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Assembly Committee on Government Affairs

RESEARCH DIVISION
LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL BUREAU
Nonpartisan Staff of the Nevada State Legislature

SENATE BILL 78

(First Reprint)

Makes various changes relating to assistance to finance housing. (BDR 25-467)

Sponsored by:

Senate Committee on Government Affairs,

On behalf of the Department of Business and Industry,

Housing Division

Date Heard:

April 25, 2003

Senate Bill 78 authorizes the Housing Division of Nevada's Department of Business and Industry to issue letters of credit to finance residential housing if, at the time of issuance, the Division has a credit rating within one of the three highest rating categories of a nationally recognized credit rating agency. The measure also extends the bonding authority limit of the Division from \$2 billion to \$5 billion. In addition, the Division may acquire information systems and is added to the list of agencies who may negotiate with Nevada's Department of Information Technology for the development of information systems.

Amendments:

At the hearing on the bill, concerns were expressed about the deletion of the sunset date of July 1, 2003, in Senate Bill 552 from the 2001 Session. Senate Bill 552 expanded the authority of the Housing Division. A copy of the bill summary for S.B. 552 is attached.

Although a new sunset date has been discussed, a specific date has not yet been proposed.

Opposition:

None

Fiscal Impact:

Local Government: No

State Government:

No

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ASSEMBLY GOVERNMENT AFFAIRS
DATE: 5-2-03 ROOM: 3/93 EXHIBIT D
SUBMITTED BY: SUSAN SCHOLEY
PAGE 1422



BILL SUMMARY

71st REGULAR SESSION OF THE NEVADA STATE LEGISLATURE

SENATE BILL 552 (First Reprint)

Topic

Senate Bill 552 makes various changes relating to financial assistance for affordable housing.

Summary

The measure allows the Housing Division of the Department of Business and Industry to enter into rate reduction and protection contracts on debt issues, upon approval by the State Board of Finance. Additionally, the bill updates the general powers of the Division and specifically adds that the issuance of bonds by any legal entity controlled by the Division is subject to approval by the State Board of Finance.

The bill makes urban renewal projects eligible to receive loans. To remove inconsistencies with the Federal insurance program, the measure also eliminates existing provisions regarding guaranteed and insured loans. Further, the bill eliminates existing language regarding false ceilings on Letters of Credit.

Lastly, the bill updates the definition of a mortgage loan for consistency with the Federal insurance program and allows the Division to determine repayment arrangements.

Effective Date

The bill is effective on July 1, 2001.

Background Information

According to testimony, the bill modernizes provisions to incorporate new financial market requirements and innovations; deletes outdated provisions; and establishes the State Board of Finance as the authority on debt.

PAGE 2922

SB552.R1



Assembly Committee on Government Affairs

PREPARED BY
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SENATE BILL 112

(First Reprint)

Makes various changes to provisions relating to Secretary of State. (BDR 18-557)

Sponsored by:

Senate Committee on Government Affairs,

On behalf of Secretary of State

Date Heard:

April 23, 2003

Senate Bill 112 clarifies when a document is deemed filed with the Office of the Secretary of State and amends certain fees relating to the filing of documents, copies, and returned checks.

Amendments:

The Nevada State Resident Agents, LTD expressed concern about the provision relating to the effect of a postmark. The Association suggested that the Secretary of State be authorized to

adopt regulations on that subject.

A mock-up of the proposed amendment is attached.

Opposition:

None

Fiscal Impact:

Local Government:

No

State Government:

No

PROPOSED AMENDMENT TO SENATE BILL NO. 112 FIRST REPRINT

PREPARED FOR COMMITTEE ON GOVERNMENT AFFAIRS APRIL 29, 2003

PREPARED BY THE LEGAL DIVISION

NOTE: THIS DOCUMENT SHOWS PROPOSED AMENDMENTS IN CONCEPTUAL FORM. THE LANGUAGE AND ITS PLACEMENT IN THE OFFICIAL AMENDMENT MAY DIFFER.

