SENATE COMMITTEE ON

HEALTH, WELFARE AND STATE INSTITUTIONS

MINUTES OF MEETING # 18

MARCH 28, 1973

The meeting convened at 8:25 a.m.

Senator Walker in the Chair.

PRESENT: Senators Herr Swobe Drakulich Neal Raggio

Other interested citizens, which list is hereto attached at Exhibit A.

<u>SB 511</u> Provides for qualifications, appointment, powers and duties of certain mental hygene and mental retardation division personnel.

Dr Gorman testified, stating that in his opinion, if this bill were passed as is, it would tend to degrade the quality of medical service, rather than accomplish any good. He objected to the language on page 8, as written, and spoke justifying the deletions of 'superintendent (beginning on line 9.)

Further testimony was tabled on <u>SB 511</u>.

<u>AB 309</u> Requires all public school pupils to be immunized against rubeola and other diseases

Dr. Broadbent testified against this bill, on the grounds that rubella and rubeola immunizations remain highly controversial measures, whose public health values are questionable. See Exhibit B hereto attached for detail of festimony.

Discussion followed, and on motion duly made, seconded, and unanimously carried, <u>AB 309</u> received a "Do Pass".

Senate

HEALTH, WELFARE AND STATE INSTITUTIONS MINUTES OF MEETING # 18 MARCH 28, 1973 PAGE 2

ACR 6 Expresses the attitude of the legislature concerning the services of barbers and cosmetologists.

Mr. Carl Lovell, State Barbers' Association, testified, acknowledging with favor, this resolution, but urged the committee kill <u>AB 287</u>. AB 287 Restricts the practice of cosmetology.

AB 207 RESERVES the practice of cosmecology.

Since this bill was directly related to the above resolution, the two were discussed in conjunction with one another.

Senator Walker asked if <u>ACR 6</u> were passed, but <u>AB 287</u> were killed, then what, since the only difference was in the required training, to which neither faction, the barbers or the cosmetologists disfavored. Since the basis of the disagreement was founded on training or qualifications, neither agrument was logical. (Both having been duly trained -Reference here to Lines 8 through 13).

Much heated discussion followed, With Senator Drakulich commenting that a person should be able to go to whomever they wished, to have their hair done.

Senator Herr brought up the point of coloring hair stating that this overlaps - re: barber shops and beauty shops since it is now fashion for men to color their hair.

Mr. Gray, Nevada Barbars' Association, replied 'yes', but that such techniques are now taught in barber schools, therefor qualifying same to perform coloration.

Mr. Gray testified that there were 5,000 registered cosmetologists in the state to a ratio of only 650 barbers. His main fear was that the cosmentology profession would annialate the barber profession .

Senator Swobe stated that when <u>ACR 6</u> was initiated, he had contacted the barber faction, who at that time had given their approval to such resolution. Now, they seemingly were doing an about face.

Senator Walker stated that the restrictions of training should be discussed here - not sex discrimination.

Senate HEALTH, WELFARE AND STATE INSTITUTIONS MINUTES OF MEETING # 18 MARCH 28, 1973 PAGE 3

Mr. McCormick, a cosmetologist, spoke in opposition to <u>AB 287</u>.

Due to ltime limitation, <u>AB 287</u> was tabled for the time being.

ACR 6, on motion duly made, seconded, and unanimously carried, received a "Do Not Pass" from the committee.

<u>SB 365</u> Adds two consumers to state board of pharmacy and removes prohibitions on advertising and discounting of pharmaceuticals.

Mr. Bob Groves, Attorny General's Office, suggested that <u>SB 365</u> and <u>SB 335</u> be heard together.

He urged that <u>SB 335</u>, taken from the National Pharmacy Board's draft, be passed. If passed, he noted that the 500 hour requirement would be deleted. He requested deletion of Section 9, page 3, and leaving in subsection 2 of Section 10, page 3, - stating that if it were done in this manner, 'everything would fit'.

The State Pharmacy Board would prefer to have this covered by regulation, rather than statue.

<u>SB: 335</u> received a "Do Pass" as amended. The transformed a statement of the second s

SB 248 Amends provisions relating to pharmacies, pharmacists, and hospitals.

