ASSEMBLY BILL NO. 512-COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION

MARCH 24, 2003

Referred to Committee on Education

- SUMMARY—Prescribes requirements for privatization agreements between school districts and contractors for certain educational services. (BDR 34-840)
- FISCAL NOTE: Effect on Local Government: Yes. Effect on the State: No.

EXPLANATION - Matter in *bolded italics* is new; matter between brackets [omitted material] is material to be omitted.

AN ACT relating to education; prescribing requirements for privatization agreements between school districts and contractors for the performance of certain services; prohibiting a school district from entering into such agreements under certain circumstances; specifying the procedure to be followed in entering into such agreements; requiring the Legislature or the Legislative Committee on Education to approve privatization agreements under certain circumstances; establishing substantive requirements for the agreements; providing for the automatic termination of agreements under certain circumstances; prohibiting the governing body of a charter school from entering into certain contracts or agreements; and providing other matters properly relating thereto.

1 WHEREAS, The boards of trustees of the various school districts 2 are primarily responsible, under the oversight of the Legislature, for 3 operating and managing the system of public education in this state; 4 and

5 WHEREAS, The boards of trustees of the school districts are 6 ultimately accountable for ensuring that the system of public 7 education operates effectively and achieves the results mandated by 8 this state and federal law; and



WHEREAS, Some school districts in this state have entered into 1 2 agreements with independent contractors for the performance of instructional or other services related to education in the public 3 schools; and 4 WHEREAS, While the Legislature has not declared such 5 agreements to be unlawful, the Legislature desires to ensure that 6 these agreements do not become a means by which the boards of 7 8 trustees lose control over the public schools or abdicate their 9 responsibility for the operation and management of the public 10 schools; and WHEREAS, Certain safeguards are therefore necessary to ensure 11 that the costs and benefits of any such agreement are carefully 12 13 considered and monitored, and that control over the system of public 14 education remains at all times with the elected representatives of the 15 public: and WHEREAS, Accordingly, it is appropriate that procedural and 16 17 substantive requirements relating to such agreements be adopted and enforced; now, therefore, 18 19 20 THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEVADA, REPRESENTED IN 21 SENATE AND ASSEMBLY, DO ENACT AS FOLLOWS: 22 23 Section 1. Chapter 386 of NRS is hereby amended by adding 24 thereto the provisions set forth as sections 2 to 21, inclusive, of this 25 act. 26 Sec. 2. As used in sections 2 to 20, inclusive, of this act, 27 unless the context otherwise requires, the words and terms defined in sections 3 and 4 of this act have the meanings ascribed to them 28 29 in those sections. Sec. 3. "Contractor" means the person or entity with whom 30 the board of trustees of a school district proposes to enter into, or 31 32 has entered into, a privatization agreement. 33 Sec. 4. "Privatization agreement" means any agreement 34 between the board of trustees of a school district and a person or 35 entity, other than an employee of the school district, for the

36 performance of instructional services or any other service related
37 to education that would, but for the agreement, be performed by
38 an employee of the district.

39 Sec. 5. 1. Before entering into a privatization agreement, 40 the board of trustees of a school district shall undertake an 41 investigation of the proposed contractor to determine whether the 42 contractor satisfies the requirements of this section.

43 2. The board of trustees of a school district may enter into a 44 privatization agreement only with a contractor who establishes



that the contractor has performed similar agreements successfully
 and has earned a profit in each of the preceding 5 fiscal years.

3 3. The board of trustees of a school district shall not enter 4 into a privatization agreement with any contractor if:

5 (a) The contractor has a record of unsatisfactory performance 6 relating to similar agreements or other public contracts, is 7 insolvent, or has any record of unsatisfied judgments or claims; or

8 (b) The contractor or any officer or managing employee of the 9 contractor has previously been convicted of a felony or an offense 10 involving moral turpitude.

11 Sec. 6. 1. If the board of trustees of a school district is 12 considering whether to enter into a privatization agreement, the 13 board of trustees shall give written notice of that fact to:

(a) The residents of the school district, by publishing the notice
at least once each week during 2 successive weeks in a newspaper
of general circulation within the district; and

17 (b) Each bargaining agent of the employees of the school 18 district who may be affected by the agreement or, if there is no 19 bargaining agent for the employees, to each such employee 20 individually.