EXPLANATION: Matter in (1) blue bold italics is new language in the original bill; (2) green bold italic underlining is new language proposed in this amendment; (3) red strikethrough is deleted language in the original bill; (4) green bold double strikethrough is language proposed to be deleted in this amendment and (5) green bold dashed underlining is deleted language in the original bill that is proposed to be retained in this amendment.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEVADA, REPRESENTED IN SENATE AND ASSEMBLY, DO ENACT AS FOLLOWS:

Section 1. NRS 225.085 is hereby amended to read as follows: 225.085 [A]

Except as otherwise provided by specific statute, a record shall be deemed to be filed with the Secretary of State [if] when it is placed in the care, custody and control of the Office of the Secretary of State [. Such a] and the Secretary of State determines that the record:

(a) Is accompanied by the appropriate filing fee, if applicable; and

(b) Meets all other applicable requirements for filing.

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A record that is filed with the Secretary of State may be disposed of only in accordance with a schedule for retention and disposition approved by the Committee to Approve Schedules for the Retention and Disposition of Official State Records pursuant to procedures set forth in NRS 239.080.

3. The Secretary of State shall adopt regulations to define "care, custody and control" for the purposes of subsection 1.

Sec. 2. NRS 225.140 is hereby amended to read as follows:

225.140 1. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 2, in addition to other fees authorized by law, the Secretary of State shall charge and collect the following fees:

2. The Secretary of State:

(a) Shall charge a reasonable fee for searching records and documents kept in his office \[\frac{1}{2}\], including, but not limited to, records and documents that are stored on a computer database.

(b) May charge or collect any filing or other fees for services rendered by him to the State of Nevada, any local governmental agency or agency of the Federal Government, or any officer thereof in his official capacity or respecting his office or official duties.

(c) May not charge or collect a filing or other fee for:

(1) Attesting extradition papers or executive warrants for other states.

(2) Any commission or appointment issued or made by the Governor, either for the use of the state seal or otherwise.

(d) May charge a reasonable fee, not to exceed:

(1) Five hundred dollars, for providing service within 2 hours after the time the service is requested; and

(2) One hundred dollars, for providing any other special service, including, but not limited to, providing service more than 2 hours but within 24 hours after the time the service is requested, accepting documents filed by facsimile machine and other use of new technology.

(e) Shall charge fa fee, not to exceed the actual cost to the Secretary of

State, for providing:

(1) A copy of any record kept in his office that is stored on a computer or on microfilm if the copy is provided on a tape, disc or other

medium used for the storage of information by a computer or on duplicate

(2) Access to his computer database on which records are stored.] a person, for each check or other negotiable instrument returned to the Office of the Secretary of State because the person had insufficient money or credit with the drawee to pay the check or other instrument or because the person stopped payment on the check or other instrument.

(1) A fee of \$25 or the direct; and

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(2) A fee in an amount equal to the actual cost incurred by the Office of the Secretary of State in processing the check or other instrument, whichever is greater to perform any administrative duties required as a result of the returned check or instrument.

The Secretary of State shall, by regulation, establish procedures for the imposition of the fees authorized by this paragraph and the manner in which a fee authorized by subparagraph (2) of this paragraph will be calculated.

3. From each fee collected pursuant to paragraph (d) of subsection 2:

(a) The entire amount or \$50, whichever is less, of the fee collected pursuant to subparagraph (1) of that paragraph and [half] one-half of the fee collected pursuant to subparagraph (2) of that paragraph must be deposited with the State Treasurer for credit to the Account for Special Services of the Secretary of State in the State General Fund. Any amount remaining in the Account at the end of a fiscal year in excess of \$2,000,000 must be transferred to the State General Fund. Money in the Account may be transferred to the Secretary of State's operating general fund budget account and must only be used to create and maintain the capability of the Office of the Secretary of State to provide special services, including, but not limited to, providing service:

(1) On the day it is requested or within 24 hours; or

- (2) Necessary to increase or maintain the efficiency of the Office. Any transfer of money from the Account for expenditure by the Secretary of State must be approved by the Interim Finance Committee.
- (b) After deducting the amount required pursuant to paragraph (a), the remainder must be deposited with the State Treasurer for credit to the State General Fund.
- The Secretary of State shall post a schedule of the fees authorized to be charged pursuant to this section in a conspicuous place at each office at which such fees are collected.

