SENATE BILL NO. 179–COMMITTEE ON HUMAN RESOURCES AND FACILITIES

(ON BEHALF OF THE DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN RESOURCES, MENTAL HEALTH AND DEVELOPMENTAL SERVICES DIVISION)

FEBRUARY 20, 2003

Referred to Committee on Human Resources and Facilities

SUMMARY—Makes various changes related to mental health. (BDR 39-480)

FISCAL NOTE: Effect on Local Government: No. Effect on the State: No.

EXPLANATION - Matter in *bolded italics* is new; matter between brackets [omitted material] is material to be omitted.

AN ACT relating to mental health; revising the definition of "mental illness" for certain purposes; clarifying the period that a person may be detained in a public or private mental health facility or hospital under an emergency admission for evaluation, observation and treatment; revising the provisions governing the medical examination of an allegedly mentally ill person that is required before he may be transported to a public or private mental health facility under an emergency admission for evaluation, observation and treatment; authorizing a court to establish a program for the treatment of mental retardation to which it may assign a defendant in a criminal action; authorizing a court, in determining the competency of a defendant in a criminal action, to consider evidence related to treatment to competency; authorizing a court to order the involuntary administration of medication to a defendant in a criminal action under certain circumstances; and providing other matters properly relating thereto.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEVADA, REPRESENTED IN SENATE AND ASSEMBLY, DO ENACT AS FOLLOWS:



Section 1. Chapter 433 of NRS is hereby amended by adding 1 2 thereto a new section to read as follows:

"Treatment to competency" means treatment provided to a 3 person who is a defendant in a criminal action or proceeding to 4 5 attempt to cause him to attain competency to stand trial or receive pronouncement of judgment. 6 7

Sec. 2. NRS 433.005 is hereby amended to read as follows:

8 433.005 As used in this title, unless the context otherwise 9 requires, or except as otherwise defined by specific statute, the words and terms defined in NRS 433.014 to 433.224, inclusive, and 10 section 1 of this act have the meanings ascribed to them in those 11 12 sections.

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Sec. 3. NRS 433.044 is hereby amended to read as follows: 433.044 "Client" means any person who seeks, on his own or 14 15 another's initiative, and can benefit from, care, treatment and training provided by the Division [-], or from treatment to 16 17 competency provided by the Division.

Sec. 4. NRS 433.164 is hereby amended to read as follows: 18 433.164 "Mental illness" means [any mental disfunction 19 leading to impaired ability to maintain oneself and function 20 effectively in one's life situation without external support.] a 21

clinically significant disorder of thought, mood, perception, 22 23 orientation, memory or behavior which: 24 1. Is listed in the most recent edition of the clinical manual of

the International Classification of Diseases, ICD-9-CM, code 25 range 295 to 302.9, inclusive, 306 to 309.9, inclusive, or 311 to 26 27 316, inclusive, or the corresponding code in the most recent 28 edition of the American Psychiatric Association's Diagnostic and 29 Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders, DSM-IV, Axis I; and

30 2. Seriously limits the capacity of a person to function in the 31 primary aspects of daily living, including, without limitation, personal relations, living arrangements, employment and 32 33 recreation. 34

Sec. 5. NRS 433.431 is hereby amended to read as follows:

433.431 As used in this section and NRS 433.434, 433.444 and 35 433.454, unless the context otherwise requires: 36

1. "Client" means any person who seeks, on his own or 37 another's initiative, and can benefit from , care, treatment , 38 39 *treatment to competency* or training in a division facility.

40 2. "Division facility" means any unit or subunit operated by:

41 (a) The Division of Mental Health and Developmental Services 42 of the Department for the care, treatment and training of clients; or

43 (b) The Division of Child and Family Services of the 44 Department pursuant to NRS 433B.010 to 433B.350, inclusive.



