THE ONE HUNDRED AND FIFTEENTH DAY

CARSON CITY (Wednesday), May 29, 2019

Assembly called to order at 12:59 p.m.

Mr. Speaker presiding.

Roll called.

All present except Assemblymen Hambrick and Tolles, who were excused, and one vacant.

Prayer by the Chaplain, Captain Leslie Cyr.

Lord, we lift up to You this day. We thank You for our great country, for our great state, and for the liberties we thrive in. We pray now for the tasks at hand and ask for Your divine guidance in the governing of our state. We pray for Your love and care in all its affairs and that You would work all things for good.

I pray for this assembly. I honor them; their time, and commitment for service. I pray a blessing on them and their families in these final days of session. Let Your peace and love be felt here, in Jesus' name.

AMEN.

Pledge of allegiance to the Flag.

Assemblywoman Benitez-Thompson moved that further reading of the Journal be dispensed with and the Speaker and Chief Clerk be authorized to make the necessary corrections and additions.

Motion carried.

REPORTS OF COMMITTEES

Mr. Speaker:

Your Committee on Judiciary, to which was referred Senate Bill No. 293, has had the same under consideration, and begs leave to report the same back with the recommendation: Do pass. STEVE YEAGER,

Mr. Speaker:

Your Committee on Ways and Means, to which was referred Assembly Bill No. 250, has had the same under consideration, and begs leave to report the same back with the recommendation: Amend, and do pass as amended.

Also, your Committee on Ways and Means, to which was rereferred Assembly Bill No. 489, has had the same under consideration, and begs leave to report the same back with the recommendation: Amend, and do pass as amended.

MAGGIE CARLTON, Chair

MESSAGES FROM THE SENATE

SENATE CHAMBER, Carson City, May 28, 2019

To the Honorable the Assembly:

I have the honor to inform your honorable body that the Senate on this day adopted, as amended, Senate Concurrent Resolution No. 6.

SHERRY RODRIGUEZ Assistant Secretary of the Senate

MOTIONS, RESOLUTIONS AND NOTICES

Senate Concurrent Resolution No. 6.

Assemblywoman Benitez-Thompson moved that the resolution be referred to the Committee on Legislative Operations and Elections.

o the Commutee on Legislative Operations and Election

Motion carried.

INTRODUCTION, FIRST READING AND REFERENCE

By the Committee on Ways and Means:

Assembly Bill No. 540—AN ACT relating to administrative assessments; revising provisions governing the distribution of the proceeds of certain administrative assessments; and providing other matters properly relating thereto.

Assemblywoman Benitez-Thompson moved that the bill be referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

Motion carried.

Senate Bill No. 500.

Assemblywoman Benitez-Thompson moved that the bill be referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

Motion carried.

Senate Bill No. 510.

Assemblywoman Benitez-Thompson moved that the bill be referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

Motion carried.

Senate Bill No. 512.

Assemblywoman Benitez-Thompson moved that the bill be referred to the Committee on Ways and Means. Motion carried.

Senate Bill No. 514.

Assemblywoman Benitez-Thompson moved that the bill be referred to the Committee on Ways and Means. Motion carried.

Senate Bill No. 516.

Assemblywoman Benitez-Thompson moved that the bill be referred to the Committee on Ways and Means. Motion carried.

Senate Bill No. 517. Assemblywoman Benitez-Thompson moved that the bill be referred to the Committee on Ways and Means. Motion carried.

Senate Bill No. 519. Assemblywoman Benitez-Thompson moved that the bill be referred to the Committee on Ways and Means. Motion carried Senate Bill No. 525. Assemblywoman Benitez-Thompson moved that the bill be referred to the Committee on Ways and Means. Motion carried. Senate Bill No. 526. Assemblywoman Benitez-Thompson moved that the bill be referred to the Committee on Ways and Means. Motion carried. Senate Bill No. 532. Assemblywoman Benitez-Thompson moved that the bill be referred to the Committee on Ways and Means. Motion carried. Senate Bill No. 533. Assemblywoman Benitez-Thompson moved that the bill be referred to the Committee on Ways and Means. Motion carried. Senate Bill No. 534. Assemblywoman Benitez-Thompson moved that the bill be referred to the Committee on Ways and Means. Motion carried. Senate Bill No. 535. Assemblywoman Benitez-Thompson moved that the bill be referred to the Committee on Ways and Means. Motion carried. Senate Bill No. 549. Assemblywoman Benitez-Thompson moved that the bill be referred to the Committee on Ways and Means. Motion carried. Senate Bill No. 550. Assemblywoman Benitez-Thompson moved that the bill be referred to the Committee on Ways and Means. Motion carried. MOTIONS. RESOLUTIONS AND NOTICES

Assemblywoman Benitez-Thompson moved that the Assembly dispense with reprinting of amended bills, as appropriate, for the balance of the session. Motion carried.

Assemblywoman Benitez-Thompson moved that Assembly Bills Nos. 250 and 489 be taken from their positions on the General File and placed at the top of the General File.

Motion carried.

Assemblywoman Carlton moved that Senate Bill No. 293 be taken from the General File and rereferred to the Committee on Ways and Means. Motion carried.

GENERAL FILE AND THIRD READING

Assembly Bill No. 250.

Bill read third time.

The following amendment was proposed by the Committee on Ways and Means:

Amendment No. 1022.

AN ACT making an appropriation to the Legislative Fund for the Legislative Committee on Public Lands to attend informational meetings and tours in Washington, D.C., during the 2019-2020 interim; and providing other matters properly relating thereto.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEVADA, REPRESENTED IN SENATE AND ASSEMBLY, DO ENACT AS FOLLOWS:

Section 1. There is hereby appropriated from the State General Fund to the Legislative Fund created by NRS 218A.150 the sum of \$13,980 for five members of the Legislative Committee on Public Lands and one staff member of the Legislative Counsel Bureau to attend informational meetings and tours in Washington, D.C., during the 2019-2020 interim.

Sec. 2. The Legislative Commission shall select five members of the Legislative Committee on Public Lands for the 2019-2020 interim to attend the informational meetings and tours in Washington, D.C., as follows:

1. One member who is an elected officer representing the governing body of a local political subdivision;

2. One member from the Assembly who is a member of the Republican Party;

3. One member from the Assembly who is a member of the Democratic Party;

4. One member from the Senate who is a member of the Republican Party; and

5. One member from the Senate who is a member of the Democratic Party.

Sec. 3. Any remaining balance on the appropriation made by section 1 of this act must not be committed for expenditure after June 30, 2021, by the entity to which the appropriation is made or any entity to which money from the appropriation is granted or otherwise transferred in any manner, and any portion of the appropriated money must not be spent for any purpose after September 17, $\frac{12020,1}{2021,}$ 2021, by either the entity to which the money was

appropriated or the entity to which the money was subsequently granted or transferred, and must be reverted to the State General Fund on or before September 17, 2021.

Sec. 4. This act becomes effective on July 1, 2019.

Assemblywoman Carlton moved the adoption of the amendment.

Remarks by Assemblywoman Carlton.

Amendment adopted.

Bill ordered reprinted, engrossed and to third reading.

Assembly Bill No. 489.

Bill read third time.

The following amendment was proposed by the Committee on Ways and Means:

Amendment No. 980.

SUMMARY—[Requires the establishment of and funds a pilot program relating to federal and nongovernmental organization] Revises provisions relating to grants. (BDR [S-1109)] 18-1109)

AN ACT relating to grants; **revising the powers of the Administrator of the Office of Grant Procurement, Coordination and Management of the Department of Administration;** establishing a fund to provide money for matching federal and nongovernmental organization grants; authorizing this State to seek and obtain federal and nongovernmental organization money for certain community projects; making an appropriation; and providing other matters properly relating thereto.

Legislative Counsel's Digest:

Existing law creates the Office of Grant Procurement, Coordination and Management of the Department of Administration to assist state agencies with identifying and obtaining federal grants. (NRS 232.213, 232.224) Section 1 of this bill authorizes the Administrator of the Office to provide: (1) grant training to state agencies; (2) grant training and technical assistance to local governments, tribal governments and nonprofit organizations; and (3) administrative support to the Nevada Advisory Council on Federal Assistance. Section 1.5 of this bill creates the Grant Matching Fund as part of a pilot program to provide funds to state agencies, local governments, tribal governments and nonprofit organizations as matching funds for federal and nongovernmental organization grants. Section 2 of this bill requires the Administrator of the Office Jof Grant Procurement, Coordination and Management to create and administer a pilot program that allows state agencies, local governments, tribal governments and nonprofit organizations to request grants from the Grant Matching Fund for the purpose of satisfying the matching requirement for a federal or nongovernmental organization grant H, to the extent money is available. Section 3 of this bill establishes certain criteria for prioritizing grants. Section 4 of this bill establishes standards of eligibility for receiving a grant. Section 5 of this bill requires that on or before January 31, 2021, the Administrator must provide a summary report on the pilot program to the Legislature. Section [6] 7.5 of this bill makes an appropriation to the [Grant Matching Fund] Office to provide training and assistance relating to grant procurement, coordination and management to state agencies, local governments, tribal governments and nonprofit organizations. [grants of money for matching federal and nongovernmental organization grants under the pilot program.]

