs (1), (2) and (3) that the Board determines to be sufficient;
- (c) Is currently certified by a specialty board of the American Board of Medical Specialties in the specialty of emergency medicine, preventive medicine or family medicine and who agrees to maintain certification in at least one of these specialties for the duration of the licensure, or:
 - (1) Has completed 36 months of progressive postgraduate:
- (I) Education as a resident in the United States or Canada in a program approved by the Board, the Accreditation Council for Graduate Medical Education, the Royal College of Physicians and Surgeons of Canada, the Collège des médecins du Québec or the College of Family Physicians of Canada, or, as applicable, their successor organizations; or
- (II) Fellowship training in the United States or Canada approved by the Board or the Accreditation Council for Graduate Medical Education;
- (2) Has completed at least 36 months of postgraduate education, not less than 24 months of which must have been completed as a resident after receiving a medical degree from a combined dental and medical degree program approved by the Board: or
- (3) Is a resident who is enrolled in a progressive postgraduate training program in the United States or Canada approved by the Board, the Accreditation Council for Graduate Medical Education, the Royal College of Physicians and Surgeons of Canada, the Collège des médecins du Québec or the College of Family Physicians of Canada, or, as applicable, their successor organizations, has completed at least 24 months of the program and has committed, in writing, to the Board that he or she will complete the program; and
- (d) Passes a written or oral examination, or both, as to his or her qualifications to practice medicine and provides the Board with a description of the clinical program completed demonstrating that the applicant's clinical training met the requirements of paragraph (a).
- The Board may issue a license to practice medicine after the Board verifies, through any readily available source, that the applicant has complied with the provisions of subsection 2. The verification may include, but is not limited to, using the Federation Credentials Verification Service. If any information is verified by a source other than the primary source of the information, the Board may require subsequent verification of the information by the primary source of the information.

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- 44 (a) The degree of doctor 45 Board; and 46 (b) The standard certific 47 Medical Graduates or a writte
 - passed the examination given by the Commission.

 2. The proof of the degree of doctor of medicine or its equivalent must be submitted directly to the Board by the medical school that granted the degree. If proof of the degree is unavailable from the medical school that granted the degree,

- 4. Notwithstanding any provision of this chapter to the contrary, if, after issuing a license to practice medicine, the Board obtains information from a primary or other source of information and that information differs from the information provided by the applicant or otherwise received by the Board, the Board may:
 - (a) Temporarily suspend the license;
- (b) Promptly review the differing information with the Board as a whole or in a committee appointed by the Board;
- (c) Declare the license void if the Board or a committee appointed by the Board determines that the information submitted by the applicant was false, fraudulent or intended to deceive the Board:
- (d) Refer the applicant to the Attorney General for possible criminal prosecution pursuant to NRS 630.400; or
- (e) If the Board temporarily suspends the license, allow the license to return to active status subject to any terms and conditions specified by the Board, including:
- (1) Placing the licensee on probation for a specified period with specified conditions;
 - (2) Administering a public reprimand;
 - (3) Limiting the practice of the licensee;
- (4) Suspending the license for a specified period or until further order of the Board:
- (5) Requiring the licensee to participate in a program to correct an alcohol or other substance use disorder;
 - (6) Requiring supervision of the practice of the licensee;
 - (7) Imposing an administrative fine not to exceed \$5,000;
- (8) Requiring the licensee to perform community service without compensation;
- (9) Requiring the licensee to take a physical or mental examination or an examination testing his or her competence to practice medicine;
- (10) Requiring the licensee to complete any training or educational requirements specified by the Board; and
- (11) Requiring the licensee to submit a corrected application, including the payment of all appropriate fees and costs incident to submitting an application.
- 5. If the Board determines after reviewing the differing information to allow the license to remain in active status, the action of the Board is not a disciplinary action and must not be reported to any national database. If the Board determines after reviewing the differing information to declare the license void, its action shall be deemed a disciplinary action and shall be reportable to national databases.
 - **Sec. 13.** NRS 630.195 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 630.195 1. Except as otherwise provided in NRS 630.1606 and 630.1607 [...] and section 2 of this act, in addition to the other requirements for licensure, an applicant for a license to practice medicine who is a graduate of a foreign medical school shall submit to the Board proof that the applicant has received:
- (a) The degree of doctor of medicine or its equivalent, as determined by the Board; and
- (b) The standard certificate of the Educational Commission for Foreign Medical Graduates or a written statement from that Commission that the applicant passed the examination given by the Commission.

the Board may accept proof from any other source specified by the Board.

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Sec. 14. NRS 630.255 is hereby amended to read as follows:

630.255 1. Any licensee who changes the location of his or her practice of medicine from this State to another state or country, has never engaged in the practice of medicine in this State after licensure or has ceased to engage in the practice of medicine in this State for 12 consecutive months may be placed on inactive status by order of the Board. Any physician assistant who notifies the Board of his or her desire to be placed on inactive status in writing on a form prescribed by the Board may be placed on inactive status by order of the Board.

- 2. Each inactive licensee shall maintain a permanent mailing address with the Board to which all communications from the Board to the licensee must be sent. An inactive licensee who changes his or her permanent mailing address shall notify the Board in writing of the new permanent mailing address within 30 days after the change. If an inactive licensee fails to notify the Board in writing of a change in his or her permanent mailing address within 30 days after the change, the Board may impose upon the licensee a fine not to exceed \$250.
- 3. In addition to the requirements of subsection 2, any licensee who changes the location of his or her practice of medicine from this State to another state or country shall maintain an electronic mail address with the Board to which all communications from the Board to him or her may be sent.
- 4. An inactive physician assistant shall not practice as a physician assistant. The Board shall consider an inactive physician assistant who practices as a physician assistant to be practicing without a license. Such practice constitutes grounds for disciplinary action against the physician assistant in accordance with the regulations adopted by the Board pursuant to NRS 630.275.
- 5. The Board shall exempt an inactive physician assistant from paying the applicable fee for biennial registration prescribed by NRS 630.268.
- 6. Before resuming the practice of medicine or practice as a physician assistant in this State, the inactive licensee must:
- (a) Notify the Board in writing of his or her intent to resume the practice of medicine *or practice as a physician assistant, as applicable,* in this State;
- (b) File an affidavit with the Board describing the activities of the licensee during the period of inactive status;
 - (c) Complete the form for registration for active status;
 - (d) Pay the applicable fee for biennial registration; and
 - (e) Satisfy the Board of his or her competence to practice medicine [-
 - 5. or practice as a physician assistant, as applicable.
- 7. If the Board determines that the conduct or competence of the licensee during the period of inactive status would have warranted denial of an application for a license to practice medicine *or practice as a physician assistant* in this State, the Board may refuse to place the licensee on active status.
 - **Sec. 15.** NRS 630.258 is hereby amended to read as follows:
 - 630.258 1. A physician who is retired from active practice and who:
- (a) Wishes to donate his or her expertise for the medical care and treatment of persons in this State who are indigent, uninsured or unable to afford health care; or
- (b) Wishes to provide services for any disaster relief operations conducted by a governmental entity or nonprofit organization,
- may obtain a special volunteer medical license by submitting an application to the Board pursuant to this section.
- 2. An application for a special volunteer medical license must be on a form provided by the Board and must include:
 - (a) Documentation of the history of medical practice of the physician;