Sec. 6. NRS 433.554 is hereby amended to read as follows:

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2 433.554 1. An employee of a public or private mental health 3 facility or any other person, except a client, who:

4 (a) Has reason to believe that a client of the Division or of a 5 private facility offering mental health services has been or is being 6 abused or neglected and fails to report it;

7 (b) Brings intoxicating beverages or a controlled substance into 8 any division facility occupied by clients unless specifically 9 authorized to do so by the administrative officer or a staff physician 10 of the facility;

(c) Is under the influence of liquor or a controlled substance
while employed in contact with clients, unless in accordance with a
lawfully issued prescription;

14 (d) Enters into any transaction with a client involving the 15 transfer of money or property for personal use or gain at the expense 16 of the client; or

17 (e) Contrives the escape, elopement or absence of a 18 client,

19 is guilty of a misdemeanor, in addition to any other penalties20 provided by law.

21 2. In addition to any other penalties provided by law, an 22 employee of a public or private mental health facility or any other 23 person, except a client, who willfully abuses or neglects a client:

(a) For a first violation that does not result in substantial bodilyharm to the client, is guilty of a gross misdemeanor.

(b) For a first violation that results in substantial bodily harm tothe client, is guilty of a category B felony.

(c) For a second or subsequent violation, is guilty of a categoryB felony.

A person convicted of a category B felony pursuant to this section shall be punished by imprisonment in the state prison for a minimum term of not less than 1 year and a maximum term of not more than 6 years, or by a fine of not more than \$5,000, or by both fine and imprisonment.

35 3. A person who is convicted pursuant to this section is 36 ineligible for 5 years for appointment to or employment in a position 37 in the state service and, if he is an officer or employee of the State, 38 he forfeits his office or position.

4. A conviction pursuant to this section is, when applicable, 40 grounds for disciplinary action against the person so convicted and 41 the facility where the violation occurred. The Division may 42 recommend to the appropriate agency or board the suspension or 43 revocation of the professional license, registration, certificate or 44 permit of a person convicted pursuant to this section.

45 5. For the purposes of this section:



(a) "Abuse" means any willful and unjustified infliction of pain,
 injury or mental anguish upon a client, including, but not limited to:
 (1) The rape, sexual assault or sexual exploitation of the
 client;

(2) The use of any type of aversive intervention;

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6 (3) Except as otherwise provided in NRS 433.5486, a 7 violation of NRS 433.549; and

8 (4) The use of physical, chemical or mechanical restraints or 9 the use of seclusion in violation of federal law.

Any act which meets the standard of practice for care and treatmentdoes not constitute abuse.

(b) "Client" includes any person who seeks, on his own or
others' initiative, and can benefit from, care, treatment and training
in a public or private institution or facility offering mental health
services [.], or from treatment to competency in a public or private *institution or facility offering mental health services.* The term
includes a client of the Division of Child and Family Services of the
Department.

19 (c) "Neglect" means any omission to act which causes injury to 20 a client or which places the client at risk of injury, including, but not 21 limited to, the failure to follow:

(1) An appropriate plan of treatment to which the client hasconsented; and

24 (2) The policies of the facility for the care and treatment of 25 clients.

Any omission to act which meets the standard of practice for care and treatment does not constitute neglect.

28 (d) "Standard of practice" means the skill and care ordinarily 29 exercised by prudent professional personnel engaged in health care.

30 Sec. 7. NRS 433.459 is hereby amended to read as follows:

433.459 "Client" means any person who seeks, on his own or
others' initiative, and can benefit from, care, treatment and training
in any facility [], or from treatment to competency in any facility.

34 Sec. 8. NRS 433.538 is hereby amended to read as follows:

433.538 As used in NRS 433.538 to 433.543, inclusive, unless the context otherwise requires:

37 1. "Administrative officer" means a person with overall
38 executive and administrative responsibility for a division facility.

2. "Client" means any person who seeks, on his own or another's initiative, and can benefit from , care, treatment , *treatment to competency* or training in a division facility.

42 3. "Division facility" means any unit or subunit operated by:

(a) The Division of Mental Health and Developmental Servicesof the Department for the care, treatment and training of clients; or



1 (b) The Division of Child and Family Services of the 2 Department pursuant to NRS 433B.010 to 433B.350, inclusive.

