Amendment No. 938

Senate Amendment to Assembly Bill No. 348 First Reprint	(BDR 43-38)
Proposed by: Committee on Transportation and Homeland Security	
Amendment Box: Replaces Amendment No. 679.	
Resolves Conflicts with: N/A	
Amends: Summary: Yes Title: Yes Preamble: No Joint Sponsorship: No	Digest: No
ASSEMBLY ACTION Initial and Date SENATE ACTION Initia	l and Date
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"2. Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, a person shall not in this State sell or offer for sale any device or mechanism, including, without limitation, a mobile transmitter, that is capable of interfering with or altering the signal of a traffic-control signal. The provisions of this	
subsection do not prohibit a person from selling or offering for sale:	
(a) To a provider of mass transit, a signal prioritization device; or	
(b) To a response agency, a signal preemption device or a signal prioritization device, or both.	
3. A police officer:".	
Amend section 1, page 2, lines 9 and 15, by deleting "infrared".	
Amend section 1, page 2, line 23, by deleting "3." and inserting "4.".	

SP/MSM Date: 5/26/2005

A.B. No. 348—Prohibits unauthorized use of device that interferes with traffic-control signal.

Amend section 1, page 2, line 25, by deleting "2" and inserting "3".

Amend section 1, page 2, by deleting line 28 and inserting:

"5. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 8, the".

Amend section 1, page 2, line 30, by deleting "infrared".

Amend section 1, pages 2 and 3, by deleting lines 36 through 44 on page 2 and lines 1 through 6 on page 3, and inserting:

- "6. A person who violates the provisions of subsection 1 or 2 is guilty of a misdemeanor.
- 7. A provider of mass transit shall not operate or cause to be operated a signal prioritization device in such a manner as to impede or interfere with the use by response agencies of signal preemption devices.
 - 8. The provisions of this section do not:
- (a) Except as otherwise provided in subsection 7, prohibit a provider of mass transit from acquiring, possessing or operating a signal prioritization device.
- (b) Prohibit a response agency from acquiring, possessing or operating a signal preemption device or a signal prioritization device, or both.
 - 9. As used in this section:
 - (a) "Mobile transmitter" means a device or mechanism that is:
 - (1) Portable, installed within a vehicle or capable of being installed within a vehicle; and
- (2) Designed to affect or alter, through the emission or transmission of sound, infrared light, strobe light or any other audible, visual or electronic method, the normal operation of a traffic-control signal.

- → The term includes, without limitation, a signal preemption device and a signal prioritization device.
- (b) "Provider of mass transit" means a governmental entity or a contractor of a governmental entity which operates, in whole or in part:
 - (1) A public transit system, as that term is defined in NRS 377A.016; or
 - (2) A system of public transportation referred to in NRS 373.1165.
- (c) "Response agency" means an agency of this State or of a political subdivision of this State that provides services related to law enforcement, firefighting, emergency medical care or public safety. The term includes a nonprofit organization or private company that, as authorized pursuant to chapter 450B of NRS:
 - (1) Provides ambulance service; or
- (2) Provides intermediate or advanced medical care to sick or injured persons at the scene of an emergency or while transporting those persons to a medical facility.
- (d) "Signal preemption device" means a mobile transmitter that, when activated and when a vehicle equipped with such a device approaches an intersection controlled by a traffic-control signal, causes:
- (1) The signal, in the direction of travel of the vehicle, to remain green if the signal is already displaying a green light;
- (2) The signal, in the direction of travel of the vehicle, to change from red to green if the signal is displaying a red light;
- (3) The signal, in other directions of travel, to remain red or change to red, as applicable, to prevent other vehicles from entering the intersection; and

- (4) The applicable functions described in subparagraphs (1), (2) and (3) to continue until such time as the vehicle equipped with the device is clear of the intersection.
- (e) "Signal prioritization device" means a mobile transmitter that, when activated and when a vehicle equipped with such a device approaches an intersection controlled by a traffic-control signal, causes:
- (1) The signal, in the direction of travel of the vehicle, to display a green light a few seconds sooner than the green light would otherwise be displayed;
- (2) The signal, in the direction of travel of the vehicle, to display a green light for a few seconds longer than the green light would otherwise be displayed; or
 - (3) The functions described in both subparagraphs (1) and (2).
- (f) "Traffic-control signal" means a traffic-control signal, as defined in NRS 484.205, which is capable of receiving and responding to an emission or transmission from a mobile transmitter.".

Amend the title of the bill to read as follows:

"AN ACT relating to traffic laws; prohibiting the operation of, and the operation of a vehicle equipped with, any device or mechanism capable of interfering with or altering the signal of a traffic-control signal; prohibiting the sale in this State of such devices and mechanisms; providing certain exceptions for response agencies and providers of mass transit; providing a penalty; providing for an increased penalty under certain circumstances; and providing other matters properly relating thereto.".

Amend the summary of the bill to read as follows:

"SUMMARY—Prohibits unauthorized sale or use of device or mechanism capable of interfering with or altering signal of traffic-control signal. (BDR 43-38)".