ASSEMBLY BILL NO. 386–ASSEMBLYMEN KOIVISTO, MCCLAIN, OHRENSCHALL, ANDERSON, CHRISTENSEN, CLABORN, LESLIE, PARKS AND PIERCE

MARCH 17, 2003

Referred to Committee on Health and Human Services

SUMMARY—Makes various changes relating to product safety for children. (BDR 38-53)

FISCAL NOTE: Effect on Local Government: Yes. Effect on the State: Yes.

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EXPLANATION – Matter in *bolded italics* is new; matter between brackets [omitted material] is material to be omitted.

AN ACT relating to product safety for children; requiring the State Board of Health to create a list of unsafe children's products; prohibiting the use of such products in child care facilities; prohibiting the sale or lease of such products in this state; providing a penalty; and providing other matters properly relating thereto.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEVADA, REPRESENTED IN SENATE AND ASSEMBLY, DO ENACT AS FOLLOWS:

Section 1. Chapter 432 of NRS is hereby amended by adding thereto the provisions set forth as sections 2 to 10, inclusive, of this act.

Sec. 2. As used in sections 2 to 10, inclusive, of this act, the words and terms defined in sections 3 to 7, inclusive, of this act have the meanings ascribed to them in those sections.

Sec. 3. 1. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 2,
"children's product" means a product, including, but not limited
to, a crib, nonstandard-size crib, toddler bed, bed, car seat, chair,
high chair, booster chair, hook-on chair, bath seat, gate or other
enclosure for confining a child, play yard, stationary activity
center, carrier, stroller, walker, swing, or toy or play equipment,
that meets the following criteria:



- (a) The product is designed or intended for the care of, or use by, children under 6 years of age or is designed or intended for the care of, or use by, both children under 6 years of age and children 6 years of age or older; and
- (b) The product is designed or intended to come into contact with the child while the product is used.
 - 2. A product is not a "children's product" if:

- (a) It may be used by or for the care of a child under 6 years of age, but it is designed or intended for use by the general population or segments of the general population and not solely or primarily for use by or for the care of a child; or
- (b) It is a medication, drug or food, or is intended to be ingested.
- Sec. 4. "Commercial user" means a person who deals in children's products or who otherwise by his occupation holds himself out as having knowledge or skill peculiar to children's products, or any person who is in the business of remanufacturing, retrofitting, selling, leasing, subletting or otherwise placing children's products in the stream of commerce.
- Sec. 5. "Crib" means a bed or containment designed to accommodate an infant.
- Sec. 6. "Infant" means any person less than 35 inches tall or less than 3 years of age.
- Sec. 7. "Nonstandard-size crib" means a crib that is intended for use in or around the home, for travel or for other purposes, and that has an interior length dimension either greater than 55 inches or smaller than 49 3/4 inches, or an interior width dimension either greater than 30 5/8 inches or smaller than 25 3/8 inches, or both. The term includes, but is not limited to:
- 1. A crib designed so that it may be folded or collapsed, without disassembly, to occupy a volume substantially less than the volume it occupies when it is used.
- 2. A crib the legs of which may be removed or adjusted to provide for a playpen or play yard for a child.
- 3. An unconventionally shaped crib that incorporates a special mattress or other unconventional components.
- Sec. 8. 1. Except as otherwise provided in section 9 of this act, a commercial user shall not remanufacture, retrofit, sell, contract to sell or resell, lease, sublet or otherwise place in the stream of commerce a children's product that has been determined by the State Board of Health to be unsafe.
- 2. The State Board of Health shall create, maintain and update a comprehensive list of children's products that it determines pursuant to this section to be unsafe. A commercial user does not violate the provisions of subsection 1 unless the



unsafe product was included on the list created pursuant to this subsection on the day before the violation.