Sec. 9. NRS 433A.014 is hereby amended to read as follows:

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4 433A.014 "Client" means any person who seeks, on his own or
5 another's initiative, and can benefit from , care, treatment ,
6 *treatment to competency* or training provided by the Division.
7 Sec. 10. NRS 433A.150 is hereby amended to read as follows:

Sec. 10. NRS 433A.150 is hereby amended to read as follows:

8 433A.150 1. Any person alleged to be a mentally ill person 9 may, upon application pursuant to NRS 433A.160 and subject to the 10 provisions of subsection 2, be detained in a public or private mental 11 health facility or hospital under an emergency admission for 12 evaluation, observation and treatment.

2. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 3, a person 13 14 admitted to a mental health facility or hospital under subsection 1 must be released within 72 hours, including weekends and holidays, 15 from the time of his admission to that facility or hospital unless 16 within that period a written petition for an involuntary court-ordered 17 admission is filed with the clerk of the district court pursuant to 18 19 NRS 433A.200, including, without limitation, the documents required pursuant to NRS 433A. 210, or the status of the person is 20 21 changed to a voluntary admission.

3. If the period specified in subsection 2 expires on a day on which the office of the clerk of the district court is not open, the written petition must be filed on or before the close of the business day next following the expiration of that period.

Sec. 11. NRS 433A.165 is hereby amended to read as follows:
 433A.165 1. Before an allegedly mentally ill person may be
 transported to a public or private mental health facility pursuant to
 NRS 433A.160, [he] the person must:

(a) First be examined [by a licensed Physician or Physician
Assistant or an Advanced Practitioner of Nursing] to determine
whether the person has a medical problem, other than a psychiatric
problem, which requires immediate treatment; and

34 (b) If such treatment is required, be admitted to a hospital for the 35 appropriate medical care.

2. The examination and any transfer of the person from a
facility when the person has an emergency medical condition and
has not been stabilized must be conducted in compliance with:

39 (a) The requirements of 42 U.S.C. § 1395dd and any 40 regulations adopted pursuant thereto, and must involve a person 41 authorized pursuant to federal law to conduct such an 42 examination or certify such a transfer; and

43 (b) The provisions of NRS 439B.410.

44 **3.** The cost of the examination must be paid by the county in 45 which the allegedly mentally ill person resides if services are



provided at a county hospital located in that county or a hospital
 designated by that county, unless the cost is voluntarily paid by the
 allegedly mentally ill person or on his behalf, by his insurer or by a
 state or federal program of medical assistance.

5 [3.] 4. The county may recover all or any part of the expenses 6 paid by it, in a civil action against:

(a) The person whose expenses were paid;

(b) The estate of that person; or

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9 (c) A responsible relative as prescribed in NRS 433A.610, to the 10 extent that financial ability is found to exist.

11 [4.] 5. The cost of treatment, including hospitalization, for an 12 indigent must be paid pursuant to NRS 428.010 by the county in 13 which the allegedly mentally ill person resides.

14 **Sec. 12.** NRS 433A.360 is hereby amended to read as follows: 433A.360 1. A clinical record for each client must be 15 diligently maintained by any division facility or private institution 16 or facility offering mental health services. The record must include 17 information pertaining to the client's admission, legal status, 18 19 treatment and individualized plan for habilitation. The clinical 20 record is not a public record and no part of it may be released, except: 21

(a) The record must be released to physicians, attorneys and
 social agencies as specifically authorized in writing by the client, his
 parent, guardian or attorney.

(b) The record must be released to persons authorized by the order of a court of competent jurisdiction.

(c) The record or any part thereof may be disclosed to a 27 qualified member of the staff of a division facility, an employee of 28 29 the Division or a member of the staff of an agency in Nevada which 30 has been established pursuant to the Developmental Disabilities 31 Assistance and Bill of Rights Act (42 U.S.C. §§ 6041 et seq.) or the Protection and Advocacy for Mentally Ill Individuals Act of 1986 32 (42 U.S.C. §§ 10801 et seq.) when the Administrator deems it 33 necessary for the proper care of the client. 34

(d) Information from the clinical records may be used for
statistical and evaluative purposes if the information is abstracted in
such a way as to protect the identity of individual clients.