21 2. Publication or delivery of the notice required by subsection 22 1 must be completed not less than 120 days before any action is 23 taken by the board of trustees to adopt the agreement or carry out 24 its provisions. The notice must set forth:

25 (a) A description of the services to be provided pursuant to the 26 agreement;

27 (b) A statement of the reasons for entering into the agreement;

(c) A statement of the money to be allocated to the agreement,
identified by source;

30 (d) A statement of the expenditures to be budgeted for the 31 agreement, in sufficient detail to permit identification of the 32 specific purposes for which the expenditures will be made;

(e) An estimate of any costs attributable to the agreement that
would not otherwise be incurred, identifying those costs and the
source of money to be used to pay them;

36 (f) An estimate of any savings expected to be realized from the 37 agreement, identifying the particular areas of expenditure 38 involved and the anticipated savings in each category;

(g) An explanation of any anticipated nonmonetary benefits of
 the agreement; and

41 (h) A description of the manner in which a copy of the 42 agreement may be obtained.

43 3. Upon request of a person, the board of trustees shall 44 provide or make available a copy of the proposed agreement, 45 regardless of whether the terms of the agreement have been



finalized. As the proposed agreement is further revised, a copy
 must be made available pursuant to this subsection.

3 4. As used in this section, "bargaining agent" has the 4 meaning ascribed to it in NRS 288.027.

5 Sec. 7. The board of trustees of a school district shall not 6 adopt a privatization agreement if the agreement will result in, 7 among the employees of the school district:

8 1. A reduction in force or the elimination of any existing 9 position; or

10 2. A reduction or loss of salary, seniority or other benefits.

Sec. 8. 1. Before adopting a privatization agreement, the board of trustees of a school district must hold at least three public meetings, over a period of not less than 90 days, to receive comment from the general public and affected employees about the proposed agreement and to respond to questions about the proposed agreement.

17 The board of trustees shall not adopt the agreement unless 2. the board of trustees determines that any savings or other benefits 18 19 expected to be realized from the agreement substantially outweigh 20 the expected costs and disadvantages of the agreement. The board 21 of trustees shall state the factual basis for its determination in the 22 form of written findings, which must be made part of the record of 23 the proceedings of the board of trustees. The lack of substantial 24 evidence in the record to support any such finding is prima facie evidence that the requirements of this subsection have been 25 26 violated.

27 Sec. 9. 1. If a privatization agreement is approved by the 28 board of trustees of a school district and the agreement requires 29 an annual expenditure by the school district of:

30 (a) \$500,000 or more; or

(b) An amount equal to 5 percent or more of the district's total
 budgeted expenditures for the current fiscal year,

whichever is less, the agreement is not effective until it has been
reviewed and approved by the Legislature by concurrent resolution
or by the Legislative Committee on Education, as set forth in this
section.

2. After the adoption of a privatization agreement that is 37 38 subject to the requirements of subsection 1, the board of trustees 39 of the school district may submit a written request for approval of 40 the agreement by the Legislature or by the Legislative Committee 41 on Education. If a board of trustees chooses to submit such an 42 agreement for legislative approval, the request must be submitted 43 to the Director of the Legislative Counsel Bureau. The written 44 request for approval must set forth the information required by subsection 2 of section 6 of this act. The information set forth in 45



1 the request must be updated as necessary to reflect any changes 2 occurring between the date of the notice and the date of the 3 request.

3. If such a request is made during a regular session of the 4 Legislature, the Director of the Legislative Counsel Bureau shall 5 transmit the request to the Legislature. If the request is made 6 7 when the Legislature is not in regular session or if the Legislature has adjourned the session without acting upon the request, the 8 Director of the Legislative Counsel Bureau shall transmit 9 the request to the Legislative Committee on Education. If the 10 Legislature considers and approves such an agreement, the 11 Legislature shall express its approval by concurrent resolution. 12

Sec. 10. A contractor shall not employ any person to perform
 duties pursuant to a privatization agreement who has previously
 been convicted of a felony or an offense involving moral turpitude.

Sec. 11. 1. If a contractor is a party to a privatization 16 agreement which provides for pass-through payments to the 17 contractor, the contractor shall, on or before March 15 of each 18 19 year, submit to the board of trustees of the school district a 20 proposed budget for the ensuing fiscal year, setting forth a detailed estimate of revenues and expenditures relating to the 21 22 agreement. The board of trustees shall review the budget and 23 approve or modify it.