Sec. 3. NRS 238.100 is hereby amended to read as follows:

238.100 1. Except as provided in subsections 2 and 4, or by specific statute, any document or payment required or permitted by law or regulation to be filed or made by mailing to the State or any of its agencies or political subdivisions shall be deemed filed or made on the date of the postmark dated by the post office on the envelope in which it was mailed.

- 2. If a document or payment was mailed but not received by the addressee or was received but the postmarked date is illegible or omitted, the document or payment shall be deemed filed or made on the date it was mailed, if the sender:
- (a) Establishes by a postal receipt for registered or certified mail that the mailing date was on or before the required date for filing or payment; and
- (b) Where the document or payment was not received, files a duplicate of the contents of the envelope within 15 days after he becomes aware that it was not received.
- 3. For the purposes of this section, if the required date for filing or making payment is a Saturday, Sunday or legal holiday, the filing or payment is timely if performed on the next day which is not a Saturday, Sunday or legal holiday.
- 4. This section does not apply to the filing of documents [under] pursuant to NRS 225.085 or title 24 of NRS.
 - Sec. 4. This act becomes effective on July 1, 2003.

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Assembly Committee on Government Affairs

PREPARED BY
RESEARCH DIVISION
LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL BUREAU
Nonpartisan Staff of the Nevada State Legislature

SENATE BILL 141

(First Reprint)

Revises provisions relating to certain investments made by local governments. (BDR 31-458)

Sponsored by:

Senate Committee on Government Affairs,

On behalf of the County Fiscal Officers Association

Date Heard:

April 28, 2003

Senate Bill 141 extends the period over which a local government may invest any collateral received in exchange for lending securities from its investment portfolio by changing the maturity deadline from 90 days to an average weighted maturity of not more than 90 days. Senate Bill 141 also revises provisions relating to the investment and reinvestment by certain municipalities of the proceeds of bonds or other municipal securities. The bill also lowers the threshold amount for investing or reinvesting proceeds of bonds or other municipal securities to \$10 million (from \$40 million). This provision applies in a municipality whose population is 50,000 or more.

Amendments:

The State Treasurer asked that the threshold amount be set at \$25 million to ensure eligible municipalities have sufficient expertise to handle such a complex transaction. Representatives of the Washoe County School District and Clark County testified that they preferred to leave the \$10 million threshold as is.

A mock-up of the proposed amendment is attached.

Opposition:

None

Fiscal Impact:

Local Government:

No

State Government:

No

PROPOSED AMENDMENT TO SENATE BILL NO. 141 FIRST REPRINT

PREPARED FOR ASSEMBLY GOVERNMENT AFFAIRS

MAY 1. 2003

PREPARED BY THE RESEARCH DIVISION

NOTE: THIS DOCUMENT SHOWS PROPOSED AMENDMENTS IN CONCEPTUAL FORM. THE LANGUAGE AND ITS PLACEMENT IN THE OFFICIAL AMENDMENT MAY DIFFER.

EXPLANATION: Matter in (1) blue bold italics is new language in the original bill; (2) green bold italic underlining is new language proposed in this amendment; (3) red strikethrough is deleted language in the original bill; (4) green bold double strikethrough is language proposed to be deleted in this amendment and (5) green bold dashed underlining is deleted language in the original bill that is proposed to be retained in this amendment.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEVADA, REPRESENTED IN SENATE AND ASSEMBLY, DO ENACT AS FOLLOWS:

Section 1. NRS 355.178 is hereby amended to read as follows: 355.178 1. The governing body of a city whose population is 150,000 or more or a county whose population is 100,000 or more may lend securities from its investment portfolio if:

(a) The investment portfolio has a value of at least \$100,000,000;

(b) The treasurer of the city or county:

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(1) Establishes a policy for investment that includes provisions which set forth the procedures to be used to lend securities pursuant to this section; and

(2) Submits the policy established pursuant to subparagraph (1) to the city or county manager and prepares and submits to the city or county manager a monthly report that sets forth the securities that have been lent pursuant to this section and any other information relating thereto, including, without limitation, the terms of each agreement for the lending of those securities; and

(c) The governing body receives collateral from the borrower in the

form of cash or marketable securities that are:

