ASSEMBLY
GOVERNMENT AFFAIRS
March 15, 1977
morning meeting
7:30am

MEMBERS PRESENT:

Chairman Murphy

Mr. May

Mr. Craddock
Mr. Jeffrey
Mr. Mann
Mr. Moody
Mr. Robinson
Mrs. Westall
Mr. Jacobsen

GUESTS PRESENT:

See attached list

ASSEMBLY BILL 272

Assemblyman Robinson, sponsor of the bill, told the committee that it was a result of an interim study, which produced LCB Bulletin 77-17, Review of Regulation of State Agencies. He then told the committee how some other states handle the review of state agency regulations. The Administrative Procedures Act gave the power of administrative decision to the agency heads who are supposed to act with the legislative intent in mind. But they don't always follow legislative intent. He added that the regulations aren't codified and that they aren't always filed with the Secretary of State's office promptly.

Frank Daykin, Legislative Counsel, told the committee that this bill was drafted to carry out the intention of legislative review of each regulation adopted. He then outlined some other states' procedures of review. He added that this bill has a basic theoretical point, to allow for review of these regulations, but that the job must be done on a piecemeal-priority basis since the Legislative Commission or Counsel Bureau is surely not going to sit down and read everysingle regulation. In our bill the language is permissive and the amount of review is at the discretion of the commission.

Assemblyman Robinson commented that only a small portion of administrative regulations differ from legislative intent, but that small percentage can cause a great deal of problems for the citizens and the legislative body. We don't want to go back and review them all, just want to start from now.

Assemblyman Westall asked if the workload warranted a full time commission. Mr. Daykin told her it would take a few years to see for sure.

Assemblyman May commented that the enactment date might be moved up so as not to allow two months before the review process starts.

ASSEMBLY GOVERNMENT AFFAIRS March 15, 1977 Page Two Morning meeting

Ernest Newton, Nevada Taxpayers Association, told the committee that he was impressed with the concept of the bill because it makes the process of review not burdonsome. It is also the first step toward codification.

Mr. George Venner, Secretary of the State Board of Pharmacy told the committee that he supports the bill and asked if the 60 days is necessary. Assemblyman Robinson answered that since the Legislative Commission doesn't always meet every 30 days.

Phyliss Autman, Division of Health, supports the bill and prefers it over <u>S.B. 62</u>. The 60 days for review concerns her because then it could take 4 months, including advertising etc, for the regulation to pass.

There was no opposition presented.

SENATE BILL 35

Earl Oliver, LCB, Audit Division, and John Crossley, Audit Division, and Nadene Reed, Treasurer's Office presented an explanation of the bill which is attached as Exhibit 1.

Assemblyman Robinson asked if the Governor approved of this bill, he was told that he did approve.

Larry McCracken, Employment Security Department, spoke in opposition to the bill. His testimony is attached as Exhibit 2. He suggested some alternatives to the bill such as 1)having all agencies pay .05% of expenses 2)remove Treasurer's responsibility under NRS 612 3)Fund Treasurer for his needs out of General Fund 4) or amend page 2 line 23 to read "Establish and equitable cost allocation plan for determining charging and collecting costs for services rendered to state agencies.

Earl Oliver and Nadene Reed refuted Mr. McCraken's testimony and said that the reason ESD has to pay for the Treasurer's services is that the Treasurer's office maintains seven different bank accounts for that one Department. The Treasurer's office has never received an appropriate reimbursement from the Federal Government. This might help to defrey the costs. The question is whether ESD will conform to state law. They stated they were definitely not trying to cover a shortage in the budget, as Mr. McCraken had suggested.

SENATE BILL 105

Mr. Russ McDonald told the committee of his support for the bill.

ASSEMBLY GOVERNMENT AFFAIRS March 15, 1977
Page Three

Mr. Fred Weldon, State Health Division, supported the measure. A copy of his remarks are attached as Exhibit 3.

There being no further business, the meeting was adjourned at 9:30am.

Respectfully submitted,

Kim Morgan, Committee Secretary

GOVERNMENT AFFAIRS COMMITTEE

GUEST REGISTER

DATE: 3/15

NAME, ADDRESS & PHONE NO.	REPRESENTING	TESTIFYING ON BILL NO.
Thill ISAET	NEV. A.G.	A.B. 437
of Thetchar	Mofortlehilles	
Den Zoelos	550	
Jim Oliver	ESD	
StevenWatson	たらひ	
Jose Chamberlani	623	
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James J. Washams	Jus. Division	A.B. 272
Fred Walden	State Lond kee Planing from	SB 105 620

Exhibit 1

SENATE BILL 35 (With Adopted Amendements)

This bill contains the <u>legislative</u> recommendations arising from the Legislative Audits of the State Board of Finance and the State Treasurer's office which were presented to the Legislative Commission on November 9, 1976 and to the Interim Finance Committee on December 9, 1976.

The theme of all the audit recommendations was to strengthen the State's Treasury function. There were recommendations for administrative changes which have already been implemented. There were recommendations for increased funding which is included in the executive budget. The audit recommendations for changes to the Treasury laws in this bill are necessary changes inorder to compliment the administrative and financial improvements.

I would like to go through the bill and explain the various changes proposed and the anticipated benefits to be realized from each.

Section 1, 2, and Section 17 page 8 later 17 were added at the suggestion of a county official to replace four sections of NRS which we are recommending to be removed from the responsibility of the State Board of Finance. These laws pertain to the State Board's approval of local government building and construction funds. This presently is more correctly a responsibility of the Department of Taxation.

Section 13 page 4 lame 25 and Section 14 and 15 bring the school laws into conformity with the repeal of NRS 387.290.

These four provisions of NRS to be repealed and replaced by sections 1, 2, 13, 14 and 15 are:

NRS 244.260 counties NRS 244.263 county hospitals NRS 268.045 cities NRS 387.290 school districts

Copies of the present statutes are included herein for your review.

allowed by the same, or any subsequently elected or appointed, board of county commissioners of the same county.

[27:80:1865; B § 3095; BH § 1967; C § 2129; RL § 1526; NCL §

1959]

244.260 County surplus building and maintenance reserve fund; spe-

cial tax; investment of moneys.

1. With the approval of the state board of finance, the board of county commissioners of any county may accumulate a fund, for a period not to exceed 14 years, for the purpose of constructing, making additions to, or repairing any and all buildings which by law the board is authorized to build, repair, manage and control, by the levy of an annual special tax not to exceed 25 cents on each \$100 of assessed value of real and personal property in the county.

2. All moneys collected from the special tax shall be placed with the county treasurer in a fund to be known as the county surplus building and maintenance reserve fund. Any moneys in the fund at the end of the fiscal year shall not revert to the county general fund but shall remain in the county surplus building and maintenance reserve fund until ear-

marked for a specific purpose.

