

MINUTES OF THE
MEETING OF THE SENATE COMMITTEE
ON JUDICIARY

SIXTY-FIRST SESSION
NEVADA STATE LEGISLATURE

January 20, 1981

The Senate Committee on Judiciary was called to order by Chairman Melvin D. Close, at 11:30 a.m., Tuesday, January 20, 1981, in Room 213 of the Legislative Building, Carson City, Nevada. Exhibit A is a copy of the Committee Rules, 61st Session, Committee on Judiciary.

COMMITTEE MEMBERS PRESENT:

Senator Melvin D. Close, Chairman
Senator Keith Ashworth
Senator Don W. Ashworth
Senator Jean E. Ford
Senator William Raggio
Senator Sue Wagner

STAFF MEMBERS PRESENT:

Iris Parraguirre, Committee Secretary
Shirley LaBadie, Committee Secretary

The chairman asked the members to refer to the proposed committee rules for the Committee on Judiciary, and stated that the only change in the rules from last session was paragraph No. 8. In explaining paragraph No. 8, Senator Close stated that once a member had voted on a bill or amendment in committee in favor of the bill, that it is presumed the member will support the bill or amendment on the floor of the Senate, unless the committee is so advised at the time the vote is taken or the chairman is advised prior to the vote on the floor.

After some discussion regarding paragraph No. 6, the following motion was made:

Senator Raggio moved that the Committee Rules be adopted.

Senator Keith Ashworth seconded the motion.

The motion carried for unanimous approval of the Standing Committee Rules.

The following bills were presented to the committee for introduction:

BDR-4-481 (S.B. 31)

Extends admissibility of intercepted communications into evidence.

BDR 5-110 (S.B. 32)

Requires juvenile judges and masters to attend National College of Juvenile Justice.

BDR 16-58 (S.B. 36)

Relaxes requirements for assignment of prisoners to honor camps.

BDR 41-195 (S.B. 37)

Aggregates slot machines in separate locations for determination of license fees.

BDR 41-196 (S.B. 38)

Establishes annual salaries for members of Nevada gaming commission.

BDR 41-206 (S.B. 35)

Redefines "cheating" and increases penalties for gaming offenses.

BDR 41-218 (S.B. 34)

Authorizes disclosure of gross revenue of gaming establishments to certain local governments.

BDR 41-428 (S.B. 30)

Extends power of state gaming control board to examine enterprises related to gaming.

BDR 41-452 (S.B. 39)

Reduces duplication of state and local investigation for gaming licenses.

BDR 112 (S.C.R. 10)

Encourages juvenile court judges to appoint youth services commissions.

The following BDR's were declined by the committee for introduction:

BDR 41-430 (S.B. 67)

Transfers control of pari-mutual wagering at racetracks to gaming authorities.

BDR 429 (S.C.R. 12)

Provides for continuation of interim study of gaming.

The following BDR's were referred back to Senator Ford:

BDR 16-109 (S.B. 61)

Creates a fund for interstate compact on juveniles that appropriates money to compact administrators.

BDR 38-111 (S.B. 146)

Authorizes the Welfare Division of Department of Human Resources to delegate authority to issue provisional licenses for foster care.

There being no further business, the meeting adjourned at 12:10 p.m.

Respectfully submitted by:


Iris Parraguirre, Secretary

APPROVED BY:


Senator Melvin Close, Chairman

DATE: 1-27-81

COMMITTEE RULES - 61st SESSION

JUDICIARY COMMITTEE

EXHIBIT A

1. Four members constitute a quorum of the committee.
2. Motions will be moved, seconded, and passed by a simple majority of those present, except that definite action (do pass or hold) on a bill will require a majority of the entire committee.
3. In order to reconsider previous final action taken, an affirmative vote of 5 members of the committee will be required. However, a majority may allow the hearing of new evidence or information which would be pertinent to the determination of whether or not a matter or an action should be reconsidered.
4. Mason's Manual will be followed as to parliamentary procedure.
5. Any member of the committee may request an item on the agenda by contacting the committee chairman four days ahead of the committee meeting.
6. Committee bill introduction will be only by unanimous approval of the committee members present. Committee introduction does not imply in any way a commitment on the part of any committee member to support the bill introduced.
7. No committee action on bills or resolutions will be taken during a hearing.
8. Unless a committee member advises the chairman at the time a vote is taken on a bill in committee or prior to the vote on an amendment or bill on the floor of the Senate, it will be presumed that he will support the bill or amendment on the floor of the Senate.
9. The Judiciary Committee has an assigned meeting time and, unless prior arrangement is agreed upon by the committee, will meet at that time each day. Members are urged to plan their work so that they can be present each day and so that they will be on hand at the appointed hour.