- (b) Proof that the physician previously has been issued an unrestricted license to practice medicine in any state of the United States and that the physician has never been the subject of disciplinary action by a medical board in any jurisdiction;
- (c) Proof that the physician satisfies the requirements for licensure set forth in NRS 630.160 *or section 2 of this act, as applicable*, or the requirements for licensure by endorsement set forth in NRS 630.1605, 630.1606 or 630.1607;
- (d) Acknowledgment that the practice of the physician under the special volunteer medical license will be exclusively devoted to providing medical care:
- (1) To persons in this State who are indigent, uninsured or unable to afford health care; or
- (2) As part of any disaster relief operations conducted by a governmental entity or nonprofit organization; and
- (e) Acknowledgment that the physician will not receive any payment or compensation, either direct or indirect, or have the expectation of any payment or compensation, for providing medical care under the special volunteer medical license, except for payment by a medical facility at which the physician provides volunteer medical services of the expenses of the physician for necessary travel, continuing education, malpractice insurance or fees of the State Board of Pharmacv.
- 3. If the Board finds that the application of a physician satisfies the requirements of subsection 2 and that the retired physician is competent to practice medicine, the Board must issue a special volunteer medical license to the physician.
- 4. The initial special volunteer medical license issued pursuant to this section expires 1 year after the date of issuance. The license may be renewed pursuant to this section, and any license that is renewed expires 2 years after the date of issuance of the renewed license.
 - 5. The Board shall not charge a fee for:
 - (a) The review of an application for a special volunteer medical license; or
- (b) The issuance or renewal of a special volunteer medical license pursuant to this section.
- 6. A physician who is issued a special volunteer medical license pursuant to this section and who accepts the privilege of practicing medicine in this State pursuant to the provisions of the special volunteer medical license is subject to all the provisions governing disciplinary action set forth in this chapter.
- 7. A physician who is issued a special volunteer medical license pursuant to this section shall comply with the requirements for continuing education adopted by the Board
 - **Sec. 16.** NRS 630.268 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 630.268 1. The Board shall charge and collect not more than the following fees:

For application for and issuance of a license to practice as a	
physician, including a license by endorsement	\$600
For application for and issuance of a temporary, locum	
tenens, limited, restricted, authorized facility, special,	
special purpose or special event license	400
For renewal of a limited, restricted, authorized facility or	
special license	400
For application for and issuance of a license as a physician	
assistant, including a license by endorsement	400
For application for and issuance of a simultaneous license	
as a physician assistant	200
For biennial registration of a physician assistant	

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For biennial registration for a physician who is on inactive For a duplicate identification card.......25 For a duplicate license50 2. Except as otherwise provided in subsections 4 and 5, in addition to the fees

For biennial simultaneous registration of a physician

For application for and issuance of a license as a perfusionist

or practitioner of respiratory care\$400

- prescribed in subsection 1, the Board shall charge and collect necessary and reasonable fees for the expedited processing of a request or for any other incidental service the Board provides.
- 3. The cost of any special meeting called at the request of a licensee, an institution, an organization, a state agency or an applicant for licensure must be paid for by the person or entity requesting the special meeting. Such a special meeting must not be called until the person or entity requesting it has paid a cash deposit with the Board sufficient to defray all expenses of the meeting.
- 4. If an applicant submits an application for a license by endorsement
- (a) NRS 630.1607, and the applicant is an active member of, or the spouse of an active member of, the Armed Forces of the United States, a veteran or the surviving spouse of a veteran, the Board shall collect not more than one-half of the fee set forth in subsection 1 for the initial issuance of the license. As used in this paragraph, "veteran" has the meaning ascribed to it in NRS 417.005.
- (b) NRS 630.2752, the Board shall collect not more than one-half of the fee set forth in subsection 1 for the initial issuance of the license.
- 5. If an applicant submits an application for a license by endorsement pursuant to NRS 630.1606 or 630.2751, as applicable, the Board shall charge and collect not more than the fee specified in subsection 1 for the application for and initial issuance of a license.

Sec. 17. [NRS 630.271 is hereby amended to read as follows: A physician assistant may perform such medical services as

- (a) The physician assistant is authorized to perform by his or her supervising physician [. Such services may include] , including, without limitation, ordering home health care for a patient [.]; and
 - (b) Are within the scope of practice of the supervising physician.
- 2. The Board and supervising physician shall limit the authorit physician assistant to prescribe controlled substances to those schedules controlled substances that the supervising physician is authorized to pursuant to state and federal law.] (Deleted by amendment.)
- Sec. 18. [NRS 630.273 is hereby amended to read as follows: 630.273 The Board may issue a license to an applicant who underl:

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- 1. Meets the qualifications set forth in this chapter and the regulations of the Board to perform medical services under the supervision of a supervising physician
- 2. Submits an application for a license as a physician assistant [must include] which includes all information required to complete the application [.]; and
- 3. Has passed the Physician Assistant National Certifying Examination administered by the National Commission on Certification of Physicians Assistants, or its successor organization, or by another nationally recognized organization as determined by the Board for the accreditation of physician assistants. (Deleted by amendment.)
 - **Sec. 19.** NRS 630.275 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 630.275 The Board shall adopt regulations regarding the licensure of a physician assistant, including, but not limited to:
 - The educational and other qualifications of applicants.
 - The required academic program for applicants.
 - The procedures for applications for and the issuance of licenses.
- The procedures deemed necessary by the Board for applications for and the initial issuance of licenses by endorsement pursuant to NRS 630.2751 or 630.2752.
 - The tests or examinations of applicants *required* by the Board.
- 6. The medical services which a physician assistant may perform, except that a physician assistant may not perform those specific functions and duties delegated or restricted by law to persons licensed as dentists, chiropractors, podiatric physicians and optometrists under chapters 631, 634, 635 and 636, respectively, of NRS, or as hearing aid specialists.
- 7. The duration, renewal and termination of licenses, including licenses by endorsement. The Board shall not require a physician assistant to receive or maintain certification by the National Commission on Certification of Physician Assistants, or its successor organization, or by any other nationally recognized organization for the accreditation of physician assistants to satisfy any continuing education requirements for the renewal of licenses.
- 8. The grounds and procedures respecting disciplinary actions against physician assistants.
- 9. The supervision of medical services of a physician assistant by a supervising physician . [, including, without limitation, supervision that is performed electronically, telephonically or by fiber optics from within or outside this State or the United States.
- 10. A physician assistant's use of equipment that transfers information concerning the medical condition of a patient in this State electronically, telephonically or by fiber optics, including, without limitation, through telehealth, from within or outside this State or the United States.
 - **Sec. 20.** NRS 630.2751 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 630.2751 1. The Board may issue a license by endorsement to practice as a physician assistant to an applicant who meets the requirements set forth in this section. An applicant may submit to the Board an application for such a license if the applicant [:
- (a) Holds holds a corresponding valid and unrestricted license to practice as a physician assistant in the District of Columbia or any state or territory of the United States . [; and
- (b) Is certified in a specialty recognized by the American Board of Medical
- 2. An applicant for a license by endorsement pursuant to this section must submit to the Board with his or her application:
 - (a) Proof satisfactory to the Board that the applicant:

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- (1) Satisfies the requirements of subsection 1;
- (2) Has not been disciplined or investigated by the corresponding regulatory authority of the District of Columbia or any state or territory in which the applicant currently holds or has held a license to practice as a physician assistant: and
- (3) Has not been held civilly or criminally liable for malpractice in the District of Columbia or any state or territory of the United States;
- (b) A complete set of fingerprints and written permission authorizing the Board to forward the fingerprints in the manner provided in NRS 630.167;
- (c) An affidavit stating that the information contained in the application and any accompanying material is true and correct; and
 - (d) Any other information required by the Board.
- Not later than 15 business days after receiving an application for a license by endorsement to practice as a physician assistant pursuant to this section, the Board shall provide written notice to the applicant of any additional information required by the Board to consider the application. Unless the Board denies the application for good cause, the Board shall approve the application and issue a license by endorsement to practice as a physician assistant to the applicant not later
 - (a) Forty-five days after receiving the application; or
- (b) Ten days after the Board receives a report on the applicant's background based on the submission of the applicant's fingerprints,
- → whichever occurs later.
- 4. A license by endorsement to practice as a physician assistant may be issued at a meeting of the Board or between its meetings by the President and Executive Director of the Board. Such an action shall be deemed to be an action of the Board.
 - **Sec. 21.** NRS 630.2752 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 630.2752 1. The Board may issue a license by endorsement to practice as a physician assistant to an applicant who meets the requirements set forth in this section. An applicant may submit to the Board an application for such a license if the applicant:
- (a) Holds a corresponding valid and unrestricted license to practice as a physician assistant in the District of Columbia or any state or territory of the United States; and
- (b) [Is certified in a specialty recognized by the American Board of Medical
- (e) Is an active member of, or the spouse of an active member of, the Armed Forces of the United States, a veteran or the surviving spouse of a veteran.
- 2. An applicant for a license by endorsement pursuant to this section must submit to the Board with his or her application:
 - (a) Proof satisfactory to the Board that the applicant:
 - (1) Satisfies the requirements of subsection 1;
- (2) Has not been disciplined or investigated by the corresponding regulatory authority of the District of Columbia or the state or territory in which the applicant holds a license to practice as a physician assistant; and
- (3) Has not been held civilly or criminally liable for malpractice in the District of Columbia or any state or territory of the United States;
- (b) A complete set of fingerprints and written permission authorizing the Board to forward the fingerprints in the manner provided in NRS 630.167;
- (c) An affidavit stating that the information contained in the application and any accompanying material is true and correct; and
 - (d) Any other information required by the Board.

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- (a) Forty-five days after receiving all the additional information required by the Board to complete the application; or (b) Ten days after the Board receives a report on the applicant's background
 - ⇒ whichever occurs later. A license by endorsement to practice as a physician assistant may be issued at a meeting of the Board or between its meetings by the President and Executive Director of the Board. Such an action shall be deemed to be an action of the Board.

Not later than 15 business days after receiving an application for a license

by endorsement to practice as a physician assistant pursuant to this section, the

Board shall provide written notice to the applicant of any additional information

required by the Board to consider the application. Unless the Board denies the

application for good cause, the Board shall approve the application and issue a

license by endorsement to practice as a physician assistant to the applicant not later

- 5. At any time before making a final decision on an application for a license by endorsement pursuant to this section, the Board may grant a provisional license authorizing an applicant to practice as a physician assistant in accordance with regulations adopted by the Board.
- 6. As used in this section, "veteran" has the meaning ascribed to it in NRS 417.005.
 - Sec. 22. [NRS 630.400 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 630.400 1. It is unlawful for any person to:

based on the submission of the applicant's fingerprints,

- (a) Present to the Board as his or her own the diploma, license or credentials another
 - (b) Give either false or forged evidence of any kind to the Board;
- (c) Practice medicine, perfusion or respiratory care or practice as a physician assistant under a false or assumed name or falsely personate another licensee;
- (d) Except as otherwise provided by a specific statute, practice perfusion or respiratory care or practice as a physician assistant without being licensed under this chapter;
- (e) Hold himself or herself out as a perfusionist or use any other term indicating or implying that he or she is a perfusionist without being licensed by the
- (f) [Hold] Except as authorized by subsection 2, hold himself or herself or a physician assistant or use any other term indicating or implying that he or she is a physician assistant without being licensed by the Board; or
- (g) Hold himself or herself out as a practitioner of respiratory care or use any other term indicating or implying that he or she is a practitioner of respiratory care without being licensed by the Board.
- 2. A person who meets the qualifications for licensure to practice as a physician assistant pursuant to this chapter and holds a certification from the National Commission on Certification of Physician Assistants, or its successor organization, but does not possess a current license pursuant to this chapter may use the title "inactive physician assistant" and shall not act or practice as a physician assistant.
- 3. Unless a greater penalty is provided pursuant to NRS 200.830 or 200.840, a 47 48 person who violates any provision of subsection 1 [:] or 2:
 - (a) If no substantial bodily harm results, is guilty of a category D folony;
 - (b) If substantial bodily harm results, is guilty of a category C felony, *and shall be punished as provided in NRS 193.130.

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- (a) To renew a license to practice as a physician assistant to the Board pursuant to this chapter; and