WHEREAS, Nevada has long received a disproportionately low rate of federal and nongovernmental organization grant funding per capita and as a result, has less money to pay for programs, projects and services that increase the quality of life and opportunities for Nevadans and facilitate growth; and

WHEREAS, Federal and nongovernmental organization grant funds are critical to helping pay for community assets, such as infrastructure, affordable housing, health care centers and workforce development programs; and

WHEREAS, Many federal and nongovernmental organization grants require the recipient to share in the cost of delivering a program or project by matching a share of federal or nongovernmental organization grant dollars with cash or in-kind services; and

WHEREAS, The inability to meet such matching requirements is often cited by State staff as a key reason for not pursuing or securing federal and nongovernmental organization grant opportunities; now, therefore,

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEVADA, REPRESENTED IN SENATE AND ASSEMBLY, DO ENACT AS FOLLOWS:

Section 1. NRS 232.224 is hereby amended to read as follows:

232.224 1. The Administrator of the Office of Grant Procurement, Coordination and Management shall:

(a) Research and identify federal grants which may be available to state agencies.

(b) Write grants for federal funds for state agencies.

(c) Coordinate with the members of Congress representing this State to combine efforts relating to identifying and managing available federal grants and related programs.

(d) If requested by a state agency, research the availability of grants and write grant proposals and applications for the state agency.

(e) To the greatest extent practicable, ensure that state agencies are aware of any grant opportunities for which they are or may be eligible.

(f) If requested by the director of a state agency, advise the director and the state agency concerning the requirements for receiving and managing grants.

(g) To the greatest extent practicable, coordinate with state and local agencies that have received grants for similar projects to ensure that the efforts and services of those state and local agencies are not duplicated.

(h) Serve as a clearinghouse for disseminating information relating to unexpended grant money of state agencies by compiling and updating periodically a list of the grants and unexpended amounts thereof for which the

Office received notification from state agencies pursuant to subsection 3 of NRS 232.225 and making the list available on the Internet website maintained by the Department.

(i) On or before January 1 of each odd-numbered year, submit to the Director of the Legislative Counsel Bureau for transmittal to the Legislature a report regarding all activity relating to the application for, receipt of and use of grants in this State.

2. The Administrator may [adopt] :

(a) Adopt regulations to carry out the provisions of this section and NRS 232.225 and 232.226.

(b) Provide training on grant procurement, coordination and management to state agencies.

(c) Provide training and technical assistance regarding grant procurement, coordination and management to local governments, tribal governments and nonprofit organizations.

(d) Provide administrative support to the Nevada Advisory Council on Federal Assistance created by NRS 358.020.

[Section 1.]_Sec. 1.5. There is hereby created in the State Treasury a special fund which shall be designated as the Grant Matching Fund.

1. The Grant Matching Fund shall hold appropriated money in trust for the exclusive purpose of providing grants to state agencies, local governments, tribal governments and nonprofit organizations to satisfy federal and nongovernmental organization grant matching requirements.

2. The Interim Finance Committee must authorize the transfer of money from the Grant Matching Fund before the acceptance of a federal grant award greater than \$150,000 or a nongovernmental organization grant award greater than \$20,000.

Sec. 2. [The] <u>To the extent money is available, the</u> Administrator of the Office of Grant Procurement, Coordination and Management of the Department of Administration shall:

1. Consult with grant professionals employed by the State and other grant experts to create and administer a pilot program that allows state agencies, local governments, tribal governments and nonprofit organizations to request grants from the Grant Matching Fund for the purpose of satisfying the matching funds requirement for a federal or nongovernmental organization grant.

2. Develop a process:

(a) For state agencies, local governments, tribal governments and nonprofit organizations to make a request for a grant for matching funds;

(b) And criteria for the review, award and notification of grant requests;

(c) For the payment or transfer of grant money; and

(d) For reporting on the use and implementation of grant awards.

3. Administer all applicable aspects of the process set forth in subsection 2.

Sec. 3. [The] <u>Any</u> pilot program created pursuant to section 2 of this act must:

1. Provide a clear, streamlined and timely process for state agencies, local governments, tribal governments and nonprofit organizations to apply for matching funds for a specific federal or nongovernmental organization grant and receive a prompt decision from the Administrator of the Office of Grant Procurement, Coordination and Management of the Department of Administration.

2. Prioritize grants that:

(a) Add services to constituents;

(b) Align with the documented priorities of the state agency, local government, tribal government or nonprofit organization;

(c) Address the needs of underserved or frontier communities;

(d) Help state agencies, local governments, tribal governments and nonprofit organizations build capacity for future grant opportunities; and

(e) Enable a state agency, local government, tribal government or nonprofit organization to sustain the grant in its next budget.

Sec. 4. To be eligible for a grant from the Grant Matching Fund created by section $\frac{11}{1.5}$ of this act, a state agency, local government, tribal government or nonprofit organization must:

1. Demonstrate that:

(a) It is pursuing a bona fide federal or nongovernmental organization grant for which it is eligible;

(b) It attempted but was unable to secure match funding through its own budget or in-kind resources;

(c) The grant is within its scope;

(d) The grant is a competitive grant; and

(e) The grant will provide not less than \$2 for each \$1 received from the Grant Matching Fund.

2. Apply for a grant in the form and process prescribed by the Administrator of the Office of Grant Procurement, Coordination and Management of the Department of Administration.

3. Adhere to other requirements deemed appropriate for the pilot program created pursuant to section 2 of this act by the Administrator.

Sec. 5. On or before January 31, 2021, the Administrator of the Office of Grant Procurement, Coordination and Management of the Department of Administration shall submit to the Director of the Legislative Counsel Bureau for transmittal to the Legislature a summary report for the preceding 18 months detailing:

1. The number and purpose of grant requests received from state agencies, local governments, tribal governments and nonprofit organizations;

2. The number and purpose of grant requests approved and the amount of money awarded from the Grant Matching Fund created by section $\frac{11}{110}$ of this act to each approved grant request applicant; and

3. The amount of federal and nongovernmental organization grant funding received by each grant applicant as a result of receiving money from the Grant Matching Fund.

Sec. 6. [There is hereby appropriated from the State General Fund to the Grant Matching Fund created by section 1 of this act the sum of \$5,000,000 for the purpose of providing grants to state agencies, local governments, tribal governments and nonprofit organizations to satisfy federal and nongovernmental organization grant matching requirements as administered through the pilot program pursuant to section 2 of this aet.] (Deleted by amendment.)

Sec. 7. [Any remaining balance of the appropriation made by section 6 of this act must not be committed for expenditure after June 30, 2021, by the entity to which the appropriation is made or any entity to which money from the appropriation is granted or otherwise transferred in any manner, and any portion of the appropriated money remaining must not be spent for any purpose after September 17, 2021, by either the entity to which the appropriation is made or the entity to which the money was subsequently granted or transferred, and must be reverted to the State General Fund on or before September 17, 2021.] (Deleted by amendment.)

Sec. 7.5. <u>1.</u> There is hereby appropriated from the State General Fund to the Office of Grant Procurement, Coordination and Management of the Department of Administration for the use prescribed in subsection <u>2 the following sums:</u>

For the Fiscal Year 2019-2020...... \$92,067

For the Fiscal Year 2020-2021...... \$87,797

2. The Office of Grant Procurement, Coordination and Management of the Department of Administration shall use the money appropriated by subsection 1 to provide training and technical assistance relating to grant procurement, coordination and management to state agencies, local governments, tribal governments and nonprofit organizations.

3. Any balance of the sums appropriated by subsection 1 remaining at the end of the respective fiscal years must not be committed for expenditure after June 30 of the respective fiscal years by the entity to which the appropriation is made or any entity to which money from the appropriation is granted or otherwise transferred in any manner, and any portion of the appropriated money remaining must not be spent for any purpose after September 18, 2020, and September 17, 2021, respectively, by either the entity to which the money was appropriated or the entity to which the money was subsequently granted or transferred, and must be reverted to the State General Fund on or before September 18, 2020, and September 17, 2021, respectively.

Sec. 8. 1. This <u>section and sections 1 and 7.5 of this</u> act [becomes] <u>become</u> effective on July 1, 2019.

2. Sections $\frac{11}{1.5}$ to 5, inclusive, of this act expire by limitation on June 30, 2021.

Assemblywoman Carlton moved the adoption of the amendment. Remarks by Assemblywoman Carlton. Amendment adopted. Bill ordered reprinted, reengrossed and to third reading. Assembly Bill No. 235. Bill read third time. Roll call on Assembly Bill No. 235: YEAS-39. NAYS-None. EXCUSED—Hambrick, Tolles—2. VACANT-1. Assembly Bill No. 235 having received a constitutional majority, Mr. Speaker declared it passed, as amended. Bill ordered transmitted to the Senate. Assembly Bill No. 262. Bill read third time. Roll call on Assembly Bill No. 262: YEAS-39. NAYS-None. EXCUSED—Hambrick, Tolles—2. VACANT-1 Assembly Bill No. 262 having received a constitutional majority, Mr. Speaker declared it passed, as amended. Bill ordered transmitted to the Senate.

Assembly Bill No. 289. Bill read third time. Remarks by Assemblywomen Hansen and Peters.

ASSEMBLYWOMAN HANSEN:

I respectfully rise in opposition to A.B. 289. I had the opportunity, as many of you did, to work with Assemblyman Thompson. His love for education and helping students get ahead was second to none. I appreciate all the work that has gone into this bill and especially the work of my colleague from Assembly District 24 for carrying on the work.

My opposition is on the policy that is still intact. I strongly believe in Read by Grade 3 reforms. In section 7, [subsection] 1(b), changing "shall" to "may" is still left intact and makes this the default position instead of retention, and it is the key mechanism in this legislation that takes us away from the data-driven results that put children on the path to proficiency in reading. States with automatic retention like Florida and Mississippi are helping more students read on grade level. Mississippi is the second fastest growing state in early literacy in the nation. Florida performs at the top after being at the bottom nationally, and Florida and Nevada have many demographic similarities.