- (1) Authorized pursuant to NRS 355.170, if the collateral is in the form of marketable securities; and
 - (2) At least 102 percent of the value of the securities borrowed.
- 2. The governing body of a city or consolidated municipality whose population is 60,000 or more but less than 150,000 may lend securities from its investment portfolio if:
 - (a) The investment portfolio has a value of at least \$50,000,000;
- (b) The governing body is currently authorized to lend securities pursuant to subsection 5;
 - (c) The treasurer of the city or consolidated municipality:

- (1) Establishes a policy for investment that includes provisions which set forth the procedures to be used to lend securities pursuant to this section; and
- (2) Submits the policy established pursuant to subparagraph (1) to the manager of the city or consolidated municipality and prepares and submits to the manager of the city or consolidated municipality a monthly report that sets forth the securities that have been lent pursuant to this section and any other information relating thereto, including, without limitation, the terms of each agreement for the lending of those securities; and
- (d) The governing body receives collateral from the borrower in the form of cash or marketable securities that are:
- () Authorized pursuant to NRS 355.170, if the collateral is in the form of marketable securities; and
 - (2) At least 102 percent of the value of the securities borrowed.
- 3. The governing body of a city, county or consolidated municipality may enter into such contracts as are necessary to extend and manage loans pursuant to this section.
- 4. [Any] The total of investments made by a particular city, county or consolidated municipality with collateral received pursuant to subsection 1 or 2 must [mature not later] have an average weighted maturity of not more than 90 days. [after the date on which the securities are lent.]
- 5. The governing body of a city or consolidated municipality whose population is 60,000 or more but less than 150,000 shall not lend securities from its investment portfolio unless it has been authorized to do so by the State Board of Finance. The State Board of Finance shall adopt regulations that establish minimum standards for granting authorization pursuant to this subsection. Such an authorization is valid for 2 years and may be renewed by the State Board of Finance for additional 2-year periods.
- 6. As used in this section, "average weighted maturity" means the average length of time until the securities in which a particular city, county or consolidated municipality has invested with collateral received pursuant to subsection 1 or 2 will mature or be redeemed by their issuers, with the length of time of each individual security proportionally

weighted according to the total dollar amount that the particular city, county or consolidated municipality has invested in that individual security with collateral received pursuant to subsection 1 or 2.

Sec. 2. NRS 350.659 is hereby amended to read as follows:

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350.659 The governing body of a municipality whose population is 50,000 or more, subject to any contractual limitations from time to time imposed upon the municipality by any ordinance authorizing the issuance of outstanding securities of the municipality or by any trust indenture or other proceedings appertaining thereto, may cause to be invested and reinvested, except as otherwise provided in NRS 350.698, any proceeds of taxes, any pledged revenues and any proceeds of bonds or other municipal securities issued hereunder for which the amount of the principal of the original issuance was [\$40,000,000] \$10,000,000 or more in an investment contract that is collateralized with securities issued by the Federal Government or agencies of the Federal Government if:

1. The collateral has a market value of at least 102 percent of the amount invested and any accrued unpaid interest thereon;

2. The municipality receives a security interest in the collateral that is fully perfected and the collateral is held in custody for the municipality or its trustee by a third-party agent of the municipality which is a commercial bank authorized to exercise trust powers;

3. The market value of the collateral is determined not less frequently than weekly and, if the ratio required by subsection 1 is not met, sufficient additional collateral is deposited with the agent of the municipality to meet that ratio within 2 business days after the determination; and

4. The party with whom the investment contract is executed is a commercial bank, or that party or a guarantor of the performance of that party is:

(a) An insurance company which has a rating on its ability to pay claims of not less than "Aa2" by Moody's Investors Service, Inc., or "AA" by Standard and Poor's Ratings Services, or their equivalent; or

(b) An entity which has a credit rating on its outstanding long-term debt of not less than "A2" by Moody's Investors Service, Inc., or "A" by Standard and Poor's Ratings Services, or their equivalent.

Sec. 3. This act becomes effective upon passage and approval.

Proposed amendment by State Treasurer raising the threshold.