As the reprint had now returned on this bill, (re: Meeting #13) Senator Raggio moved for "Do Pass" as amended, Senastor Drakulich seconded the motion, and it was so carried.

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Senate

HEALTH, WELFARE AND STATE INSTITUTIONS MINUTES OF MEETING # 18 MARCH 28, 1973 PAGE 4

<u>AB 116:</u> Revises chapter regulating practice of nursing, making various substantive and technical changes.

Presented for vote, with both amendments considered, AB 116, on motion duly made, seconded, and unanimously carried, the committee voted "Do Pass" as amended.

The meeting adjourned at 10:55 a.m.

Respectfully submitted,

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Jo Ann N. Hughes, Secretary

APPROVED:

Lee E. Walker, Chairman

1 Meet #	Room 345				
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DENNIS D. EATON	CosmatoLogy	882-1958	i	ACR-6	
Gwen O'Bryon Ph.D.	Mental Hygiene a Mental Retardation	784-6432		5B511	
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MARY ELDER	Cosmetology	182-2983		OCRE	
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KAREN WINKLER	NEV. NURSE ASSOC. Member	322-3620		AB116	~
Tom Wilson	State Comp Health Planning	882-7728		AB116	<u> </u>
Joe Midmore	Leuo Hairdressers assoc	747-4986	~	38485 ACR6	
GEO. R. TUCKER	NEV STATE PHARM ASSOC	423-4437	V 58 337 58 365	53 248	
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Dorothy FeeNel	Cosmetology	382 6533	VSB42/
Robert E. Duellette	Barber 8/	882 5092	
JOE M HATHAWAY	BARBER	786-5354	SB 42/2 AURTE
TOMMY Som ITH	BARBER	882-6019	SB42 BB25 Mach
HOWARDE COLE	BARBER	P25-15P2	5/3 42 et 4/3 2 67 k
CHARLES SYLUESTER	BARGER	8052121	ACR6 34 42 / AB087
CARL J DE RICCO	BARBER	322-4325	ACR 6 SB 421 AD 287
Joe G. Trujillo	BArber	457-1392	ACR 6 SA YLI HA EST
CE'BUS' BROWN	PAABen	322-226/	MAAG () 1973 9
Louis M. Mc LANC	BARber	329-1410	ACRC-AB38/ 88485-584471
RAY E. EHRGOTT	BARBER	359-4854	ACR6-A8237 53485-58421
Gordon H. Smith	BANBer	878-7751	ACRE-ABDET 313421-513421
June M. Scatt	Beautician	358-1903	HB 287 17C.R.G
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MS Etheldy THELEN	Nevada Mukses Association - Member - Practice Committee	358-0660		AB116 -
WAYNE GILPATRICK	REG. ANDRAMAC 157	345-0203		
Shree Weden	nevada State GTA	358-3206		ABBOg -
ORVA ZIEGIER	Cosmetology	673-2682		ACR6
DOROTHY J BUTTON	NEI. NURSES' ASS'A	322-0486	/	A.B. 116
Mary Low House	Nev. Nurses' Assin	825-3592		AB116 ~
Mancy B. Grundy	playmacist	882.13/cxt247		
Shonon Greene	nev. Hosp. assn.	332-6905	~	AB 116
MRS. Jean MACVIERR	U. R. R. School op RURSing	784-4929		AB 114 -
Sandra Bourbon	Jiretter & Nurses - SNM Hosp. 130 Calemount Ave have Yegas	734-8588		AS 116 -
Dr. W. M. Edwards	Nevapa State HEALTH DIVISIN	882-7458		A309 -
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NEVADA'S IMMUNIZATION LAW SHOULD BE REPEALED BECAUSE:

- 1. A law isn't necessary to make people do something they're already doing. With rare exceptions all Nevada infants and children are currently being immunized against DPT by private physicians or city-county clinics.
- 2. The effectiveness of our on-going program of immunizations is supported by the fact that Diphtheria, Whooping Cough, and Tetanus have long since slipped into obscurity as public health hazards.
- 3. Parents' ignorance or recalcitrance will remain unaltered by a law for which there's no penalty for non-compliance.
- 4. Record keeping and certification of immunizations by physicians and nurses as required by the law is a veritable nightmare not without its potential for public expense.
- 5. The existing law states that the required list of immunizations can be expanded by the Board of Trustees, a lay, NON-MEDICAL BOARD!
- Rubella (German Measles) immunization remains a highlycontroversial measure whose public health values are questionable at best.
- 7. One of the main duties of the Nevada Health Division is to protect the public health. This certainly includes researching and correcting possible areas of immunization neglect. Why should our Health Division recuire a law to perform a function already 325 expected of it?
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- #18	$ \bullet$ D_{i}	o Pass as Amended
(REPRIN	TED WITH ADOPTED AMENDM FIRST REPRINT	A. B. 116
ASSEMBLY E	BILL NO. 116-MESSRS. GE	TTO, DINI,

ASSEMBLY BILL NO. 116—MESSRS. GETTO, DINI, FRY, BREMNER AND WITTENBERG

JANUARY 24, 1973

Referred to Committee on Health and Welfare

SUMMARY-Revises chapter regulating practice of nursing, making various substantive and technical changes. Fiscal Note: No. (BDR 54-562)

EXPLANATION-Matter in *Italics* is new; matter in brackets [] is material to be omitted.

AN ACT relating to the practice of nursing; revising chapter 632 of NRS; permitting denial, revocation or suspension of any license for aiding or abetting violations of the chapter; establishing a range of fees and charges; and providing other matters properly relating thereto.

. The People of the State of Nevada, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. Chapter 632 of NRS is hereby amended by adding thereto the provisions set forth as sections 2 and 3 of this act.

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SEC. 2. 1. The license of every nurse licensed under the provisions of this chapter shall be renewed biennially as provided in this section.

2. On or before January 1 of every even-numbered year the executive secretary of the board shall mail a license renewal application to every nurse holding a valid license issued pursuant to the provisions of this chapter.

3. Each applicant for license renewal shall complete the application and return it to the executive secretary together with the biennial license renewal fee before March 1.

12 4. Upon receipt of such application and fee, the board shall verify the 13 accuracy of the application and issue a license to the applicant for the 14 next biennium commencing with March 1 and expiring the last day of 15 February of the next even-numbered year.

16 5. A licensee who fails to renew his license as provided in this section 17 may have his license reinstated by completing a renewal application and 18 payment of the reinstatement fee in addition to the renewal fee.

19 6. Upon written request to the board, a licensee in good standing may 20 cause his name and license to be transferred to an inactive list, and such 21 licensee shall not practice nursing during the time the license is inactive 22 and no renewal fee shall accrue. If an inactive licensee desires to resume the practice of nursing, the board shall renew the license upon demonstration, if deemed necessary by the board, that the licensee is then qualified and competent to practice, and upon completion of an application and payment of the current biennial license renewal fee.

SEC. 3. 1. The board shall establish and may amend a schedule of fees and charges for the following items and within the following ranges: Not less than Not more than

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Application for license to practice		
professional nursing (regis-		
tered nurse)	\$30.00	\$45.00
Application for license as a prac-		
tical nurse	20.00	30.00
Application for temporary license		
to practice professional nurs-		
ing (registered nurse) which	•	
fee shall be credited toward		
the fee required for a regular		
license, if the applicant applies		
for a license as provided in	8.00	15.00
such section	0.00	15.00
Application for temporary license		
as a practical nurse, which fee shall be credited toward		
the fee required for a regular		
license, if the applicant applies		
for a license as provided in		
such section	5.00	10.00
Biennial license renewal fee	5.00	15.00
Reinstatement fee	5.00	5.00
Examination fee for registered		
nurse's license	10.00	15.00
Examination fee for practical		
nurse's license	7.50	10.00
Rewriting examination for regis-		
tered nurse's license	10.00	15.00
Rewriting examination for practi-		
cal nurse's license	7.50	10.00
Duplicate license	5.00	5.00
Proctoring examination for candi-		
date from another state		15.00
2. The board may collect the fees and c	harges establi	shed pursuant to

this section, and such fees or charges shall not be refunded.