As a matter of social justice, we must ensure that kids are reading by the end of third grade. That is why automatic retention is so important to giving students the extra time and the wraparound services to work towards promotion instead of moving on to fourth grade. Being unprepared in the fourth grade, students face a steeper path to reading on grade level.

Results on the MAP [Measures of Academic Progress] tests identified 40 percent of third graders last school year as struggling readers, but 27 percent of third graders scored level one on the Smarter Balanced Assessment and would be considered for retention. That means 5,700 children statewide, or about 15 percent of those test takers, would be retained. I ask, Why

do we have to retain this many students? The answer: because the system is not working and we must retain. Just because our system will be burdened by retention is no reason to keep passing kids along to a lifelong struggle with literacy. We need to stop the hemorrhage, and Read by Grade 3, as evidenced in other states that have employed it, has shown tremendous success.

Learning to read by the end of third grade is the gateway to lifelong success. We need to let each school fully implement the original intent of the Read by Grade 3 Act before attempting to change it. I urge my colleagues to vote no on Assembly Bill 289.

ASSEMBLYWOMAN PETERS:

I rise in support of A.B. 289. I have been working on this since our colleague left us. We are trying to stick to his vision for what this revision of Read by Grade 3 should look like. We are taking data and taking a holistic look at every child's needs, including socioeconomic needs, familial interests, and other areas that are not defined by test scores. The move to change the language from "shall" to "may" recognizes principals' existing authority but also gives deference to their ability to recognize that not every student is equal. Every student is unique and they deserve equity in their process of learning.

Roll call on Assembly Bill No. 289:

YEAS-28.

NAYS-Edwards, Ellison, Hafen, Hansen, Hardy, Kramer, Krasner, Leavitt, Roberts, Titus, Wheeler-11.

EXCUSED—Hambrick, Tolles—2.

VACANT—1.

Assembly Bill No. 289 having received a constitutional majority, Mr. Speaker declared it passed, as amended.

Bill ordered transmitted to the Senate.

Assembly Bill No. 524. Bill read third time.

Remarks by Assemblywoman Neal.

ASSEMBLYWOMAN NEAL: Assembly Bill 524, as amended, appropriates General Funds of \$5,169,127 for unanticipated shortfall in utility costs, inmate driven costs, food costs, and medical costs.

Roll call on Assembly Bill No. 524: YEAS—39. NAYS—None. EXCUSED—Hambrick, Tolles—2. VACANT—1. Assembly Bill No. 524 having received a constitutional majority, Mr. Speaker declared it passed, as amended.

Bill ordered transmitted to the Senate.

UNFINISHED BUSINESS

CONSIDERATION OF SENATE AMENDMENTS

Assembly Bill No. 376. The following Senate amendment was read: Amendment No. 803.

AN ACT relating to persons in custody; requiring certain entities to report annually to the Legislature certain statistics relating to transfers of persons to the custody of federal agencies; providing that before a prisoner <u>who is the</u> **subject of a detainer for certain immigration purposes and** who is in the custody of a county or city jail or detention facility is questioned about his or her immigration status, the prisoner must be informed about the purpose of such questions; and providing other matters properly relating thereto.

Legislative Counsel's Digest:

Existing law provides for the collection and reporting to the Legislature of certain statistical data concerning certain crimes, such as crimes related to prejudice and crimes committed against older persons. (NRS 179A.175, 179A.450) Section 1 of this bill requires certain entities to submit reports to the Legislature relating to the transfer of persons to the custody of federal agencies by that entity for the purposes of immigration enforcement during the previous calendar year. Section 1 requires each report to include: (1) the total number of persons without a prior conviction, except for a conviction of a misdemeanor other than a crime of violence, who were transferred to the custody of a federal agency for the purposes of immigration enforcement and the specific reasons for those transfers; (2) the [nonfelony erimes] misdemeanors other than a crime of violence for which those persons were arrested $\frac{1}{1}$ or convicted, including the total number of persons arrested or convicted for each specific [nonfelony erime;] misdemeanor; (3) whether those persons had an active judicial warrant for a ferime other than a felony; and misdemeanor other than a crime of violence; (4) if those persons were held in custody beyond the date on which they would have otherwise been released had they not been held in custody for the purpose of being transferred to the custody of a federal agency, the number of days they were held in custody beyond the date on which they would have otherwise been released and the cost for holding them in custody for those days [-]; and (5) certain demographic information concerning those persons transferred. Under section 1, the data acquired or reported must be used only for research or statistical purposes and must not contain any information that may : (1) reveal the identity of any person transferred to the custody of a federal agency \exists ; or (2) concern any person not described in the section.

Section 1.5 of this bill provides that before questioning a prisoner who is the subject of a detainer for certain immigration purposes and who is in the custody of a county or city jail or detention facility regarding his or her immigration status, the person seeking to question the prisoner shall inform the prisoner of the purpose of the questions regarding the immigration status of the prisoner.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEVADA, REPRESENTED IN SENATE AND ASSEMBLY, DO ENACT AS FOLLOWS:

Section 1. Chapter 179A of NRS is hereby amended by adding thereto a new section to read as follows:

1. Within 60 days following the end of the previous calendar year, each designated entity shall submit to the Director of the Legislative Counsel Bureau for transmittal to the Legislature or, if the Legislature is not in

session, to the Legislative Commission, a report relating to the transfer of persons to the custody of federal agencies by that designated entity for the purposes of immigration enforcement during the previous calendar year.

2. The report must include the following information:

(a) The total number of persons without a prior conviction, except for a conviction of a misdemeanor other than a crime of violence, who were transferred to the custody of a federal agency for the purposes of immigration enforcement and the specific reasons for those transfers, such as whether the transfers were made pursuant to [a judicial warrant for a erime other than a felony,] a program implemented pursuant to section 287(g) of the Immigration and Nationality Act, 8 U.S.C. § 1357(g), a detainer issued by the United States Immigration and Customs Enforcement of the Department of Homeland Security or a request by a local law enforcement agency.

(b) The [erimes other than felonies] misdemeanors other than a crime of violence for which those persons were [arrested,]:

<u>(1) Arrested, including the total number of persons arrested for each specific [nonfelony crime.] misdemeanor.</u>

(2) Convicted, including the total number of persons convicted for each specific misdemeanor.

(c) Whether those persons had an active judicial warrant for a *[erime other than a felony]* misdemeanor other than a crime of violence at the time of being transferred.

(d) If those persons were held in custody beyond the date on which they would have otherwise been released had they not been held in custody for the purpose of being transferred to the custody of a federal agency, the number of days they were held in custody beyond the date on which they would have otherwise been released and the cost for holding them in custody for those days.

(e) The demographic information concerning those persons transferred, including, age, race, gender, place of birth and primary language.

3. Data acquired or reported pursuant to this section must be used only for research or statistical purposes and must not contain any information that may *[reveal]*:

<u>(a) Reveal</u> the identity of any person transferred to the custody of a federal agency <u>[-]; or</u>

(b) Concern any person not described in subsection 2.

4. <u>This section shall be deemed to apply to any designated entity,</u> <u>notwithstanding any agreement between a designated entity and an agency</u> <u>of the federal government, any other agency or governing body that may</u> <u>purport to set different rules regarding the collection and reporting of data</u> <u>other than as required pursuant to this section.</u>

<u>5.</u> As used in this section <u>[, "designated]</u> :

(a) "Crime of violence" means any offense involving the use or threatened use of force or violence against the person or property of another.

(b) "Designated entity" includes:

[(a)] (1) The sheriff's office of a county;

[(b)] (2) A metropolitan police department;

[(c)] (3) A police department of an incorporated city;

[(d)] (4) A county or city jail or detention facility;

[(c)] (5) The Department of Corrections; and

[(f)] (6) The Division of Parole and Probation of the Department of Public Safety.

Sec. 1.5. Chapter 211 of NRS is hereby amended by adding thereto a new section to read as follows:

Before questioning a prisoner <u>who is the subject of a detainer issued by</u> <u>the United States Immigration and Customs Enforcement of the Department</u> <u>of Homeland Security and who is</u> in the custody of a county or city jail or detention facility regarding his or her immigration status, the person seeking to question the prisoner shall inform the prisoner of the purpose of the questions regarding the immigration status of the prisoner.

Sec. 2. The provisions of subsection 1 of NRS 218D.380 do not apply to any provision of this act which adds or revises a requirement to submit a report to the Legislature.

Sec. 3. The provisions of NRS 354.599 do not apply to any additional expenses of a local government that are related to the provisions of this act.

Sec. 4. This act becomes effective on January 1, 2020.

Assemblyman Yeager moved that the Assembly concur in the Senate Amendment No. 803 to Assembly Bill No. 376.

Motion carried by a constitutional majority.

The following Senate amendment was read:

Amendment No. 925.

SUMMARY—Revises provisions relating to persons in custody. (BDR <u>14 675)</u> 16-675)

[CONTAINS UNFUNDED MANDATE (§ 1) (Not Requested by Affected Local Government)]

AN ACT relating to persons in custody; [requiring certain entities to report annually to the Legislature certain statistics relating to transfers of persons to the custody of federal agencies;] providing that before a prisoner [who is the subject of a detainer for certain immigration purposes and] who is in the custody of a county or city jail or detention facility is questioned about his or her immigration status, the prisoner must be informed about the purpose of such questions; and providing other matters properly relating thereto. Legislative Counsel's Digest:

Existing law provides for the collection and reporting to the Legislature of certain statistical data concerning certain crimes, such as crimes related to prejudice and crimes committed against older persons. (NRS 179A.175, 179A.450) Section 1 of this bill requires certain entities to submit reports to the Legislature relating to the transfer of persons to the custody of federal

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agencies by that entity for the purposes of immigration enforcement during the previous calendar year. Section 1 requires each report to include: (1) the total number of persons without a prior conviction, except for a conviction of a misdemeanor other than a crime of violence, who were transferred to the custody of a federal agency for the purposes of immigration enforcement and the specific reasons for those transfers; (2) the misdemeanors other than a erime of violence for which those persons were arrested or convicted including the total number of persons arrested or convicted for each specific misdemeanor; (3) whether those persons had an active judicial warrant for a misdemeanor other than a crime of violence; (4) if those persons were held in eustody beyond the date on which they would have otherwise been released had they not been held in custody for the purpose of being transferred to the custody of a federal agency, the number of days they were held in custody beyond the date on which they would have otherwise been released and the cost for holding them in custody for those days; and (5) certain demographic information concerning those persons transferred. Under section 1 the data acquired or reported must be used only for research or statistical nurnoses and must not contain any information that may: (1) reveal the identity of any person transferred to the custody of a federal agency; or (2) concern any person not described in the section.

