ASSEMBLY BILL NO. 362–ASSEMBLYMEN GIUNCHIGLIANI, ANDERSON AND CONKLIN

MARCH 17, 2003

Referred to Committee on Judiciary

- SUMMARY—Revises provisions relating to driving or being in actual physical control of vehicle or operating or being in actual physical control of vessel while under influence of certain controlled substances. (BDR 43-802)
- FISCAL NOTE: Effect on Local Government: Yes. Effect on the State: Yes.

EXPLANATION - Matter in *bolded italics* is new; matter between brackets [omitted material] is material to be omitted.

AN ACT relating to traffic laws; revising provisions relating to driving or being in actual physical control of a vehicle while under the influence of certain controlled substances; revising provisions relating to operating or being in actual physical control of a vessel while under the influence of certain controlled substances; and providing other matters properly relating thereto.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEVADA, REPRESENTED IN SENATE AND ASSEMBLY, DO ENACT AS FOLLOWS:

1 **Section 1.** NRS 484.1245 is hereby amended to read as 2 follows:

3 484.1245 "Prohibited substance" means any of the following 4 substances if the person who uses the substance has not been issued 5 a valid prescription to use the substance and the substance is 6 classified in schedule I or II pursuant to NRS 453.166 or 453.176 7 when it is used:

1. Amphetamine.

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9 2. Cocaine or cocaine metabolite.

10 3. Heroin or heroin metabolite (morphine or 6-monoacetyl 11 morphine).



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4. Lysergic acid diethylamide.

2 5. [Marijuana or marijuana metabolite.

3 <u>6.</u> Methamphetamine.

4 [7.] 6. Phencyclidine.

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Sec. 2. NRS 484.379 is hereby amended to read as follows:

484.379 1. It is unlawful for any person who:

(a) Is under the influence of intoxicating liquor;

8 (b) Has a concentration of alcohol of 0.10 or more in his blood 9 or breath; or

10 (c) Is found by measurement within 2 hours after driving or 11 being in actual physical control of a vehicle to have a concentration 12 of alcohol of 0.10 or more in his blood or breath,

to drive or be in actual physical control of a vehicle on a highway oron premises to which the public has access.

15 2. [It] Except as otherwise provided in subsection 4, it is 16 unlawful for any person who:

(a) Is under the influence of a controlled substance;

18 (b) Is under the combined influence of intoxicating liquor and a 19 controlled substance; or

(c) Inhales, ingests, applies or otherwise uses any chemical,
poison or organic solvent, or any compound or combination of any
of these, to a degree which renders him incapable of safely driving
or exercising actual physical control of a vehicle,

to drive or be in actual physical control of a vehicle on a highway or on premises to which the public has access. The fact that any person charged with a violation of this subsection is or has been entitled to use that drug under the laws of this state is not a defense against any charge of violating this subsection.

3. It is unlawful for any person to drive or be in actual physical
control of a vehicle on a highway or on premises to which the public
has access with an amount of a prohibited substance in his blood or
urine that is equal to or greater than:

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34	Prohibited substance	Urine	Blood
35		Nanograms	Nanograms
36		per milliliter	per milliliter
37	(a) Amphetamine	500	100
38	(b) Cocaine	150	50
39	(c) Cocaine metabolite	150	50
40	(d) Heroin	2,000	50
41	(e) Heroin metabolite:		
42	(1) Morphine	2,000	50
43	(2) 6-monoacetyl morphine	10	10
44	(f) Lysergic acid diethylamide	25	10
45	(g) [Marijuana		2



1	(h) Marijuana metabolite	15	5
1	(ii) Marijuana metabome	1.5	
2	(i) Methamphetamine	500	100
3	(i) Phencyclidine	25	10
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5 4. Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, it is 6 unlawful for any person to drive or be in actual physical control of 7 a vehicle on a highway or on premises to which the public has 8 access with an amount of delta-9-tetrahydrocannabinol in his 9 blood that is equal to or greater than 20 nanograms per milliliter. 10 For the purposes of determining whether a person has:

(a) Violated the provisions of this subsection; or

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(b) Driven or been in actual physical control of a vehicle while
under the influence of marijuana, as prohibited by paragraphs (a)
and (b) of subsection 2,

15 the fact that a person has an amount of delta-9-16 tetrahydrocannabinol in his blood that is equal to or greater than 17 20 nanograms per milliliter creates a rebuttable presumption of 18 guilt. The rebuttable presumption may be overcome only if the 19 person alleged to have committed the violation proves by a 20 preponderance of evidence that his ability to drive or physically 21 control the vehicle was not impaired.