3. Any moneys in the county surplus building and maintenance reserve fund may, from time to time, be invested only in short-term United States Government bonds.

[1:227:1955]—(NRS A 1957, 103; 1965, 1215)

244.263 County hospital construction fund: Composition; use; -

1. Notwithstanding the provisions of NRS 244.260 and 450.250, with the approval of the state board of finance, the board of county commissioners of any county may, by an order of such board, create in the county treasury a fund to be designated as the county hospital construction fund.

Moneys in the county hospital construction fund shall be used only for county participation in the construction of a health facility pursuant to the provisions of the Nevada Health Facilities Assistance Act, being NRS 449.250 to 449.430, inclusive. As used in this subsection, "construction" and "health facility" have the same meanings ascribed to them in subsections 2 and 7 of NRS 449.260.

3. The county hospital contruction fund may be composed of:

(a) All or a part of the moneys paid to the county under the provisions of paragraph (b) of subsection 2 of NRS 463.320.

(b) All or a part of the moneys accumulated by the county pursuant to the provisions of NRS 244.260.

(c) The proceeds of any annual special tax levied by the board of

county commissioners for such fund.

Moneys deposited in a county hospital construction fund shall not revert to the county general fund at the end of any fiscal year, but no county hospital construction fund shall exist for a period longer than 10

(1975)

years from the date of the order of its creation. Any moneys remaining in the county hospital construction fund at the end of the 10-year period shall revers to the county or and find

shall revert to the county general fund.

5. Any moneys in the county hospital construction fund may, from time to time, be invested only in short-term United States Government

(Added to NRS by 1960, 28; A 1961, 249; 1963, 898; 1965, 990)

COUNTY PROPERTY

244.265 Care, preservation of property. The boards of county commissioners shall have power and jurisdiction in their respective counties to make orders respecting the property of the county in conformity with any law of this state, and to take care of and preserve such property.

[Part 8:80:1865; A 1871, 47; 1931, 52; 1933, 203; 1953, 681]

244.270 Control, management, gifts of property. The boards of county commissioners shall have power and jurisdiction in their respective counties to control and manage the property, real and personal, belonging to the county, and to receive, by donation, any property for the use and benefit of the county. [Part 8:80:1865; A 1871, 47; 1931, 52; 1933, 203; 1953, 681]

Use of county equipment on private roads in event of emergency; conditions. The board of county commissioners of each county may authorize the use of county highway patrols and snowplows on private roads in the event of an emergency if:

1. Such equipment is used by the county in the area wherein the

private roads are located; and

There is no privately owned equipment for immediate hire or rent

in the area; and

3. The prevailing rental rate for the use of such equipment is paid by the owners of such private roads to the county for such use; and
4. Such equipment is operated by county highway employees only.
(Added to NRS by 1959, 496)

244.275 Purchase, lease of property for use of county.
1. The boards of county commissioners shall have power and jurisdiction in their respective counties:

(a) To purchase any real or personal property necessary for the use of

the county

(b) To lease any real or personal property necessary for the use of the

county

2. No purchase of real property shall be made unless the value of the same has been previously appraised and fixed by one or more competent real estate appraisers to be appointed for that purpose by

(1975)

268.030 Publication of quarterly financial statements.

1. After March 23, 1939, the city clerk and city council of every incorporated city in this state, whether incorporated under the provisions of chapter 266 of NRS or under the provisions of a special act, shall cause to be published quarterly in the provisions of a special act, shall cause to be published quarterly in the provisions of a special act, shall cause to be published quarterly in the provisions of a special act, shall cause to be published quarterly in the provisions of a special act, shall cause to be published quarterly in the provisions of a special act, shall cause to be published quarterly in the provisions of a special act, shall cause to be published as a special act, shall cause to be published as a special act, shall cause to be a special of chapter 266 of NRS or under the provisions of a special act, shall cause to be published quarterly in some newspaper, published as here-inafter provided, a statement of the finances of the city, showing receipts and disbursements, exhibiting in detail the bills allowed and paid. The statement shall be signed by the mayor and attested by the city clerk, and shall be published in a newspaper published in such city. If there shall be no newspaper published in such city, then the financial statement shall be published in a newspaper published in the county, and if there be no newspaper published in the county, such financial statement shall be posted by the city clerk at the door of the city hall.

2. Any city officer in this state who shall violate the provisions of this

2. Any city officer in this state who shall violate the provisions of this

section shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor.
[1:130:1939; A 1943, 78: 1943 NCL § 3026.01] + [2:130:1939; A 1943, 78; 1943 NCL § 3026]—(NRS A 1967, 542)

268.040 Suits to collect delinquent taxes: Costs not charged against cities. In any suit commenced, or hereafter to be commenced, in any incorporated city or town of this state for the collection of delinquent taxes, no costs shall, in any event, be charged against or collected from such city or town

[1:74:1866; B § 3277; BH § 1247; C § 1274; RL § 999; NCL § 1396]

268.045 Capital improvement fund: Accumulation; purpose; repayment from general fund.

Except as otherwise provided in subsection 2, with the approval of the state board of finance, every incorporated city in this state, whether incorporated under the provisions of chapters 266 or 267 of NRS or under the provisions of a special act, may accumulate a fund for a period of time not to exceed 10 years for the purpose of making future municipal capital improvements, but no special tax shall be levied for this purpose. Such fund shall not exceed the amount of 25 cents per year on each \$100

of assessed value of real and personal property in such city.

2. With the approval of the state board of finance, every incorporated city in this state, whether incorporated under the provisions of chapters266 or 267 of NRS or under the provisions of a special act, may accumulate any or all moneys received from the sale or lease of real and personal property, which property was transferred to the city by the Federal Government or one of its agencies without consideration, for the surpose of making future manifest and in the control of making future and control of the control of t purpose of making future municipal capital improvements, without regard to the limitations of time and amount contained in subsection 1.

3. All moneys so accumulated from whatever source shall be placed in a fund to be designated as the. .capital improve-

ment fund.

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(1975)

4. With the approval of the state board of finance, a city may, by payments from the general fund of the city scheduled over a period of years, return to a fund accumulated pursuant to subsection 2 moneys withdrawn from such fund to finance a specific municipal capital improvement.

5. No moneys in the capital improvement fund at the end of the fiscal year shall revert to the general fund of the city, nor shall such moneys be a surplus.

(Added to NRS by 1957, 574; A 1960, 15; 1961, 236)

CITY PROPERTY

268.050 Reconveyance of lands donated and dedicated for public use: Procedure.

use: Procedure.