24 2. As used in this section, "pass-through payment" means a 25 payment to the contractor that is calculated to approximate, on a 26 per pupil basis, the amount of revenue received by the school 27 district from all sources or from the State Distributive School 28 Account.

29 Sec. 12. 1. The board of trustees of a school district that 30 has entered into a privatization agreement shall prepare an 31 annual written report that sets forth:

(a) The actual costs incurred and savings realized in the
 operation of the agreement, as compared to those that were
 projected before the agreement became effective. The report must
 include sufficient details to permit the reader to determine where
 any savings were realized, and to identify any disparities between
 projected and actual costs.

(b) If the agreement is for the performance of instructional
services, the information required by NRS 385.347 for pupils
receiving services under the agreement. The information must
include a comparison of the results achieved during the period
covered by the report with those achieved before the agreement
became effective.

44 (c) Any changes in the assignments of staff or levels of staffing 45 associated with the agreement, changes in levels of employee



1 absenteeism or changes in the number of grievances filed by 2 employees.

3 (d) Improvements or declines in the satisfaction of pupils and 4 staff with the service being provided.

5 (e) Any quantifiable changes in the service provided under the 6 agreement.

7 (f) Any other information deemed by the board of trustees to 8 be relevant in assessing the performance of the contractor and the 9 success of the agreement.

10 (g) Any other information required by regulation of the State 11 Board.

12 2. Such a written report must also be prepared within 60 days 13 after the expiration or termination of an agreement.

3. The board of trustees shall submit a copy of the written
report to the Legislative Committee on Education for its review
and shall provide a copy of the report to any person who requests
it.

18 **4.** Based upon its review of the report and such other 19 information as it deems to be relevant, the Legislative Committee 20 on Education may direct the board of trustees to terminate the 21 agreement.

22 Sec. 13. 1. If a privatization agreement is for the 23 performance of instructional services, it must set forth a standard 24 of academic achievement for pupils receiving the services and 25 provide that the agreement is terminable at will by the board of trustees if the board of trustees determines, in its sole discretion, 26 that the standard is not being met. A privatization agreement may 27 28 provide for review by an arbitrator of any such action by the board 29 of trustees, but the agreement must provide that the decision of the 30 arbitrator is final and binding and subject to judicial review only 31 on the grounds set forth in NRS 38.241. Any decision of the board of trustees to terminate the agreement is effective immediately and 32 33 may not be stayed or enjoined pending the outcome of any arbitral 34 or judicial proceeding brought to challenge the decision. 35 2. The standard of academic achievement set forth in the agreement must be based on the results of standardized tests or 36

other generally accepted methods of evaluating the academic
achievement of pupils. The standard must quantify expected levels
of achievement and specify a time certain within which these
levels of achievement must be attained. The board of trustees shall
not delegate to the contractor the responsibility for evaluating test
results and other indicators of academic achievement.

43 3. The board of trustees of a school district may enter into a 44 separate privatization agreement with another independent 45 contractor to evaluate the test results and other indicators of



academic achievement. During the term of the privatization
 agreement and for 2 years after that agreement expires or is
 terminated, such an independent contractor is disqualified from
 entering into any agreement with the board of trustees to provide
 instructional services to pupils in the school district.

6 Sec. 14. If the board of trustees of a school district has 7 entered into a privatization agreement and the board of trustees is 8 a party to a collective bargaining agreement governing the 9 performance of any of the services to be provided under the 10 privatization agreement, the privatization agreement must require 11 that the contractor comply with the collective bargaining 12 agreement during the term of that agreement.

13 Sec. 15. If a contactor is permitted by the terms of the 14 privatization agreement to use any capital facility belonging to the 15 school district, the agreement must require the contractor to pay to 16 the district the fair rental value of the facility or otherwise fairly 17 compensate the district for the use of the facility and for any 18 maintenance, repair and depreciation of the facility.

19 Sec. 16. 1. A privatization agreement must provide that 20 neither the board of trustees nor the school district:

(a) Has any obligation to indemnify the contractor against any
 liability or claim asserted against the contractor by a third party;
 or

24 (b) Is responsible as surety or guarantor for any debt or 25 liability incurred by the contractor.

