ASSEMBLY BILL NO. 277–ASSEMBLYMEN FUMO, BILBRAY-AXELROD, JAUREGUI, ASSEFA; BACKUS, CARRILLO, GORELOW, MARTINEZ, MCCURDY, MUNK, NGUYEN, PETERS AND WATTS

MARCH 15, 2019

Referred to Committee on Education

SUMMARY—Requires school districts to establish, through negotiations with an employee organization, a program to increase the salaries of teachers and other employees. (BDR 34-1045)

FISCAL NOTE: Effect on Local Government: May have Fiscal Impact. Effect on the State: Yes.

EXPLANATION - Matter in *bolded italics* is new; matter between brackets [omitted material] is material to be omitted.

AN ACT relating to education; requiring each school district to establish, through negotiations with an employee organization, a program to encourage the recruitment and retention of licensed teachers and classified employees; requiring the board of trustees of each school district to reserve a certain amount of money to carry out the program; requiring the program to be included in the scope of collective bargaining; and providing other matters properly relating thereto.

Legislative Counsel's Digest:

Existing law requires the board of trustees of each school district to establish a 123456789 program of performance pay and enhanced compensation for the recruitment and retention of licensed teachers and administrators. Existing law authorizes such a program to include professional development. (NRS 391A.450) Section 2 of this bill requires each school district to establish, through negotiations with an employee organization, a program to encourage the recruitment and retention of licensed teachers and classified employees by increasing the salaries of all such teachers and employees. Section 3 of this bill requires the board of trustees of each school district to reserve for each fiscal year an amount of money sufficient to 10 provide any agreed-upon increases in the salaries of licensed teachers and classified employees prescribed in such a program. Section 4 of this bill provides that the 11 12 program be within the scope of mandatory collective bargaining. Section 5 of this





13 bill clarifies the manner in which the provisions of this bill apply to any existing 14 contracts.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEVADA, REPRESENTED IN SENATE AND ASSEMBLY, DO ENACT AS FOLLOWS:

Section 1. Chapter 391A of NRS is hereby amended by 1 2 adding thereto the provisions set forth as sections 2 and 3 of this act. 3 Each school district shall, through negotiations with Sec. 2. 4 an employee organization conducted pursuant to NRS 288.150, 5 establish a program to encourage the recruitment and retention of licensed teachers and classified employees by increasing the salary 6 7 of each licensed teacher and classified employee by not less than 3 8 percent each vear. 9 Sec. 3. 1. The board of trustees of each school district shall 10 reserve for each fiscal year an amount of money sufficient to carry out each increase in the salary of a licensed teacher or classified 11 employee prescribed in the program established pursuant to 12 13 section 2 of this act. 2. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 3, the money 14 15 reserved by a board of trustees pursuant to subsection 1 must be: 16

(a) Accounted for separately by the school district.

17 (b) Used only to pay an increase in salaries in accordance with 18 section 2 of this act.

19 3. Any money reserved pursuant to subsection 1 for a fiscal year that remains in the account established pursuant to 20 21 subsection 2 at the end of that fiscal year does not revert to the 22 general fund of the school district, but must be carried forward to 23 the next fiscal year.

24 4. Any money reserved pursuant to subsection 1 for a fiscal 25 year must not be subtracted from the operating expenses of the 26 school district for purposes of determining the budget of the 27 school district for any other fiscal year.

28 **Sec. 4.** NRS 288.150 is hereby amended to read as follows:

29 288.150 1. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 4 and NRS 354.6241, every local government employer shall negotiate in 30 31 good faith through one or more representatives of its own choosing 32 concerning the mandatory subjects of bargaining set forth in 33 subsection 2 with the designated representatives of the recognized 34 employee organization, if any, for each appropriate bargaining unit 35 among its employees. If either party so requests, agreements reached 36 must be reduced to writing.

The scope of mandatory bargaining is limited to: 37 2.

38 (a) Salary or wage rates or other forms of direct monetary compensation. 39





1 (b) Sick leave.

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- (c) Vacation leave.
 - (d) Holidays.
- 4 (e) Other paid or nonpaid leaves of absence consistent with the 5 provisions of this chapter.
 - (f) Insurance benefits.
- 7 (g) Total hours of work required of an employee on each 8 workday or workweek.
- 9 (h) Total number of days' work required of an employee in a 10 work year.
- 11 (i) Except as otherwise provided in subsections 6 and 10, 12 discharge and disciplinary procedures.
 - (j) Recognition clause.
- 14 (k) The method used to classify employees in the bargaining 15 unit.
- 16 (l) Deduction of dues for the recognized employee organization.
- 17 (m) Protection of employees in the bargaining unit from 18 discrimination because of participation in recognized employee 19 organizations consistent with the provisions of this chapter.
- 20 (n) No-strike provisions consistent with the provisions of this 21 chapter.
- (o) Grievance and arbitration procedures for resolution of
 disputes relating to interpretation or application of collective
 bargaining agreements.
- 25 (p) General savings clauses.
- 26 (q) Duration of collective bargaining agreements.
- 27 (r) Safety of the employee.
- 28 (s) Teacher preparation time.
- 29 (t) Materials and supplies for classrooms.
- 30 (u) Except as otherwise provided in subsections 7, 9 and 10, the 31 policies for the transfer and reassignment of teachers.
- (v) The program to encourage the recruitment and retention of
 licensed teachers and classified employees that must be made
 available pursuant to section 2 of this act.
- 35 (w) Procedures for reduction in workforce consistent with the 36 provisions of this chapter.
- 37 [(w)] (x) Procedures consistent with the provisions of 38 subsection 4 for the reopening of collective bargaining agreements 39 for additional, further, new or supplementary negotiations during 40 periods of fiscal emergency.
- 41 3. Those subject matters which are not within the scope of 42 mandatory bargaining and which are reserved to the local 43 government employer without negotiation include:
- 44 (a) Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (u) of subsection 45 2, the right to hire, direct, assign or transfer an employee, but





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excluding the right to assign or transfer an employee as a form of
 discipline.