SEC. 4. NRS 632.010 is hereby amended to read as follows:

632.010 As used in this chapter:

3, 632,010.

"Accredited school of nursing" means a school of nursing which 1. has been accredited by the board or other body or agency authorized by law to accredit or approve schools of nursing in the state in which the school is located.

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2. "Board" means the state board of nursing.

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"Emergency" means an unforeseen combination of circumstances

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calling for immediate action. 4. "Licensed practical nurse" means a person who is licensed to practice practical nursing as defined in subsection [4] 5 of this section and as provided in this chapter.

[4.] V. "Practice of practical nursing" means the performance for compensation of selected acts in the care of the ill, injured or infirm under the direction of a registered professional nurse, a licensed physician, a licensed dentist or a licensed chiropodist, not requiring the substantial specialized skill, judgment and knowledge required in professional nursing.

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[5.] ¹S "Practice of professional nursing" means the performance for compensation of any act in the observation, care and counsel of the 1213 ill, injured or infirm, in the maintenance of health or prevention of illness 14 of others, in the supervision and teaching of other personnel, or in the 15 administration of medications and treatments as prescribed by a licensed 16physician, a licensed dentist or licensed chiropodist, requiring substantial 17 18 specialized judgment and skill based on knowledge and application of the principles of biological, physical and social science, but does not include 19 20acts of medical diagnosis or prescription of therapeutic or corrective measures. A professional nurse may also perform such additional acts, under emergency or other special conditions, which had include special 21 22training, as are recognized by the medical and nursing professions as 2324proper to be performed by a professional nurse under such conditions, 25 even though such acts might otherwise be considered diagnosis and pre-26 scription. 27

[6] 7. "Registered nurse" means a person who is licensed to practice professional nursing.

[7.] 8. Unless the context otherwise requires, the masculine gender shall include the feminine gender, and the singular number shall include the plural number.

SEC. 5. NRS 632.020 is hereby amended to read as follows:

632.020 1. The state board of nursing consisting of five registered nurses, [and] two practical nurses and one consumer is hereby created.

The members of the board shall be appointed by the governor. 2.

3. The two licensed practical nurses shall serve as members of the board only in relation to and for the purpose of administering the provisions of this chapter which relate to licensed practical nurses. The con-36 37 38 sumer shall be a bona fide public representative whose occupation is 39neither the administration of health activities nor the performance of $\cdot 10$ health services, who has no fiduciary obligation to a hospital or other 41 health agency, and who has no material financial interest in the rendering 4243 of health services.

SEC. 6. NRS 632.030 is hereby amended to read as follows:

632.030 1. Each registered nurse member of the board shall:

(a) Be a citizen of the United States.

(b) Be a resident of the State of Nevada.

(c) Have been graduated from an accredited school of nursing.

(d) Be licensed as a professional nurse in the State of Nevada.

(e) [Have had at least 3 years of experience in nursing following gr uation.] Have been actively engaged in nursing at least 5 years immuately preceding appointment or reappointment.

2. Each licensed practical nurse member of the board shall:

(a) Be a citizen of the United States.

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(b) Be a resident of the State of Nevada.

(c) Have been graduated from an accredited school of practical nuing.

(d) Be licensed as a practical nurse in the State of Nevada.

(e) [Have had at least 3 years of experience in nursing following raduation.] Have been actively engaged in nursing at least 5 year immediately preceding appointment or reappointment.

3. No member of the board shall serve more than two consecuti terms. For the purposes of this subsection, service of 2 or more years filling an unexpired term constitutes a term.

SEC. 7. NRS 632.070 is hereby amended to read as follows:

632.070 1. The board shall meet [regularly once every 4 months February, June and October,] a minimum of three times a year approximately 4 month intervals for the purpose of transacting such bus ness as may properly come before the board.

2. The board shall hold not less than two examinations one examination each year at such times and places as the board may determine.

3. Special meetings of the board may be held on the call of the president or upon the call of any three members. A written notice of the time, place and object of any special meeting shall be mailed by the executive secretary to all members of the board who are not parties to the call at least 15 days prior to the day of such meeting.