26 2. The agreement must further require the contractor to 27 indemnify the board of trustees and the school district against any 28 claim by or liability to a third party attributable to the agreement. 29 The contractor shall name the board of trustees and the school 30 district as additional insureds on any policy of insurance 31 maintained by the contractor in connection with the performance 32 of the privatization agreement.

33 3. If any failure of the contractor to perform his duties under 34 a privatization agreement would expose the school district to a risk 35 of monetary loss in excess of \$100,000, the agreement must 36 require the contractor to post a bond, cash deposit or other 37 security adequate to ensure the performance of the agreement and 38 to protect against the risk of loss.

39 Sec. 17. The following documents and records are public 40 records and must be made available, upon request, for inspection 41 and copying as provided by NRS 239.010:

42 1. A privatization agreement and any attachment, exhibit, 43 schedule or amendment to the agreement.



1 2. Any correspondence between the contractor and the board 2 of trustees or the school district relating to a privatization 3 agreement.

4 3. The books of account and other financial records of a 5 contractor.

6 Sec. 18. 1. The term of a privatization agreement must not 7 exceed 3 years. Unless terminated early, any agreement purporting 8 to be for a term of more than 3 years expires by operation of law 9 after 3 years.

10 2. A privatization agreement must provide for its termination 11 as a matter of course:

12 (a) If any money required to be appropriated by the 13 Legislature for the support of the agreement is not appropriated;

14 (b) If the board of trustees concludes at any time, in its sole 15 discretion and after consideration of the facts set forth in the 16 report required by section 12 of this act, that the continued 17 existence of the agreement is not in the best interest of the school 18 district;

19 (c) If the board of trustees is directed to terminate the 20 agreement pursuant to section 12 of this act; or

(d) If the agreement is for the performance of instructional
services and the pupils receiving the services fail to meet any
standard of academic achievement required by any federal or state
law or regulation.

25 Except as otherwise provided in subsection 3, any such 26 termination is final and is not subject to review in any arbitral, 27 judicial or other proceeding.

28 3. If an agreement is terminated by the board of trustees 29 pursuant to paragraph (b) of subsection 2 and the agreement 30 provides for review by an arbitrator of any such action, the 31 agreement must provide that the decision of the arbitrator is final and binding and subject to judicial review only on the grounds set 32 33 forth in NRS 38.241. Any decision of the board of trustees to terminate the agreement is effective immediately and may not be 34 35 stayed or enjoined pending the outcome of any arbitral or judicial 36 proceeding brought to challenge the decision.

37 Sec. 19. A contractor shall not assign or attempt to assign its 38 interest in a privatization agreement to any other person. A 39 contractor shall not subcontract with any other person for the 40 performance of any part of the privatization agreement without 41 the written consent of the board of trustees.

42 Sec. 20. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 1 of 43 section 18 of this act, a privatization agreement that fails to 44 comply with any requirement of sections 2 to 20, inclusive, of this 45 act is unlawful and void and may be so declared in an action



commenced by any taxpayer of the county in which the school
 district is located. Any such action must be brought in the district
 court of the county and must include as defendants the members
 of the board of trustees, the school district and the contractor.

5 Sec. 21. 1. The governing body of a charter school shall 6 not enter into a contract or agreement with any person under the 7 terms of which the person agrees to:

8 (a) Employ or provide the administrator or any of the 9 instructional or educational support personnel of the charter 10 school; or

11 (b) Operate, manage or oversee any educational service or 12 program of the charter school.

13 2. A contract or agreement that violates the prohibition of 14 this section is unlawful and void and may be so declared in an 15 action commenced by any taxpayer of the county in which the 16 charter school is located. Any such action must be brought in 17 the district court of the county and must include as defendants the 18 parties to the contract or agreement.

19 Sec. 22. NRS 386.500 is hereby amended to read as follows:

20 386.500 For the purposes of NRS 386.500 to 386.610, 21 inclusive, and section 21 of this act, a pupil is "at risk" if he has an economic or academic disadvantage such that he requires special 22 23 services and assistance to enable him to succeed in educational 24 programs. The term includes, without limitation, pupils who are 25 members of economically disadvantaged families, pupils with limited proficiency in the English language, pupils who are at risk of 26 dropping out of high school and pupils who do not meet minimum 27 standards of academic proficiency. The term does not include a 28 29 pupil with a disability.

