## Amendment No. 175

Assembly Amendment to Assembly Bill No. 208				(BDR 54-1108)	
Proposed by: Committee	on Commerce an	nd Labor			
Amendment Box:					
<b>Resolves Conflicts with:</b>	N/A				
Amends: Summary: N	o Title: No	Preamble: No	Joint Sponsorsh	ip: No Digest: Yes	
ASSEMBLY ACTION	Initial and Date	SFNATE	ACTION	Initial and Date	
Adopted  Lost  _		•	oted   Lost   _	mittai and Date	
Concurred In □ Not □   Concurred In □ Not □					
Receded □ Not □ _		Rece	ded Not		
Amend section 1, page Amend sec. 2, page 4, 1 Amend sec. 2, page 4, 1 "NRS; or	ine 7, after " <i>delir</i>	nquency;" by del	eting "or".		
(g) Any offense involvi	ng moral turpitu	ıde.".			
Amend sec. 3, page 4, line 12, by deleting "1." and inserting: "[1.]".					
Amend sec. 3, page 4, l	by deleting lines ?	21 through 31 and	d inserting:		
"[2. The Board may is	sue a provisional	license pending	receipt of the repo	ort of the Federal	
Bureau of Investigation if	the Board determ	nines that the app	licant is otherwise	<del>e qualified.</del>	
MSN/TMC				Date: 4/6/2005	

A.B. No. 208—Revises provisions governing physicians and osteopathic physicians.

\*A\_AB208\_175\*

- 3. The Board shall revoke a provisional license upon receipt of the report from the Federal Bureau of Investigation if the report indicates that:
- (a) The applicant or the osteopathic physician's assistant has been convicted of an act that is a ground for disciplinary action pursuant to NRS 633.511;
- (b) The applicant or the osteopathic physician's assistant has been convicted of a felony set forth in NRS 633.741; or".

Amend sec. 5, page 5, by deleting line 19 and inserting:

"physician shall, on or before the date on which the physician must next submit the biennial registration required pursuant to NRS 630.267, submit to".

Amend sec. 6, page 5, by deleting line 43 and inserting:

"before the date on which the osteopathic physician must next submit an application for renewal of the license pursuant to NRS 633.471, submit to the Board a complete".

## If this amendment is adopted, the Legislative

## Counsel's Digest will be changed to read as follows:

## **Legislative Counsel's Digest:**

Existing law provides for the regulation and licensure of medical doctors in this State by the Board of Medical Examiners. (Chapter 630 of NRS) As part of that regulation, existing law provides specific acts that constitute grounds for initiating disciplinary action or denying licensure to a medical doctor and certain related professionals. (NRS 630.301)

This bill requires an applicant for a license to practice medicine to submit to a criminal background check. This bill further expands the acts which constitute grounds for initiating disciplinary action or denying licensure to include certain additional crimes. If a criminal background check reveals a conviction of any of the crimes listed, the Board may deny a license to the applicant. To address physicians who are already licensed in this State, this bill also requires all licensed physicians to submit to a criminal background check. If the criminal background check reveals a conviction of an act for which an applicant would be denied licensure, the Board is required to initiate disciplinary proceedings against the physician and revoke his license.

Existing law provides specific acts that constitute grounds for initiating disciplinary action against an osteopathic physician and certain related professionals. (NRS 633.511)

This bill expands those acts to include the same crimes added to the similar provision applicable to medical doctors and related professionals.

Existing law requires an applicant for a license to practice osteopathic medicine to submit to a criminal background check. (NRS 633.328) That provision was added to law by the Nevada

Legislature in 2003 and did not require licensed osteopathic physicians to submit to a criminal background check. (Chapter 210, Statutes of Nevada 2003, at page 1174)

This bill requires an osteopathic physician who did not submit to a criminal background check when he applied for licensure to submit to a criminal background check. If the criminal background check reveals a conviction of an act for which an applicant would be denied licensure, the State Board of Osteopathic Medicine is required to initiate disciplinary proceedings against the physician and revoke his license.