(e) To the extent necessary for a client to make a claim, or for a
claim to be made on behalf of a client for aid, insurance or medical
assistance to which he may be entitled, information from the records
may be released with the written authorization of the client or his
guardian.

43 (f) The record must be released without charge to any member 44 of the staff of an agency in Nevada which has been established



pursuant to 42 U.S.C. §§ 6041 et seq. or 42 U.S.C. §§ 10801 et seq. 1 2 if: (1) The client is a client of that office and he or his legal 3 4 representative or guardian authorizes the release of the record; or 5 (2) A complaint regarding a client was received by the office or there is probable cause to believe that the client has been abused 6 7 or neglected and the client: (I) Is unable to authorize the release of the record because 8 9 of his mental or physical condition; and 10 (II) Does not have a guardian or other legal representative or is a ward of the state. 11 (g) The record must be released as provided in NRS 433.332 or 12 13 433B.200 and in chapter 629 of NRS. 2. As used in this section, "client" includes any person who 14 15 seeks, on his own or others' initiative, and can benefit from, care, treatment and training in a private institution or facility offering 16 mental health services [], or from treatment to competency in a 17 private institution or facility offering mental health services. 18 Sec. 13. Chapter 176A of NRS is hereby amended by adding 19 20 thereto a new section to read as follows: "Mental retardation" has the meaning ascribed to it in 21 22 NRS 433.174. Sec. 14. NRS 176A.010 is hereby amended to read as follows: 23 24 176A.010 As used in this chapter, unless the context otherwise 25 requires, the words and terms defined in NRS 176A.020 to 176A.080, inclusive, and section 13 of this act have the meanings 26 27 ascribed to them in those sections. 28 **Sec. 15.** NRS 176A.045 is hereby amended to read as follows: 29 176A.045 "Mental illness" [means an organic disorder of the brain or a clinically significant disorder of thought, mood, 30 perception, orientation, memory or behavior which is listed in the 31 most recent edition of the clinical manual of the International 32 Classification of Diseases, ICD-9-CM, code range 290 to 302.99, 33 inclusive, or 306 to 316, inclusive, or the corresponding code in the 34 most recent edition of the American Psychiatric Association's 35 Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders, DSM MD, 36 Axes I, II or III, and which seriously limits the capacity of a person 37 38 to function in the primary aspects of daily living, including, without limitation, personal relations, living arrangements, employment and 39 40 recreation.] has the meaning ascribed to it in NRS 433.164. 41 **Sec. 16.** NRS 176A.250 is hereby amended to read as follows: 42 176A.250 A court may establish an appropriate program for 43 the treatment of mental illness or *mental retardation* to which it 44 may assign a defendant pursuant to NRS 176A.260. The assignment must include the terms and conditions for successful completion of 45

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the program and provide for progress reports at intervals set by the
 court to ensure that the defendant is making satisfactory progress
 towards completion of the program.

4 **Sec. 17.** NRS 176A.255 is hereby amended to read as follows: 5 176A.255 1. A justice's court or a municipal court may, upon 6 approval of the district court, transfer original jurisdiction to the 7 district court of a case involving an eligible defendant.

8 2. As used in this section, "eligible defendant" means a person 9 who:

10 (a) Has not tendered a plea of guilty, guilty but mentally ill or 11 nolo contendere to, or been found guilty of, an offense that is a 12 misdemeanor;

(b) Appears to suffer from mental illness [;] or to be mentally *retarded;* and

15 (c) Would benefit from assignment to a program established 16 pursuant to NRS 176A.250.

17 **Sec. 18.** NRS 176A.260 is hereby amended to read as follows: 176A.260 1. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 2, if 18 19 a defendant who suffers from mental illness *or is mentally retarded* tenders a plea of guilty, guilty but mentally ill or nolo contendere to, 20 or is found guilty of, any offense for which the suspension of 21 22 sentence or the granting of probation is not prohibited by statute, the court may, without entering a judgment of conviction and with 23 24 the consent of the defendant, suspend further proceedings and place 25 the defendant on probation upon terms and conditions that must 26 include attendance and successful completion of a program 27 established pursuant to NRS 176A.250.