- [3.] 4. In addition to any other penalty prescribed by law, if the determines that a person has committed any act described in subsection 1 [.] or prohibited by subsection 2, the Board may:
- (a) Issue and serve on the person an order to cease and desist until the person obtains from the Board the proper license or otherwise demonstrates that he or she is no longer in violation of subsection 1 [.] or 2. An order to cease and desist must include a telephone number with which the person may contact the Board.
- (b) Issue a citation to the person. A citation issued pursuant to this paragraph must be in writing, describe with particularity the nature of the violation and inform the person of the provisions of this paragraph. Each activity in which the person is engaged constitutes a separate offense for which a separate citation may be issued. To appeal a citation, the person must submit a written request for a hearing to the Board not later than 30 days after the date of issuance of the citation.
 - (c) Assess against the person an administrative fine of not more than \$5,000.
- (d) Impose any combination of the penalties set forth in paragraphs (a), (b) and (e). (Deleted by amendment.)
- Sec. 23. Chapter 633 of NRS is hereby amended by adding thereto the provisions set forth as sections 24 to 29, inclusive, of this act.
- Sec. 24. 1. Except as otherwise provided in NRS 633.315, the Board may issue a license to any person who:
- (a) Has received a degree of doctor of medicine from a school of osteopathic medicine located in the United States or Canada and has completed 2 years of postgraduate residency training; or
- (b) Has received a degree of doctor of medicine from a school of osteopathic medicine located outside of the United States and Canada and has completed 3
- years of postgraduate residency training.
 2. The applicant for a license shall submit verified proof satisfactory to the Board that the applicant meets the requirements of subsection 1.
- Sec. 25. A person applying for a license to practice as a physician assistant pursuant to the provisions of this chapter who wishes to hold a simultaneous license to practice as a physician assistant pursuant to the provisions of chapter 630 of NRS must:
- 1. Indicate in the application that he or she wishes to hold a simultaneous license to practice as a physician assistant pursuant to the provisions of chapter 630 of NRS;
 - 2. Apply for a license to practice as a physician assistant to:
 - (a) The Board pursuant to this chapter; and
 - (b) The Board of Medical Examiners pursuant to chapter 630 of NRS; and
 - 3. Pay all applicable fees, including, without limitation:
- (a) The application and initial simultaneous license fee for a physician assistant pursuant to NRS 633.501; and
- (b) The fee for application for and issuance of a simultaneous license as a physician assistant pursuant to NRS 630.268.
- Sec. 26. A person applying to renew a license to practice as a physician assistant pursuant to the provisions of this chapter who wishes to hold a simultaneous license to practice as a physician assistant pursuant to the provisions of chapter 630 of NRS must:
- 1. Indicate in the application that he or she wishes to hold a simultaneous license to practice as a physician assistant pursuant to the provisions of chapter 630 of NRS;

- 1 (b) For a license to practice as a physician assistant to the Board of Medical
 2 Examiners pursuant to chapter 630 of NRS; and
 3. Pay all applicable fees, including, without limitation:
 (a) The annual simultaneous registration fee for a physician assistant
 - (a) The annual simultaneous registration fee for a physician assistant pursuant to NRS 633.501; and
 - (b) The fee for application for and issuance of a simultaneous license as a physician assistant pursuant to NRS 630.268.
 - Sec. 27. If a person licensed to practice as a physician assistant pursuant to the provisions of this chapter is not applying to renew his or her license and wishes to hold a simultaneous license to practice as a physician assistant pursuant to the provisions of chapter 630 of NRS, the person must:
 - 1. Apply for a license to practice as a physician assistant to the Board of Medical Examiners pursuant to chapter 630 of NRS; and
 - 2. Pay all applicable fees, including, without limitation:
 - (a) The annual simultaneous registration fee for a physician assistant pursuant to NRS 633.501; and
 - (b) The fee for application for and issuance of a simultaneous license as a physician assistant pursuant to NRS 630.268.
 - Sec. 28. On or before the last day of each quarter, the Board shall provide to the Board of Medical Examiners a list of all physician assistants licensed by the Board.
 - Sec. 29. [1. A supervising osteopathic physician shall review and initial charts of any patient of a physician assistant pursuant to the provisions of subsection 2 who has not previously practiced as a physician assistant.
 - 2. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 3, during the first 90 days of supervision, a supervising esteopathic physician shall review and initial at least 100 charts or 10 percent of the total number of charts of patients of the physician assistant, whichever is greater.
 - 3. If a supervising osteopathic physician has reviewed and initialed less than 100 charts of patients of the physician assistant during the first 90 days of supervision, the supervising osteopathic physician must continue to review and initial charts of patients of the physician assistant after the first 90 days of supervision until the supervising osteopathic physician reviews and initials at least 100 charts of patients of the physician assistant.
 - 4. A supervising osteopathic physician shall review and initial charts of patients of the physician assistant only to the extent that the charts include medical services provided within the portion of the practice of the physician assistant that the supervising osteopathic physician supervises.
 - 5. The Board shall not adopt regulations requiring a supervising physician to review and initial the charts of a patient of a physician assistant the supervising physician is supervising in addition to what is required by this section.] (Deleted by amendment.)
 - Sec. 30. NRS 633.171 is hereby amended to read as follows:
 - 633.171 1. This chapter does not apply to:
 - (a) The practice of medicine or perfusion pursuant to chapter 630 of NRS, dentistry, chiropractic, podiatry, optometry, respiratory care, faith or Christian Science healing, nursing, veterinary medicine or fitting hearing aids.
 - (b) A medical officer of the Armed Forces or a medical officer of any division or department of the United States in the discharge of his or her official duties, including, without limitation, providing medical care in a hospital in accordance with an agreement entered into pursuant to NRS 449.2455.

- (c) Osteopathic physicians who are called into this State, other than on a regular basis, for consultation or assistance to a physician licensed in this State, and who are legally qualified to practice in the state where they reside.
- (d) Osteopathic physicians who are temporarily exempt from licensure pursuant to NRS 633.420 and are practicing osteopathic medicine within the scope of the exemption.
- (e) The performance of medical services by a student enrolled in an educational program for a physician assistant which is accredited by the Accreditation Review Commission on Education for the Physician Assistant, Inc., or its successor organization, as part of such a program.
- (f) A physician assistant of any division or department of the United States in the discharge of his or her official duties unless licensure by a state is required by the division or department of the United States.
- 2. This chapter does not repeal or affect any law of this State regulating or affecting any other healing art.
 - 3. This chapter does not prohibit:
 - (a) Gratuitous services of a person in cases of emergency.
 - (b) The domestic administration of family remedies.
 - Sec. 31. NRS 633.305 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 633.305 Except as otherwise provided in NRS 633.399, 633.400, 633.4335 and 633.4336 [] and section 24 of this act:
 - 1. Every applicant for a license shall:
- (a) File an application with the Board in the manner prescribed by regulations of the Board;
- (b) Submit verified proof satisfactory to the Board that the applicant meets any age, citizenship and educational requirements prescribed by this chapter; and
- (c) Pay in advance to the Board the application and initial license fee specified in NRS 633.501.
- 2. An application filed with the Board pursuant to subsection 1 must include all information required to complete the application.
- 3. The Board may hold hearings and conduct investigations into any matter related to the application and, in addition to the proofs required by subsection 1, may take such further evidence and require such other documents or proof of qualifications as it deems proper.
- 4. The Board may reject an application if the Board has cause to believe that any credential or information submitted by the applicant is false, misleading, deceptive or fraudulent.
 - **Sec. 32.** NRS 633.311 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 633.311 1. Except as otherwise provided in NRS 633.315 and 633.381 to 633.419, inclusive, *and section 24 of this act*, an applicant for a license to practice osteopathic medicine may be issued a license by the Board if:
 - (a) The applicant is 21 years of age or older;
 - (b) The applicant is a graduate of a school of osteopathic medicine;
 - (c) The applicant:
- (1) Has graduated from a school of osteopathic medicine before 1995 and has completed:
 - (I) A hospital internship; or
- (II) One year of postgraduate training that complies with the standards of intern training established by the American Osteopathic Association;
- (2) Has completed 3 years, or such other length of time as required by a specific program, of postgraduate medical education as a resident in the United States or Canada in a program approved by the Board, the Bureau of Professional

