SENATE BILL NO. 440-COMMITTEE ON GOVERNMENT AFFAIRS

MARCH 24, 2003

Referred to Committee on Taxation

- SUMMARY—Provides for postponement of payment of property taxes in cases of severe economic hardship under certain circumstances. (BDR 32-658)
- FISCAL NOTE: Effect on Local Government: Yes. Effect on the State: Yes.

EXPLANATION - Matter in *bolded italics* is new; matter between brackets [omitted material] is material to be omitted.

AN ACT relating to taxation; providing for the postponement of the payment of property taxes in cases of severe economic hardship under certain circumstances; providing a penalty; and providing other matters properly relating thereto.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEVADA, REPRESENTED IN SENATE AND ASSEMBLY, DO ENACT AS FOLLOWS:

1 **Section 1.** Chapter 361 of NRS is hereby amended by adding 2 thereto the provisions set forth as sections 2 to 21, inclusive, of this 3 act.

Sec. 2. As used in sections 2 to 21, inclusive, of this act, unless the context otherwise requires, the words and terms defined in sections 3 to 8, inclusive, of this act have the meanings ascribed to them in those sections.
Sec. 3. "Claim" means a claim for the postponement of the payment of property tax filed pursuant to section 11 of this act.
Sec. 4. "Household" means a claimant and a spouse, parent,

11 child or sibling, or any combination thereof.

- 12 Sec. 5. "Income" means adjusted gross income, as defined in 13 the Internal Revenue Code, and includes:
- 14 1. Tax-free interest;
- 15 2. The untaxed portion of a pension or annuity;
- 16 **3.** Railroad retirement benefits;



4. Veterans' pensions and compensation;

2 5. Payments received pursuant to the federal Social Security 3 Act, including supplemental security income, but excluding 4 hospital and medical insurance benefits for the aged and disabled;

6. Public welfare payments, including allowances for shelter;

7. Unemployment insurance benefits;

7 8. Payments for lost time;

9. Payments received from disability insurance;

9 10. Disability payments received pursuant to workers' 10 compensation insurance;

11 **11.** Alimony;

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12 12. Support payments;

13. Allowances received by dependents of servicemen;

14 14. The amount of recognized capital gains and losses 15 excluded from adjusted gross income;

16 15. Life insurance proceeds in excess of \$5,000;

17 16. Bequests and inheritances; and

18 17. Gifts of cash of more than \$300 not between household 19 members and such other kinds of cash received by a household as 20 the Department specifies by regulation.

21 Sec. 6. "Occupied by the owner" means that a single-family 22 residence and the appurtenant land are held for the exclusive use 23 of an owner, or one or more of the owners, and not rented, leased 24 or otherwise made available for exclusive occupancy by a person 25 other than an owner or the owners.

Sec. 7. "Property tax accrued" means property taxes,
excluding special assessments, delinquent taxes and interest,
levied on a claimant's single-family residence located in this state.
Sec. 8. "Single-family residence" includes:

30 1. A single dwelling unit and all land appurtenant thereto.

31 2. An individually owned residential unit that is an integral 32 part of a larger complex and all land included in the assessed 33 valuation of the individually owned unit.

34 Sec. 9. 1. The owner of a single-family residence may file a 35 claim to postpone the payment of all or any part of the property 36 tax accrued against his residence if:

(a) The residence is placed upon the secured or unsecured tax
roll and has an assessed value of not more than \$175,000;

39 (b) He or any other owner of the residence does not own any
40 other real property in this state that has an assessed value of more
41 than \$30,000;

42 (c) The residence has been occupied by the owner for at least 6 43 months;

44 (d) The owner is not the subject of any proceeding for 45 bankruptcy;



1 (e) The owner owes no delinguent property taxes on the 2 residence for a year other than the year in which the application is submitted: 3

(f) The owner has suffered severe economic hardship that was 4 caused by circumstances beyond his control including, without 5 limitation, an illness or a disability that is expected to last for a 6 7 continuous period of at least 12 months; and

8 (g) The total annual income of the members of the owner's 9 household is at or below the federally designated level signifying 10 poverty.