4. A majority of the board shall constitute a quorum at any meeting SEC. 8. NRS 632.100 is hereby amended to read as follows:

632.100 1. The board shall make and keep a full and complete rec ord of all its proceedings, including a file of all applications for license under this chapter, together with the action of the board upon each such application, and including a register of all nurses licensed to practice nursing in this state.

2. The board shall maintain in its main office a public docket of other record in which it shall record, from time to time as made, the rulings or decisions upon all complaints filed with it, and all investigations instituted by it in the first instance, upon or in connection with which any hearing shall have been had, or in which the licensee charged shall have made no defense.

3. At least semiannually, the board shall publish a list of the names and addresses of persons licensed by it under the provisions of this chapter, and of all applicants and licensees whose licenses have been refused, suspended or revoked within 1 year, together with such other information relative to the enforcement of the provisions of this chapter as it may deem of interest to the public. One of the lists shall be mailed to each county clerk and shall be filed by him as a public record. [Lists shall also be mailed by the board to any person in this state upon request.]

SEC. 9. NRS 632.130 is hereby amended to read as follows:

632.130 1. For the purposes of safeguarding life and health and

maintaining high professional standards among professional nurses in this state, any person who for compensation practices or offers to practice professional nursing in this state shall hereafter be required to submit evidence that he is qualified so to practice and shall be licensed as provided in this chapter.

2. It [shall be] is unlawful for any person:

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(a) After July 1, 1947, to To practice or to offer to practice professional nursing in this state or to use any title, abbreviation, sign, card or device to indicate that he is practicing professional nursing in this state unless such person has been duly licensed under the provisions of this chapter.

(b) Who does not hold a valid and subsisting license to practice as a professional nurse issued pursuant to the provisions of this chapter to practice or offer to practice in this state as a registered nurse, graduate nurse, a trained nurse, a certified *registered* nurse *anesthetist* or under any other title or designation suggesting professional qualifications and skill in the field of nursing.

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SEC. 10. NRS 632.140 is hereby amended to read as follows:

632.140 1. Every applicant for a license to practice as a professional nurse in the State of Nevada shall submit to the board written evidence under oath that he:

(a) Is of good moral character.

(b) Is in good physical and mental health.

(c) Has completed a course of study in an accredited school of professional nursing and holds a diploma therefrom.

(d) Meets such other reasonable preliminary qualification requirements as the board may from time to time prescribe.

2. Each applicant shall remit [a fee of \$30] the fee required by this chapter with his application for a license to practice as a professional nurse in this state. [In case application for a license by examination is not granted, the fee shall not be refunded.]

SEC. 11. NRS 632.160 is hereby amended to read as follows:

632.160 [1.] The board may, without examination, issue a license to practice nursing as a professional nurse to any applicant who meets the qualifications required of professional nurses in this state and who has been duly licensed or registered as a registered nurse, after examination, under the laws of any other state, territory or foreign country.

[2. Each applicant shall remit with his application for a license to practice as a professional nurse in this state without examination a fee of \$30. In case application for license without examination is not granted, the fee shall not be refunded.]

SEC. 12. NRS 632.200 is hereby amended to read as follows:

632.200 **[**1. Upon application, the board may, without examination, grant a temporary license to practice nursing as a professional nurse for a period not to exceed 4 months. Only one temporary license may be issued during any 12-month period to any one person.

47 2. Application shall be made in such form as the board may deem 48 proper and shall be accompanied by a fee of \$8, which shall in no case be 49 refunded. Such fee shall be credited toward the fee provided in NRS 50 632.140 or 632.160 if the applicant applies for a license as provided in such sections.] Upon application and payment of the required fee the board may without examination grant a temporary license to practice professional nursing to an individual whose license from another state, territory or country is in good standing. Only one temporary license may be issued to any one person during any 12-month period.

NRS 632.220 is hereby amended to read as follows: SEC. 13.

632.220 The board shall have power to deny, revoke or suspend any license to practice nursing as a professional nurse applied for or issued under this chapter or otherwise to discipline a licensee upon proof that he:

1. Is guilty of fraud or deceit in procuring or attempting to procure a license to practice nursing as a professional nurse.