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Education of the American Osteopathic Association or the Accreditation Council for Graduate Medical Education: or

- (3) Is a resident who is enrolled in a postgraduate training program in this State, has completed 24 months of the program and has committed, in writing, that he or she will complete the program;
 - (d) The applicant applies for the license as provided by law;
 - (e) The applicant passes:
- (1) All parts of the licensing examination of the National Board of Osteopathic Medical Examiners:
- (2) All parts of the licensing examination of the Federation of State Medical Boards:
- (3) All parts of the licensing examination of the Board, a state, territory or possession of the United States, or the District of Columbia, and is certified by a specialty board of the American Osteopathic Association or by the American Board of Medical Specialties; or
- (4) A combination of the parts of the licensing examinations specified in subparagraphs (1), (2) and (3) that is approved by the Board;
 - (f) The applicant pays the fees provided for in this chapter; and
- (g) The applicant submits all information required to complete an application for a license.
- 2. An applicant for a license to practice osteopathic medicine may satisfy the requirements for postgraduate education or training prescribed by paragraph (c) of
- (a) In one or more approved postgraduate programs, which may be conducted at one or more facilities in this State or, except for a resident who is enrolled in a postgraduate training program in this State pursuant to subparagraph (3) of paragraph (c) of subsection 1, in the District of Columbia or another state or territory of the United States;
 - (b) In one or more approved specialties or disciplines;
 - (c) In nonconsecutive months; and
 - (d) At any time before receiving his or her license.
 - **Sec. 33.** NRS 633.416 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 633.416 1. An osteopathic physician who is retired from active practice and
- (a) Wishes to donate his or her expertise for the medical care and treatment of persons in this State who are indigent, uninsured or unable to afford health care; or
- (b) Wishes to provide services for any disaster relief operations conducted by a governmental entity or nonprofit organization,
- may obtain a special volunteer license to practice osteopathic medicine by submitting an application to the Board pursuant to this section.
- 2. An application for a special volunteer license to practice osteopathic medicine must be on a form provided by the Board and must include:
- (a) Documentation of the history of medical practice of the osteopathic physician;
- (b) Proof that the osteopathic physician previously has been issued an unrestricted license to practice osteopathic medicine in any state of the United States and that the osteopathic physician has never been the subject of disciplinary action by a medical board in any jurisdiction;
- (c) Proof that the osteopathic physician satisfies the requirements for licensure set forth in NRS 633.311 or section 24 of this act, as applicable, or the requirements for licensure by endorsement set forth in NRS 633.399 or 633.400;

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- (d) Acknowledgment that the practice of the osteopathic physician under the special volunteer license to practice osteopathic medicine will be exclusively devoted to providing medical care:
- (1) To persons in this State who are indigent, uninsured or unable to afford health care: or
- (2) As part of any disaster relief operations conducted by a governmental entity or nonprofit organization; and
- (e) Acknowledgment that the osteopathic physician will not receive any payment or compensation, either direct or indirect, or have the expectation of any payment or compensation, for providing medical care under the special volunteer license to practice osteopathic medicine, except for payment by a medical facility at which the osteopathic physician provides volunteer medical services of the expenses of the osteopathic physician for necessary travel, continuing education, malpractice insurance or fees of the State Board of Pharmacy.
- 3. If the Board finds that the application of an osteopathic physician satisfies the requirements of subsection 2 and that the retired osteopathic physician is competent to practice osteopathic medicine, the Board shall issue a special volunteer license to practice osteopathic medicine to the osteopathic physician.
- The initial special volunteer license to practice osteopathic medicine issued pursuant to this section expires 1 year after the date of issuance. The license may be renewed pursuant to this section, and any license that is renewed expires 2 years after the date of issuance.
 - 5. The Board shall not charge a fee for:
- (a) The review of an application for a special volunteer license to practice osteopathic medicine; or
- (b) The issuance or renewal of a special volunteer license to practice osteopathic medicine pursuant to this section.
- 6. An osteopathic physician who is issued a special volunteer license to practice osteopathic medicine pursuant to this section and who accepts the privilege of practicing osteopathic medicine in this State pursuant to the provisions of the special volunteer license to practice osteopathic medicine is subject to all the provisions governing disciplinary action set forth in this chapter.
- 7. An osteopathic physician who is issued a special volunteer license to practice osteopathic medicine pursuant to this section shall comply with the requirements for continuing education adopted by the Board.
 - Sec. 34. NRS 633.433 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 633.433 The Board may issue a license as a physician assistant to an applicant who [is qualified under]:
- 1. Meets the qualifications set forth in this chapter and the regulations of the Board to perform medical services under the supervision of a supervising osteopathic physician [. The]; and
- 2. Submits an application for a license as a physician assistant [must include] that includes all information required to complete the application [.]; and
- 3. Has passed the Physician Assistant National Certifying Examination administered by the National Commission on Certification of Physician Assistants, or its successor organization, or by another nationally recognized organization as determined by the Board for the accreditation of physician assistants. 1 (Deleted by amendment.)
 - **Sec. 35.** NRS 633.4335 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 633.4335 1. The Board may issue a license by endorsement to practice as a physician assistant to an applicant who meets the requirements set forth in this section. An applicant may submit to the Board an application for such a license if the applicant [:

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- (a) Holds] holds a corresponding valid and unrestricted license to practice as a physician assistant in the District of Columbia or any state or territory of the United States . [; and
- (b) Is certified in a specialty recognized by the American Board of Medical Specialties or the American Osteopathic Association.]
- 2. An applicant for a license by endorsement pursuant to this section must submit to the Board with his or her application:
 - (a) Proof satisfactory to the Board that the applicant:
 - (1) Satisfies the requirements of subsection 1;
- (2) Has not been disciplined and is not currently under investigation by the corresponding regulatory authority of the District of Columbia or any state or territory in which the applicant currently holds or has held a license to practice as a physician assistant; and
- (3) Has not been held civilly or criminally liable for malpractice in the District of Columbia or any state or territory of the United States;
- (b) A complete set of fingerprints and written permission authorizing the Board to forward the fingerprints in the manner provided in NRS 633.309;
- (c) An affidavit stating that the information contained in the application and any accompanying material is true and correct;
 - (d) The application and initial license fee specified in this chapter; and
 - (e) Any other information required by the Board.
- 3. Not later than 15 business days after receiving an application for a license by endorsement to practice as a physician assistant pursuant to this section, the Board shall provide written notice to the applicant of any additional information required by the Board to consider the application. Unless the Board denies the application for good cause, the Board shall approve the application and issue a license by endorsement to practice as a physician assistant to the applicant not later than:
 - (a) Forty-five days after receiving the application; or
- (b) Ten days after the Board receives a report on the applicant's background based on the submission of the applicant's fingerprints,
- → whichever occurs later.
- 4. A license by endorsement to practice as a physician assistant may be issued at a meeting of the Board or between its meetings by the President and Executive Director of the Board. Such an action shall be deemed to be an action of the Board.
 - **Sec. 36.** NRS 633.4336 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 633.4336 1. The Board may issue a license by endorsement to practice as a physician assistant to an applicant who meets the requirements set forth in this section. An applicant may submit to the Board an application for such a license if the applicant:
- (a) Holds a corresponding valid and unrestricted license to practice as a physician assistant in the District of Columbia or any state or territory of the United States; *and*
- (b) [Is certified in a specialty recognized by the American Board of Medical Specialties or the American Osteopathic Association; and
- (c)] Is an active member of, or the spouse of an active member of, the Armed Forces of the United States, a veteran or the surviving spouse of a veteran.
- 2. An applicant for a license by endorsement pursuant to this section must submit to the Board with his or her application:
 - (a) Proof satisfactory to the Board that the applicant:
 - (1) Satisfies the requirements of subsection 1;
- (2) Has not been disciplined and is not currently under investigation by the corresponding regulatory authority of the District of Columbia or the state or

