

The meeting was called to order at 2:05 p.m. Senator Neal in the Chair.

MEMBERS

PRESENT: Senator Joe Neal, Chairman
Senator Norman Glaser, Vice-Chairman
Senator Wilbur Faiss
Senator Lawrence Jacobsen
Senator Floyd Lamb
Senator Mike Sloan

OTHERS

PRESENT: Senator Jim Kosinski, Washoe District No. 2
Mr. Ray Crosby, Disabled American Veterans
Mr. Dana Greenleaf, Disabled American Veterans
Mr. Jack Hampton, Division of Plant Industry
Mr. Tom Ballow, Department of Agriculture
Mr. Fred Wright, Department of Fish and Game

Senator Neal announced that the committee would take testimony on S.B. 432 and A.B. 406, A.B. 407 and A.B. 409.

S.B. 432 - Requires issuance of hunting and fishing licenses without charge to certain disabled veterans.

Senator Jim Kosinski testified that under NRS 502.072 disabled veterans are entitled to free hunting and fishing licenses. However, for purposes of defining disabled veterans, the statute makes reference to Title 38 of the United States Code, Section 801, a copy of which is provided as Exhibit A. Under the existing law a veteran would have to suffer an extreme deprivation before he could qualify. Instead of using the Title 38 language, S.B. 432 would require that a person with a 50% or more disability as determined by the Veterans Administration would qualify for free hunting and fishing licenses. He mentioned that the fiscal note attached to the bill indicates that an additional 400 veterans would take advantage of this law under the new provision. He felt that fiscal impact would not be very substantial.

Mr. Ray Crosby, Disabled American Veterans, introduced Mr. Dana Greenleaf as the Legislative Chairman for the Disabled American Veterans. Mr. Greenleaf passed out a sheet showing the population of disabled veterans with 50% or more service connected disabilities. A copy of that sheet is attached as Exhibit B. Mr. Crosby stated that figures given in the past included persons in 4 eastern counties of California, but this bill will only apply to Nevada residents. He felt that of the 1,699 population shown on Mr. Greenleaf's sheet, probably 25% of those people would take advantage of this provision as far as the fiscal impact is concerned. Many of those with 100% disabilities are incapable of fishing or hunting.

Senator Lamb asked if anyone knew the exact fiscal impact. Mr. Fred Wright of the Department of Fish and Game stated that within reason there would be approximately 215 potential applications from the 1,700 who are eligible. His department did not feel the fiscal impact would be significant. They are presently licensing 19 veterans with 100% disability. If there were 200 people who would hunt or fish at approximately \$10 per license, the cost to the state would be \$2,000. Mr. Wright mentioned that there would also be a minimal cost of administration.

Mr. Wright requested that the committee amend the bill to be effective on January 1, 1980 so that this type of license could be put into the automatic renewal process.

Senator Neal closed the hearing on S.B. 432.

A.B. 406 - Places financial responsibility for removing noxious weeds on federal land on federal agency controlling the land.

Mr. Jack Hampton, Division of Plant Industry in the Department of Agriculture, stated that under the present statute the department is having difficulty in spraying noxious weeds on federal lands. The federal agencies have been hiding behind Section 555.200 stating that the counties should do the work and then send the bill to the agency. A.B. 406 would change the law to remove the counties from any responsibilities and the problem could be immediately presented to the federal agencies.

Senator Glaser asked how extensive the problem is; does it just pertain to the lands along the highways or does it extend to the open areas of the public domain. Mr. Hampton answered that it applies to the open-range lands in the public domain. Senator Glaser then asked if any bills have been presented to the federal government and if they have paid them. Mr. Hampton replied that unless the federal agencies had the monies in their budget, they would not pay the bills submitted. The department has never put the counties on the spot.

Senator Sloan was concerned that this bill would not give the department any more assurance for payment than they presently have, but the responsibility for spraying would be shifted from the counties to the state. He questioned whether the state can require the federal government to pay for the removal of those weeds. Mr. Hampton stated they are attempting to get a cooperative agreement with the federal agencies because they have never had any trouble collecting monies if there was a cooperative agreement.