30 Sec. 23. NRS 386.560 is hereby amended to read as follows:

31 386.560 1. [The] Except as otherwise provided in section 21 of this act, the governing body of a charter school may contract with 32 33 the board of trustees of the school district in which the charter school is located or the University and Community College System 34 35 of Nevada for the provision of facilities to operate the charter school 36 or to perform any service relating to the operation of the charter 37 school, including, without limitation, transportation and the 38 provision of health services for the pupils who are enrolled in the 39 charter school.

2. A charter school may use any public facility located within
the school district in which the charter school is located. A charter
school may use school buildings owned by the school district only
upon approval of the board of trustees of the school district and
during times that are not regular school hours.



1 3. The board of trustees of a school district may donate surplus 2 personal property of the school district to a charter school that is 3 located within the school district.

4 4. Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, upon the 5 request of a parent or legal guardian of a pupil who is enrolled in a 6 charter school, the board of trustees of the school district in which 7 the charter school is located shall authorize the pupil to participate 8 in a class that is not available to the pupil at the charter school or *to* 9 participate in an extracurricular activity, excluding sports, at a 10 public school within the school district if:

11 (a) Space for the pupil in the class or extracurricular activity is 12 available; and

(b) The parent or legal guardian demonstrates to the satisfaction
of the board of trustees that the pupil is qualified to participate in the
class or extracurricular activity.

If the board of trustees of a school district authorizes a pupil to 16 participate in a class or extracurricular activity, excluding sports, 17 pursuant to this subsection, the board of trustees is not required to 18 provide transportation for the pupil to attend the class or activity. 19 20 The provisions of this subsection do not apply to a pupil who is enrolled in a charter school and who desires to participate on a part-21 22 time basis in a program of distance education provided by the board of trustees of a school district pursuant to NRS 388.820 to 388.874, 23 24 inclusive. Such a pupil must comply with NRS 388.858.

5. Upon the request of a parent or legal guardian of a pupil who is enrolled in a charter school, the board of trustees of the school district in which the charter school is located shall authorize the pupil to participate in sports at the public school that he would otherwise be required to attend within the school district, or upon approval of the board of trustees, any public school within the same zone of attendance as the charter school if:

(a) Space is available for the pupil to participate; and

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(b) The parent or legal guardian demonstrates to the satisfactionof the board of trustees that the pupil is qualified to participate.

35 If the board of trustees of a school district authorizes a pupil to 36 participate in sports pursuant to this subsection, the board of trustees 37 is not required to provide transportation for the pupil to participate.

38 6. The board of trustees of a school district may revoke its approval for a pupil to participate in a class, extracurricular activity 39 40 or sports at a public school pursuant to subsections 4 and 5 if the 41 board of trustees or the public school determines that the pupil has 42 failed to comply with applicable statutes, or applicable rules and 43 regulations of the board of trustees, the public school or an 44 association for interscholastic activities. If the board of trustees so revokes its approval, neither the board of trustees nor the public 45



school are liable for any damages relating to the denial of services to
 the pupil.

3 Sec. 24. 1. Sections 2 to 20, inclusive, of this act apply to 4 any contract entered into for a purpose described in section 4 of this 5 act, on or after the effective date of this act.

2. With respect to any contract entered into for a purpose 6 7 described in section 4 of this act and existing on the effective date of 8 this act, no money apportioned to a school district on or after that 9 date pursuant to NRS 387.124 may be expended in connection with 10 a contract that fails to comply with the requirements of sections 2 to 20, inclusive, of this act. The first renewal of such a contract, or any 11 amendment that serves as a renewal of the contract, after the 12 13 effective date of this act shall be deemed for the purposes of this act 14 to be the entrance into a new contract, to which the provisions of sections 2 to 20, inclusive, of this act are applicable. 15

16 Sec. 25. 1. Section 21 of this act applies to any contract 17 entered into for a purpose described in that section on or after the 18 effective date of this act.

With respect to any contract entered into for a purpose 19 2. 20 described in section 21 of this act and existing on the effective date of this act, no money apportioned to a charter school on or after that 21 date pursuant to NRS 387.124 may be expended in connection with 22 23 a contract that violates section 21 of this act. The first renewal of 24 such a contract, or any amendment that serves as a renewal of the 25 contract, after the effective date of this act shall be deemed for the 26 purposes of this act to be the entrance into a new contract, to which the provisions of section 21 of this act are applicable. 27

28 Sec. 26. This act becomes effective upon passage and 29 approval.

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