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territory in which the applicant holds a license to practice as a physician assistant; and (3) Has not been held civilly or criminally liable for malpractice in the

District of Columbia or any state or territory of the United States;

(b) A complete set of fingerprints and written permission authorizing the Board to forward the fingerprints in the manner provided in NRS 633.309;

(c) An affidavit stating that the information contained in the application and any accompanying material is true and correct;

(d) The application and initial license fee specified in this chapter; and

(e) Any other information required by the Board.

- Not later than 15 business days after receiving an application for a license by endorsement to practice as a physician assistant pursuant to this section, the Board shall provide written notice to the applicant of any additional information required by the Board to consider the application. Unless the Board denies the application for good cause, the Board shall approve the application and issue a license by endorsement to practice as a physician assistant to the applicant not later than:
- (a) Forty-five days after receiving all the additional information required by the Board to complete the application; or
- (b) Ten days after the Board receives a report on the applicant's background based on the submission of the applicant's fingerprints.
- A license by endorsement to practice as a physician assistant may be issued at a meeting of the Board or between its meetings by the President and Executive Director of the Board. Such an action shall be deemed to be an action of the Board.
- 5. At any time before making a final decision on an application for a license by endorsement pursuant to this section, the Board may grant a provisional license authorizing an applicant to practice as a physician assistant in accordance with regulations adopted by the Board.
- 6. As used in this section, "veteran" has the meaning ascribed to it in NRS 417.005.
 - Sec. 37. INRS 633.434 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- The Board shall adopt regulations regarding the physician assistant, including, without limitation:
 - The educational and other qualifications of applicants.
 - The required academic program for applicants.
 - The procedures for applications for and the issuance of licenses.
- 4. The procedures deemed necessary by the Board for applications for and issuance of initial licenses by endorsement pursuant to NRS 633.4335 and 633.4336.
 - The tests or examinations of applicants required by the Board.
- The medical services which a physician assistant may perform, excep a physician assistant may not perform osteopathic manipulative therapy or those specific functions and duties delegated or restricted by law to persons licensed dentists, chiropractors, doctors of Oriental medicine, podiatric optometrists and hearing aid specialists under chapters 631, 634, 634A and 637B, respectively, of NRS.
- 7. The grounds and procedures respecting disciplinary actions against physician assistants.
 - 8. The supervision of medical services of a physician assistant supervising osteopathic physician.
- 9. The annual renewal of licenses, including licenses by endorsement pursuant to NRS 633.4335 and 633.4336.] (Deleted by amendment.)

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Sec. 38. [NRS 633.452 is hereby amended to read as follows:

- 633.452 1. [A] Except as otherwise provided in this section, a physician assistant [licensed under the provisions of this chapter who is responding to a need for medical care created by an emergency or disaster, as declared by an applicable governmental entity, may render emergency care that is directly related to the emergency or disasterl is considered to be and is deemed the agent of his or her supervising osteopathic physician in the performance of all medical activities.
- 2. A physician assistant shall not perform medical services without [the] supervision [of an] from his or her supervising osteopathic physician [, as required by this chapter. The provisions of this subsection apply only for the duration of the emergency or disaster.
- 2. An osteopathic physician who supervises a physician assistant who is rendering emergency care that is directly related to an emergency or disaster, as described in subsection 1, shall not be required to meet the requirements set forth in this chapter for such supervision. | except in:
- (a) Life-threatening emergencies, including, without limitation, at the seene of an accident; or
- (b) Emergency situations, including, without limitation, human-caused or natural disaster relief efforts.
- 3. When a physician assistant performs medical services in an emergency described in subsection 2:
- (a) The physician assistant is not the agent of his or her supervising osteopathic physician and the supervising osteopathic physician is not responsible or liable for any medical services provided by the physician assistant;
- (b) The physician assistant may provide whatever medical services possible based on the need of the patient and the training, education and experience of the physician assistant:
- (c) If an osteopathic physician is available on scene, the physician assistant may take direction from the osteopathic physician; and
- (d) The physician assistant shall make a reasonable effort to contact his or her supervising osteopathic physician, as soon as possible, to advise him or her of the incident and the physician assistant's role in providing medical services.] (Deleted by amendment.)
 - **Sec. 39.** NRS 633.466 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 633.466 1. A physician assistant who does not hold a simultaneous license to practice as a physician assistant pursuant to the provisions of chapter 630 of NRS may be supervised by a physician licensed to practice medicine in this State pursuant to chapter 630 of NRS in place of his or her supervising osteopathic physician if:
- (a) The physician assistant works in a geographical area where the physician assistant can be conveniently supervised only by such a physician; and
- (b) The supervising osteopathic physician and the physician licensed pursuant to chapter 630 of NRS agree to the arrangement.
- 2. A physician assistant so supervised is not a physician assistant for the purposes of chapter 630 of NRS solely because of that supervision.
- 3. The State Board of Osteopathic Medicine shall adopt jointly with the Board of Medical Examiners regulations necessary to administer the provisions of this section.
 - Sec. 40. [NRS 633.468 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 633.468 1. [An] Subject to the provisions of this section, an osteopathic physician may at any time refuse to act as a supervising osteopathic physician for a physician assistant.

