SENATE BILL NO. 339–SENATOR CEGAVSKE

## MARCH 17, 2003

## Referred to Committee on Judiciary

- SUMMARY—Makes various changes relating to use of tobacco products. (BDR 5-1126)
- FISCAL NOTE: Effect on Local Government: Yes. Effect on the State: No.

EXPLANATION - Matter in *bolded italics* is new; matter between brackets [omitted material] is material to be omitted.

AN ACT relating to tobacco; prohibiting a minor from falsely representing his age to purchase tobacco products; providing the juvenile division of the district court with jurisdiction over a child who falsely represents his age to purchase tobacco products; providing a penalty; and providing other matters properly relating thereto.

## THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEVADA, REPRESENTED IN SENATE AND ASSEMBLY, DO ENACT AS FOLLOWS:

1 **Section 1.** Chapter 62 of NRS is hereby amended by adding 2 thereto a new section to read as follows:

- 3 1. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 2, a child under
- 4 the age of  $1\hat{8}$  years shall not falsely represent that he is 18 years of
- 5 age or older to purchase or obtain cigarettes, cigarette paper,

6 tobacco of any description or products made from tobacco.

7 2. The provisions of this section do not apply to a child 8 assisting in an inspection pursuant to NRS 202.2496.

9 Sec. 2. NRS 62.040 is hereby amended to read as follows:

10 62.040 1. Except if the child involved is subject to the 11 exclusive jurisdiction of an Indian tribe, and except as otherwise 12 provided in this chapter, the court has exclusive original jurisdiction 13 in proceedings:

14 (a) Concerning any child living or found within the county who 15 is in need of supervision because he:



1 (1) Is a child who is subject to compulsory school attendance 2 and is a habitual truant from school;

(2) Engages in an act described in section 1 of this act;

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4 (3) Habitually disobeys the reasonable and lawful demands 5 of his parents, guardian or other custodian, and is unmanageable; or 6 (3) (4) Deserts, abandons or runs away from his home or

6 [(3)] (4) Deserts, abandons or runs away from his home or 7 usual place of abode, 8 and is in need of each or makehilitation [The] A shild who is in need

8 and is in need of care or rehabilitation. [The] A child who is in need
9 of supervision pursuant to this paragraph must not be considered a
10 delinquent.

(b) Concerning any child living or found within the county who
has committed a delinquent act. A child commits a delinquent act if
he violates a county or municipal ordinance or any rule or regulation
having the force of law, or he commits an act designated a crime
under the law of the State of Nevada.

16 (c) Concerning any child in need of commitment to an 17 institution for the mentally retarded.

18 2. For the purposes of subsection 1, each of the following acts 19 shall be deemed not to be a delinquent act, and the court does not 20 have jurisdiction of a person who is charged with committing such 21 an act:

(a) Murder or attempted murder and any other related offense
arising out of the same facts as the murder or attempted murder,
regardless of the nature of the related offense.

(b) Sexual assault or attempted sexual assault involving the use or threatened use of force or violence against the victim and any other related offense arising out of the same facts as the sexual assault or attempted sexual assault, regardless of the nature of the related offense, if:

(1) The person was 16 years of age or older when the sexual
 assault or attempted sexual assault was committed; and

(2) Before the sexual assault or attempted sexual assault was
 committed, the person previously had been adjudicated delinquent
 for an act that would have been a felony if committed by an adult.

(c) An offense or attempted offense involving the use or threatened use of a firearm and any other related offense arising out of the same facts as the offense or attempted offense involving the use or threatened use of a firearm, regardless of the nature of the related offense, if:

40 (1) The person was 16 years of age or older when the offense
41 or attempted offense involving the use or threatened use of a firearm
42 was committed; and

43 (2) Before the offense or attempted offense involving the use 44 or threatened use of a firearm was committed, the person previously



had been adjudicated delinquent for an act that would have been a 1 2 felony if committed by an adult.

(d) A felony resulting in death or substantial bodily harm to the 3 victim and any other related offense arising out of the same facts as 4 5 the felony, regardless of the nature of the related offense, if:

(1) The felony was committed on the property of a public or 6 7 private school when pupils or employees of the school were present 8 or may have been present, at an activity sponsored by a public or 9 private school or on a school bus while the bus was engaged in its 10 official duties: and

(2) The person intended to create a great risk of death or 11 substantial bodily harm to more than one person by means of a 12 13 weapon, device or course of action that would normally be 14 hazardous to the lives of more than one person.

(e) Any other offense if, before the offense was committed, the 15 person previously had been convicted of a criminal offense. 16

17 3. If a child is charged with a minor traffic offense, the court may transfer the case and record to a justice's or municipal court if 18 19 the judge determines that it is in the best interest of the child. If a 20 case is so transferred:

21 (a) The restrictions set forth in subsection 7 of NRS 62.170 are 22 applicable in those proceedings; and

(b) The child must be accompanied at all proceedings by a 23 24 parent or legal guardian.

With the consent of the judge of the juvenile division, the case may 25 26 be transferred back to the juvenile court.

27 4. As used in this section, "school bus" has the meaning 28 ascribed to it in NRS 483.160. 29

Sec. 3. NRS 62.212 is hereby amended to read as follows:

30 62.212 1. Except as otherwise provided in subsection [3,] 4, 31 if the court finds that a child is within the purview of paragraph (a) of subsection 1 of NRS 62.040 and has not previously been the 32 subject of a complaint under NRS 62.128 before committing the acts 33 34 for which the petition was filed, the court shall:

35 (a) Admonish the child to obey the law and to refrain from repeating the acts for which the petition was filed, and maintain a 36 37 record of the admonition; and

38 (b) Refer the child, without adjudication, to services available in 39 the community for counseling, behavioral modification and social 40 adjustment.

2. Except as otherwise provided in subsection [3,] 4, a child 41 42 *described in subsection 1* must not be adjudicated to be a child in 43 need of supervision unless a subsequent petition based upon 44 additional facts is filed with the court after admonition and referral 45 pursuant to [this subsection.



2.] that subsection. 1 2

**3.** A child who is:

(a) Less than 12 years of age must not be committed to or 3 otherwise placed in the Nevada Youth Training Center or the 4 Caliente Youth Center. 5

(b) Not adjudicated to be delinquent must not be committed to 6 or otherwise placed in the Nevada Youth Training Center, the 7 Caliente Youth Center or any other facility that provides 8 9 correctional care.

10 [3.] 4. The provisions of subsection 1 do not apply to a child 11 alleged to be in need of supervision because he is a habitual truant.

5. In addition to the actions set forth in subsection 1, a court 12 may order a child who engages in an act described in section 1 of 13

this act to perform community service. Community service so 14 15 ordered must be performed:

(a) For and under the supervising authority of a county, city, town or other political subdivision or agency of this state or a 16 17

charitable organization that renders service to the community or 18

its residents; and 19

(b) At the child's school of attendance, if practicable. 20