Assembly Committee on Government Affairs

PREPARED BY
RESEARCH DIVISION
LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL BUREAU
Nonpartisan Staff of the Nevada State Legislature

SENATE BILL 200

Authorizes grants to pay certain costs associated with connections to community sewage disposal system. (BDR 30-889)

Sponsored by:

Senator Washington

(Joint Sponsor: Assemblyman Marvel)

Date Heard:

April 28, 2003

Senate Bill 200 adds required connections to community sewer systems to the existing program of grants for improvements to local water systems. To support this added element, the bill increases by \$4 million the cap on bonds (from \$69 to \$73 million) that may be issued to fund the grants. It should be noted that the provisions of this measure are "triggered" only when the State Division of Environmental Protection requires an area be converted from septic tanks to a community sewer system.

Amendments:

None

Opposition:

None

Fiscal Impact:

Local Government:

No

State Government:

Yes (attached)

Special Note:

Concurrently referred to the Assembly Committee on Ways

and Means.

EXECUTIVE AGENCY FISCAL NOTE

AGENCY'S ESTIMATES

Date Prepared February 26, 2003

Agency Submitting: Office of the State Treasurer

Items of Revenue or Expense, or Both	Fiscal Year 2002-03	Fiscal Year 2003-04	Fiscal Year 2004-05	Effect on Future Biennia
Bd Interest & Redemption (Expense)		\$400,000	\$400,000	\$7,200,000
Issuance Costs (Expense)		\$80,000		
Property Taxes (Revenue)		\$480,000	\$400,000	\$7,200,000
Total				\$0

Explanation (Use Additional Sheets of Attachments, if required)

This authorization is not included in the proposed budget, CIP plan or suggested bonding authorization. The debt capacity report finalized (attached) includes recommended projects and corresponding bonding authorization requests. This capacity model was developed on maximizing 16 cents of ad valorem (a recommended increase of 1 penny). If the CIP were reduced dollar for dollar in authorization, the capacity would be able to absorb this request.

Please note: This is not a static report. As interest rates vary, our ability to issue debt varies. Other variables include the timing of issuance, whether it is issued with other debt etc. I have listed the numbers above as a worse case scenario. Impact could be minimized substantially by including small portions of this authorization with the issuance of large CIP Projects. For example, if \$400,000 were issued in the first year with other debt, the payments would be approximately \$40,000 and issuance costs could be as less than \$1000 if issued in a \$200,000,000 deal. Would would prorate costs amongst all the issues. The end result could be FY03-04 \$41,000 FY 04-05 82,000 Future Biennia \$7,877,000 spread over FY 06-23. This could very well be incorporated within the proposed 16 cent assessment, if issued incrementally.

Work load within the organization is increased as we increase the amount of debt outstanding. Taken one small bit at a time, this is not really measurable or substantial. As it adds up, new personnel could be necessary. However, I do not perceive this small authorization necessitating any new staff within the Debt section of the Office of the Treasurer. I do not know the organizational fiscal impact on the agency running the grant program itself.

		Robin V. Reedy	
		Deputy Treasurer of Debt Mgt.	
DEPARTMENT OF ADMINISTRATION'S COMMENT	Date	February 26, 2003	
Agency comments are correct.			
	Name	John P Comeaux	
	Title	Director	



Assembly Committee on Government Affairs

PREPARED BY
RESEARCH DIVISION
LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL BUREAU
Nonpartisan Staff of the Nevada State Legislature

SENATE BILL 240

(First Reprint)

Revise various provisions relating to benefits payable to surviving spouses and children of certain police officers and firemen. (BDR S-696)

Sponsored by:

Senator Townsend

Date Heard:

April 29, 2003

Senate Bill 240 makes the provisions of Senate Bill 404 from the 1999 Legislative Session retroactive to January 1, 1998, to allow a surviving spouse or child of a police officer or firefighter killed in the line of duty to continue to participate in the group insurance or medical and hospital coverage of the decedent's employer. Among other people, this measure would assist Carolyn Sullivan, widow of 43 year-old UNR Police Officer Sgt. George Sullivan, who was slain January 13, 1998, after 19 years of service. Officer Sullivan had five children.

Amendments:

None

Opposition:

None

Fiscal Impact:

Local Government:

Yes (attached)

State Government:

Yes (attached)

Note: Testimony was received that the Senate amendment to the bill removing the continuation of death benefits under industrial insurance after remarriage of the surviving spouse significantly reduced or avoided the fiscal impacts of the bill.