2. Is guilty of a felony or any offense involving moral turpitude, in which case the record of conviction shall be conclusive evidence thereof. 3. Is unfit or incompetent by reason of gross negligence in carrying out usual nursing functions.

4. Is habitually intemperate or is addicted to the use of any controlled substance as defined in chapter 453 of NRS. 18 19

5. Is mentally incompetent.

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6. Is guilty of unprofessional conduct, which includes but is not limited to the following:

(a) Conviction of practicing medicine without a license in violation of chapter 630 of NRS, in which case the record of conviction shall be conclusive evidence thereof.

(b) Procuring, or aiding, abetting, attempting, agreeing, or offering to 25 26 procure or assist at, a criminal abortion.

(c) Impersonating any applicant or acting as proxy for an applicant in any examination required under this chapter for the issuance of a license.

(d) Impersonating another licensed practitioner.

(e) Permitting or allowing another person to use his certificate for the purpose of nursing the sick or afflicted.

7. Has willfully or repeatedly violated the provisions of this chapter. 8. Is guilty of aiding or abetting anyone in a violation of this chapter.

SEC. 14. NRS 632.240 is hereby amended to read as follows:

632.240 The nursing service of all state and county institutions providing medical, surgical or obstetrical service shall be under the supervision of a person licensed as a professional nurse in Nevada. This section shall not apply to those institutions which serve only as homes for the indigent or aged.] The provision of nursing services in any health care delivery system shall be under the supervision of a registered nurse.

NRS 632.250 is hereby amended to read as follows: SEC. 15.

632.250 None of the provisions of NRS 632.130 to 632.240, inclusive, shall be construed as prohibiting:

1. The practice of nursing in this state by any legally qualified nurse of another state whose engagement requires him to accompany or care for a patient temporarily residing in this state during the period of one such engagement not to exceed 6 months in length, provided such person does not represent or hold himself out as a nurse licensed to practice in this state.

2. The practice of any legally qualified nurse of another state who employed by the United States Government or any bureau, division or agency thereof, while in the discharge of his official duties in this state.

3. Gratuitous nursing by friends or by members of the family of the patient.

4. Nursing assistance in the case of an emergency.

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The practice of nursing by students enrolled in accredited schools 5. of professional nursing, or by graduates of such schools or courses pending the results of the first licensing examination scheduled by the board following such graduation.

6. The incidental care of the sick by domestic servants or persons primarily employed as housekeepers if they do not practice nursing within the meaning of this chapter.

7. Nonmedical nursing for the care of the sick, with or without compensation, when done by the adherents of, or in connection with, the practice of the religious tenets of any well recognized church or religious denomination, so long as such nursing does not amount to the practice of professional nursing as defined in NRS 632.010.

SEC. 16. NRS 632.270 is hereby amended to read as follows:

632.270 [1.] Each applicant for a license to practice as a practical nurse shall submit to the board written evidence, under oath, that he: [(a)] 1. Is of good moral character.

22(b) 2. Has completed 2 years of high school or its equivalent and 23has such other preliminary qualification requirements as the board may 24 25prescribe.

3. Is at least 18 years of age. [(c)]

(d) 4. Has successfully completed the prescribed course of study in an accredited school of practical nursing.

[2. Each application for a license to practice as a practical nurse 30 shall be accompanied by a fee of \$20, which shall be paid to the board. If the application for a license is not granted, the fee shall not be perfonded. All funds received by the board parsaant to the provisions of NPS 632.260 to 632.340, inclusive, shall be disbursed and accounted. for in the manner prescribed by NRS 632.090.7 34 35

SEC. 17. NRS 632.300 is hereby amended to read as follows:

632.300 [1. Upon application, the board may, without examination, 36 grant a temporary license to practice as a practical nurse for a period 37 not to exceed 4 months to an individual licensed in another state, terri-38 tory or country. Only one temporary license may be issued during any 39 12-month period to any one person. 40