22 5. If consumption is proven by a preponderance of the evidence, it is an affirmative defense under paragraph (c) of 23 subsection 1 that the defendant consumed a sufficient quantity of 24 alcohol after driving or being in actual physical control of the 25 vehicle, and before his blood or breath was tested, to cause him to 26 27 have a concentration of alcohol of 0.10 or more in his blood or 28 breath. A defendant who intends to offer this defense at a trial or preliminary hearing must, not less than 14 days before the trial or 29 30 hearing or at such other time as the court may direct, file and serve 31 on the prosecuting attorney a written notice of that intent.

32 Sec. 3. NRS 484.3795 is hereby amended to read as follows:

33 484.3795 1. A person who:

(a) Is under the influence of intoxicating liquor;

35 (b) Has a concentration of alcohol of 0.10 or more in his blood 36 or breath;

(c) Is found by measurement within 2 hours after driving or
being in actual physical control of a vehicle to have a concentration
of alcohol of 0.10 or more in his blood or breath;

40 (d) **[Is]** *Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (g), is* under 41 the influence of a controlled substance or is under the combined 42 influence of intoxicating liquor and a controlled substance;

43 (e) Inhales, ingests, applies or otherwise uses any chemical, 44 poison or organic solvent, or any compound or combination of any



of these, to a degree which renders him incapable of safely driving
 or exercising actual physical control of a vehicle; [or]

3 (f) Has a prohibited substance in his blood or urine in an amount
4 that is equal to or greater than the amount set forth in subsection 3
5 of NRS 484.379 [;]; or

6 (g) Has delta-9-tetrahydrocannabinol in his blood in an 7 amount that is equal to or greater than the amount set forth in 8 subsection 4 of NRS 484.379 and has not rebutted the 9 presumption described in that subsection,

and does any act or neglects any duty imposed by law while driving 10 or in actual physical control of any vehicle on or off the highways of 11 this state, if the act or neglect of duty proximately causes the death 12 13 of, or substantial bodily harm to, a person other than himself, is 14 guilty of a category B felony and shall be punished by imprisonment 15 in the state prison for a minimum term of not less than 2 years and a maximum term of not more than 20 years and must be further 16 17 punished by a fine of not less than \$2,000 nor more than \$5,000. A person so imprisoned must, insofar as practicable, be segregated 18 19 from offenders whose crimes were violent and, insofar as 20 practicable, be assigned to an institution or facility of minimum 21 security.

22 2. A prosecuting attorney shall not dismiss a charge of 23 violating the provisions of subsection 1 in exchange for a plea of 24 guilty, guilty but mentally ill or nolo contendere to a lesser charge or 25 for any other reason unless he knows or it is obvious that the charge 26 is not supported by probable cause or cannot be proved at the time 27 of trial. A sentence imposed pursuant to subsection 1 may not be 28 suspended nor may probation be granted.

29 3. If consumption is proven by a preponderance of the 30 evidence, it is an affirmative defense under paragraph (c) of 31 subsection 1 that the defendant consumed a sufficient quantity of alcohol after driving or being in actual physical control of the 32 33 vehicle, and before his blood or breath was tested, to cause him to have a concentration of alcohol of 0.10 or more in his blood or 34 35 breath. A defendant who intends to offer this defense at a trial or preliminary hearing must, not less than 14 days before the trial or 36 37 hearing or at such other time as the court may direct, file and serve 38 on the prosecuting attorney a written notice of that intent.

4. If the defendant was transporting a person who is less than
15 years of age in the motor vehicle at the time of the violation, the
court shall consider that fact as an aggravating factor in determining
the sentence of the defendant.

43 Sec. 4. NRS 488.410 is hereby amended to read as follows:

44 488.410 1. It is unlawful for any person who:

45 (a) Is under the influence of intoxicating liquor;



(b) Has a concentration of alcohol of 0.10 or more in his blood 1 2 or breath: or (c) Is found by measurement within 2 hours after operating or 3 being in actual physical control of a vessel to have a concentration 4 of alcohol of 0.10 or more in his blood or breath, 5 to operate or be in actual physical control of a vessel under power or 6 7 sail on the waters of this state. 2. [It] Except as otherwise provided in subsection 4, it is 8 9 unlawful for any person who: 10 (a) Is under the influence of a controlled substance; 11 (b) Is under the combined influence of intoxicating liquor and a 12 controlled substance; or (c) Inhales, ingests, applies or otherwise uses any chemical, 13 poison or organic solvent, or any compound or combination of any 14 of these, to a degree which renders him incapable of safely 15 operating or exercising actual physical control of a vessel under 16 power or sail, 17 to operate or be in actual physical control of a vessel under power or 18 sail on the waters of this state. 19 3. It is unlawful for any person to operate or be in actual 20 physical control of a vessel under power or sail on the waters of this 21 state with an amount of a prohibited substance in his blood or urine 22 23 that is equal to or greater than: 24 25 Prohibited substance Urine Blood 26 Nanograms per Nanograms per 27 milliliter milliliter 28 (a) Amphetamine 500 100 29 (b) Cocaine 150 50 (c) Cocaine metabolite 150 50 30 (d) Heroin 31 2,00050 32 (e) Heroin metabolite: (1) Morphine 2.000 50 33 (2) 6-monoacetyl morphine 34 10 10 (f) Lysergic acid diethylamide 35 25 10 (g) [Marijuana 10 36 γ 37 (h) Marijuana metabolite 15-5 (i)] Methamphetamine 500 100 38 39 (i) Phencyclidine 25 10 40