Senator Neal closed the hearing on A.B. 406.

Senator Lamb asked to bring up a matter that was not on the agenda. He stated that he had received many phone calls regarding the action the committee took to amend A.B. 15 to provide for 72 hour visitations on traps. He felt the trappers should be able to come in and give their side of the story. He mentioned that trappers today don't use bait as a rule, so that the chance of getting an eagle or any other non-target animal is remote. He asked the committee to reconsider their previous action.

Senator Sloan reminded Senator Lamb that 72 hours was the longest period used by other states. He also reminded the committee that Senator Glaser's testimony was that most diligent trappers would check their traps more often because of their concern for the pelts.

Senator Glaser stated that he had received many phone calls also. The trappers were concerned about not having the opportunity to testify on this portion of the bill. Their concern was that it takes time to run a trap line and they need more time to enable them to check the traps and skin the animals. The bill would also effectively exclude weekend trappers from being able to trap. Senator Sloan pointed out that trappers in other states must be able to carry out the checking of traps within the time allowed. He also mentioned that there must be weekend trappers in the other states that have visitation requirements of 72 hours or less.

Senator Lamb was concerned because the Finance Committee cut \$300,000 out of the predatory animal control budget. He felt the trappers should not be hampered in their efforts to trap predatory animals.

Senator Jacobsen stated that he voted against the amendment changing the visitation time to 72 hours because that portion of the law was not originally being considered or changed by A.B. 15. Senator Neal stated that there was testimony given on the visitation provisions in both previous meetings on this bill.

Senator Sloan stated that he would not vote to reconsider but would have no objection to taking additional testimony on this matter. The committee agreed to take additional testimony from the trappers on Monday, April 23rd.

A.B. 407 - Extends authority of executive director of state department of agriculture to adopt procedures for collection of fees.

Mr. Jack Hampton testified on this bill. He stated that they noted the need for the director to have the authority to fix, assess, and collect fees for Title 51 since they do set fees in those areas. The director is presently only authorized under Titles 49 and 50. The chapters under Title 51 that would be affected are weights and measures; public weighmasters; meat, fish, produce, poultry and eggs;

pesticides; agricultural products and seeds; commercial fertilizers and agricultural minerals; petroleum products and antifreeze.

Mr. Hampton stated that the department is presently setting some fees in those areas by using the latitude provided under Chapter 561 which says that if they have a laboratory, fees can be charged. However, there are many circumstances where this latitude would not apply.

Senator Neal closed the hearing on A.B. 407.

A.B. 409 - Increases beef promotion tax.

Mr. Tom Ballow, Executive Director of the Department of Agriculture, stated that this is not a bill sponsored by the Department, but they do have an interest in it. The bill will increase the maximum that the State Board of Agriculture could set for the beef promotion tax from 5¢ to 10¢ a head. This does not necessarily mean that the tax would jump to 10¢, but it would increase the maximum allowance. Mr. Ballow mentioned that the bill was proposed by the Nevada Cattleman's Association. Senator Glaser commented that as a cattle rancher, he does not oppose the bill because it goes for a good cause.

Senator Sloan asked what the money is used for. Mr. Ballow answered that it is used for research, education and advertising for meat products by the National Livestock and Meat Board. Senator Lamb stated that the recipients of this tax are the livestock people themselves because it promotes their product.

Senator Neal called for final action on A.B. 409.

Senator Glaser moved that A.B. 409 be passed out of committee with the recommendation: Do pass.

Seconded by Senator Lamb.

Motion carried.

Senator Neal called for final action on A.B. 407.

Senator Sloan moved that A.B. 407 be passed out of committee with the recommendation: Do pass.

Seconded by Senator Glaser.

Motion carried.

Senator Neal called for final action on A.B. 406.