1. The governing board of any incorporated city in this state may, upon petition signed by electors of such city equal in number to at least 51 percent of the number of votes cast in such city for Representative in Congress at the last preceding general election, reconvey, upon such terms as may be prescribed by the order of such governing board, all the right, title and interest of the city in and to any land donated and dedicated for a public park, public square, public landing, agricultural fairground, aviation field, automobile parking ground for the accommodation of the traveling public, or land held in trust for the public for any other public use or uses, or any part thereof, to the person or persons, association or corporation from whom such land was acquired or to his, their or its heirs, assigns or successors, whether such land is held solely by or its heirs, assigns or successors, whether such land is held solely by such city or as tenant in common with any municipality or other political subdivision of this state under dedication to the same public use or uses, in any case where such land has been theretofore donated and dedicated to the city, or to such city and any such coowner, for any of the use or uses hereinbefore mentioned; provided it shall be determined by a resolution of such governing board that the maintenance by such city, either solely or in connection with such coowner of such public park, public square, public landing, agricultural fairgrounds, aviation field, automobile parking ground for the accommodation of the traveling public, or public land for the purposes specified in the instrument or instruments of donation or dedication is unnecessarily burdensome upon the city, or that such reconveyance will be advantageous to the city and its citizens. Upon the adoption of such resolution, without other formalities or requirements, a deed of reconveyance on behalf of the city shall be executed under the hand of the mayor or chairman or other presiding officer of such governing board, as the case may be, attested by the city clerk under the seal of the city.

The signatures to the petition mentioned in subsection 1 need not all be appended to one paper, but each signer shall add to his signature

(1975)

2. Such petty cash account shall not exceed \$500, and subject to such limitation, may be replenished from time to time by warrant against the

county school district fund in the county treasury.

3. Expenditures from such petty cash account shall be made by the superintendent or other person designated by the board of trustees.

(Added to NRS by 1971, 581)

SCHOOL DISTRICT BUILDING RESERVE FUNDS

387.290 School district building reserve fund: Creation; tax levy;

1. With the approval of the state board of finance, the board of trustees of any school district may accumulate a fund for a period of time not to exceed 10 years for the purpose of constructing or making additions to an elementary school, a junior high school or a high school, by the levy of an annual special tax not to exceed 35 cents on each \$100 of assessed valuation of taxable property within the school district. Any levy of an annual special tax authorized by this section shall be included within the tax levy authorized by paragraph (b) of subsection 2 of NRS 387.195.

All moneys collected from such special tax shall be placed in a fund with the county treasurer holding the county school district fund school district building reserve to be designated as the

3. No moneys in the fund at the end of the fiscal year shall revert to the county school district fund, nor shall such moneys be a surplus for any other purpose than those specified and for which the levies were made.

4. All moneys in a building reserve fund of a school district or educational district abolished by NRS 386.020 and transferred to the county school district fund pursuant to the provisions of NRS 387.170 shall, after March 2, 1956, be expended only for the purpose of constructing or making additions to elementary schools, junior high schools or high schools within the area which formerly constituted the school district or educational district abolished by NRS 386.020 wherein the annual special tax was levied and collected.

[147:32:1956]—(NRS A 1971, 522)

SCHOOL DISTRICT BUDGETS, SHORT-TERM FINANCING AND EXPENDITURES

387.300 Budgets: Preparation. Boards of trustees of county school districts shall prepare budgets of the amounts of money estimated to be

(1975)

Section 3 line 15 amends 226.100 by changing the titles of the employees which may be appointed by the State Treasurer to work in his office as unclassified employees. This change is necessary inorder to bring the present financial secretary of the board into the Treasurer's office as the Deputy Cashier. Salaries are in the executive budget for the Treasurer's office.

Section 9 page 3 lime as compliments Section 3 by replacing the Board's financial secretary with the Chief Deputy State Treasurer as ex officio secretary.

Section 4 page 2 line gives the State Treasurer authority to develop revenues for the office to offset special service costs provided to state agencies. Authorization for such revenues is in the executive budget.

Section 5 page 2 line 26 through 35 removes requirement for annual treasury report to the governor, but leaves requirement that Treasurer provide requested information to the Legislature.

Section 6 gives the counties 100% of \$15.00 possessory action claim fees. This is an old law (1865).

Section 7 transfers responsibility from Board of Finance to Department of Taxation for prior notice of municipal bond sales.

Section 8 page 3 line 24 State Board of Finance is relieved of the responsibility for implementation of the riscal and accounting Procedures Law.

Section 10 page 3 line allows counties and their depositories to determine rate of interest for such deposits made by counties.

Section 11 page 1 1 is the Bill Drafters technical correction and addition to NRS 360.287 to replace NRS 226.185 repealed in Section 16.

1. Act for the Federal Government with respect to all financial matters required of him by the Federal Government.

2. Keep proper books and accounts and prepare vouchers and receipts relating thereto.

3. Keep books of account and sign and pay all warrants relating to all state payroll deductions at the time and in the manner required, according to federal law and regulation.

4. Perform such other duties in connection with the duties designated

in subsection 1, 2 and 3 as may be required in the proper exercise thereof.

[Part 4:320:1955]

226.185 Apportionment of tax receipts to cities, towns: Factors required to be considered. The state treasurer in apportioning any tax proceeds to any incorporated city or town shall, based upon the facts contained in a certificate prepared by the secretary of state using the population figures of the last preceding national census of the Bureau of the Census of the United States Department of Commerce, take into account any population change resulting from the incorporation or disincorporation of any city or the annexation of any territory to any city. (Added to NRS by 1971, 278)

226.190 State treasurer may administer oaths. The state treasurer shall have power to administer all oaths or affirmations required or

[Part 10:14:1866; B § 2847; BH § 1846; C § 1993; RL § 4369; NCL § 7540]

226,200 Performance of required duties. The state treasurer shall perform all duties not enumerated in this chapter which may be enjoined

[Part 10:14:1866; B § 2847; BH § 1846; C § 1993; RL § 4369; NCL § 7540]

226.210 Prohibition against purchasing warrants, scrip, evidence of

indebtedness; penalty.

1. Except as provided in subsection 3, the state treasurer is expressly prohibited:

(a) From purchasing or selling, or in any manner receiving to his own use or benefit, or to the use and benefit of any person or persons whatever, any state warrants, scrip, orders, demands, claim or claims, or other

evidence of indebtedness against the state; or

(b) From purchasing or being interested, or receiving, selling, or transferring, or causing to be purchased, received, sold or transferred, either in person or by agent or attorney, or by or through the agency or means of any person or persons whatever, any interest, claim, demand or other evidence of indebtedness against the state, either directly or indirectly; nor shall any clerk or employee of the state treasurer be allowed to make any such purchase, sale or transfer, or to receive any agency from other

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Section 12 page 4 himself allows each county treasurer to deposit to the account of the state treasurer as opposed to sending money to Carson City.

Section 16 - Repealers for archaic provisions not required by present operations.