28 2. If the offense committed by the defendant involved the use 29 or threatened use of force or violence or if the defendant was 30 previously convicted in this state or in any other jurisdiction of a 31 felony that involved the use or threatened use of force or violence, 32 the court may not assign the defendant to the program unless the 33 prosecuting attorney stipulates to the assignment.

3. Upon violation of a term or condition:

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(a) The court may enter a judgment of conviction and proceed as
 provided in the section pursuant to which the defendant was
 charged.

(b) Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (e) of
subsection 2 of NRS 193.130, the court may order the defendant to
the custody of the Department of Corrections if the offense is
punishable by imprisonment in the state prison.

42 4. Upon fulfillment of the terms and conditions, the court shall
43 discharge the defendant and dismiss the proceedings against him.
44 Discharge and dismissal pursuant to this section is without
45 adjudication of guilt and is not a conviction for purposes of this



1 section or for purposes of employment, civil rights or any statute or regulation or license or questionnaire or for any other public or 2 private purpose, but is a conviction for the purpose of additional 3 4 penalties imposed for second or subsequent convictions or the 5 setting of bail. Discharge and dismissal restores the defendant, in the 6 contemplation of the law, to the status occupied before the arrest, 7 indictment or information. The defendant may not be held thereafter under any law to be guilty of perjury or otherwise giving a false 8 9 statement by reason of failure to recite or acknowledge that arrest, 10 indictment, information or trial in response to an inquiry made of 11 him for any purpose.

Sec. 19. Chapter 178 of NRS is hereby amended by adding 12 13 thereto a new section to read as follows:

14 As used in NRS 178.400 to 178.460, inclusive, unless the context otherwise requires, "treatment to competency" means 15 treatment provided to a defendant to attempt to cause him to attain 16 competency to stand trial or receive pronouncement of judgment. 17 18

Sec. 20. NRS 178.415 is hereby amended to read as follows:

19 178.415 1. Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, the court shall appoint two psychiatrists, two psychologists, or one 20 psychiatrist and one psychologist, to examine the defendant. If the 21 22 defendant is accused of a misdemeanor, the court of jurisdiction 23 shall appoint a psychiatric social worker, or other person who is especially qualified by the Division of Mental Health and 24 25 Developmental Services of the Department of Human Resources, to examine the defendant. 26

27 2. At a hearing in open court, the judge shall receive the report of the examination and shall permit counsel for both sides to 28 29 examine the person or persons appointed to examine the defendant. 30 The prosecuting attorney and the defendant may *fintroduce*:

31 (a) Introduce other evidence including, without limitation, 32 evidence related to treatment to competency and the possibility of 33 ordering the involuntary administration of medication; and 34 [cross-examine]

(b) Cross-examine one another's witnesses.

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3. The court shall then make and enter its finding of 36 37 competence or incompetence.

38 **Sec. 21.** NRS 178.425 is hereby amended to read as follows:

39 178.425 1. If the court finds the defendant incompetent, and 40 that he is dangerous to himself or to society or that commitment is 41 required for a determination of his ability to *receive treatment to* 42 *competency and to* attain competence, the judge shall order the 43 sheriff to convey [him] the defendant forthwith, together with a 44 copy of the complaint, the commitment and the physicians' 45 certificate, if any, into the custody of the Administrator of the



1 Division of Mental Health and Developmental Services of the 2 Department of Human Resources or his designee for detention and treatment at a secure facility operated by that Division. The order 3 may include the involuntary administration of medication if 4 5 appropriate for treatment to competency.

2. The defendant must be held in such custody until a court 6 orders his release or until he is returned for trial or judgment as 7 provided in NRS 178.450 [to 178.460, inclusive.], 178.455 and 8 9 178.460.

10 3. If the court finds the defendant incompetent but not dangerous to himself or to society, and finds that commitment is not 11 required for a determination of the defendant's ability to *receive* 12 13 *treatment to competency and to* attain competence, the judge shall 14 order the defendant to report to the Administrator or his designee as 15 an outpatient for treatment, if it might be beneficial, and for a determination of his ability to receive treatment to competency and 16 to attain competence. The court may require the defendant to give 17 bail for his periodic appearances before the Administrator or his 18 19 designee.