Senator Sloan moved that A.B. 406 be passed out of committee with the recommendation: Do pass.

Seconded by Senator Jacobsen.

Motion carried.

Senator Neal called for final action on S.B. 432. Senator Sloan felt the bill should be amended to be effective on July 1, 1980 as suggested by Mr. Fred Wright.

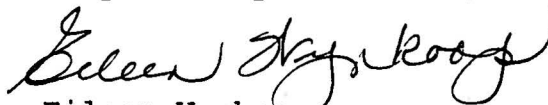
Senator Lamb moved that S.B. 432 be passed out of committee with the recommendation: Amend, and do pass as amended.

Seconded by Senator Faiss.

Motion carried.

There being no further business, the meeting was adjourned at 2:50 p.m.

Respectfully submitted,



Eileen Wynkoop
Committee Secretary

APPROVED:



Joe Neal, Chairman

§ 785. Decisions by the administrator

Supplementary Index to Notes

State courts 3

1. Conclusiveness of decision

Determinations of the Administrator of Veterans Affairs are not reviewable unless they fit one of the exceptions specifically provided by statute. *Salyers v. U. S.*, C.A.Fla.1964, 328 F.2d 623.

Regulation requirement, that evidence of good health of applicant for reinstatement of National Service Life policy be "satisfactory to the administrator", gives the administrator considerable discretion, but it is not an uncontrollable discretion, and administrator will not be permitted to act unreasonably or arbitrarily; and his decision is subject to review and correction. *Tupper v. U. S.*, C.A.Aia.1959, 270 F.2d 681.

Administrative construction of National Service Life Insurance Act, section 701 et seq. of this title, and administrative regulations are not to be overturned unless clearly erroneous or unless different construction is plainly required. *Smith v. U. S.*, D.C.Ark.1964, 226 F.Supp. 656.

In absence of an appeal in pursuing one's claim to proceeds of life policies issued by the federal government and serviced by the Veterans' Administration, decisions of the administrator of such administration are final and conclusive. *Williams v. Williams*, 1961, 121 S.E.2d 536, 255 N.C. 351.

2. Jurisdiction

Federal courts had jurisdiction to review the decision of Administrator of Veterans Affairs denying total disability income coverage to holder of National Service Life policy under federal court's general jurisdiction concerning decisions of the administrator on matters of in-

urance. *Salyers v. U. S.*, C.A.Fla.1964, 328 F.2d 623.

Request by insured under a National Service Life policy for the total disability income coverage and Veterans Administration's refusal gave rise to a disagreement arising out of a "claim" allowing review of decision of administrator within exception to provisions according finality to his decisions. *Id.*

Where there was no national service life policy in effect, federal court did not have jurisdiction to review decision of veterans administrator which refused to allow beneficiary of deceased veteran to present proof that veteran was uninsurable at standard rates because of his nonservice connected disability. *McClendon v. U. S.*, D.C.Okl.1971, 327 F.Supp. 704.

Federal District Court lacked jurisdiction to review Administrator's decision refusing to issue policy under this subchapter to plaintiff's deceased husband during his lifetime. *McKay v. U. S.*, D.C.Tex.1968, 286 F.Supp. 1003.

When gravamen of an action concerning national service life policy is a controversy between private litigants whether theory of recovery be that of a constructive trust or breach of contract, it is not a claim against the United States, and the federal court is without jurisdiction. *Fleming v. Smith*, 1968, 418 P.2d 147, 69 Wash.2d 277.

3. State courts

A ruling of the Veterans' Administration and Board of Veterans' Appeals awarding proceeds of two government policies to insured's second wife as the beneficiary named in such policies, rather than insured's former wife who had been a previously designated beneficiary, was not open to challenge in a state court. *Williams v. Williams*, 1961, 121 S.E.2d 536, 255 N.C. 351.

CHAPTER 21.—SPECIALLY ADAPTED HOUSING FOR DISABLED VETERANS

Sec.