NRS 226.070 NRS 244.390 NRS 344.100 NRS 360.273 NRS 387.020

This bill establishes the foundation for modernizing the State's treasury function. It will be necessary in future sessions to make major revisions to the laws relating to this vital and dynamic component of Nevada's financial operations, but it is important that these initial changes be made now.

the governor shall make an appointment of some suitable person to perform the duties of the office until a successor shall be elected and qualiform the duties of the office until a successor snall be elected and qualified, or until such absence or disability shall cease. The person so appointed shall take the oath of office and execute the bond required of the state treasurer, and shall receive the same compensation as is allowed by law to the state treasurer, in proportion to the time he shall be engaged in such service.

[9:14:1866; B § 2846; BH § 1845; C § 1992; RL § 4368; NCL §

75391

226.070 Official seal.

1. The secretary of state shall procure and deliver to the state treasurer a seal of office, with some suitable device, and having engraved around the margin thereof the words, "Office of the Treasurer—Nevada." A description of the seal shall be retained in the office of the secretary of state as a record.

2. The seal shall be used to authenticate all writings, papers and

documents certified from the office of the state treasurer.

[Part 3:14:1866; B § 2840; BH § 1839; C § 1986; RL § 4362; NCL § 7533]

226.080 Use of mechanical facsimile signature.

1. The state treasurer is authorized to use a facsimile signature produced through a mechanical device in place of his handwritten signature

whenever the necessity may arise; provided:

(a) That the mechanical device shall be of such nature that the facsimile may be removed from the mechanical device and kept in a sepa-

(b) That the facsimile signature of the state treasurer shall be made and used only under his personal direction and supervision; and
(c) That all of the mechanical device shall at all times be kept securely

locked when not so in use with the facsimile signature and the registered key to the mechanical device removed and locked in a vault, to the end that any misuse, fraudulent use, or other improper use thereof shall be prevented.

2. Subject to the conditions of subsection 1 and the consent of each, the state treasurer and the state controller may combine their facsimile signatures for use in one mechanical device. The facsimile of such combined signatures shall be kept in the state treasurer's office as provided in paragraph (a) of subsection 1

[1:2:1943; 1943 NCL § 7562.01]—(NRS A 1961, 51; 1965, 34)

226.090 Salary. Until the 1st Monday in January 1975, the state treasurer shall receive an annual salary of \$18,000. From and after the 1st Monday in January 1975, the state treasurer shall receive an annual

salary of \$22,500.
[5:295:1953; A 1955, 527] + [Part 4:320:1955] + [11:320:1955] + [13:320:1955]—(NRS A 1957, 541; 1961, 306; 1965, 970; 1969,

791; 1971, 2207)

244.390 Limitation on amount of bond issue. No bond issue shall ever be made under the provisions of NRS 244.385 to 244.410, inclusive, in excess of the sum of \$25,000, unless approved by the state board of finance.

[Part 5:84:1935; 1931 NCL § 1962.25]

244.395 Commissioners to provide election details. If there shall be any uncertainty with the board of county commissioners as to any detail that might be necessary or proper in connection with the election, the board shall provide, at its discretion, the details necessary to carry out the election, and the legality of any such discretion upon the part of the board shall not be questioned in the absence of a willful violation of

[Part 3:84:1935; 1931 NCL § 1962.23]

244.400 Bonds: Issuance; sale; proceeds placed in special fund.

1. If upon the returns of the election, which returns are required to be made to the county commissioners, it is shown that a majority of the ersons voting at the election were in favor of the issuance of bonds for the purpose or purposes set out in the notice of the election, then the county commissioners shall proceed to have prepared and issued bonds in a sum not to exceed the amount set out in the notice of the election,

in a sum not to exceed the amount set out in the notice of the election, designating the purpose of the bonds.

2. In no case shall the bonds provide for interest in excess of 9 percent per annum, and the bonds shall not run for a period of more than:

20 years. The bonds shall provide that the faith and credit of the county issuing the same shall be pledged to the redemption of such bonds.

3. When issued as herein provided, the bonds, or as many thereof as may be necessary to carry out the requirements of the election so had, shall be sold and the proceeds thereof placed in the county treasury in a special fund to be designated by the county commissioners.

[Part 3:84:1935; 1931 NCL § 1962.23] + [4:84:1935; 1931 NCL § 1962.24]—(NRS A 1967, 221; 1969, 1285; 1971, 2091; 1975, 832)

244.405 Authorized acts after election, bond sale. Whenever any election shall be held under the provisions of NRS 244.385 to 244.410, inclusive, and any bonds issued and sold in pursuance thereof, the board of county commissioners shall then be authorized to do and perform each and every act and thing required by the terms of such proffered -aid to avail the county or other subdivision thereof of that aid.
[Part 5:84:1935; 1931 NCL § 1962.25]

244.410 Performance of required acts: Honest purpose, intent.
In carrying out the provisions of NRS 244.385 to 244.410, inclusive, any act required or necessary to be performed by any person need not be performed in any specific manner, only insofar as to carry out the honest purposes and intents of NRS 244.385 to 244.410, inclusive.

344.080 Employees of division: Employment; salaries.

1. The superintendent shall employ such compositors, machine operators, pressmen and assistants as the exigency of the work from time to. time requires, and he may at any time discharge such employees. At no time shall he employ more compositors, machine operators, press-men and assistants than the necessities of the division may require.

The compensation of such compositors, machine operators, premen and assistants shall be fixed by the personnel division of the depart-ment of administration, but at no time shall such employees receive a higher rate of wages than is recognized by the employing printers of the State of Nevada or than the nature of the employment may require.

3. All cierical employees and such other persons as are employed for work not directly related to the printing crafts shall be in the classified service of the state,

[Part 5:129:1879; A 1917, 196; 1919 RL § 4330; NCL § 7474]-(NRS A 1967, 1494; 1969, 1514; 1971, 1432; 1973, 11, 1469)

344.090 State printing fund: Creation; maintenance; reversions to other funds, accounts.

1. There is hereby created in the state treasury a fund to be known as the state printing fund.

2. The state printing fund shall consist of the funds appropriated to carry out the provisions of this chapter, and all moneys received in the state printing fund from any source whatever in payment of all printing, reproduction and binding done in the division.

3. All expenses for the support of the division, including the salary of the superintendent, shall be paid from the state printing fund.

4. Within 6 months after the end of each fiscal year, any profit in

4. Within 6 months after the end of each fiscal year, any profit in excess of \$175,000 shall revert to the fund or account from which received in proportion to the amount charged such fund or account during that fiscal year. The profit realized for the biennium shall be determined in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles

for intragovernmental service funds.
[1:42:1925; NCL § 7509] + [2:42:1925; A 1951, 319]—(NRS A 1967, 162; 1969, 1515; 1971, 1084; 1973, 1470)

344.095 Division printing plant: Repayment of construction costs. Commencing July 1, 1971, and continuing until the construction costs of \$590,017 for the plant of the division have been paid, the division shall pay annually to the state treasurer for deposit in the general fund in the state treasury 2 percent of the building's original acquisition cost. (Added to NRS by 1967, 842; A 1969, 1515; 1971, 456; 1973, 1470)

344.100 Transfers of appropriated moneys to state printing fund. The state controller and the state treasurer shall transfer from the general

(1975)

fund to the state printing fund any and all moneys appropriated from time to time by the legislature for the support of the division.