2. The amount of property tax that may be postponed 11 pursuant to the provisions of sections 2 to 21, inclusive, of this act 12 13 may not exceed the amount of property tax that will accrue against 14 the single-family residence in the succeeding 3 fiscal years.

15 Sec. 10. If two or more members of a household are eligible 16 to file a claim pursuant to section 11 of this act, the members may determine between themselves who will be the claimant. If they are 17 unable to agree, the matter must be referred to the Nevada Tax 18 19 Commission and its decision is final. Only one claim may be filed 20 for any household.

21 Sec. 11. 1. A claim must be filed with the county assessor 22 of the county in which the claimant's single-family residence is located. 23

2. The claim must be made under oath and filed in such form 24 and content, and be accompanied by such information, as the 25 Department may prescribe to determine the eligibility of the 26 27 claimant to file the claim. 28

3. The claim must be signed by:

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(a) The owner or owners of the property;

(b) Any person of lawful age, authorized by an executed power 30

31 of attorney to sign an application on behalf of any person 32 described in paragraph (a); or

33 (c) The guardian or conservator of any person described in 34 paragraph (a) or the executor or administrator of such a person's 35 estate.

4. The Department or county assessor shall provide the 36 37 appropriate form for filing such a claim to each claimant.

38 Sec. 12. 1. A county assessor shall, within 30 days after 39 receiving a claim pursuant to section 11 of this act, determine:

40 (a) Whether the claimant is eligible to postpone the payment of the property taxes accrued against his single-family residence; 41

42 (b) The amount of property tax, if any, that will be postponed; 43 and

44 (c) The period for which the property tax will be postponed.



2 decision by first-class mail. 3. Any claimant aggrieved by a decision of the county 3 assessor may submit a written petition for a review of that decision 4 to the Nevada Tax Commission within 30 days after the claimant 5 receives notice of the decision. 6 4. Any claimant aggrieved by a decision of the Nevada Tax 7 8 Commission is entitled to judicial review. 9 Sec. 13. 1. If a claim is approved, the county assessor of the county in which the single-family residence is located shall issue 10 to the claimant a certificate of eligibility. The certificate must be in 11 a form prescribed by the Department and include: 12 13 (a) The name of the claimant: 14 (b) A legal description of the single-family residence for which 15 the claimant filed the claim; (c) The amount of the property tax accrued against the single-16 family residence that will be postponed; 17 (d) The period for which the property tax will be postponed; 18 19 and 20 (e) Such other information as the Department may require. 21 The county assessor shall cause to be recorded with the 2. county recorder of the county in which the single-family residence 22 is located a copy of the certificate of eligibility issued pursuant to 23 24 subsection 1 within 10 days after the claim is approved. The 25 postponement of the payment of the taxes becomes effective on the date on which the certificate is filed with the county recorder. 26 27 Sec. 14. Interest accrues on the amount of property tax 28 postponed pursuant to sections 2 to 21, inclusive, of this act at the 29 rate of 6 percent of the total amount postponed as of the date the 30 postponed taxes are paid or become due and payable. Except as 31 otherwise provided in subsection 8 of NRS 361.483, no other penalties or interest accrue during the period of postponement. 32 33 Sec. 15. 1. Any property tax postponed pursuant to sections 2 to 21, inclusive, of this act is a perpetual lien against the single-34 35 family residence on which it accrued until the tax and any 36 penalties and interest which may accrue thereon are paid. 37 2. The lien attaches from the date on which a certificate of 38 eligibility is recorded with the county recorder of the county in 39 which the single-family residence is located pursuant to section 13 40 of this act. 41 3. The property tax postponed must be collected in the 42 manner provided in this chapter for all taxable property in this 43 state upon becoming due and payable pursuant to sections 2 to 21, 44 inclusive, of this act.