Section 1.5 of this bill provides that before questioning a prisoner [who is the subject of a detainer for certain immigration purposes and] who is in the custody of a county or city jail or detention facility regarding his or her immigration status, the person seeking to question the prisoner shall inform the prisoner of the purpose of the questions regarding the immigration status of the prisoner.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEVADA, REPRESENTED IN SENATE AND ASSEMBLY, DO ENACT AS FOLLOWS:

Section 1. [Chapter 179A of NRS is hereby amended by adding thereto a new section to read as follows:

1. Within 60 days following the end of the previous calendar year, each designated entity shall submit to the Director of the Legislative Counsel Bureau for transmittal to the Legislature or, if the Legislature is not in session, to the Legislative Commission, a report relating to the transfer of persons to the custody of federal agencies by that designated entity for the purposes of immigration enforcement during the previous calendar year.

(a) The total number of persons without a prior conviction, except for a conviction of a misdemeanor other than a crime of violence, who were transferred to the custody of a federal agency for the purposes of immigration enforcement and the specific reasons for those transfers, such as whether the transfers were made pursuant to a program implemented pursuant to section 287(g) of the Immigration and Nationality Act, 8 U.S.C. § 1357(g), a detainer issued by the United States Immigration and Customs

Enforcement of the Department of Homeland Security or a request by a local law enforcement agency.

(1) Arrested, including the total number of persons arrested for each specific misdemeanor.

(2) Convicted, including the total number of persons convicted for each specific misdemeanor.

(c) Whether those persons had an active judicial warrant for a misdemeanor other than a crime of violence at the time of being transferred. (d) If those persons were held in custody beyond the date on which they would have otherwise been released had they not been held in custody for the purpose of being transferred to the custody of a federal agency, the number of days they were held in custody beyond the date on which they would have otherwise been released and the cost for holding them in custody for those days.

(e) The demographic information concerning those persons transferred, including, age, race, gender, place of birth and primary language.

<u>- 3. Data acquired or reported pursuant to this section must be used only</u> for research or statistical purposes and must not contain any information that may:

-(a) Reveal the identity of any person transferred to the custody of a federal agency; or

(b) Concern any person not described in subsection 2.

<u>4. This section shall be deemed to apply to any designated entity,</u> notwithstanding any agreement between a designated entity and an agency of the federal government, any other agency or governing body that may purport to set different rules regarding the collection and reporting of data other than as required pursuant to this section.

<u>5. As used in this section:</u>

 (a) "Crime of violence" means any offense involving the use or threatened use of force or violence against the person or property of another.
(b) "Designated entity" includes:

(1) The sheriff's office of a county;

(2) A metropolitan police department;

(3) A police department of an incorporated city;

(4) A county or city jail or detention facility;

(5) The Department of Corrections; and

(6) The Division of Parole and Probation of the Department of Public Safety.¹ (Deleted by amendment.)

Sec. 1.5. Chapter 211 of NRS is hereby amended by adding thereto a new section to read as follows:

Before questioning a prisoner *[who is the subject of a detainer issued by* the United States Immigration and Customs Enforcement of the Department of Homeland Security and] who is in the custody of a county or city jail or

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detention facility regarding his or her immigration status, the person seeking to question the prisoner shall inform the prisoner of the purpose of the questions regarding the immigration status of the prisoner.

Sec. 2. [The provisions of subsection 1 of NRS 218D.380 do not apply to any provision of this act which adds or revises a requirement to submit a report to the Legislature.] (Deleted by amendment.)

Sec. 3. [The provisions of NRS 354.599 do not apply to any additional expenses of a local government that are related to the provisions of this act.] (Deleted by amendment.)

Sec. 4. This act becomes effective on January 1, 2020.

Assemblyman Yeager moved that the Assembly concur in the Senate Amendment No. 925 to Assembly Bill No. 376. Remarks by Assemblyman Yeager.

ASSEMBLYMAN YEAGER:

Amendment 803 makes various changes to the bill. Amendment 925 deletes all provisions of the bill with the exception of section 1.5, which also has some minor adjustments.

Motion carried by a constitutional majority. Bill ordered to enrollment.

Assembly Bill No. 64. The following Senate amendment was read: Amendment No. 866.

AN ACT relating to education; revising provisions governing the calculation of apportionments to charter schools for pupils enrolled full-time in programs of distance education; and providing other matters properly relating thereto.

Legislative Counsel's Digest:

Under existing law, the Superintendent of Public Instruction is required to apportion the State Distributive School Account in the State General Fund among the school districts, charter schools and university schools for profoundly gifted pupils. (NRS 387.124) Existing law provides various formulas for the calculation of the apportionment of funding to certain charter schools. If the apportionment per pupil to a charter school is more than the amount to be apportioned to the school district, existing law requires a school district to pay the difference directly to a charter school. (NRS 387.1241) Section 1 of this bill instead requires that a school district pay this amount to the Department of Education, which shall then distribute the apportionment to a charter school. Section 1 also creates formulas for the calculation of the apportionment to charter schools for pupils who are enrolled full-time in a program of distance education, depending on the county in which each such pupil resides.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEVADA, REPRESENTED IN SENATE AND ASSEMBLY, DO ENACT AS FOLLOWS:

Section 1. NRS 387.1241 is hereby amended to read as follows:

387.1241 Except as otherwise provided in this section and NRS 387.124, 387.1242, 387.1244 and 387.528:

1. The apportionment to a charter school, computed on a yearly basis, is equal to the sum of the basic support per pupil in the county in which the pupil resides plus the amount of local funds available per pupil pursuant to NRS 387.163 and all other funds available for public schools in the county in which the pupil resides minus the sponsorship fee prescribed by NRS 388A.414 and minus all the funds attributable to pupils who are enrolled in the charter school but are concurrently enrolled part-time in a program of distance education provided by a school district or another charter school. If the apportionment per pupil to a charter school is more than the amount to be apportioned to the school district in which the pupil resides shall pay the difference [directly] to the Department for distribution to the charter school.

2. The apportionment to a charter school that is sponsored by the State Public Charter School Authority or by a college or university within the Nevada System of Higher Education, computed on a yearly basis, is equal to the sum of the basic support per pupil in the county in which the pupil resides plus the amount of local funds available per pupil pursuant to NRS 387.163 and all other funds available for public schools in the county in which the pupil resides, minus the sponsorship fee prescribed by NRS 388A.414 and minus all funds attributable to pupils who are enrolled in the charter school but are concurrently enrolled part-time in a program of distance education provided by a school district or another charter school.

3. The apportionment to a charter school, for pupils who are enrolled full-time in a program of distance education and reside in a county school district in which 5,000 or fewer pupils are enrolled, computed on a yearly basis, is equal to the estimated weighted average per pupil basic support guarantee calculated as described in NRS 387.122 and established by law for all the school districts and charter schools within this State plus the amount of local funds available per pupil pursuant to NRS 387.163 and all other funds available for public schools in the county in which the pupil resides, minus the sponsorship fee prescribed by NRS 388A.414 and minus all the funds attributable to pupils who are enrolled in the charter school but are concurrently enrolled part-time in a program of distance education provided by a school district or another charter school. If the apportionment per pupil to such a charter school is more than the amount to be apportioned to the school district in which a pupil who is enrolled in the charter school resides, the school district in which the pupil resides shall pay the difference to the Department for distribution to the charter school.

4. The apportionment to a charter school, for pupils who are enrolled full-time in a program of distance education and reside in a county school district in which more than 5,000 pupils are enrolled, computed on a yearly basis, is equal to the sum of the basic support per pupil in the county in which

the pupil resides plus the amount of local funds available per pupil pursuant to NRS 387.163 and all other funds available for public schools in the county in which the pupil resides, minus the sponsorship fee prescribed by NRS 388A.414 and minus all the funds attributable to pupils who are enrolled in the charter school but are concurrently enrolled part-time in a program of distance education provided by a school district or another charter school. If the apportionment per pupil to such a charter school is more than the amount to be apportioned to the school district in which a pupil who is enrolled in the charter school resides, the school district in which the pupil resides shall pay the difference to the Department for distribution to the charter school.

5. The governing body of a charter school may submit a written request to the Superintendent of Public Instruction to receive, in the first year of operation of the charter school, an apportionment 30 days before the apportionment is required to be made pursuant to NRS 387.124. Upon receipt of such a request, the Superintendent of Public Instruction may make the apportionment 30 days before the apportionment is required to be made. A charter school may receive all four apportionments in advance in its first year of operation.

Sec. 2. NRS 387.185 is hereby amended to read as follows:

387.185 1. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 2 and NRS 387.528, unless the Superintendent of Public Instruction authorizes a withholding pursuant to NRS 387.1244, all school money due each county school district must be paid over by the State Treasurer to the county treasurer on August 1, November 1, February 1 and May 1 of each year or as soon thereafter as the county treasurer may apply for it, upon the warrant of the State Controller drawn in conformity with the apportionment of the Superintendent of Public Instruction as provided in NRS 387.124.