[5:42:1925; NCL § 7513]—(NRS A 1969, 1516; 1973, 470)

344.110 Charges for printing, reproduction and binding: Superintendent to determine.

 The superintendent shall determine the charge to be made for all printing, reproduction and binding, and shall fix a price from time to time that will cover all costs of material and doing the work. For this purpose, he shall establish and maintain a double-entry cost system, showing at least:

(a) Direct labor costs;

(b) Direct material costs; and

(c) Overhead.

2. The superintendent shall render bills for each item of printing. reproduction and binding or other charge against the officer or institution ordering the same. The bills shall be audited by the state board of examiners and paid out of the appropriation or fund of the officer or institution chargeable with the same on warrants drawn by the state controller. [4:42:1925; NCL § 7512]—(NRS A 1967, 163; 1969, 1516)

344.120 Receipts to be paid monthly into state treasury to credit of state printing fund. At the end of each month the superintendent shall pay all moneys received under the provisions of this chapter into the

344.130 Printing for offices, departments and boards whose funds are deposited in state treasury; printing for Nevada industrial commission. Except as provided in NRS 616.215, the superintendent shall receive, print, reproduce and bind only such matter and material as may be submitted by those state offices, departments, boards, commissions, institutions and agencies whose funds are deposited, in whole or in part, in the state treasury, and paid out on claims as other claims against the

state are paid.

[Part 2:204:1923; NCL § 7493] + [Part 1:292:1951]—(NRS A

1969, 1516)

344.140 Printing of reports: Submission to superintendent. All officers, boards, commissioners, trustees, superintendents, regents and directors required by law to make reports to the governor or to the legislature, except the state controller, the state treasurer, the department of taxation, the commissioner of insurance, the board of control of the agricultural experiment station, and the commissioners on uniform state laws, shall send the original drafts of their reports to the superintendent, who shall order such a number of each of the reports, or part or parts of

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with the preparation of the assessment roll or collection of taxes or other revenues as to their duties. 2. To establish and prescribe general and uniform rules and regulations governing the assessment of property by the county assessors of the various counties, not in conflict with law. 3. To prescribe the form and manner in which assessment rolls or tax lists shall be kept by county assessors.

4. To prescribe the form of the statements of property owners in making returns of their property.

5. To require county assessors, sheriffs as ex officio collectors of licenses and all other county officers having to do with the preparation of the assessment roll or collection of taxes or other revenues, to furnish such information in relation to assessments, licenses or the equalization of property valuations, and in such form as the Nevada tax commission may demand.
[Part 3:177:1917; 1919 RL p. 3196; NCL § 6544]—(NRS A 1975, 1649) 360.260 Power of tax commission: Institution of actions, prosecutions. 1. The Nevada tax commission shall have the power to direct what proceedings, actions or prosecutions shall be instituted to support the law.

2. The Nevada tax commission may call upon the district attorney of any county or the attorney general to institute and conduct such civil or criminal proceedings as may be demanded.

[Part 3:177:1917; 1919 RB p23196; NCL 3 6544] 360.265 Power of tax commission: Uncollectible debts. The tax commission, by the affirmative vote of a majority of its members, may remove from its records the name of a debtor and the amount of tax, penalty and interest, or any of them, owed by him, if after 5 years it remains impossible or impracticable to collect such sums. The tax commission shall establish a master file containing the information removed from its official records by this section.

(Added to NRS by 1973, 163) 360.270 Enumerated powers do not exclude necessary power, authority. The enumeration of the powers in NRS 360.200 to 360.265, inclusive, shall not be considered as excluding the exercise of any necessary and proper power and authority of the Nevada tax commission or the department. [Part 3:177:1917; 1919 RL p. 3196; NCL § 6544]—(NRS A 1975, 1649) 360.273 Sales and use tax accounts: Executive director may be anthorized to open accounts in banks; deposits of collections. The Nevada tax commission and the state board of finance may authorize (1975) 11953

the executive director to open accounts in banks, as that term is used in NRS 356.010, in any town or city in the State of Nevada in the name of "department of taxation: sales and use tax account," and to deposit in such accounts funds and moneys derived from collections of sales and m such accounts junus and moneys derived from collections of sales and use taxes, penalties and interest, cash bonds and sales tax permit fees for the purpose of providing a depository for such funds and moneys until any checks which comprise a part thereof are cleared before the funds and moneys are transmitted to the state treasurer as provided in NRS 372.780.

(Added to NRS by 1963, 57; A 1975, 1649)

360.274 Sales and use tax accounts: Conditions for opening accounts. The accounts shall be opened only in compliance with the terms of NRS 356.010, and the provisions of NRS 356.015 to 356.110, inclusive, are hereby made applicable to the accounts.
(Added to NRS by 1963, 58)

360.275 Sales and use tax accounts: Transfers, withdrawals from accounts. No transfers or withdrawals shall be made from the accounts unless the funds or moneys transferred or withdrawn are made payable to the state treasurer, and all transfers or withdrawals shall bear the signature of the executive director or his authorized representative and shall be countersigned by the state treasurer.
(Added to NRS by 1963, 58; A 1975, 1650)

360.276 Sales and use tax accounts: Deposits by representatives, employees of department. Every representative and employee of the department who collects sales and use taxes or penalties and interest on such taxes, or who obtains cash bonds or permit fees, shall deposit all funds and moneys so collected or obtained in the nearest or most convenient bank in which the executive director has opened an account. All deposits shall be made by the representative or employee on the same day on which he receives the funds and moneys unless he receives them at so late an hour that he is unable to deposit them before the close of the regular hours of business of the bank and the bank has no facilities. for night deposits, in which case he shall make the deposit promptly at the beginning of the next day on which the bank is open for business. (Added to NRS by 1963, 58; A 1975, 1650)

360.277 Sales and use tax accounts: Administration of funds, moneys deposited in accounts. The executive director shall designate personnel in the department to administer the funds and moneys deposited in any accounts opened by the executive director, to make timely transfers or withdrawals from such accounts to the state treasurer in the manner and subject to the restrictions provided in NRS 360.275, and to maintain in such accounts sufficient funds to assure payment of any checks which may have been deposited therein.