EXECUTIVE AGENCY FISCAL NOTE

AGENCY'S ESTIMATES

Date Prepared: March 03, 2003

Agency Submitting: Public Employees Benefits Program

Items of Revenue	Fiscal Year	Fiscal Year	Fiscal Year	Effect on
or Expense, or Both	2002-03	2003-04	2004-05	Future Biennia
Total				

Explanation (Use Additional Sheets of Attachments, if required)

No fiscal impact to PEBP since survivors pay 100% of premium.

	Name 1	Leslie Johnstone
	Title _	Accounting Officer
DEPARTMENT OF ADMINISTRATION'S COMMENT	Date 1	March 04, 2003
Agency comments appear reasonable.		_
	Name .	John P Comeaux
	Title _]	Director

EXECUTIVE AGENCY FISCAL NOTE

AGENCY'S ESTIMATES

Date Prepared: March 07, 2003

Agency Submitting: Risk Management, Department of Administration

Items of Revenue or Expense, or Both	Fiscal Year 2002-03	Fiscal Year 2003-04	Fiscal Year 2004-05	Effect on Future Biennia
Indemnity Costs (Expense)		\$32,321	\$32,321	\$64,643
Total		\$32,321	\$32,321	\$64,643

Explanation (Use Additional Sheets of Attachments, if required)

Currently, The State has only one death claim for a police officer/firefighter. The indemnity payments are actuarilized to the age of 72 for the widow. Should the widow remarry and this bill be passed, the fiscal impact to the state's workers' comp fund for just this one claim would be \$32,321 annually, totaling \$452,499 for the expected life of this claim.

•	Name	Susan Dunt	
	Title	Risk Manager	
DEPARTMENT OF ADMINISTRATION'S COMMENT	Date	March 18, 2003	
The agency's estimates appear reasonable.			
	Name	John P. Comeaux	
	Title	Director, Dept. of Admin	

LOCAL GOVERNMENT FISCAL NOTE

AGENCY'S ESTIMATES

Date Prepared: March 21, 2003

Agency Submitting: Local Government

Items of Revenue	Fiscal Year	Fiscal Year	Fiscal Year	Effect on
or Expense, or Both	2002-03	2003-04	2004-05	Future Biennia
Total				

Explanation (Use Additional Sheets of Attachments, if required)

Counties:

Carson County - Unknown.

Churchill County – Indicated that the county would be impacted through its involvement in the Nevada Public Agency Compensation Trust Fund, but could not project a direct impact on the county.

Douglas County - \$210,000 would be added to the cost of the current outstanding claim.

Eureka County - Estimated impact of approximately \$20,000 per year.

Humboldt County - Indeterminate impact for future claims.

Lincoln County - Indeterminate impact for future claims.

Nye County - No fiscal impact.

Washoe County – Based on the two life pensions currently paid to spouses of police officers, estimated impact is \$81,350 in FY 2005 and \$162,700 in future biennia if certain assumptions are met. Cost could increase if additional claims arise.

The following counties did not respond:

Clark County
Elko County
Esmeralda County
Lander County
Lyon County
Mineral County
Pershing County
Storey County
White Pine County

Name	Rick Combs
Title	Deputy Fiscal Analyst

LOCAL GOVERNMENT FISCAL NOTE

AGENCY'S ESTIMATES

Date Prepared: March 11, 2003

Agency Submitting: City of Henderson

Items of Revenue or Expense, or Both	Fiscal Year 2002-03	Fiscal Year 2003-04	Fiscal Year 2004-05	Effect on Future Biennia
Per Occurance (Expense)		\$750,000	\$750,000	\$1,500,000
Total		\$750,000	\$750,000	\$1,500,000

Explanation (Use Additional Sheets of Attachments, if required)

The proposed legislation has a significant fiscal impact on the City of Henderson. Our current deductible for this type of claim is \$750,000. It is important to note that deductibles have been doubling in recent years. Other city's deductible are as high as \$1.0 or \$2.0 million. Current law allows the benefits to continue as long as the widow(er) does not remarry. If remarried a lump sum payment of two years of benefits is awarded. The benefits are intended to replace lost income to the spouse and children. When someone remarries its presumed that the lost income is replaced. The concept of continuing these benefits in perpetuity may give the appearance of double or triple dipping. Although nothing we do replaces the loss of a loved one, the family is not without resources. The federal government also pays line of duty death benefits in the range of \$200-250K. This is absent any life insurance or PERS benefits. PERS also pays death benefits in addition to any accrued retirement benefits. Additionally State law requires the employer to provide lifetime health coverage at no cost to the surviving family. None of these benefits (with the exception of PERS and life insurance) are available to any other workers' dependents killed in the line of duty.