2. Except as otherwise provided in NRS 387.528, unless the Superintendent of Public Instruction authorizes a withholding pursuant to NRS 387.1244, if the board of trustees of a school district establishes and administers a separate account pursuant to the provisions of NRS 354.603, all school money due that school district must be paid over by the State Treasurer to the school district on August 1, November 1, February 1 and May 1 of each year or as soon thereafter as the school district may apply for it, upon the warrant of the State Controller drawn in conformity with the apportionment of the Superintendent of Public Instruction as provided in NRS 387.124.

3. No county school district may receive any portion of the public school money unless that school district has complied with the provisions of this title and regulations adopted pursuant thereto.

4. Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, unless the Superintendent of Public Instruction authorizes a withholding pursuant to NRS 387.1244, all school money due each charter school must be paid over by the State Treasurer to the governing body of the charter school on August 1, November 1, February 1 and May 1 of each year or as soon thereafter as the governing body may apply for it, upon the warrant of the State Controller

drawn in conformity with the apportionment of the Superintendent of Public Instruction as provided in NRS 387.124. If the Superintendent of Public Instruction has approved, pursuant to subsection $\{3\}$ 5 of NRS 387.1241, a request for payment of an apportionment 30 days before the apportionment is otherwise required to be made, the money due to the charter school must be paid by the State Treasurer to the governing body of the charter school on July 1, October 1, January 1 or April 1, as applicable.

5. Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, unless the Superintendent of Public Instruction authorizes a withholding pursuant to NRS 387.1244, all school money due each university school for profoundly gifted pupils must be paid over by the State Treasurer to the governing body of the university school on August 1, November 1, February 1 and May 1 of each year or as soon thereafter as the governing body may apply for it, upon the warrant of the State Controller drawn in conformity with the apportionment of the Superintendent of Public Instruction as provided in NRS 387.1242, a request for payment of an apportionment 30 days before the apportionment is otherwise required to be made, the money due to the university school must be paid by the State Treasurer to the governing body of the university school must be paid by the State Treasurer to the governing body of the university school must be paid by the State Treasurer to the governing body of the university school must be paid by the State Treasurer to the governing body of the university school on July 1, October 1, January 1 or April 1, as applicable.

Sec. 3. NRS 388A.417 is hereby amended to read as follows:

388A.417 1. To determine the amount of money for distribution to a charter school in its first year of operation, the count of pupils who are enrolled in the charter school must initially be determined 30 days before the beginning of the school year of the school district, based on the number of pupils whose applications for enrollment have been approved by the charter school.

2. The count of pupils who are enrolled in the charter school must be revised each quarter based on the average daily enrollment of pupils in the charter school that is reported for that quarter pursuant to NRS 387.1223.

3. Pursuant to subsection [3] 5 of NRS 387.1241, the governing body of a charter school may request that the apportionments made to the charter school in its first year of operation be paid to the charter school 30 days before the apportionments are otherwise required to be made.

4. If a charter school ceases to operate as a charter school during a school year, the remaining apportionments that would have been made to the charter school pursuant to NRS 387.124 and 387.1241 for that year must be paid on a proportionate basis to the school districts where the pupils who were enrolled in the charter school reside.

Sec. 4. This act becomes effective on July 1, 2019.

Assemblywoman Carlton moved that the Assembly concur in the Senate Amendment No. 866 to Assembly Bill No. 64.

Remarks by Assemblywoman Carlton.

ASSEMBLYWOMAN CARLTON:

The amendment readjusts the apportionment per pupil to the charter schools in rural districts in the amount that would go to the Department of Education, which shall then distribute the apportionment to the charter school.

Motion carried by a constitutional majority. Bill ordered to enrollment.

Assembly Bill No. 151.

The following Senate amendment was read: Amendment No. 890.

AN ACT relating to public welfare; requiring certain persons to report the commercial sexual exploitation of a child to an agency which provides child welfare services; requiring all persons to report the commercial sexual exploitation of a child to a law enforcement agency in certain circumstances; authorizing a fee for certain costs relating to information maintained by an agency which provides child welfare services; requiring an agency which provides child welfare services to adopt certain rules, policies or regulations; providing penalties; and providing other matters properly relating thereto.

Legislative Counsel's Digest:

Existing law requires certain persons who, in their professional or occupational capacity, know or have reasonable cause to believe that a child has been abused or neglected to report the abuse or neglect to an agency which provides child welfare services or a law enforcement agency. (NRS 432B.220) Section 12 of this bill requires any such person who is required to report the abuse or neglect of a child and who, in his or her professional or occupational capacity, knows or has reasonable cause to believe that a child is a commercially sexually exploited child, to report the commercial sexual exploitation to an agency which provides child welfare services as soon as reasonably practicable but not later than 24 hours after the person knows or has reasonable cause to believe that the child is a commercially sexually exploited child. Section 12 provides that any person who knowingly and willfully violates such a requirement is guilty of a misdemeanor for the first violation and a gross misdemeanor for each subsequent violation. Section 12 also requires any person who knows or has reasonable cause to believe that a child is a commercially sexually exploited child to immediately contact a law enforcement agency if an alleged perpetrator of the commercial sexual exploitation is or is alleged to be present with the child, or the child is otherwise in imminent danger to report the commercial sexual exploitation of the child

The Nevada Rules of Professional Conduct generally prohibit an attorney from revealing information relating to the representation of a client unless the client consents to the disclosure or the disclosure is impliedly authorized to carry out the representation. However, the Rules require an attorney to reveal such information to the extent the attorney reasonably believes necessary to prevent a criminal act that is likely to result in reasonably certain death or substantial bodily harm. Additionally, the Rules authorize an attorney to reveal such information in certain other circumstances. (RPC 1.6) The Restatement (Third) of the Law Governing Lawyers states that serious bodily harm includes the consequences of child sexual abuse. (Restatement (Third) of the Law Governing Lawyers § 66 cmt. c (2000)) Section 12.5 of this bill: (1) prohibits an attorney from making a report pursuant to section 12 when prohibited by the Nevada Rules of Professional Conduct; and (2) requires an attorney to make a report pursuant to section 12 when necessary to prevent further sex trafficking or sexual abuse of a child and in other circumstances when such reporting is authorized by the Nevada Rules of Professional Conduct.

Section 13 of this bill requires an agency which provides child welfare services, upon receiving a report concerning the commercial sexual exploitation of a child, to: (1) conduct an initial screening; and (2) report the commercial sexual exploitation to the appropriate law enforcement agency. Section 13 additionally authorizes such an agency to: (1) if the child resides in another jurisdiction, initiate contact with an agency which provides child welfare services in that jurisdiction; and (2) conduct an assessment relating to abuse or neglect of the child. Section 13 further sets forth the actions that an agency which provides child welfare services is authorized to take if no abuse or neglect of the child is identified.

Section 14 of this bill provides that information maintained pursuant to sections 2-15 of this bill by an agency which provides child welfare services is confidential and any person who willfully releases or disseminates such information, except in certain authorized circumstances, is guilty of a misdemeanor.

Section 15 of this bill establishes provisions relating to the authorized release of information maintained pursuant to sections 2-15 by an agency which provides child welfare services. Section 15 generally provides that any person to whom such information is provided who further disseminates the information or makes the information public is guilty of a gross misdemeanor. Section 15 also: (1) authorizes an agency which provides child welfare services to charge a fee for processing costs necessary to prepare such information for authorized release; and (2) requires an agency which provides child welfare services to adopt rules, policies or regulations to carry out the provisions of law relating to the authorized release of such information.

Existing law provides that if a person reports to a law enforcement agency that another person has committed a violent or sexual offense against a child, and the violent or sexual offense would constitute abuse or neglect of a child, the report shall be deemed to be a report of the abuse or neglect of the child that is required by law. (NRS 202.894) **Section 16** of this bill provides that if the sexual or violent offense would constitute the commercial sexual exploitation of a child, the report shall be deemed to be a report of the abuse or neglect of the child that is required by law. (NRS 202.894) **Section 16** of this bill provides that if the sexual or violent offense would constitute the commercial sexual exploitation of a child that is required by **section 12**.

Sections 18 and 19 of this bill make certain provisions of law that apply to the duty of certain professionals to report the abuse or neglect of a child also apply to the duty of such professionals to report the commercial sexual exploitation of a child pursuant to section 12.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEVADA, REPRESENTED IN SENATE AND ASSEMBLY, DO ENACT AS FOLLOWS:

Section 1. Title 38 of NRS is hereby amended by adding thereto a new chapter to consist of the provisions set forth as sections 2 to 15, inclusive, of this act.

Sec. 2. As used in this chapter, unless the context otherwise requires, the words and terms defined in sections 3 to 10, inclusive, of this act have the meanings ascribed to them in those sections.

Sec. 3. "Agency which provides child welfare services" means:

1. In a county whose population is less than 100,000, the local office of the Division of Child and Family Services of the Department of Health and Human Services; or

2. In a county whose population is 100,000 or more, the agency of the county,

→ which provides or arranges for necessary child welfare services.

Sec. 4. "Child" means a person under the age of 18 years.

Sec. 5. "Child welfare services" has the meaning ascribed to it in NRS 432B.044.

Sec. 6. "Commercial sexual exploitation" means the sex trafficking of a child in violation of NRS 201.300 or the sexual abuse or sexual exploitation of a child for the financial benefit of any person or in exchange for anything of value, including, without limitation, monetary or nonmonetary benefits given or received by any person.