(Added to NRS by 1963, 58; A 1975, 1650)

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STATE SCHOOL FUNDS

387.010 State permanent school fund: Composition; investment.

1. The state permanent school fund, consisting of:
(a) All moneys accruing to the State of Nevada from the sale of lands (c) All estates which may escheat to the state,

shall be and the same hereby is solemnly pledged for educational purposes, and shall not be transferred to any other fund for other uses.

2. The state permanent school fund shall constitute an irreducible

and indivisible fund which shall be invested by the state board of finance as provided by law. [87:32:1956]

387.013 State permanent school fund: Quarterly financial reports by state controller. On and after July 1, 1970, the state controller shall, each-quartery prepare a complete financial report of the state permanent school fund. A copy of this report shall be submitted to the state board of finance and to the research director of the legislative counsel bureau. (Added to NRS by-1969, 823; A-1973, 1668) ---

387.015. State treasurer to be custodian of securities; liability on bond. The state treasurer shall be the legal custodian of all securities in which the moneys of the state permanent school fund are or may hereafter be -: invested. He shall be liable on his official bond for their safekeeping. [88:32:1956]

387.020 Interest on securities; payment into state distributive school fund. When the interest on any securities belonging to the state permanent school fund is due, the state treasurer shall:

1. Upon the warrant of the state controller and in the presence of a majority of the members of the state board of examiners, cut off and pay the coupons on such securities.

2. Place the money so paid into the state distributive school fund.

3. Keep a correct account thereof in his books.

[89:32:1956]

287.030 in State distributive school fund: Composition; distribution. All moneys derived from interest on the state permanent school fund, together with all moneys derived from other sources provided by law, shall:

1. Be placed in and constitute a fund to be known as the state distributive school fund; and

(1973)

E 211.7172

STATE TREASURER		1975-76 ACTUAL		976-77 WORK		GENCY		 VERNOR	TLEG.		GENCY	1978-79	VERNOR	LEG
3 . (70,70	P	RÖĞRAM		EQUEST		OMMENDS	AP.	Ã	E OUE ST	REC	OMMENDS	AP.
REGULAR APPROPRIATION REVERSIONS 153 SALARY ADJUSTMENT UNCL SALARY ADJUSTMENT 64 CPI SALARY ADJUSTMENT SALARY ADJUSTMENT NEED TREASURER, ASSESS	\$ \$ \$ \$	135, 484 13, 524- 5,626 621 1,429	" \$ " " \$]	133, 154 5, 736	\$	64,815	\$	174,933 60,400		\$	62,27L 220,000	\$	185,588 61,400	
TOTAL FUNDS AVAILABLE	\$	129,636	\$	138,890	\$	274,815	\$	235,333		\$	282,271	\$	246,988	
EXISTING POSITIONS TREASURER DEPUTY TREASURER UCHIEF ASSISTANT UPRINCIPAL ACCOUNT CLERK ACCOUNT CLERK ACCOUNT CLERK TANNS FR BOOF FIN SECRETARY UTREASURY CASHIER UTOTAL EXISTING NEW POSITIONS INVESTMENT OFFICER TRUST OFFICER ADMIN SECRETARY ISR ACCT CLK	ŝ	կ ։ - 86 , 299	1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.50 2.00	22,500 17,820 11,960 12,540 13,842 16,538	1.00 1.00 1.50 2.00 1.00 7.50 1.00 1.000 1.000	22,500 20,940 9,829 14,326 17,264 20,925 105,784	1.00 1.00 1.00 2.00 1.00 7.50	22,500 19,691 9,829 14,326 17,264 20,441 104,051		1.00 1.00 1.00 1.50 2.00 1.00 7.50 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00	22.500 20.940 10.237 14.659 17.960 20.925 107.221	1.00 1.00 1.50 2.00 1.50 7.50	28, 750 19, 616 10, 237 14, 659 17, 960 20, 362 111, 584	
INDUSTRIAL INSURANCE RETIREMENT PERSONNEL ASSESSMENT GROUP INSURANCE CCNTROLLERS ASSESSMENT PAYROLL ASSESSMENT UNEMPLOYMENT COMP. BOARD SALARY LONGEVITY	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$	1,405 6,978 839 2,566 122	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$	1,922 7,693 857 3,072 143	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	50,476 3,490 14,301 1,416 5,040 236 1,225	2.50 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	31,566 2,102 10,849 1,221 4,858 271 1,225 1,225		\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	52,395 3,743 14,603 1,446 5,328 241 1,475	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	31,879 2,453 11,477 1,291 5,586 287 1,920 1,475	
													1 225	
TOTAL DUT-OF-STATE TRAVEL		1,209		1,325		2,300		1,325			2,500		L,325	
TOTAL IN-STATE TRAVEL	\$	573	\$	905	\$	2,450	\$	2,450		\$	2,700	\$	2,700	

101-1080		1975-76 ACTUAL		1976-77 WORK PROGRAM		AGENCY REQUEST	977	7-78 GOVERNOR RECOMMENDS	LEG.	AGENCY REQUEST		-79
OFF SUPPLIES & EXPENSE OPERATING SUPPLIES COMMUNICATIONS EXPENSE PRINT DUPLICATING COPY ANNUAL REPORT INSURANCE EXPENSE OTHER CONTRACT SERVICE EQUIPMENT REPAIR STATE OWNED BLOG RENT OTHER BUILDING RENT ADV PUBLIC REL EXPENSE DP COSTS & EQUIPMENT OTHER GOV'T SERVICES OUES AND REGISTRATIONS MISCELLANEOUS BLOGS & GRDS IMPROVE	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	1-21-7-1-7-1-7-53	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,578 1,600 6,261	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	1.500 3.750 2.550 8.550 8.550 11.000 2.000 8.540 7.500 24.000 4.300 300 75	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	1,500 1,700 3,750 2,500 8,530 2,000 2,700 12,753 800 4,300 4,300 150		1,750 4,1750 9,7600 9,7600 11,600 3,000 7,800 30,000 4,730 3000 4,730 120	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	1,750 4,125 2,750 9,385 2,000 3,000 14,347 400 30,000 4,730 100 200
TOTAL OPERATING EXP	\$	22,611	\$	27,248	\$	77,245	\$	69,358	\$	86,219	\$	73,937
OFF FURNITURE & EQUIP TRAINING	\$	7,034	\$,200	\$	6,452 1 4,400	; \$	3,366 500	s	4}400	s	500
TOTAL AGENCY EXPENDITURES	\$	129,636	\$	138,890	\$	274+815	\$	235,333	\$	282,271	\$	246,988

AGENCY BALANCE

Program Statement

The State Treasurer is a constitutional officer elected for a term of four years. The Treasurer is responsible for the receipt and disbursement of all monies of the State not expressly required by law to be received and kept by some other person. Custodiamhip of bonds and securities belonging to the State and various trust funds is provided by the Treasurer's Office, and, as a member of the State Board of Finance, the State Treasurer participates in the investment of idle State funds.