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The county assessor shall notify the claimant of his

1 Sec. 16. A claimant who has postponed the payment of 2 property tax pursuant to sections 2 to 21, inclusive, of this act may submit to the county assessor of the county in which the single-3 family residence is located a request for a statement of the total 4 amount postponed as of the date of the request and the interest 5 accrued thereon. Upon the receipt of such a request, the county 6 7 assessor shall request the county treasurer of the county in which 8 the single-family residence is located to prepare such a statement and deliver a copy of the statement to the county assessor. Upon 9 10 the receipt of the statement, the county assessor shall provide the claimant with a copy of the statement. 11

12 Sec. 17. 1. Except as otherwise provided in section 18 of 13 this act, the payment of property tax postponed pursuant to 14 sections 2 to 21, inclusive, of this act becomes due and payable:

15 (a) If the single-family residence ceases to be occupied by the 16 claimant, or the claimant sells or otherwise disposes of his 17 possessory interest in the residence;

(b) If the claimant allows any property tax that has not been
postponed on the single-family residence to become delinquent
during the period of postponement;

21 (c) When the period for which the property tax will be 22 postponed expires, as indicated in the claimant's certificate of 23 eligibility; or

(d) If the claimant dies. If a surviving spouse or other member
of the household is eligible to file a claim to postpone the payment
of property tax accrued on the single-family residence continues to
occupy the residence, the amounts postponed are not due unless
that member of the household dies or ceases to occupy the
residence.

30 2. Payments on the amount of property tax postponed may be 31 made before they become due and payable.

32 Sec. 18. A county assessor shall deny any claim to which a claimant is not entitled. A county assessor may deny any claim 33 which he finds to have been filed with fraudulent intent. If any 34 such claim has been approved and is afterward revoked, the 35 amount of the property tax that was postponed together with a 10 36 percent penalty becomes due and payable. If the tax and penalty 37 38 are not paid, the amount must be assessed against any real or 39 personal property owned by the claimant.

40 Sec. 19. Any person who willfully makes a materially false 41 statement or uses any other fraudulent device to secure for himself 42 or any other person the postponed payment of property tax 43 pursuant to the provisions of sections 2 to 21, inclusive, of this act 44 is guilty of a gross misdemeanor.



1 Sec. 20. 1. The Department is responsible for the 2 administration of the provisions of sections 2 to 21, inclusive, of 3 this act.

2. The Department may:

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5 (a) Prescribe the content and form of claims and approve any 6 form used by a county assessor.

7 (b) Designate the information required to be submitted for 8 substantiation of claims.

9 (c) Establish criteria for determining the circumstances under 10 which a claim may be filed by one of two eligible persons.

11 (d) Prescribe that a claimant's ownership of his single-family 12 residence must be shown of record.

(e) Verify and audit any claims, statements or other records
 made pursuant to the provisions of sections 2 to 21, inclusive, of
 this act.

16 (f) Adopt regulations to ensure the confidentiality of 17 information provided by claimants.

(g) Adopt such other regulations as may be required to carry
 out the provisions of sections 2 to 21, inclusive, of this act.

20 Sec. 21. Except as otherwise provided by specific statute, no 21 person may publish, disclose or use any personal or confidential 22 information contained in a claim except for purposes connected 23 with the administration of the provisions of sections 2 to 20, 24 inclusive, of this act.

Sec. 22. NRS 361.450 is hereby amended to read as follows:

361.450 1. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 3,
every tax levied under the provisions of or authority of this chapter
is a perpetual lien against the property assessed until the tax and any
penalty charges and interest which may accrue thereon are paid.

30 2. Except as *otherwise* provided in this subsection [] and 31 section 15 of this act, the lien attaches on July 1 of the year for which the taxes are levied, upon all property then within the county. 32 33 The lien attaches upon all migratory property, as described in NRS 361.505, on the day it is moved into the county. If real and personal 34 35 property are assessed against the same owner, a lien attaches upon 36 such real property also for the tax levied upon the personal property 37 within the county. [: and a] A lien for taxes on personal property 38 also attaches upon real property assessed against the same owner in 39 any other county of the State from the date on which a certified copy 40 of any unpaid property assessment is filed for record with the county 41 recorder in the county in which the real property is situated.