808. Mortgage Protection Life Insurance. 1971 Amendment. Pub.L. 92-95, § 2, Aug. 11, 1971, 85 Stat. 322, added item 800.

§ 801. Veterans eligible for assistance

The Administrator is authorized, under such regulations as he may prescribe, to assist any veteran, who is entitled to compensation under chapter 11 of this title, based on service after April 20, 1898, for permanent and total service-connected disability—

(1) due to the loss, or loss of use, of both lower extremities, such as to preclude locomotion without the aid of braces, crutches, canes, or a wheelchair, or

(2) which includes (A) blindness in both eyes, having only light perception, plus (B) loss or loss of use of one lower extremity, or

(3) due to the loss or loss of use of one lower extremity together with (A) residuals of organic disease or injury, or (B) the loss or loss of use of one upper extremity, which so affect the functions of balance or propulsion as to preclude locomotion without the aid of braces, crutches, canes, or a wheelchair.

In acquiring a suitable housing unit with special fixtures or movable facilities made necessary by the nature of the veteran's disability, and necessary land therefor. The regulations of the Administrator shall include, but not be limited to, provisions requiring findings that (1) It is medical-

ly feasible for such veteran to in the proposed locality; (2) in relation to the veteran's present and (3) the nature and condition as to be suitable to the veteran. As amended Pub.L. 86-239, Sep. Aug. 4, 1964, 78 Stat. 380; Pub. L. 95-117, Title IV, § 401, (

Library references: Armed Services

1977 Amendment. Pub.L. 95-117 in (3) designated existing provisions subcl. (A), added subcl. (B), and a reference to braces, crutches, and canes. 1969 Amendment. Pub.L. 91-22 at cl. (3), which authorized the Administrator to provide housing assistance to veterans whose permanent and total disability consists of the loss or loss of one lower extremity when such precludes locomotion without a wheelchair.

1964 Amendment. Pub.L. 88-401 in designated provisions from clause (2) which required such permanent and disability to be such as to preclude motion without the aid of a wheelchair.

1959 Amendment. Pub.L. 86-239 amended section to designate existing provisions of the first sentence as clause to delete therefrom "by reason of ataxia, ankylosis, progressive muscular dystrophies, or paralysis" follow "loss of use" and to add clause (2).

Effective Date of 1977 Amendment by Pub.L. 95-117 effective Oct. 1, 1977, see section 501 of Pub.L. 117, set out as a note under section of this title.

§ 802. Limitations on assistance

The assistance authorized by the case of any veteran to one and shall be afforded under on the veteran but shall not exceed

[See main volume.]

(3) where the veteran adapted to the requirements to application for assistance shall pay not to exceed remodeling; or (B) 50 per centum of the cost to the land upon which it is situated balance, if any, of the cost necessary land upon which

[See main volume.]

As amended Pub.L. 91-22, § 2, § 6, Oct. 23, 1970, 84 Stat. 111 432; Pub.L. 93-569, § 9, Dec. 3

1974 Amendment. Pub.L. 93-569 substituted "\$25,000" for "\$17,500".

1972 Amendment. Pub.L. 92-341 substituted "\$17,500" for "\$12,500".

1970 Amendment. Par. (3). Pub.L. 91-22 added provision authorizing Administrator in the case of assistance to disabled veterans for specially adapted housing, where the veteran elects to remodel dwelling not adapted to his disability pay the cost of remodeling as an alternative to the present provisions still set in this par. which authorize the Administrator to pay the total of 50 per cent

ly feasible for such veteran to reside in the proposed housing unit and in the proposed locality; (2) the proposed housing unit bears a proper relation to the veteran's present and anticipated income and expenses; and (3) the nature and condition of the proposed housing unit are such as to be suitable to the veteran's needs for dwelling purposes. As amended Pub.L. 86-239, Sept. 8, 1959, 73 Stat. 472; Pub.L. 88-401, Aug. 4, 1964, 78 Stat. 380; Pub.L. 91-22, § 1, June 6, 1969, 83 Stat. 32; Pub.L. 95-117, Title IV, § 401, Oct. 3, 1977, 91 Stat. 1065.