Name Carol S. Turner

Title Accountant, Special Projects

LOCAL GOVERNMENT FISCAL NOTE

AGENCY'S ESTIMATES

Date Prepared: March 03, 2003

Agency Submitting: City of Las Vegas

Items of Revenue or Expense, or Both	Fiscal Year 2002-03	Fiscal Year 2003-04	Fiscal Year 2004-05	Effect on Future Biennia
Benefits paid (Expense)				
Total				\$0

Explanation (Use Additional Sheets of Attachments, if required)

No change from previous submission - Revision of this statute would provide surviving spouses of firefighters and police officers substantially higher benefits (we estimate \$650,000 on average for re-married spouses) than those available to the surviving spouse of other employment categories, including those in the private sector. Unfortunately, we have no statistics on re-married spouse of deceased employees. Further, the current NV statute is almost identical to the majority of statutes around the country.

Name Gail Hall

Title Administrative Officer

LOCAL GOVERNMENT FISCAL NOTE

AGENCY'S ESTIMATES

Date Prepared: March 11, 2003

Agency Submitting: City of North Las Vegas

Items of Revenue or Expense, or Both	Fiscal Year 2002-03	Fiscal Year 2003-04	Fiscal Year 2004-05	Effect on Future Biennia
Workers compensation (Expense)	\$50,000	\$52,500	\$55,125	\$319,829
Total	\$50,000	\$52,500	\$55,125	\$319,829

Explanation (Use Additional Sheets of Attachments, if required)

The cost of this legislation is difficult to determine, because it is based on work related deaths and if the spouse would remarry.

Per internal discussions, no amendments to the current legislation are required, because the spouse and children would be covered until remarriage. In addition, the spouse would receive a lump sum.

The City estimates that this could cost \$50,000 per year (unadjusted for inflation) for each case where the spouse would remarry.

The effect on future biennia is for five years adjusted for inflation.

In addition, this cost is based on one occurrence.

Name Gerard H Cote
Title Financial Analyst



Assembly Committee on Government Affairs

PREPARED BY
RESEARCH DIVISION
LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL BUREAU
Nonpartisan Staff of the Nevada State Legislature

SENATE BILL 359

(First Reprint)

Revises provisions relating to freedom to display flag of United States. (BDR 22-310)

Sponsored by:

Senator Titus

Date Heard:

April 30, 2003

Senate Bill 359 is virtually identical to Assembly Bill 408 (Griffin) heard by the Committee April 11, 2003, except S.B. 359 contains an additional provision prohibiting a local government employer from preventing an employee from engaging in the display of the United States flag on the person of the employee, in the workplace, or on a vehicle owned by the local government employer that is operated by the employee in the course of performing his or her duties. In addition, S.B. 359 specifically permits a local government to include height and setback restrictions in its ordinance regulating the time, place and manner of display.

Amendments:

None

Opposition:

None

Fiscal Impact:

Local Government:

No

State Government:

No



Assembly Committee on Government Affairs

PREPARED BY
RESEARCH DIVISION
LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL BUREAU
Nonpartisan Staff of the Nevada State Legislature

SENATE BILL 439

Makes various changes concerning Public Employees' Retirement System and Judicial Retirement System. (BDR 23-563)

Sponsored by:

Senate Committee on Government Affairs,

On behalf of the Public Employees' Retirement System

Date Heard:

April 29, 2003

Senate Bill 439 makes the following changes to the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) statutes: (1) changes "fireman" to "firefighter;" (2) requires 4-year degree for certain positions within PERS; and (3) requires review of designation of position as critical labor shortage after 2 years. With respect to the Judicial Retirement System (JRS), the bill amends certain statutes so the JRS parallels the provisions of the PERS, especially with regard to permitting the maximum benefit of up to 75 percent of average compensation.

Amendments:

None

Opposition:

None

Fiscal Impact:

Local Government:

No

State Government:

No