All liens for taxes levied under this chapter which have
already attached to a mobile or manufactured home expire on the
date when the mobile or manufactured home is sold, except the liens
for personal property taxes due in the county in which the mobile or



1 manufactured home was situate at the time of sale, for any part of2 the 12 months immediately preceding the date of sale.

4. All special taxes levied for city, town, school, road or other purposes throughout the different counties of this state are a lien on the property so assessed, and must be assessed and collected by the same officer at the same time and in the same manner as the state and county taxes are assessed and collected.

Sec. 23. NRS 361.483 is hereby amended to read as follows:

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9 361.483 1. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 5 [,] 10 and sections 2 to 21, inclusive, of this act, taxes assessed upon the 11 real property tax roll and upon mobile or manufactured homes are 12 due on the third Monday of August.

13 2. Taxes assessed upon the real property tax roll may be paid in 14 four approximately equal installments if the taxes assessed on the 15 parcel exceed \$100.

16 3. Taxes assessed upon a mobile or manufactured home may 17 be paid in four installments if the taxes assessed exceed \$100.

4. Except as otherwise provided in NRS 361.505, taxes
assessed upon personal property may be paid in four approximately
equal installments if:

(a) The total personal property taxes assessed exceed \$10,000;

(b) Not later than July 31, the taxpayer returns to the county assessor the written statement of personal property required pursuant to NRS 361.265;

(c) The taxpayer files with the county assessor, or county
treasurer if the county treasurer has been designated to collect taxes,
a written request to be billed in quarterly installments and includes
with the request a copy of the written statement of personal property
required pursuant to NRS 361.265; and

30 (d) The business has been in existence for at least 3 years if the 31 personal property assessed is the property of a business.

5. If a person elects to pay in installments, the first installment
is due on the third Monday of August, the second installment on the
first Monday of October, the third installment on the first Monday
of January, and the fourth installment on the first Monday of March.

6. If any person charged with taxes which are a lien on real property fails to pay:

(a) Any one installment of the taxes on or within 10 days
following the day the taxes become due, there must be added thereto
a penalty of 4 percent.

41 (b) Any two installments of the taxes, together with accumulated 42 penalties, on or within 10 days following the day the later 43 installment of taxes becomes due, there must be added thereto a 44 penalty of 5 percent of the two installments due.



1 (c) Any three installments of the taxes, together with 2 accumulated penalties, on or within 10 days following the day the 3 latest installment of taxes becomes due, there must be added thereto 4 a penalty of 6 percent of the three installments due.

5 (d) The full amount of the taxes, together with accumulated 6 penalties, on or within 10 days following the first Monday of 7 March, there must be added thereto a penalty of 7 percent of the full 8 amount of the taxes.

9 7. Any person charged with taxes which are a lien on a mobile 10 or manufactured home who fails to pay the taxes within 10 days 11 after an installment payment is due is subject to the following 12 provisions:

(a) A penalty of 10 percent of the taxes due; and

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(b) The county assessor may proceed under NRS 361.535.

8. If any property tax postponed pursuant to sections 2 to 21, 15 inclusive, of this act becomes due and payable and the person 16 charged with that tax fails to make the required payment within 10 17 days after it becomes due, there must be added thereto a penalty of 18 7 percent of the amount of the tax that is due. If the required 19 payment is not paid within 30 days after it becomes due, there 20 must be added thereto all penalties and interest that would have 21 22 accrued had the property tax not been postponed pursuant to sections 2 to 21, inclusive, of this act. 23 24 9. The ex officio tax receiver of a county shall notify each 25 person in the county who is subject to a penalty pursuant to this

26 section of the provisions of NRS 360.419 and 361.4835.

27 Sec. 24. This act becomes effective on July 1, 2003.

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