Library references: Armed Services 108; C.J.S. Army and Navy § 60.

1977 Amendment. Pub.L. 95-117 in cl. (3) designated existing provisions as subcl. (A), added subcl. (B), and added references to braces, crutches, and canes.

1969 Amendment. Pub.L. 91-22 added cl. (3), which authorized the Administrator to provide housing assistance to veterans whose permanent and total disability consists of the loss or loss of use of one lower extremity when such loss precludes locomotion without a wheelchair.

1964 Amendment. Pub.L. 88-401 eliminated provisions from clause (2) (B) which required such permanent and total disability to be such as to preclude locomotion without the aid of a wheelchair.

1959 Amendment. Pub.L. 86-239 amended section to designate existing provisions of the first sentence as clause (1), to delete therefrom "by reason of amputation, ankylosis, progressive muscular dystrophies, or paralysis" following "loss of use" and to add clause (2).

Effective Date of 1977 Amendment. Amendment by Pub.L. 95-117 effective on Oct. 1, 1977, see section 501 of Pub.L. 95-117, set out as a note under section 314 of this title.

Legislative History: For legislative history and purpose of Pub.L. 86-239, see 1959 U.S. Code Cong. and Adm. News, p. 2273. See, also, Pub.L. 88-401, 1964 U.S. Code Cong. and Adm. News, p. 2609; Pub.L. 91-22, 1969 U.S. Code Cong. and Adm. News, p. 1016; Pub.L. 95-117, 1977 U.S. Code Cong. and Adm. News, p. 2638.

Supplementary Index to Notes

Loss of use 3

3. Loss of use

When a functional loss of use of lower extremities resulting from service-connected conversion hysteria and not accompanied by secondary anatomical changes has existed for a number of years and the prognosis for reversal is virtually nil from a medical standpoint, the "loss of use" is considered permanent for the purpose of determining entitlement to assistance in acquiring specially adapted housing under this section. 1974, A.D.V.A. 994.

§ 802. Limitations on assistance furnished

The assistance authorized by section 801 of this title shall be limited in the case of any veteran to one housing unit, and necessary land therefor, and shall be afforded under one of the following plans, at the option of the veteran but shall not exceed \$25,000 in any one case—

[See main volume for text of (1) and (2)]

(3) where the veteran elects to remodel a dwelling which is not adapted to the requirements of his disability, acquired by him prior to application for assistance under this chapter, the Administrator shall pay not to exceed (A) the cost to the veteran of such remodeling; or (B) 50 per centum of the cost to the veteran of such remodeling; plus the smaller of the following sums: (i) 50 per centum of the cost to the veteran of such dwelling and the necessary land upon which it is situated, or (ii) the full amount of the unpaid balance, if any, of the cost to the veteran of such dwelling and the necessary land upon which it is situated; and

[See main volume for text of (4)]

As amended Pub.L. 91-22, § 2, June 6, 1969, 83 Stat. 32; Pub.L. 91-506, § 6, Oct. 23, 1970, 84 Stat. 1113; Pub.L. 92-341, July 10, 1972, 86 Stat. 432; Pub.L. 93-569, § 9, Dec. 31, 1974, 88 Stat. 1867.

1974 Amendment. Pub.L. 93-569 substituted "\$25,000" for "\$17,500".

1972 Amendment. Pub.L. 92-341 substituted "\$17,500" for "\$12,500".

1970 Amendment. Par. (3). Pub.L. 91-506 added provision authorizing Administrator in the case of assistance to disabled veterans for specially adapted housing, where the veteran elects to remodel a dwelling not adapted to his disability, to pay the cost of remodeling as an alternative to the present provisions still set out in this par. which authorize the Administrator to pay the total of 50 percent of

the remodeling cost plus 50 percent of the dwelling's cost or the full amount of the unpaid balance of the cost of such dwelling, whichever sum is smaller.