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- 3. The State Board of Health may determine that a children's product is unsafe if it meets any of the following criteria:
- (a) It does not conform to all federal laws and regulations setting forth standards for children's products;
- (b) It has been recalled for any reason by an agency of the Federal Government or the product's manufacturer, distributor or importer and the recall has not been rescinded; or
- (c) An agency of the Federal Government has issued a warning that the intended use of a specific product constitutes a safety hazard and the warning has not been rescinded.
- 4. In determining whether a crib is unsafe, the State Board of Health shall consider the standards endorsed by the Consumer Product Safety Commission and the American Society for Testing and Materials, or similar governmental or private entities.
- 5. In addition to other criteria for determining safety, a crib is unsafe if it has any of the following dangerous features or characteristics:
- (a) Corner posts that extend more than one-sixteenth of an inch.
 - (b) Spaces between side slats more than 2 3/8 inches.
- (c) Mattress support that can be easily dislodged from any point of the crib. A mattress support can be easily dislodged if it cannot withstand at least a 25-pound upward force from underneath the crib.
 - (d) Cutout designs on the end panels.
- (e) Rail height dimensions that do not conform to both of the following:
- (1) The height of the rail and end panel as measured from the top of the rail or panel in its lowest position to the top of the mattress support in its highest position must be at least 9 inches.
- (2) The height of the rail and end panel as measured from the top of the rail or panel in its highest position to the top of the mattress support in its lowest position must be at least 26 inches.
 - (f) Any screw, bolt or hardware that is loose and not secured.
- (g) Sharp edges, points or rough surfaces, or any wood surfaces that are not smooth and free from splinters, splits and cracks.
 - (h) Tears in mesh or fabric sides in a nonstandard-size crib.
- (i) A nonstandard-size crib that folds into a "V" shape design that does not have top rails that automatically lock into place when the crib is fully set up.
- (j) A nonstandard-size crib with a mattress pad that exceeds 1 inch in depth.



Sec. 9. 1. A children's product that has been determined by the State Board of Health to be unsafe because it meets the criteria specified in subsection 3 of section 8 of this act may be retrofitted if:

- (a) The retrofit has been approved by the agency of Federal Government issuing the recall or warning; or
- (b) The agency responsible for approving the retrofit is different from the agency issuing the recall or warning.
- 2. A retrofitted children's product may be sold if, except as otherwise provided in subsection 3, it is accompanied at the time of sale by a notice declaring that it is safe to use for a child under 6 years of age. The notice must include:
- (a) A description of the original problem that made the recalled product unsafe;
- (b) A description of the retrofit that explains how the original problem was eliminated and declaring that it is now safe to use for a child under 6 years of age; and
- (c) The name and address of the commercial user who accomplished the retrofit certifying that the work was done along with the name and model number of the product retrofitted.
- The commercial user is responsible for ensuring that the notice is present with the retrofitted product at the time of sale.
 - 3. A retrofit does not require the notice declaring its safety specified in subsection 2 if:
- (a) The retrofit is for a children's product that requires assembly by the consumer, the notice of the approved retrofit is provided with the product by the commercial user, and the retrofit is accompanied at the time of sale by instructions explaining how to apply for the retrofit; or
- (b) The seller of a previously unsold product before selling the product accomplishes the repair approved or recommended by an agency of the Federal Government.
- Sec. 10. 1. A commercial user who willfully and knowingly violates the provisions of section 8 of this act is guilty of a misdemeanor.
- 2. The Attorney General, or a district attorney in the county in which a violation of section 8 of this act occurred, may bring a civil action to enforce the provisions of sections 2 to 10, inclusive, of this act.
- 41 3. The remedies available pursuant to sections 2 to 10, 42 inclusive, of this act are in addition to any other remedies or 43 procedures available to an aggrieved person.



Sec. 11. Chapter 432A of NRS is hereby amended by adding thereto a new section to read as follows:

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- 1. Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, a child care facility shall not use or have on its premises a children's product determined to be unsafe by the State Board of Health pursuant to section 8 of this act. This subsection does not apply to an antique or collectible children's product if it is not used by, or accessible to, any child in the child care facility.
- 2. The Bureau shall notify child care facilities, on an ongoing basis, of the provisions of this section and of children's products determined by the State Board of Health to be unsafe. The notice must be written in plain, nontechnical language that will enable a child care facility to inspect its children's products effectively and
- identify unsafe children's products.

 3. As used in this section, "children's product" has the meaning ascribed to it in section 3 of this act. 15