The budget request included herewith is a consolidation of the State Treasurer's Office and the State Board of Finance. The direction taken in the request is in great part the result of the recommendations contained in the operational audit report of the Treasurer's Office as authorized by Assembly Concurrent Resolution Number 39 of the 58th Session of the Nevada Legislature.

Sub-Account Explanations

Financing - In the past, the Treasurer's Office has been funded 100% by General Fund appropriation. It is recommended that an assessment by the Treasurer's Office be included as a part of the funding to capture reimbursement from other State agencies for the fiscal operations performed by this office for these agencies.

Salaries - The Treasurer's salary is recommended at \$35,000 per year beginning in January, 1979. The Chief Assistant position is to be abolished and will be replaced by an Administrative Secretary. It is recommended the Secretary of the Board of Finance be transferred to this office with the new title of Treasury Cashier. One and one-half new positions are recommended. Board salary reflects meetings held by the Board of Finance. The Deputy Treasurer is recommended for a 10.5% unclassified salary increase.

- 33 -

Operating - Data processing costs and equipment will allow the programming, equipment rental and Computer Facility costs to computerize various functions such as the travel revolving fund, bond coupon reconcilitation, check reconciliation and aid in cash flow analysis. Other government services costs will permit the microfilming of receipts and warrants.

Equipment - The equipment allocation will permit purchase of office fur
niture and equipment for the new trust officer, two specialized calcula
tors used for securities evaluation, and microfilm readers.

Date of Hearing		
Tho Testified	,	
Date Budget Closed		

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REGULAR APPROPRIATION REVERSIONS	\$	24,692	\$	24,657	\$	26,781			\$	26,851		
UNCL SALARY ADJUSTMENT SALARY ADJUSTMENT NEED	Š	430	\$	749				~~~~	r			
TOTAL FUNDS AVAILABLE	\$	24,538	\$	25,406	\$	26,781			\$	26,851		
EXISTING POSITIONS			•	•			·	:				
TOTAL EXISTING	\$	19,702	1:00	19,375 19,375	1.00	19,375 19,375	t .	:	1.00	19,301 19,301		
INDUSTRIAL INSURANCE RETIREMENT PERSONNEL ASSESSMENT GROUP INSURANCE CONTROLLERS ASSESSMENT PAYROLL ASSESSMENT	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	1,564 166 362 18	\$ \$ \$ \$	1,560 174 384 29	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	1,756 1,756 1,74 420 29		100 100 400 100 600 600 600 600 600 600 600 600 6	\$ \$ \$ \$	1,749 1,774 1,74 4,44 29		
UNEMPLÖYMENT COMP. BOARD SALARY SPECIAL NIC LONGEVITY			\$ \$	300 400	\$	880 450	·		, s	(880 500		
TOTAL SALARY-PAYROLL	\$	22.187	\$	22,613	\$	23,514			\$	23, 526		
TOTAL IN-STATE TRAVEL	\$	4 9 6	<u>.</u> \$	758	\$	1,115			\$	1,115		
OFF SUPPLIES & EXPENSE OPERATING SUPPLIES COMMUNICATIONS EXPENSE PRINT DUPLICATING COPY INSURANCE EXPENSE STATE OWNED BLDG RENT	\$ \$ \$	505 505 523 1 - 22	* \$ * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	100 444 200 60 60 1,171	\$ 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	100 444 200 60 60 1,288			\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	100 444 200 60 60		
TOTAL UPERATING EXP	\$	1,945	\$	2,035	\$	2,152			\$	2,210		
TOTAL AGENCY EXPENDITURES	1	24,538	\$	25,406	\$	26,781			\$	26,851		

AGENCY BALANCE

Program Statement

The State Board of Finance is composed of the Governor, State Treasurer, State Controller and two other members appointed by the Governor. The Board employs a Financial Secretary to develop cash flow studies and cash flow analysis. Budget support for the functions of the Board and the Financial Secretary is being recommended in the State Treasurer's budget.

Date of Hearing	<u> </u>	
Who Testified	 	
Date Budget Closed	<u> </u>	

STATE OF NEVADA STATE BOARD OF FINANCE

STATUTORY DUTIES (continued)

Based upon our examination of the minutes of the meetings of the
Board and other work related to the handling of State and local finances
we believe that several of the above listed statutory duties of the
State Board of Finance are inconsistant with current practices and as
presently structured are not serving a useful purpose.

RECOMMENDATION

Legislation be considered by the next session of the Nevada

Legislature:

1. To remove the following duties from the State Board of Finance.

Nevada Revised Statutes

353.319
Review and make recommendations to the State Controller on his implementation of the fiscal and accounting procedures law.

360.273 Join with the Department of Taxation to authorize the Secretary of the Department of Taxation to open accounts in banks for deposit of moneys derived from collections of sales and use taxes.

2. To amend the sections of NRS by deleting State Board of

Finance and substituting Department of Taxation or restating—

in general local government accounting and budgeting law the

Department of Taxation's authority over the local governments

creation and investment of reserve funds and improvement

bond issues.

350.618 ✓ Receive notice prior to sale of any municipal security

244.260
✓ Approve counties' surplus building and maintenance reserve funds.

244.263 Approve counties' hospital construction funds.

244.390 Approve counties' federal aid for public improvements bonds issues in excess of \$25,000.

of accumulating moneys for such funds.

387.290 Approve school districts' building reserve funds.

44.12 -

RECOMMENDATIONS-Amend NRS 355.010 to Grangenen the State Board of Finance. 2. Amend NRS 226 to authorize the State-Treasurer to assess a fearor treasury services provided to agencies of state government. Authorize the proposed budget and funding to provide the ability the restricture and modernize the Treasury operations. Amend NRS 226.100, repeal NRS 355.030 and authorize 25 new post-consero-accomplish the staffaceorganizations and establish the professional positions. Provide additions - of - resemble to accommodate a functional organization and security requirements of the office. er relationer Repeal NRS-226:120-(1) requiring annual report to the creat annual mentioner. Governor. Develop computer applications to accommodate the recording and reporting needs or ne office; and totaln necessary terminal equipment. 8. - Develop and maintain a manual of office operations and procedures. The Nevada Industrial Commission be required to process all of their checks through a separate bank account under the control of the State Treasurer. 10. Develop automated handling-forevariants and prepare a report comparing a true warrant system to the present warrant system employed by the state. 11. Repeal certain statutes. Submit Legislation requesting amendment of vague or archaic statutes. 45.8

SB 35

NEVADA STATE TREASURER PROPOSED RECOVERY OF GENERAL FUND EXPENDITURE FY'S 1977-78 & 1978-79

The State Treasurer's budget request for fiscal years 1977-78 and 1978-79 proposes a partial recovery of expenditure by billing the Employment Security Department directly for the following services:

General Banking Services - deposits, cancelled checks, stop-payments, bank statement reconcilliation, record keeping; 75% of one position, rate is composite Senior and Principal Account Clerk	\$ 8,298.
Daily check signing; 12-1/2% of one position, rate is composite Senior Account Clerk & Account Clerk	1,212.
Travel Advance Fund Services; 9.0% of one position, rate is composite Senior & Principal Account Clerk	996.
Daily/monthly records, TCD handling; 5% of Chief Deputy's rate	1,047.
Total Salaries	\$11,553.
Related Salary Costs - @ 14% **Lump Sum Overhead Charge	1,617. 6,279.
Total Proposed Recovery from Employment Security Dept.	\$19,449.