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- A condition, stipulation or provision in a contract or other agreement which:
- (a) Requires an osteopathic physician to act as a supervising osteopathic physician for a physician assistant;
- (b) Penalizes an osteopathic physician for refusing to act as a supervising osteopathic physician for a physician assistant; or
- (c) Limits a supervising esteopathic physician's authority with regard to any protocol, standing order or delegation of authority applicable to a physician assistant supervised by the osteopathic physician,
- is against public policy and is void.
- 3. If an osteopathic physician refuses to act as a supervising osteopathic physician for a physician assistant pursuant to this section, the supervising osteopathic physician or his or her designee must provide written notice to the physician assistant and the Board, Such written notice must clearly state that the supervising osteopathic physician:
- (a) Refuses to act as a supervising osteopathic physician for the physician assistant; and
 - (b) No longer serves as the supervising osteopathic physician.
- 4. The supervising esteopathic physician shall not refuse to act as a supervising osteopathic physician until the physician assistant receives the notice required by subsection 3.
- 5. Upon receiving the notice described in subsection 3 from a supervising osteopathic physician, the physician assistant must:
- (a) Immediately stop performing medical services for any patients of the supervising osteopathic physician; and
- (b) Notify the Board of a contract with a new supervising esteopathic physician within 5 business days after entering into such contract. (Deleted by amendment.)
 - Sec. 41. [NRS 633.469 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 1. The Board shall establish by regulation the maximum number of physician assistants that a supervising esteopathic physician may supervise at the same time and may establish different maximum numbers for different practice areas.
- 2. A supervising esteopathic physician shall provide supervision to his or her physician assistant continuously whenever the physician assistant is performing his or her professional duties.
- [2.] 3. Except as otherwise provided in subsection [3,] 4, a supervising osteopathic physician may provide supervision to his or her physician assistant in person, electronically, telephonically or by fiber optics. When providing supervision electronically, telephonically or by fiber optics, a supervising osteopathic physician may be at a different site than the physician assistant, including a site located within or outside this State or the United States.
- [3.] A supervising esteopathic physician shall provide supervision to his or her physician assistant in person at all times during the first 30 days that the supervising osteopathic physician supervises the physician assistant [.] if the physician assistant has not been previously licensed or has not previously practiced as a physician assistant. The provisions of this subsection do not apply to a federally qualified health center.
- [4.] 5. A supervising esteopathic physician providing supervision pursuant to subsection 4 must be physically present at the same location as the physician assistant performing the medical services but is not required to be in the same room as the physician assistant.

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- 6. Before beginning to supervise a physician assistant, a supervising osteopathic physician must communicate to the physician assistant:
 - (a) The scope of practice of the physician assistant;
- (b) The access to the supervising osteopathic physician that the physician assistant will have; and
- (e) Any processes for evaluation that the supervising osteopathic physician will use to evaluate the physician assistant.
- [5.] 7. A supervising osteopathic physician shall not delegate to his or her physician assistant, and the physician assistant shall not accept, a task that is beyond the physician assistant's capability to complete safely.
- [6.] 8. As used in this section, "federally qualified health center" has the meaning asseribed to it in 42 U.S.C. § 1396d(1)(2)(B).] (Deleted by amendment.)
 - **Sec. 42.** NRS 633.471 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 633.471 1. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 10 and NRS 633.491, every holder of a license, *except a physician assistant*, issued under this chapter, except a temporary or a special license, may renew the license on or before January 1 of each calendar year after its issuance by:
 - (a) Applying for renewal on forms provided by the Board;
 - (b) Paying the annual license renewal fee specified in this chapter;
- (c) Submitting a list of all actions filed or claims submitted to arbitration or mediation for malpractice or negligence against the holder during the previous year:
- (d) [Submitting] Subject to subsection 11, submitting evidence to the Board that in the year preceding the application for renewal the holder has attended courses or programs of continuing education approved by the Board in accordance with regulations adopted by the Board totaling a number of hours established by the Board which must not be less than 35 hours nor more than that set in the requirements for continuing medical education of the American Osteopathic Association: and
 - (e) Submitting all information required to complete the renewal.
- 2. The Secretary of the Board shall notify each licensee of the requirements for renewal not less than 30 days before the date of renewal.
- 3. The Board shall request submission of verified evidence of completion of the required number of hours of continuing medical education annually from no fewer than one-third of the applicants for renewal of a license to practice osteopathic medicine or a license to practice as a physician assistant. [Upon] Subject to subsection 11, upon a request from the Board, an applicant for renewal of a license to practice osteopathic medicine or a license to practice as a physician assistant shall submit verified evidence satisfactory to the Board that in the year preceding the application for renewal the applicant attended courses or programs of continuing medical education approved by the Board totaling the number of hours established by the Board.
- 4. The Board shall require each holder of a license to practice osteopathic medicine to complete a course of instruction within 2 years after initial licensure that provides at least 2 hours of instruction on evidence-based suicide prevention and awareness as described in subsection 8.
- 5. The Board shall encourage each holder of a license to practice osteopathic medicine to receive, as a portion of his or her continuing education, training concerning methods for educating patients about how to effectively manage medications, including, without limitation, the ability of the patient to request to have the symptom or purpose for which a drug is prescribed included on the label attached to the container of the drug.
- 6. The Board shall encourage each holder of a license to practice osteopathic medicine or as a physician assistant to receive, as a portion of his or her continuing

education, training and education in the diagnosis of rare diseases, including, 2 without limitation:

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(a) Recognizing the symptoms of pediatric cancer; and

- (b) Interpreting family history to determine whether such symptoms indicate a normal childhood illness or a condition that requires additional examination.
- The Board shall require, as part of the continuing education requirements approved by the Board, the biennial completion by a holder of a license to practice osteopathic medicine of at least 2 hours of continuing education credits in ethics, pain management or care of persons with addictive disorders.
- 8. The Board shall require each holder of a license to practice osteopathic medicine to receive as a portion of his or her continuing education at least 2 hours of instruction every 4 years on evidence-based suicide prevention and awareness which may include, without limitation, instruction concerning:
- (a) The skills and knowledge that the licensee needs to detect behaviors that may lead to suicide, including, without limitation, post-traumatic stress disorder;
- (b) Approaches to engaging other professionals in suicide intervention; and (c) The detection of suicidal thoughts and ideations and the prevention of suicide.
- A holder of a license to practice osteopathic medicine may not substitute the continuing education credits relating to suicide prevention and awareness required by this section for the purposes of satisfying an equivalent requirement for continuing education in ethics.
- 10. Members of the Armed Forces of the United States and the United States Public Health Service are exempt from payment of the annual license renewal fee during their active duty status.
- The Board shall not require a physician assistant to receive or maintain *11*. certification by the National Commission on Certification of Physician Assistants, or its successor organization, or by any other nationally recognized organization for the accreditation of physician assistants to satisfy any continuing education requirement pursuant to paragraph (d) of subsection 1 and subsection 3.
 - **Sec. 43.** NRS 633.491 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 633.491 1. A licensee who retires from practice is not required annually to renew his or her license after filing with the Board an affidavit stating the date on which he or she retired from practice and any other evidence that the Board may require to verify the retirement.
- 2. An osteopathic physician or physician assistant who retires from practice and who desires to return to practice may apply to renew his or her license by paying all back annual license renewal fees or annual registration fees from the date of retirement and submitting verified evidence satisfactory to the Board that the licensee has attended continuing education courses or programs approved by the Board which total:
 - (a) Twenty-five hours if the licensee has been retired 1 year or less.
- (b) Fifty hours within 12 months of the date of the application if the licensee has been retired for more than 1 year.
- 3. A licensee who wishes to have a license placed on inactive status must provide the Board with an affidavit stating the date on which the licensee will cease the practice of osteopathic medicine or cease to practice as a physician assistant in Nevada and any other evidence that the Board may require. The Board shall place the license of the licensee on inactive status upon receipt of:
 - (a) The affidavit required pursuant to this subsection; and
 - (b) Payment of the inactive license fee prescribed by NRS 633.501.