1969 Amendment. Pub.L. 91-22 substituted "\$12,500" for "\$10,000".

Effective Date of 1974 Amendment. Amendment by Pub.L. 93-569 effective Dec. 31, 1974, see section 10 of Pub.L. 93-569, set out as a note under section 1802 of this title.

Legislative History. For legislative history and purpose of Pub.L. 91-22, see 1969 U.S. Code Cong. and Adm. News, p.



*Disabled American Veterans
Department Of Nevada*

April 12, 1979

Dana M. Greenleaf
Legislative Chairman -
Chief Investigator
Veterans Affairs
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Veterans Administration Figures - June 1978

Derived from Veterans Administration, Washington D.C.

Disabled American Veteran Population state of Nevada

| | |
|------------------------------|-------------|
| 50% Service connected ----- | 116 |
| 60% Service connected ----- | 188 |
| 70% Service connected ----- | 250 |
| 80% Service connected ----- | 147 |
| 90% Service connected ----- | 51 |
| 100% Service connected ----- | 217 |
| Total | <u>1699</u> |

Respectfully submitted by,

Dana M. Greenleaf

Dana M. Greenleaf

Legislative Chairman

Disabled American Veterans

Department of Nevada

(REPRINTED WITH ADOPTED AMENDMENTS)

FIRST REPRINT

A. B. 409

ASSEMBLY BILL NO. 409—COMMITTEE ON AGRICULTURE

FEBRUARY 14, 1979

Referred to Committee on Agriculture

SUMMARY—Increases beef promotion tax. (BDR 50-1008)

FISCAL NOTE: Effect on Local Government: No.
Effect on the State or on Industrial Insurance: No.

EXPLANATION—Matter in *italics* is new; matter in brackets [] is material to be omitted.

AN ACT relating to cattle; increasing the beef promotion tax from 5 cents to 10 cents per head; and providing other matters properly relating thereto.

The People of the State of Nevada, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

- 1 SECTION 1. NRS 575.070 is hereby amended to read as follows:
2 575.070 1. The state department of agriculture shall fix an annual
3 special tax, to be known as the beef promotion tax, on all cattle appear-
4 ing on the tax rolls, the rate of which must not exceed [5] 10 cents per
5 head. The department shall send notice of the rate of this special tax to
6 the department of taxation and to each board of county commissioners
7 before the annual levy of taxes, and the board shall include this tax at the
8 rate fixed in the annual levy. The special tax must be collected as other
9 taxes, and deposited with the state treasury for credit to the Nevada beef
10 promotion fund.
11 2. During the month of April, any person who has paid the special
12 tax levied pursuant to this section may file a claim for refund with the
13 department, accompanied by a receipt showing the payment. Upon veri-
14 fication of the claim, the department shall transmit it to the state con-
15 troller for payment from the Nevada beef promotion fund.
16 SEC. 2. This act shall become effective at 12:01 a.m. on July 1,
17 1979.

50

A. B. 407

ASSEMBLY BILL NO. 407—COMMITTEE ON AGRICULTURE

FEBRUARY 14, 1979

—o—
Referred to Committee on Agriculture

SUMMARY—Extends authority of executive director of state department of agriculture to adopt procedures for collection of fees. (BDR 50-341)

FISCAL NOTE: Effect on Local Government: No.
Effect on the State or on Industrial Insurance: No.

—o—
EXPLANATION—Matter in *italics* is new; matter in brackets [] is material to be omitted.

AN ACT relating to agriculture; extending the authority of the executive director of the state department of agriculture to adopt procedures for collecting fees for services of the department; and providing other matters properly relating thereto.

*The People of the State of Nevada, represented in Senate and Assembly,
do enact as follows:*

- 1 SECTION 1. NRS 561.153 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 2 561.153 The executive director may by [rule or] regulation adopt
- 3 such procedures as he may deem appropriate for the billing or collection
- 4 of fees for any service rendered by the department under Titles [49 and
- 5 50] 49, 50 and 51 of NRS for which fees are collectible.