Sec. 7. "Commercially sexually exploited child" means any child who is sex trafficked in violation of NRS 201.300, sexually abused or sexually exploited for the financial benefit of any person or in exchange for anything of value, including, without limitation, monetary or nonmonetary benefits given or received by any person.

Sec. 8. "Information maintained by an agency which provides child welfare services" means data or information concerning reports and assessments made pursuant to this chapter, including, without limitation, the name, address, date of birth, social security number and image or likeness of any child, family member of any child and reporting party or source, whether primary or collateral.

Sec. 9. "Sexual abuse" has the meaning ascribed to it in NRS 432B.100.

Sec. 10. "Sexual exploitation" has the meaning ascribed to it in NRS 432B.110.

Sec. 11. For the purposes of this chapter, a person:

1. Has "reasonable cause to believe" if, in light of all the surrounding facts and circumstances which are known or which reasonably should be

known to the person at the time, a reasonable person would believe, under those facts and circumstances, that an act, transaction, event, situation or condition exists, is occurring or has occurred.

2. Acts "as soon as reasonably practicable" if, in light of all the surrounding facts and circumstances which are known or which reasonably should be known to the person at the time, a reasonable person would act within approximately the same period under those facts and circumstances.

Sec. 12. 1. Except as otherwise provided in subsection $2\frac{f+1}{f+1}$ and section $\frac{12.5 \text{ of this act,}}{12.5 \text{ of this act,}}$ any person who knows or has reasonable cause to believe that a child is a commercially sexually exploited child may report the commercial sexual exploitation of the child to an agency which provides child welfare services.

2. [Any] Except as otherwise provided in section 12.5 of this act, any person who is required to make a report pursuant to NRS 432B.220 and who, in his or her professional capacity, knows or has reasonable cause to believe that a child is a commercially sexually exploited child shall:

(a) Report the commercial sexual exploitation of the child to an agency which provides child welfare services; and

(b) Make such a report as soon as reasonably practicable but not later than 24 hours after the person knows or has reasonable cause to believe that the child is a commercially sexually exploited child.

3. If an alleged perpetrator of the commercial sexual exploitation of a child is or is alleged to be present with the child, or if the child is otherwise in imminent danger, any person who knows or has reasonable cause to believe that a child is a commercially sexually exploited child, including, without limitation, a person who is required to make a report pursuant to NRS 432B.220 shall immediately contact a law enforcement agency to report the commercial sexual exploitation of the child. Failure to make such a report is a misdemeanor.

4. Any person who knowingly and willfully violates the provisions of subsection 2 is guilty of:

(a) For the first violation, a misdemeanor.

(b) For each subsequent violation, a gross misdemeanor.

Sec. 12.5. <u>1. An attorney shall not make a report of the commercial</u> <u>sexual exploitation of a child if such reporting conflicts with the ethical</u> duties of attorneys as set forth in the Nevada Rules of Professional Conduct.

2. Nothing in this section shall be construed as relieving an attorney from the duty to report the commercial sexual exploitation of a child pursuant to section 12 of this act:

(a) To the extent the attorney reasonably believes necessary to prevent the further sex trafficking or sexual abuse of the child; or

(b) In any other circumstance for which such a report is authorized by the Nevada Rules of Professional Conduct.

Sec. 13. 1. Upon the receipt of a report pursuant to section 12 of this act, an agency which provides child welfare services:

(a) Shall conduct an initial screening to determine whether there is reasonable cause to believe that the child is a victim of commercial sexual exploitation;

(b) Shall make a report to the appropriate law enforcement agency for the purpose of identifying the perpetrator of the commercial sexual exploitation;

(c) If the child resides in another jurisdiction, may initiate contact with an agency which provides child welfare services in the jurisdiction in which the child resides to provide notification of the circumstances surrounding the child's removal from the jurisdiction or placement in another location; and

(d) May conduct an assessment pursuant to chapter 432B of NRS.

2. If an agency which provides child welfare services conducts an assessment pursuant to chapter 432B of NRS and no abuse or neglect of a child is identified, the agency may:

(a) Conduct an assessment of the family of the child to determine which services, if any, the family needs or refer the family to a person or an organization that has entered into a written agreement with the agency to make such an assessment; and

(b) If appropriate, provide to the child and his or her family counseling, training or other services relating to commercial sexual exploitation or refer the child and his or her family to a person or an organization that has entered into an agreement with the agency to provide those services.

3. If an agency which provides child welfare services has entered into an agreement with a person or an organization to provide services to a child or his or her family and the person or organization will provide such services pursuant to subsection 2, the agency shall require the person or organization to notify the agency if:

(a) The child or his or her family refuses or fails to participate in such services; or

(b) The person or organization determines that there is a serious risk to the health or safety of the child.

4. As used in this section, "abuse or neglect of a child" has the meaning ascribed to it in NRS 432B.020.

Sec. 14. 1. Except as otherwise provided in NRS 239.0115 and 439.538 and except as otherwise authorized or required pursuant to section 15 of this act, information maintained by an agency which provides child welfare services, including, without limitation, reports and assessments made pursuant to this chapter, is confidential.

2. Any person, law enforcement agency or public agency, institution or facility who willfully releases or disseminates such information, except:

(a) Pursuant to a criminal prosecution relating to the commercial sexual exploitation of a child;

(b) As otherwise authorized or required pursuant to section 15 of this act; or

(c) As otherwise authorized or required pursuant to NRS 439.538,

⇒ is guilty of a misdemeanor.

Sec. 15. 1. Information maintained by an agency which provides child welfare services must be maintained by the agency which provides child welfare services as required by federal law as a condition of the allocation of federal money to this State.

2. Except as otherwise provided in this section, information maintained by an agency which provides child welfare services may, at the discretion of the agency which provides child welfare services, be made available only to:

(a) A physician, if the physician has before him or her a child who the physician has reasonable cause to believe is a commercially sexually exploited child;

(b) A person authorized to place a child in protective custody, if the person has before him or her a child who the person has reasonable cause to believe is a commercially sexually exploited child and the person requires the information to determine whether to place the child in protective custody;

(c) An agency, including, without limitation, an agency in another jurisdiction, responsible for or authorized to undertake the care, treatment or supervision of:

(1) The child; or

(2) The person responsible for the welfare of the child;

(d) A district attorney or other law enforcement officer who requires the information in connection with an investigation or prosecution of the commercial sexual exploitation of a child;

(e) A court other than a juvenile court, for in camera inspection only, unless the court determines that public disclosure of the information is necessary for the determination of an issue before it;

(f) A person engaged in bona fide research or an audit, but information identifying the subjects of a report must not be made available to the person;

(g) The attorney and the guardian ad litem of the child, if the information is reasonably necessary to promote the safety, permanency and well-being of the child;

(h) [A] Except as otherwise provided in subsection 4, a federal, state or local governmental entity, or an agency of such an entity, or a juvenile court, that needs access to the information to carry out its legal responsibilities to protect children from commercial sexual exploitation;

(i) A person or an organization that has entered into a written agreement with an agency which provides child welfare services to provide assessments or services and that has been trained to make such assessments or provide such services;

(j) A parent or legal guardian of the child and an attorney of a parent or guardian of the child, if the identity of the person responsible for reporting the commercial sexual exploitation of the child to a public agency is kept confidential and the information is reasonably necessary to promote the safety, permanency and well-being of the child and is limited to information concerning that parent or guardian;

(k) The persons or agent of the persons who are the subject of a report, if the information is reasonably necessary to promote the safety, permanency and well-being of the child and is limited to information concerning those persons; or

(1) Any person who is required pursuant to NRS 432B.220 to make a report to an agency which provides child welfare services or to a law enforcement agency.

3. Before releasing any information maintained by an agency which provides child welfare services pursuant to this section, an agency which provides child welfare services shall take whatever precautions it determines are reasonably necessary to protect the identity and safety of any person who reports that a child is a commercially sexually exploited child and to protect any other person if the agency which provides child welfare services reasonably believes that disclosure of the information would cause a specific and material harm to an investigation of the alleged commercial sexual exploitation of a child or the life or safety of any person.

4. <u>An agency which provides child welfare services shall not provide</u> <u>information maintained by the agency which provides child welfare services</u> <u>to a juvenile court only to facilitate a determination by the court related to</u> <u>the adjudication of a child who is accused of:</u>

(a) Sex trafficking a child in violation of NRS 201.300; or

(b) Facilitating sex trafficking of a child in violation of NRS 201.301.

<u>5.</u> The provisions of this section must not be construed to require an agency which provides child welfare services to disclose information maintained by the agency which provides child welfare services if, after consultation with the attorney who represents the agency, the agency determines that such disclosure would cause a specific and material harm to a criminal investigation.

[5.] 6. If an agency which provides child welfare services receives any information that is deemed confidential by law, the agency which provides child welfare services shall maintain the confidentiality of the information as prescribed by applicable law.

[6.] 7. Pursuant to this section, a person may authorize the release of information maintained by an agency which provides child welfare services about himself or herself, but may not waive the confidentiality of such information concerning any other person.

[7-] 8. Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, any person who is provided with information maintained by an agency which provides child welfare services and who further disseminates the information or makes the information public is guilty of a gross misdemeanor. This subsection does not apply to a district attorney or other law enforcement officer who uses the information solely for the purpose of initiating legal proceedings against any person alleged to be the perpetrator of the commercial sexual exploitation of a child.

[8.] 9. An agency which provides child welfare services may charge a fee for processing costs reasonably necessary to prepare information maintained by the agency which provides child welfare services for release pursuant to this section.

[9-] <u>10.</u> An agency which provides child welfare services shall adopt rules, policies or regulations to carry out the provisions of this section.

[10.] <u>11.</u> As used in this section, "parent" has the meaning ascribed to it in NRS 432B.080.