3 (b) The right to reduce in force or lay off any employee because 4 of lack of work or lack of money, subject to paragraph $\frac{(v)}{(w)}$ (w) of 5 subsection 2.

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(c) The right to determine:

7 (1) Appropriate staffing levels and work performance 8 standards, except for safety considerations;

9 (2) The content of the workday, including without limitation 10 workload factors, except for safety considerations;

11 (3) The quality and quantity of services to be offered to the 12 public; and

(4) The means and methods of offering those services.

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(d) Safety of the public.

4. Notwithstanding the provisions of any collective bargaining
agreement negotiated pursuant to this chapter, a local government
employer is entitled to:

(a) Reopen a collective bargaining agreement for additional,
further, new or supplementary negotiations relating to compensation
or monetary benefits during a period of fiscal emergency.
Negotiations must begin not later than 21 days after the local
government employer notifies the employee organization that a
fiscal emergency exists. For the purposes of this section, a fiscal
emergency shall be deemed to exist:

25 (1) If the amount of revenue received by the general fund of 26 the local government employer during the last preceding fiscal year 27 from all sources, except any nonrecurring source, declined by 5 28 percent or more from the amount of revenue received by the general 29 fund from all sources, except any nonrecurring source, during the 30 next preceding fiscal year, as reflected in the reports of the annual 31 audits conducted for those fiscal years for the local government employer pursuant to NRS 354.624; or 32

33 (2) If the local government employer has budgeted an 34 unreserved ending fund balance in its general fund for the current 35 fiscal year in an amount equal to 4 percent or less of the actual 36 expenditures from the general fund for the last preceding fiscal year, 37 and the local government employer has provided a written 38 explanation of the budgeted ending fund balance to the Department 39 of Taxation that includes the reason for the ending fund balance and 40 the manner in which the local government employer plans to increase the ending fund balance. 41

42 (b) Take whatever actions may be necessary to carry out its 43 responsibilities in situations of emergency such as a riot, military 44 action, natural disaster or civil disorder. Those actions may include





1 the suspension of any collective bargaining agreement for the 2 duration of the emergency.

3 → Any action taken under the provisions of this subsection must not
4 be construed as a failure to negotiate in good faith.

5 5. The provisions of this chapter, including without limitation 6 the provisions of this section, recognize and declare the ultimate 7 right and responsibility of the local government employer to manage 8 its operation in the most efficient manner consistent with the best 9 interests of all its citizens, its taxpayers and its employees.

6. If the sponsor of a charter school reconstitutes the governing body of a charter school pursuant to NRS 388A.330, the new governing body may terminate the employment of any teachers or other employees of the charter school, and any provision of any agreement negotiated pursuant to this chapter that provides otherwise is unenforceable and void.

16 7. The board of trustees of a school district in which a school is 17 designated as a turnaround school pursuant to NRS 388G.400 or the 18 principal of such a school, as applicable, may take any action 19 authorized pursuant to NRS 388G.400, including, without 20 limitation:

21 (a) Reassigning any member of the staff of such a school; or

(b) If the staff member of another public school consents,reassigning that member of the staff of the other public school tosuch a school.

8. Any provision of an agreement negotiated pursuant to this chapter which differs from or conflicts in any way with the provisions of subsection 7 or imposes consequences on the board of trustees of a school district or the principal of a school for taking any action authorized pursuant to subsection 7 is unenforceable and void.

9. The board of trustees of a school district may reassign any
member of the staff of a school that is converted to an achievement
charter school pursuant to NRS 388B.200 to 388B.230, inclusive,
and any provision of any agreement negotiated pursuant to this
chapter which provides otherwise is unenforceable and void.

36 10. The board of trustees of a school district or the governing 37 body of a charter school or university school for profoundly gifted 38 pupils may use a substantiated report of the abuse or neglect of a child or a violation of NRS 201.540, 201.560, 392.4633 or 394.366 39 40 obtained from the Statewide Central Registry for the Collection of Information Concerning the Abuse or Neglect of a Child established 41 by NRS 432.100 or an equivalent registry maintained by a 42 governmental agency in another jurisdiction for the purposes 43 authorized by NRS 388A.515, 388C.200, 391.033, 391.104 or 44 45 391.281, as applicable. Such purposes may include, without





limitation, making a determination concerning the assignment,
 discipline or termination of an employee. Any provision of any
 agreement negotiated pursuant to this chapter which conflicts with
 the provisions of this subsection is unenforceable and void.

5 11. This section does not preclude, but this chapter does not 6 require, the local government employer to negotiate subject matters 7 enumerated in subsection 3 which are outside the scope of 8 mandatory bargaining. The local government employer shall discuss 9 subject matters outside the scope of mandatory bargaining but it is 10 not required to negotiate those matters.

11 12. Contract provisions presently existing in signed and ratified 12 agreements as of May 15, 1975, at 12 p.m. remain negotiable.

13 13. As used in this section:

14 (a) "Abuse or neglect of a child" has the meaning ascribed to it 15 in NRS 392.281.

16 (b) "Achievement charter school" has the meaning ascribed to it 17 in NRS 385.007.

Sec. 5. 1. The provisions of section 2 of this act apply to any contract existing on July 1, 2019, to the extent that the provisions of section 2 of this act do not conflict with the terms of such a contract and to the extent that a conflict exists, the provisions of the contract control.

2. A school district is not required to begin reserving moneypursuant to section 3 of this act until July 1, 2020.

25 Sec. 6. This act becomes effective on July 1, 2019.