41 4. Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, it is 42 unlawful for any person to operate or be in actual physical control 43 of a vessel under power or sail on the waters of this state with an 44 amount of delta-9-tetrahydrocannabinol in his blood that is equal



to or greater than 20 nanograms per milliliter. For the purposes of 1 2 determining whether a person has:

(a) Violated the provisions of this subsection; or

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(b) Operated or been in actual physical control of a vessel 4 5 under power or sail while under the influence of marijuana, as prohibited by paragraphs (a) and (b) of subsection 2, 6

7 the fact that a person has an amount of delta-9tetrahydrocannabinol in his blood that is equal to or greater than 8

9 20 nanograms per milliliter creates a rebuttable presumption of

guilt. The rebuttable presumption may be overcome only if the 10

person alleged to have committed the violation proves by a 11 preponderance of evidence that his ability to operate or physically 12 13 control the vessel was not impaired.

5. If consumption is proven by a preponderance of the 14 evidence, it is an affirmative defense under paragraph (c) of 15 16 subsection 1 that the defendant consumed a sufficient quantity of alcohol after operating or being in actual physical control of the 17 vessel, and before his blood was tested, to cause him to have a 18 19 concentration of 0.10 or more of alcohol in his blood or breath. A defendant who intends to offer this defense at a trial or preliminary 20 21 hearing must, not less than 14 days before the trial or hearing or at 22 such other time as the court may direct, file and serve on the 23 prosecuting attorney a written notice of that intent.

Sec. 5. NRS 488.420 is hereby amended to read as follows: 488.420 1. A person who:

(a) Is under the influence of intoxicating liquor;

27 (b) Has a concentration of alcohol of 0.10 or more in his blood 28 or breath:

29 (c) Is found by measurement within 2 hours after operating or 30 being in actual physical control of a vessel under power or sail to 31 have a concentration of alcohol of 0.10 or more in his blood or 32 breath:

33 (d) [Is] Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (g), is under 34 the influence of a controlled substance or is under the combined 35 influence of intoxicating liquor and a controlled substance;

(e) Inhales, ingests, applies or otherwise uses any chemical, 36 37 poison or organic solvent, or any compound or combination of any 38 of these, to a degree which renders him incapable of safely 39 operating or being in actual physical control of a vessel under power 40 or sail; for

41 (f) Has a prohibited substance in his blood or urine in an amount 42 that is equal to or greater than the amount set forth in subsection 3 43 of NRS 488.410 [.]; or

44 (g) Has delta-9-tetrahydrocannabinol in his blood in an 45 amount that is equal to or greater than the amount set forth in



1 subsection 4 of NRS 488.410 and has not rebutted the 2 presumption described in that subsection,

and does any act or neglects any duty imposed by law while 3 operating or being in actual physical control of any vessel under 4 power or sail, if the act or neglect of duty proximately causes the 5 death of, or substantial bodily harm to, a person other than himself, 6 is guilty of a category B felony and shall be punished by 7 8 imprisonment in the state prison for a minimum term of not less than 2 years and a maximum term of not more than 20 years and 9 10 shall be further punished by a fine of not less than \$2,000 nor more than \$5,000. A person so imprisoned must, insofar as practicable, be 11 segregated from offenders whose crimes were violent and, insofar as 12 13 practicable, be assigned to an institution or facility of minimum 14 security.

15 2. A prosecuting attorney shall not dismiss a charge of 16 violating the provisions of subsection 1 in exchange for a plea of 17 guilty, guilty but mentally ill or nolo contendere to a lesser charge or 18 for any other reason unless he knows or it is obvious that the charge 19 is not supported by probable cause or cannot be proved at the time 20 of trial. A sentence imposed pursuant to subsection 1 must not be 21 suspended, and probation must not be granted.

22 3. If consumption is proven by a preponderance of the evidence, it is an affirmative defense under paragraph (c) of 23 24 subsection 1 that the defendant consumed a sufficient quantity of alcohol after operating or being in actual physical control of the 25 26 vessel under power or sail, and before his blood was tested, to cause 27 him to have a concentration of alcohol of 0.10 or more in his blood 28 or breath. A defendant who intends to offer this defense at a trial or preliminary hearing must, not less than 14 days before the trial or 29 30 hearing or at such other time as the court may direct, file and serve 31 on the prosecuting attorney a written notice of that intent.

4. If a person less than 15 years of age was in the vessel at the time of the defendant's violation, the court shall consider that fact as an aggravating factor in determining the sentence of the defendant.

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