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- 4. An osteopathic physician or physician assistant whose license has been placed on inactive status:
 - (a) Is not required to annually renew the license.
- (b) [Shall] Except as otherwise provided in subsection 6, shall annually pay the inactive license fee prescribed by NRS 633.501.
- (c) Shall not practice osteopathic medicine or practice as a physician assistant in this State.
- 5. A physician assistant whose license has been placed on inactive status shall not practice as a physician assistant. The Board shall consider a physician assistant whose license has been placed on inactive status and who practices as a physician assistant to be practicing without a license. Such practice constitutes grounds for disciplinary action against the physician assistant in accordance with the regulations adopted by the Board pursuant to NRS 633.434.
- 6. The Board shall exempt a physician assistant whose license has been placed on inactive status from paying the inactive license fee prescribed by NRS 633.501.
- **7.** An osteopathic physician or physician assistant whose license is on inactive status and who wishes to renew his or her license to practice osteopathic medicine or license to practice as a physician assistant must:
- (a) Provide to the Board verified evidence satisfactory to the Board of completion of the total number of hours of continuing medical education required for:
- $\hspace{0.1cm}$ (1) The year preceding the date of the application for renewal of the license; and
 - (2) Each year after the date the license was placed on inactive status.
- (b) Provide to the Board an affidavit stating that the applicant has not withheld from the Board any information which would constitute grounds for disciplinary action pursuant to this chapter.
 - (c) Comply with all other requirements for renewal.
 - **Sec. 44.** NRS 633.501 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 633.501 1. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 2, the Board shall charge and collect fees not to exceed the following amounts:

(a) Application and initial license fee for an osteopathic physician	. \$800
(b) Annual license renewal fee for an osteopathic physician	
(c) Temporary license fee	
(d) Special or authorized facility license fee	200
(e) Special event license fee	200
(f) Special or authorized facility license renewal fee	200
(g) Reexamination fee	200
(h) Late payment fee	300
(i) Application and initial license fee for a physician assistant	400
(i) [Annual license renewal] Application and initial simultaneous	
license fee for a physician assistant	200
(k) Annual registration fee for a physician assistant	
(k) (l) Annual simultaneous registration fee for a physician	

- after the date of issuance.

 3. The cost of any special meeting called at the request of a licensee, an institution, an organization, a state agency or an applicant for licensure must be paid by the person or entity requesting the special meeting. Such a special meeting

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must not be called until the person or entity requesting the meeting has paid a cash deposit with the Board sufficient to defray all expenses of the meeting.

- 4. If an applicant submits an application for a license by endorsement pursuant to:
- (a) NRS 633.399 or 633.400 and is an active member of, or the spouse of an active member of, the Armed Forces of the United States, a veteran or the surviving spouse of a veteran, the Board shall collect not more than one-half of the fee set forth in subsection 1 for the initial issuance of the license. As used in this paragraph, "veteran" has the meaning ascribed to it in NRS 417.005.
- (b) NRS 633.4336, the Board shall collect not more than one-half of the fee set forth in subsection 1 for the initial issuance of the license.
 - Sec. 45. [NRS 633.741 is hereby amended to read as follows:

 - 633.741 L. It is unlawful for any person to:
 (a) Except as otherwise provided in NRS 629.091, practice:
- (1) Ostcopathic medicine without a valid license to practice ostcopathic medicine under this chapter;
 - (2) As a physician assistant without a valid license under this chapter; or
- (3) Beyond the limitations ordered upon his or her practice by the Board or the court:
- (b) Present as his or her own the diploma, license or credentials of another;
- (e) Give either false or forged evidence of any kind to the Board or any of its members in connection with an application for a license;
- (d) File for record the license issued to another, falsely claiming himself or herself to be the person named in the license, or falsely claiming himself or herself to be the person entitled to the license;
- (e) Practice esteopathic medicine or practice as a physician assistant under a false or assumed name or falsely personate another licensee of a like or different name;
- (f) Hold himself or herself out as a physician assistant or use any other term indicating or implying that he or she is a physician assistant, unless the person has been licensed by the Board as provided in this chapter; or
- (g) Supervise a person as a physician assistant before such person is licensed as provided in this chapter.
- 2. A person who meets the qualifications for licensure to practice as a physician assistant pursuant to this chapter and holds a certification from the National Commission on Certification of Physician Assistants, or its successor organization, but does not possess a current license pursuant to this chapter may use the title "inactive physician assistant" and shall not act or practice as a physician assistant.
- 3. A person who violates any provision of subsection 1 [:] or 2:
- (a) If no substantial bodily harm results, is guilty of a category D felony; or
- (b) If substantial bodily harm results, is guilty of a category C felony,
- * and shall be punished as provided in NRS 193.130, unless a greater penalty provided pursuant to NRS 200.830 or 200.840.
- [3.] A In addition to any other penalty prescribed by law, if the Board determines that a person has committed any act described in subsection 1 [,] or prohibited by subsection 2, the Board may:
- (a) Issue and serve on the person an order to cease and desist until the person obtains from the Board the proper license or otherwise demonstrates that he or she is no longer in violation of subsection 1 [.] or 2. An order to cease and desist must include a telephone number with which the person may contact the Board.
- (b) Issue a citation to the person. A citation issued pursuant to this paragraph must be in writing, describe with particularity the nature of the violation and inform

the person of the provisions of this paragraph. Each activity in which the person is

engaged constitutes a separate offense for which a separate citation may be issued. To appeal a citation, the person must submit a written request for a hearing to the

(e) Assess against the person an administrative line of not more than \$5,000.
(d) Impose any combination of the penalties set forth in paragraphs (a), (b) and

Sec. 46. 11. The Board of Medical Examiners shall, on or before January

The State Board of Osteopathic Medicine shall, on or before January 31, 2022, adopt the regulations required pursuant to subsection 1 of NRS 633.469, as

31, 2022, adopt the regulations required pursuant to subsection 1 of section 5 of this

Sec. 47. 1. This section becomes effective upon passage and approval.

(a) Upon passage and approval for the purposes of adopting regulations and

Board not later than 30 days after the date of issuance of the citation.

amended by section 41 of this act. (Deleted by amendment.)

2. Sections 1 to 46, inclusive, of this act become effective:

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performing any other preparatory administrative tasks that are necessary to carry

out the provisions of this act; and

(b) January 1, 2022, for all other purposes.

(e).] (Deleted by amendment.)