20 Except as otherwise provided in subsection 5, proceedings 4. against the defendant must be suspended until the Administrator or 21 22 his designee or, if the defendant is charged with a misdemeanor, the judge finds him capable of standing trial or opposing 23 24 pronouncement of judgment as provided in NRS 178.400.

25 5. Whenever the defendant has been found incompetent, with 26 no substantial probability of attaining competency in the foreseeable 27 future, and released from custody or from obligations as an 28 outpatient pursuant to paragraph (d) of subsection 4 of NRS 29 178.460, the proceedings against the defendant which were 30 suspended must be dismissed. No new charge arising out of the 31 same circumstances may be brought after a period, equal to the maximum time allowed by law for commencing a criminal action 32 33 for the crime with which the defendant was charged, has lapsed since the date of the alleged offense. 34 35

Sec. 22. NRS 178.450 is hereby amended to read as follows:

178.450 1. The Administrator of the Division of Mental 36 Health and Developmental Services of the Department of Human 37 38 Resources or his designee shall keep each defendant committed to his custody under NRS 178.425 or 178.460 under observation and 39 40 shall have each defendant who has been ordered to report to him as 41 an outpatient under those sections evaluated periodically.

42 2. The Administrator or his designee shall report in writing to a 43 judge of the court which committed the person and the prosecuting 44 attorney of the county or city to which the person may be returned 45 for further court action whether, in his opinion, upon medical



consultation, the defendant is of sufficient mentality to be able to 1 2 understand the nature of the criminal charge against him and, by reason thereof, is able to aid and assist his counsel in the defense 3 interposed upon the trial or against the pronouncement of the 4 5 judgment thereafter. The Administrator or his designee shall submit such a report, in the case of a person charged or convicted of a 6 7 misdemeanor, within 3 months after the order for commitment or 8 treatment and evaluation as an outpatient or for recommitment 9 pursuant to paragraph (b) of subsection 4 of NRS 178.460, and at 10 monthly intervals thereafter. In all other cases, the initial report must be submitted within 6 months after the order and at 6-month 11 intervals thereafter. If the opinion of the Administrator or his 12 13 designee about the defendant is that he is not of sufficient mentality 14 to understand the nature of the charge against him and assist in his own defense, the Administrator or his designee shall also include in 15 the report his opinion whether: 16

17 (a) There is a substantial probability that the defendant *can* 18 *receive treatment to competency and* will attain competency to 19 stand trial or receive pronouncement of judgment in the foreseeable 20 future; and

21 (b) The defendant is at that time a danger to himself or to 22 society.

3. The report must contain:

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(a) The name of the defendant and the county or city to which hemay be returned for further court action.

(b) The circumstances under which he was committed to the
custody of the Administrator or his designee and the duration of his
hospitalization, or the circumstances under which he was ordered to
report to the Administrator or his designee as an outpatient.

30 Sec. 23. NRS 178.455 is hereby amended to read as follows:

31 178.455 1. Except as otherwise provided for persons charged with or convicted of a misdemeanor, the Administrator of the 32 33 Division of Mental Health and Developmental Services of the Department of Human Resources or his designee shall appoint a 34 licensed psychiatrist and a licensed psychologist from the treatment 35 team to evaluate the defendant. The Administrator or his designee 36 37 shall also appoint a third evaluator who must be a licensed 38 psychiatrist or psychologist and not a member of the treatment team. Upon the completion of the evaluation and treatment of the 39 40 defendant, the Administrator or his designee shall report to the court 41 in writing his specific findings and opinion upon:

42 (a) Whether the person is of sufficient mentality to understand43 the nature of the offense charged;



1 (b) Whether the person is of sufficient mentality to aid and assist 2 counsel in the defense of the offense charged, or to show cause why 3 judgment should not be pronounced; and

4 (c) If the person is not of sufficient mentality pursuant to 5 paragraphs (a) and (b) to be placed upon trial or receive 6 pronouncement of judgment, whether there is a substantial 7 probability that he *can receive treatment to competency and* will 8 attain competency in the foreseeable future.