Sec. 16. NRS 202.894 is hereby amended to read as follows:

202.894 If a person reports to a law enforcement agency that another person has committed a violent or sexual offense against a child, whether or not the person is required to make such a report pursuant to NRS 202.882, and the violent or sexual offense against the child would constitute abuse or neglect of a child, as defined in NRS 432B.020, or the commercial sexual exploitation, as defined in section 6 of this act, of a child, the report made by the person shall be deemed to be a report of the abuse or neglect of the child that has been made pursuant to NRS 432B.220 or a report of the commercial sexual sexual exploitation of a child that has been made pursuant to section 12 of this act, as applicable, and:

1. The appropriate agencies shall act upon the report pursuant to chapter 432B of NRS [:] or sections 2 to 15, inclusive, of this act, as applicable; and

2. The report may be used in the same manner as other reports that are made pursuant to NRS 432B.220 [-] or section 12 of this act.

Sec. 17. NRS 239.010 is hereby amended to read as follows:

239.010 1. Except as otherwise provided in this section and NRS 1.4683, 1.4687, 1A.110, 3.2203, 41.071, 49.095, 49.293, 62D.420, 62D.440, 62E.516, 62E.620, 62H.025, 62H.030, 62H.170, 62H.220, 62H.320, 75A.100, 75A.150, 76.160, 78.152, 80.113, 81.850, 82.183, 86.246, 86.54615, 87.515, 87.5413, 87A.200, 87A.580, 87A.640, 88.3355, 88.5927, 88.6067, 88A.345, 88A.7345, 89.045, 89.251, 90.730, 91.160, 116.757, 116A.270, 116B.880, 118B.026, 119.260, 119.265, 119.267, 119.280, 119A.280, 119A.653, 119B.370, 119B.382, 120A.690, 125.130, 125B.140, 126.141, 126.161, 126.163, 126.730, 127.007, 127.057, 127.130, 127.140, 127.2817, 128.090, 130.312, 130.712, 136.050, 159.044, 159A.044, 172.075, 172.245, 176.01249, 176.015, 176.0625, 176.09129, 176.156, 176A.630, 178.39801, 178.4715, 178.5691, 179.495, 179A.070, 179A.165, 179D.160, 200.3771, 200.3772, 200.5095, 200.604, 202.3662, 205.4651, 209.392, 209.3925, 209.419, 209.521, 211A.140, 213.010, 213.040, 213.095, 213.131, 217.105, 217.110, 217.464, 217.475, 218A.350, 218E.625, 218F.150, 218G.130, 218G.240, 218G.350, 228.270, 228.450, 228.495, 228.570, 231.069, 231.1473, 233.190, 237.300, 239.0105, 239.0113, 239B.030, 239B.040, 239B.050, 239C.140, 239C.210, 239C.230, 239C.250, 239C.270, 240.007, 241.020, 241.030, 241.039, 242.105, 244.264, 244.335, 247.540, 247.550, 247.560, 250.087, 250.130, 250.140, 250.150, 268.095, 268.490, 268.910, 271A.105, 281.195, 281.805, 281A.350, 281A.680, 281A.685, 281A.750, 281A.755, 281A.780,

284.4068, 286.110, 287.0438, 289.025, 289.080, 289.387, 289.830, 293.4855, 293.5002, 293.503, 293.504, 293.558, 293.906, 293.908, 293.910, 293B.135, 293D.510, 331.110, 332.061, 332.351, 333.333, 333.335, 338.070, 338.1379, 338.1593, 338.1725, 338.1727, 348.420, 349.597, 349.775, 353.205, 353A.049, 353A.085, 353A.100, 353C.240, 360.240, 360.247, 360.255, 360.755, 361.044, 361.610, 365.138, 366.160, 368A.180, 370.257, 370.327, 372A.080, 378.290, 378.300, 379.008, 379.1495, 385A.830, 385B.100, 387.626, 387.631, 388.1455, 388.259, 388.501, 388.503, 388.513, 388.750, 388A.247, 388A.249, 391.035, 391.120, 391.925, 392.029, 392.147, 392.264, 392.271, 392.315, 392.317, 392.325, 392.327, 392.335, 392.850, 394.167, 394.1698, 394.447, 394.460, 394.465, 396.3295, 396.405, 396.525, 396.535. 396.9685, 398A.115, 408.3885, 408.3886, 408.3888, 408.5484, 412.153, 416.070, 422.2749, 422.305, 422A.342, 422A.350, 425.400, 427A.1236, 427A.872, 432.028, 432.205, 432B.175, 432B.280, 432B.290, 432B.407. 432B.430, 432B.560, 432B.5902, 433.534, 433A.360, 437.145, 439.840. 439B.420, 440.170, 441A.195, 441A.220, 441A.230, 442.330, 442.395, 442.735, 445A.665, 445B.570, 449.209, 449.245, 449A.112, 450.140, 453.164, 453.720, 453A.610, 453A.700, 458.055, 458.280, 459.050, 459.3866, 459.555, 459.7056, 459.846, 463.120, 463.15993, 463.240, 463.3403, 463.3407, 463.790, 467.1005, 480.365, 480.940, 481.063, 481.091, 481.093, 482.170, 482.5536, 483.340, 483.363, 483.575, 483.659, 483.800, 484E.070, 485.316, 501.344, 503.452, 522.040, 534A.031, 561.285, 571.160, 584.655, 587.877, 598.0964, 598.098, 598A.110, 599B.090, 603.070, 603A.210, 604A.710, 612.265, 616B.012, 616B.015, 616B.315, 616B.350. 618.341, 618.425, 622.310, 623.131, 623A.137, 624.110, 624.265, 624.327, 625.425, 625A.185, 628.418, 628B.230, 628B.760, 629.047, 629.069. 630.133, 630.30665, 630.336, 630A.555, 631.368, 632.121, 632.125, 632.405, 633.283, 633.301, 633.524, 634.055, 634.214, 634A.185, 635.158, 636.107, 637.085, 637B.288, 638.087, 638.089, 639.2485, 639.570, 640.075, 640A.220, 640B.730, 640C.400, 640C.600, 640C.620, 640C.745, 640C.760. 640D.190, 640E.340, 641.090, 641.325, 641A.191, 641A.289, 641B.170, 641B.460, 641C.760, 641C.800, 642.524, 643.189, 644A.870, 645.180. 645.625, 645A.050, 645A.082, 645B.060, 645B.092, 645C.220, 645C.225. 645D.130, 645D.135, 645E.300, 645E.375, 645G.510, 645H.320, 645H.330, 647.0945, 647.0947, 648.033, 648.197, 649.065, 649.067, 652.228, 654.110, 656.105, 661.115, 665.130, 665.133, 669.275, 669.285, 669A.310, 671.170, 673.450, 673.480, 675.380, 676A.340, 676A.370, 677.243, 679B.122, 679B.152, 679B.159, 679B.190, 679B.285, 679B.690, 680A.270, 681A.440, 681B.260, 681B.410, 681B.540, 683A.0873, 685A.077, 686A.289, 686B.170, 686C.306, 687A.110, 687A.115, 687C.010, 688C.230, 688C.480, 688C.490, 689A.696, 692A.117, 692C.190, 692C.3507, 692C.3536, 692C.3538. 692C.354, 692C.420, 693A.480, 693A.615, 696B.550, 696C.120, 703.196, 704B.320, 704B.325, 706.1725, 706A.230, 710.159, 711.600, and sections 14 and 15 of this act, sections 35, 38 and 41 of chapter 478, Statutes of Nevada 2011 and section 2 of chapter 391, Statutes of Nevada 2013 and unless otherwise declared by law to be confidential, all public books and public records of a governmental entity must be open at all times during office hours to inspection by any person, and may be fully copied or an abstract or memorandum may be prepared from those public books and public records. Any such copies, abstracts or memoranda may be used to supply the general public with copies, abstracts or memoranda of the records or may be used in any other way to the advantage of the governmental entity or of the general public. This section does not supersede or in any manner affect the federal laws governing copyrights or enlarge, diminish or affect in any other manner the rights of a person in any written book or record which is copyrighted pursuant to federal law.

2. A governmental entity may not reject a book or record which is copyrighted solely because it is copyrighted.

3. A governmental entity that has legal custody or control of a public book or record shall not deny a request made pursuant to subsection 1 to inspect or copy or receive a copy of a public book or record on the basis that the requested public book or record contains information that is confidential if the governmental entity can redact, delete, conceal or separate the confidential information from the information included in the public book or record that is not otherwise confidential.

4. A person may request a copy of a public record in any medium in which the public record is readily available. An officer, employee or agent of a governmental entity who has legal custody or control of a public record:

(a) Shall not refuse to provide a copy of that public record in a readily available medium because the officer, employee or agent has already prepared or would prefer to provide the copy in a different medium.

(b) Except as otherwise provided in NRS 239.030, shall, upon request, prepare the copy of the public record and shall not require the person who has requested the copy to prepare the copy himself or herself.

Sec. 18. NRS 629.550 is hereby amended to read as follows:

629.550 1. If a patient communicates to a mental health professional an explicit threat of imminent serious physical harm or death to a clearly identified or identifiable person and, in the judgment of the mental health professional, the patient has the intent and ability to carry out the threat, the mental health professional shall apply for the emergency admission of the patient to a mental health facility pursuant to NRS 433A.160 or make a reasonable effort to communicate the threat in a timely manner to:

(a) The person who is the subject of the threat;

(b) The law enforcement agency with the closest physical location to the residence of the person; and

(c) If the person is a minor, the parent or guardian of the person.

