ASSEMBLY BILL NO. 376–ASSEMBLYMEN BEERS AND MABEY

MARCH 17, 2003

JOINT SPONSORS: SENATORS NOLAN AND RAWSON

Referred to Committee on Judiciary

SUMMARY—Makes various changes to provisions governing common-interest communities. (BDR 10-10)

FISCAL NOTE: Effect on Local Government: No. Effect on the State: No.

EXPLANATION - Matter in *bolded italics* is new; matter between brackets [omitted material] is material to be omitted.

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AN ACT relating to common-interest communities; revising the requirements to amend the declaration of a commoninterest community; revising the requirements for rejection of the budget of an association; revising the requirements for the posting of a notice of a meeting of the executive board of a common-interest community association; and providing other matters properly relating thereto.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEVADA, REPRESENTED IN SENATE AND ASSEMBLY, DO ENACT AS FOLLOWS:

1 **Section 1.** NRS 116.2117 is hereby amended to read as 2 follows:

3 116.2117 1. Except in cases of amendments that may be 4 executed by a declarant under subsection 6 of NRS 116.2109 or NRS 116.211, or by the association under NRS 116.1107, 5 subsection 4 of NRS 116.2106, subsection 3 of NRS 116.2108, 6 7 subsection 1 of NRS 116.2112 or NRS 116.2113, or by certain units' owners under subsection 2 of NRS 116.2108, subsection 1 of 8 NRS 116.2112, subsection 2 of NRS 116.2113 or subsection 2 of 9 10 NRS 116.2118, and except as limited by subsection 4, the



1 declaration, including any plats and plans, may be amended only 2 bv :

(a) In an association that consists of less than 7,000 units or in 3 an association that the declarant retains developmental rights in 4 5 the common-interest community, vote or agreement of units' owners of units to which at least a majority of the votes in the 6 7 association are allocated, or any larger majority the declaration 8 specifies. The declaration may specify a smaller number only if all 9 of the units are restricted exclusively to nonresidential use.

10 (b) In an association that consists of 7,000 or more units and the declarant does not possess any developmental rights in the 11 common-interest community, vote or agreement of a majority of 12 units' owners of units to which at least 20 percent of the votes in 13 the association are allocated, or any larger majority the declaration specifies. The declaration may specify a smaller 14 15 number only if all the units are restricted exclusively to 16 17 nonresidential use.

2. No action to challenge the validity of an amendment adopted 18 19 by the association pursuant to this section may be brought more than 20 **[one]** *I* year after the amendment is recorded.

21 3. Every amendment to the declaration must be recorded in 22 every county in which any portion of the common-interest community is located and is effective only upon recordation. An 23 24 amendment, except an amendment pursuant to NRS 116.2112, must be indexed in the grantee's index in the name of the 25 common-interest community and the association and in the grantor's 26 27 index in the name of the parties executing the amendment.

28 4. Except to the extent expressly permitted or required by other 29 provisions of this chapter, no amendment may change the 30 boundaries of any unit, the allocated interests of a unit or the uses to 31 which any unit is restricted, in the absence of unanimous consent of the units' owners affected and the consent of a majority of the 32 33 owners of the remaining units.

34 5. Amendments to the declaration required by this chapter to 35 be recorded by the association must be prepared, executed, recorded and certified on behalf of the association by any officer of the 36 association designated for that purpose or, in the absence of 37 38 designation, by the president of the association. 39

Sec. 2. NRS 116.3103 is hereby amended to read as follows:

40 116.3103 1. Except as otherwise provided in the declaration, 41 the bylaws, this section or other provisions of this chapter, the 42 executive board may act in all instances on behalf of the association. 43 In the performance of their duties, the officers and members of the 44 executive board are fiduciaries. The members of the executive board



are required to exercise the ordinary and reasonable care of directors
 of a corporation, subject to the business-judgment rule.

2. The executive board may not act on behalf of the association to amend the declaration, to terminate the common-interest community, or to elect members of the executive board or determine their qualifications, powers and duties or terms of office, but the executive board may fill vacancies in its membership for the unexpired portion of any term.