9 2. A copy of the report must be:

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10 (a) Maintained by the Administrator of the Division of Mental 11 Health and Developmental Services or his designee and 12 incorporated in the medical record of the person; and

(b) Sent to the office of the district attorney and to the counselfor the outpatient or person committed.

3. In the case of a person charged with or convicted of a
misdemeanor, the judge shall, upon receipt of the report set forth in
NRS 178.450 from the Administrator of the Division of Mental
Health and Developmental Services or his designee:

19 (a) Send a copy of the report by the Administrator or his 20 designee to the prosecuting attorney and to the defendant's counsel;

(b) Hold a hearing, if one is requested within 10 days after the report is sent pursuant to paragraph (a), at which the attorneys may examine the Administrator or his designee or the members of the defendant's treatment team on the determination of the report; and

(c) Within 10 days after the hearing, if any, or 20 days after the
report is sent if no hearing is requested, enter his finding of
competence or incompetence in the manner set forth in subsection 4
of NRS 178.460.

Sec. 24. NRS 178.460 is hereby amended to read as follows:

178.460 1. If requested by the district attorney or counsel for the defendant within 10 days after the report by the Administrator or his designee is sent to them, the judge shall hold a hearing within 10 days after the request at which the district attorney and the defense counsel may examine the members of the treatment team on their report.

2. If the judge orders the appointment of a licensed psychiatrist
or psychologist who is not employed by the Division of Mental
Health and Developmental Services of the Department of Human
Resources to perform an additional evaluation and report concerning
the defendant, the cost of the additional evaluation and report is a
charge against the county.

42 3. Within 10 days after the hearing or 20 days after the report is 43 sent, if no hearing is requested, the judge shall make and enter his 44 finding of competence or incompetence, and if he finds the 45 defendant to be incompetent:



1 (a) Whether there is substantial probability that the defendant 2 can receive treatment to competency and will attain competency to stand trial or receive pronouncement of judgment in the foreseeable 3 4 future; and

5 (b) Whether the defendant is at that time a danger to himself or 6 to society. 7

4. If the judge finds the defendant:

8 (a) Competent, the judge shall, within 10 days, forward his 9 finding to the prosecuting attorney and counsel for the defendant. 10 Upon receipt thereof, the prosecuting attorney shall notify the sheriff of the county or chief of police of the city that the defendant 11 has been found competent and prearrange with the facility for the 12 13 return of the defendant to that county or city for trial upon the 14 offense there charged or the pronouncement of judgment, as the case 15 may be.

(b) Incompetent, but there is a substantial probability that he *can* 16 17 *receive treatment to competency and* will attain competency to stand trial or receive pronouncement of judgment in the foreseeable 18 19 future and finds that he is dangerous to himself or to society, the 20 judge shall recommit the defendant [] and may order the 21 involuntary administration of medication for the purpose of treatment to competency. 22

23 (c) Incompetent, but there is a substantial probability that he *can* receive treatment to competency and will attain competency to 24 25 stand trial or receive pronouncement of judgment in the foreseeable future and finds that he is not dangerous to himself or to society, the 26 27 judge shall order that the defendant remain an outpatient or be 28 transferred to the status of an outpatient under the provisions of 29 NRS 178.425.

30 (d) Incompetent, with no substantial probability of attaining 31 competency in the foreseeable future, the judge shall order the defendant released from custody or if the defendant is an outpatient, 32 33 released from his obligations as an outpatient if, within 10 days, a petition is not filed to commit the person pursuant to NRS 34 35 433A.200. After the initial 10 days, the defendant may remain an outpatient or in custody under the provisions of this chapter only as 36 37 long as the petition is pending unless the defendant is involuntarily 38 committed pursuant to chapter 433A of NRS.

39 5. No person who is committed under the provisions of this 40 chapter may be held in the custody of the Administrator of 41 the Division of Mental Health and Developmental Services of the 42 Department of Human Resources or his designee longer than the 43 longest period of incarceration provided for the crime or crimes with 44 which he is charged. Upon expiration of the period, the defendant must be returned to the committing court for a determination as to 45



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whether or not involuntary commitment pursuant to chapter 433A of NRS is required. Sec. 25. This act becomes effective upon passage and 3 4 approval.