^{**}Since several employees spend various amounts of their time providing services to the Employment Security Department, it becomes difficult to identify specific operating costs chargeable to the benefits derived. Therefore, it appears to be more reasonable to take the operating request amount of \$73,995. in the Treasurer's budget request and reduce it by an amount of \$11,205. for items which specifically DO NOT apply to Employment Security and place a flat charge of 10% against the balance of \$62,790. until such time as a more equitable base may be established.

NEVADA STATE TREASURER PROPOSED RECOVERY OF GENERAL FUND EXPENDITURE FY'S 1977-78 & 1978-79

'A recovery of general fund expenditure is proposed by charging a portion of the Treasurer's budget against the interest income earnings BEFORE making distributions to other funds.

ı	FY 77-78	FY 78-79
Total Budget Request	\$234,869.	\$245,150.
Less Recovery from ESD	(19,449.)	(19,449.)
Less Treasurer's Salary	(22,500.)	(28,000.)
Less Travel Expense	(3,775.)	(4,025.)
Less Board of Finance Salaries	(1,920.)	(1,920.)
Balance used as base for recovery	\$187,225.	\$191,756.
Average Distribution to Other Funds - 22%	x22	x22
Recovery from interest income	\$ 41,190.	\$ 42,186.
Recovery from Employment Security	19,449.	19,449.
Total Recovery Proposed	\$ 60,639.	\$ 61,635.

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TESTIMONY FOR S.B. 35 TUESDAY, MARCH 15, 1977, 7:30 A.M. ASSEMBLY COMMITTEE ON GOVERNMENT AFFAIRS

I AM LAWRENCE McCRACKEN, HERE TO TESTIFY ON S.B. 35.

S.B. 35 WAS CREATED AND INTRODUCED WITHOUT ANY KNOWLEDGE OR INPUT FROM MY AGENCY. THE FIRST EXPOSURE TO THE BILL BY ESD WAS WHEN IT FIRST CAME FROM THE PRINTER. I THEN HAD STAFF REVIEWING THE BILL WHEN NADINE REED, DEPUTY TREASURER, AND EARL OLIVER, LEGISLATIVE AUDITOR, SCHEDULED A MEETING ON JANUARY 27 WITH ME TO DISCUSS S.B. 35. I WOULD LIKE TO POINT OUT THAT THE BILL PROVIDES IN PART THAT, "THE STATE TREASURER SHALL - FIX, CHARGE AND COLLECT REASONABLE FEES FOR SPECIAL SERVICES RENDERED TO OTHER STATE AGENCIES WHICH INCREASE THE COST OF OPERATING HIS OFFICE." THE RESULT OF THE JANUARY 27 MEETING WAS THAT THE TREASURER'S OFFICE AND MY STAFF WERE TO WORK OUT WHAT THE FEE TO ESD WOULD BE. THE MORE ESD WORKED WITH THE TREASURER IT BECAME APPARENT THAT ESD WAS THE ONLY USER OF THE TREASURER'S SERVICES WHO WOULD BE CHARGED THE "REASONABLE FEE."

IT TURNED OUT THE TREASURER'S OFFICE HAD A POTENTIAL SHORTAGE OF \$60,261/YR.

CAUSED BY A RECENT AUDIT AND REORGANIZATION. THE TREASURER'S STRATEGY IS TO COVER \$40,812 OF THAT DEFICIT WITH MONIES OBTAINED FROM INTEREST AND TO CHARGE THE BALANCE OF \$19,449 TO ESD WITH NO DISTRIBUTION TO OTHER USERS.

I APPEARED BEFORE THE SENATE COMMITTEE ON GOVERNMENT AFFAIRS AND TOLD THEM ESD DID NOT OPPOSE PAYING ITS FAIR SHARE, BUT MUST DO SO UNDER AN APPROVED "COST ALLOCATION PLAN" SIMILAR TO THE PLAN THAT IS IN USE FOR GENERAL SERVICES, THE CONTROLLER AND THE COMPUTER FACILITY.

THE COMMITTEE AMENDED OTHER PARTS OF THE BILL AND RECOMMENDED THE SENATE DO PASS AS AMENDED. I HAVE CONTACTED THE REGIONAL OFFICE OF DEPARTMENT OF LABOR, AND

THEY HAVE GIVEN ME FEDERAL RULES AND DIRECTIVES WITH WHICH TO FIGHT THE BILL, BUT I HAD USED ALL OF THOSE IN THE FIRST HEARING. MR. EARL OLIVER MADE A STATE-MENT DURING THE SENATE COMMITTEE THAT THE CHARGING OF \$19,449 WAS A PLAN, BUT I HAVE NOT SEEN A WRITTEN PLAN THAT HAS BEEN APPROVED BY THE PROPER FEDERAL AGENCY. ALSO, THE TREASURER'S OFFICE GAVE US TWO WORKSHEETS SHOWING HOW THEY ARRIVED AT THE FEE OF \$19,449, WHICH INDICATED ESD WAS BEING CHARGED DIFFERENTLY THAN OTHER USERS OF THE TREASURER'S SERVICES.

(State Tood hase Planning Agency)

Nome is fixed Welden, etc. of SLUPA. I was asked to be

prepared to explain a little of the background of these 3 lills.

I. (SB 105), 104, 107 are as result of an interim study

conducted by Sen. Echol's Legislative Subcommittee.

To assist in technical advisory committees

were established in 5. and N. Nevada. The State

Tond Hee Planning Agency Chaired the N. advisory committee,

and hene Forter chaired the 5. group. (Membership is

on hardout.)

IT. The charge of the advisory committees was to study the roles of the State Healeh Rivision and local governments in approving construction projects.

III. The major objective was to fut as much seview and approval authority as possible at the local government levels, closest to the situation and problems.

II. 5B 105 transfers the authority to enforce regulations and inspect construction of mousoleums to the local government level. They receive this authority if they have a building or public works dept, and if they have adopted a nationally recognized building code.

I. 58 104 concerns review of scomplex sources of air 64 pollution. The current the law states that if the 21.5. Environmental hotection Agency delays enforcement of indiney sources regulations goat January 17, 1977, the State's program to review these factors expires. Therefore,