9 3. Within 30 days after adoption of any proposed budget for 10 the common-interest community, the executive board shall provide a 11 summary of the budget to all the units' owners, and shall set a date 12 for a meeting of the units' owners to consider ratification of the 13 budget not less than 14 nor more than 30 days after mailing of the 14 summary. [Unless]

4. In an association that consists of less than 7,000 units or in
an association that the declarant retains developmental rights in
the common-interest community, unless at that meeting a majority
of all units' owners or any larger vote specified in the declaration
reject the budget, the budget is ratified, whether or not a quorum is
present.

5. In an association that consists of 7,000 or more units and the declarant does not possess any developmental rights in the common-interest community, unless at that meeting 60 percent of the units' owners in the association are present and a majority of the units' owners present at that meeting, or any larger vote specified in the declaration, reject the budget, the budget is ratified, whether or not a quorum is present.

6. If the proposed budget is rejected [,] pursuant to subsection
4 or 5, the periodic budget last ratified by the units' owners must be
continued until such time as the units' owners ratify a subsequent
budget proposed by the executive board.

Sec. 3. NRS 116.31083 is hereby amended to read as follows:

116.31083 1. A meeting of the executive board of anassociation must be held at least once every 90 days.

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2. Except in an emergency or unless the bylaws of an association require a longer period of notice, the secretary or other officer specified in the bylaws of the association shall, not less than 10 days before the date of a meeting of the executive board, cause notice of the meeting to be given to the units' owners. Such notice must be:

(a) Sent prepaid by United States mail to the mailing address of
each unit within the common-interest community or to any other
mailing address designated in writing by the unit's owner;



1 (b) If the association offers to send notice by electronic mail, 2 sent by electronic mail at the request of the unit's owner to an 3 electronic mail address designated in writing by the unit's owner; or

4 (c) Published in a newsletter or other similar publication that is
5 circulated to each unit's owner [-] and posted on the bulletin boards
6 of the association.

7 3. In an emergency, the secretary or other officer specified in 8 the bylaws of the association shall, if practicable, cause notice of the 9 meeting to be [sent prepaid by United States mail to the mailing address of each unit within the common interest community. If 10 delivery of the notice in this manner is impracticable, the notice 11 must be hand delivered to each unit within the common interest 12 community or] posted in a prominent place or places within the 13 14 common elements of the association [.], including, without limitation, the bulletin boards of the association. 15

4. The notice of a meeting of the executive board of an association must state the time and place of the meeting and include a copy of the agenda for the meeting or the date on which and the locations where copies of the agenda may be conveniently obtained by the units' owners of the association. The notice must include notification of the right of a unit's owner to:

(a) Have a copy of the minutes or a summary of the minutes of
the meeting distributed to him upon request and, if required by the
executive board, upon payment to the association of the cost of
making the distribution.

26 (b) Speak to the association or executive board, unless the 27 executive board is meeting in executive session.

5. The agenda of the meeting of the executive board of an association must comply with the provisions of subsection 3 of NRS 116.3108. The period required to be devoted to comments by units' owners and discussion of those comments must be scheduled for the beginning of each meeting. In an emergency, the executive board may take action on an item which is not listed on the agenda as an item on which action may be taken.

6. At least once every 90 days, unless the declaration or bylaws of the association impose more stringent standards, the executive board shall review at one of its meetings:

(a) A current reconciliation of the operating account of theassociation;

40 (b) A current reconciliation of the reserve account of the 41 association;

42 (c) The actual revenues and expenses for the reserve account,43 compared to the budget for that account for the current year;

44 (d) The latest account statements prepared by the financial 45 institutions in which the accounts of the association are maintained;



1 (e) An income and expense statement, prepared on at least a 2 quarterly basis, for the operating and reserve accounts of the 3 association; and

4 (f) The current status of any civil action or claim submitted to 5 arbitration or mediation in which the association is a party.

6 7. The minutes of a meeting of the executive board of an 7 association must be made available to the units' owners in 8 accordance with the provisions of subsection 5 of NRS 116.3108.

9 8. As used in this section, "emergency" means any occurrence 10 or combination of occurrences that:

(a) Could not have been reasonably foreseen;

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12 (b) Affects the health, welfare and safety of the units' owners of 13 the association;

14 (c) Requires the immediate attention of, and possible action by, 15 the executive board; and

16 (d) Makes it impracticable to comply with the provisions of 17 subsection 2 or 5.

18 Sec. 4. This act becomes effective on July 1, 2003.

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