2. A mental health professional shall be deemed to have made a reasonable effort to communicate a threat pursuant to subsection 1 if:

(a) The mental health professional actually communicates the threat in a timely manner; or

(b) The mental health professional makes a good faith attempt to communicate the threat in a timely manner and the failure to actually communicate the threat in a timely manner does not result from the negligence or recklessness of the mental health professional.

3. A mental health professional who exercises reasonable care in determining that he or she:

(a) Has a duty to take an action described in subsection 1 is not subject to civil or criminal liability or disciplinary action by a professional licensing board for disclosing confidential or privileged information.

(b) Does not have a duty to take an action described in subsection 1 is not subject to civil or criminal liability or disciplinary action by a professional licensing board for any damages caused by the actions of a patient.

4. The provisions of this section do not:

(a) Limit or affect the duty of the mental health professional to report child abuse or neglect pursuant to NRS 432B.220 $\frac{1}{12}$ or the commercial sexual exploitation of a child pursuant to section 12 of this act; or

(b) Modify any duty of a mental health professional to take precautions to prevent harm by a patient:

(1) Who is in the custody of a hospital or other facility where the mental health professional is employed; or

(2) Who is being discharged from such a facility.

5. As used in this section, "mental health professional" includes:

(a) A physician or psychiatrist licensed to practice medicine in this State pursuant to chapter 630 or 633 of NRS;

(b) A psychologist who is licensed to practice psychology pursuant to chapter 641 of NRS or authorized to practice psychology in this State pursuant to the Psychology Interjurisdictional Compact enacted in NRS 641.227;

(c) A social worker who:

(1) Holds a master's degree in social work;

(2) Is licensed as a clinical social worker pursuant to chapter 641B of NRS; and

(3) Is employed by the Division of Public and Behavioral Health of the Department of Health and Human Services;

(d) A registered nurse who:

(1) Is licensed to practice professional nursing pursuant to chapter 632 of NRS; and

(2) Holds a master's degree in psychiatric nursing or a related field;

(e) A marriage and family therapist licensed pursuant to chapter 641A of NRS;

(f) A clinical professional counselor licensed pursuant to chapter 641A of NRS; and

(g) A person who is working in this State within the scope of his or her employment by the Federal Government, including, without limitation, employment with the Department of Veterans Affairs, the military or the Indian Health Service, and is:

(1) Licensed or certified as a physician, psychologist, marriage and family therapist, clinical professional counselor, alcohol and drug abuse counselor or clinical alcohol and drug abuse counselor in another state;

(2) Licensed as a social worker in another state and holds a master's degree in social work; or

(3) Licensed to practice professional nursing in another state and holds a master's degree in psychiatric nursing or a related field.

Sec. 19. NRS 640B.700 is hereby amended to read as follows:

640B.700 1. The Board may refuse to issue a license to an applicant or may take disciplinary action against a licensee if, after notice and a hearing as required by law, the Board determines that the applicant or licensee:

(a) Has submitted false or misleading information to the Board or any agency of this State, any other state, the Federal Government or the District of Columbia;

(b) Has violated any provision of this chapter or any regulation adopted pursuant thereto;

(c) Has been convicted of a felony, a crime relating to a controlled substance or a crime involving moral turpitude;

(d) Is addicted to alcohol or any controlled substance;

(e) Has violated the provisions of NRS 200.5093, 200.50935 or 432B.220 [;] or section 12 of this act;

(f) Is guilty of gross negligence in his or her practice as an athletic trainer;

(g) Is not competent to engage in the practice of athletic training;

(h) Has failed to provide information requested by the Board within 60 days after receiving the request;

(i) Has engaged in unethical or unprofessional conduct as it relates to the practice of athletic training;

(j) Has been disciplined in another state, a territory or possession of the United States, or the District of Columbia for conduct that would be a violation of the provisions of this chapter or any regulations adopted pursuant thereto if the conduct were committed in this State;

(k) Has solicited or received compensation for services that he or she did not provide;

(1) If the licensee is on probation, has violated the terms of the probation;

(m) Has terminated professional services to a client in a manner that detrimentally affected that client; or

(n) Has operated a medical facility, as defined in NRS 449.0151, at any time during which:

(1) The license of the facility was suspended or revoked; or

(2) An act or omission occurred which resulted in the suspension or revocation of the license pursuant to NRS 449.160.

 \rightarrow This paragraph applies to an owner or other principal responsible for the operation of the facility.

2. The Board may, if it determines that an applicant for a license or a licensee has committed any of the acts set forth in subsection 1, after notice and a hearing as required by law:

(a) Refuse to issue a license to the applicant;

(b) Refuse to renew or restore the license of the licensee;

(c) Suspend or revoke the license of the licensee;

(d) Place the licensee on probation;

(e) Impose an administrative fine of not more than \$5,000;

(f) Require the applicant or licensee to pay the costs incurred by the Board to conduct the investigation and hearing; or

(g) Impose any combination of actions set forth in paragraphs (a) to (f), inclusive.

3. The Board shall not issue a private reprimand to a licensee.

4. An order that imposes discipline and the findings of fact and conclusions of law supporting that order are public records.

Assemblywoman Cohen moved that the Assembly concur in the Senate Amendment No. 890 to Assembly Bill No. 151.

Remarks by Assemblywoman Cohen.

ASSEMBLYWOMAN COHEN:

The amendment clarifies an attorney's responsibility to report sexual exploitation of a child. In addition, the amendment prohibits child welfare agencies from providing certain information to a juvenile court only to facilitate a court determination related to the adjudication of a child who is accused of sex trafficking or facilitating sex trafficking of another child.

Motion carried by a constitutional majority. Bill ordered to enrollment.

REMARKS FROM THE FLOOR

Mr. Speaker announced if there were no objections, the Assembly would recess subject to the call of the Chair.

Assembly in recess at 1:24 p.m.

ASSEMBLY IN SESSION

At 7:37 p.m. Mr. Speaker presiding. Quorum present.

MOTIONS, RESOLUTIONS AND NOTICES

Assemblywoman Benitez-Thompson moved that Senate Bill No. 541 be taken from the General File and placed on the General File for the next legislative day.

Motion carried.

GUESTS EXTENDED PRIVILEGE OF ASSEMBLY FLOOR

On request of Assemblyman Assefa, the privilege of the floor of the Assembly Chamber for this day was extended to Naomi Gebremariam.

On request of Assemblywoman Backus, the privilege of the floor of the Assembly Chamber for this day was extended to Tony Ramirez and Marc McDermont.

On request of Assemblywoman Bilbray-Axelrod, the privilege of the floor of the Assembly Chamber for this day was extended to Danny Axelrod and Matthew Fonken.

On request of Assemblyman Carrillo, the privilege of the floor of the Assembly Chamber for this day was extended to Char Frost and Mark Peckham.

On request of Assemblyman Daly, the privilege of the floor of the Assembly Chamber for this day was extended to Laureen Garcia.

On request of Assemblywoman Duran, the privilege of the floor of the Assembly Chamber for this day was extended to Cindy Olivieri, Ernest Olivieri, and Rene Olivieri.

On request of Assemblywoman Gorelow, the privilege of the floor of the Assembly Chamber for this day was extended to Tony Daniel.

On request of Assemblywoman Jauregui, the privilege of the floor of the Assembly Chamber for this day was extended to Chris Roske.

On request of Assemblyman Leavitt, the privilege of the floor of the Assembly Chamber for this day was extended to Thelma Reindollar and Ross Hemminger.

On request of Assemblywoman Martinez, the privilege of the floor of the Assembly Chamber for this day was extended to Carlos Hernandez and Victoria Pineiro.

On request of Assemblywoman Miller, the privilege of the floor of the Assembly Chamber for this day was extended to Andy Ryan.

On request of Assemblywoman Monroe-Moreno, the privilege of the floor of the Assembly Chamber for this day was extended to Patrina McKinney.

On request of Assemblywoman Munk, the privilege of the floor of the Assembly Chamber for this day was extended to Dakota Hoskins and Taylor Patterson.

On request of Assemblywoman Neal, the privilege of the floor of the Assembly Chamber for this day was extended to Dylan Keith.

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On request of Assemblywoman Nguyen, the privilege of the floor of the Assembly Chamber for this day was extended to Jenny Lehner.

On request of Assemblywoman Peters, the privilege of the floor of the Assembly Chamber for this day was extended to Daniel Vezina and Melissa Chanselle-Hary.

On request of Assemblyman Roberts, the privilege of the floor of the Assembly Chamber for this day was extended to Omar De La Rosa.

On request of Assemblyman Smith, the privilege of the floor of the Assembly Chamber for this day was extended to Stephanie Tyler.

On request of Assemblywoman Swank, the privilege of the floor of the Assembly Chamber for this day was extended to Patricia Demsky.

On request of Assemblywoman Titus, the privilege of the floor of the Assembly Chamber for this day was extended to Laurel Wilson.

On request of Assemblywoman Torres, the privilege of the floor of the Assembly Chamber for this day was extended to Gil Lopez, Shannon Kallin, and Rickey Gourier.

On request of Assemblyman Watts, the privilege of the floor of the Assembly Chamber for this day was extended to Dulce Valencia.

On request of Assemblyman Wheeler, the privilege of the floor of the Assembly Chamber for this day was extended to Jennifer Baker and Mike Torvinen.

On request of Assemblyman Yeager, the privilege of the floor of the Assembly Chamber for this day was extended to James Zygadlo.

Assemblywoman Benitez-Thompson moved that the Assembly adjourn until Thursday, May 30, 2019, at 11:30 a.m. Motion carried.

Assembly adjourned at 7:38 p.m.

Approved:

JASON FRIERSON Speaker of the Assembly

Attest: SUSAN FURLONG Chief Clerk of the Assembly