Ⓢ

A. B. 406

ASSEMBLY BILL NO. 406—COMMITTEE ON AGRICULTURE

FEBRUARY 14, 1979

Referred to Committee on Agriculture

SUMMARY—Places financial responsibility for removing noxious weeds on federal land on federal agency controlling the land. (BDR 49-339)

**FISCAL NOTE: Effect on Local Government: No.
Effect on the State or on Industrial Insurance: No.**

EXPLANATION—Matter in *italics* is new; matter in brackets [] is material to be omitted.

AN ACT relating to injurious and noxious weeds; placing the financial responsibility for removing noxious weeds on federal land on the federal agency which controls the land; and providing other matters properly relating thereto.

The People of the State of Nevada, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

- 1 **SECTION 1. NRS 555.200 is hereby amended to read as follows:**
2 **555.200 1. Whenever any injurious or noxious weed [or weeds are]**
3 **is found growing upon the public domain or any other land in this state**
4 **owned by the Federal Government, the state quarantine officer may serve**
5 **notice, as provided in NRS 555.160, upon the [board or boards of**
6 **county commissioners of the county or counties wherein such lands are**
7 **located to cut, destroy or eradicate such weeds in accordance with the**
8 **provisions of the notice so served.**
9 **2. Any expense of cutting, destroying or eradicating injurious or**
10 **noxious weeds upon the public domain or other lands owned by the Fed-**
11 **eral Government, in accordance with the provisions of this section, shall**
12 **be paid from the general fund of the county or counties concerned, but**
13 **the total amount expended by any county under the provisions of this**
14 **section in any 1 calendar year shall not exceed an amount equal to a tax**
15 **levy of 5 cents upon each \$100 of the total assessment roll of the county.]**
16 ***person within the county or this state who is in charge of the activities of***
17 ***the federal agency having control or jurisdiction of the land.***
18 **2. *If the agency described in the notice fails or refuses to comply***
19 ***with the notice, the state quarantine officer may provide for the cutting,***
20 ***destruction or eradication of the weeds in any manner permitted by fed-***
21 ***eral law. The state quarantine officer or the political subdivision shall seek***
22 ***reimbursement from the Federal Government for any expense incurred by***
23 ***the state or the political subdivision pursuant to this section.***

S. B. 432

SENATE BILL NO. 432—SENATORS KOSINSKI, DON ASH-
WORTH, ECHOLS, FAISS, GIBSON, GLASER, HERNSTADT,
JACOBSEN, LAMB, NEAL, RAGGIO, SLOAN AND WILSON

APRIL 6, 1979

Referred to Committee on Natural Resources

SUMMARY—Requires issuance of hunting and fishing licenses without
charge to certain disabled veterans. (BDR 45-1309)

FISCAL NOTE: Effect on Local Government: No.
Effect on the State or on Industrial Insurance: Yes.

EXPLANATION—Matter in *italics* is new; matter in brackets [] is material to be omitted.

AN ACT relating to hunting and fishing licenses, tags and permits; requiring issuance without charge of hunting and fishing licenses to veterans who have a 50 percent or more service-connected disability; and providing other matters properly relating thereto.

*The People of the State of Nevada, represented in Senate and Assembly,
do enact as follows:*

1 SECTION 1. NRS 502.072 is hereby amended to read as follows:
2 502.072 The department shall issue without charge any license
3 authorized under the provisions of this chapter, upon satisfactory proof
4 of the requisite facts to any actual bona fide resident of the State of
5 Nevada who has incurred a service-connected disability [of the kind
6 described in 38 U.S.C. § 801 as effective on the date when the exemp-
7 tion is claimed,] *which is considered to be 50 percent or more by the*
8 *United States Veterans' Administration* and has received upon severance
9 from service an honorable discharge or certificate of satisfactory service
10 from the Armed Forces of the United States.

20