2. Application shall be made in such form as the board may deem 41 proper and shall be accompanied by a fee of \$5, which shall in no case 42be refunded. Such fee shall be credited toward the fee provided in NRS 43 632.270 or 632.280 if the applicant applies for a license as provided in such sections. Upon application and payment of the required fee, the 44 45 board may without examination grant a temporary license to practice 46 practical nursing to an individual whose license from another state, terri-47 tory or country is in good standing. Only one temporary license may be 48 issued to any one person during any 12-month period. 49

SEC. 18. NRS 632.320 is hereby amended to read as follows: 50

632.320 The board shall have power to deny, revoke or suspend any license to practice nursing as a practical nurse applied for or issued under this chapter, or otherwise to discipline a licensee upon proof that he:

1. Is guilty of fraud or deceit in procuring or attempting to procure a license to practice nursing as a practical nurse.

2. Is guilty of a felony or any offense involving moral turpitude, in which case the record of conviction shall be conclusive evidence thereof.

3. Is unfit or incompetent by reason of gross negligence in carrying out usual nursing functions.

4. Is habitually intemperate or is addicted to the use of any controlled substance as defined in chapter 453 of NRS.

5. Is mentally incompetent.

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6. Is guilty of unprofessional conduct, which includes but is not lim-13ited to the following: 14

(a) Conviction of practicing medicine without a license in violation of 15 chapter 630 of NRS, in which case the record of conviction shall be con-16 clusive evidence thereof. 17

(b) Procuring, or aiding, abetting, attempting, agreeing, or offering to procure or assist at, a criminal abortion.

20 (c) Impersonating any applicant or acting as proxy for an applicant in any examination required under this chapter for the issuance of a 2122license.

(d) Impersonating another licensed practitioner.

 $\mathbf{24}$ (e) Permitting or allowing another person to use his certificate for the purpose of nursing the sick or afflicted. 25

7. Has willfully or repeatedly violated the provisions of this chapter.

8. Is guilty of aiding or abetting anyone in a violation of this chapter.

SEC. 19. NRS 632.340 is hereby amended to read as follows:

29 632.340 None of the provisions of NRS 632.260 to 632.330, inclusive, shall be construed as prohibiting: 30

Gratuitous nursing by friends or by members of the family. 1.

The incidental care of the sick by domestic servants or persons pri-2. marily employed as housekeepers as long as they do not practice nursing 33 34 within the meaning of this chapter.

 Nursing assistance in the case of an emergency.
 The practice of nursing by students enrolled in The practice of nursing by students enrolled in accredited schools 36 of practical nursing, or by graduates of such schools or courses pending 37the results of the first licensing examination scheduled by the board fol-38lowing such graduation. 39

40 5. The practice of nursing in this state by any legally qualified nurse 41 of another state whose engagement requires him to accompany and care for a patient temporarily residing in this state during the period of one 4243such engagement, not to exceed 6 months in length, provided such person 44 does not represent or hold himself out as a nurse licensed to practice in 45this state.

46 6. The practice of any legally qualified nurse of another state who is 47 employed by the United States Government or any bureau, division, or 48 agency thereof, while in the discharge of his official duties in this state.

49 7. Nonmedical nursing for the care of the sick, with or without com-50 pensation, when done by the adherents of, or in connection with, the practice of the religious tenets of any well recognized church or religious denomination, so long as such nursing does not amount to the practice of practical nursing as defined in NRS 632.010.

SEC. 20. NRS 632.450 is hereby amended to read as follows:

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632.450 Any institution desiring to conduct a school of professional nursing in this state shall submit evidence to the board that it is prepared to give \mathbf{L} :

1. A 36-month course of theoretical instruction and practical experience in nursing, embracing a curriculum prescribed by the board, and to meet such other standards as may be established by the board from time to time; or

2. A course of instruction prescribed by the board covering not less than 2 years and to meet such other standards as may be established by the board from time to time. The course of instruction prescribed by the board for such instruction of not less than 2 years shall provide a quality of education not less than the current standards established and adopted for a basic 2-year course of professional nursing education by both the National League for Nursing and the American Association of Junior Colleges.] a course of instruction of not less than 2 years. The program shall be in an accredited institution of higher education.

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SEC. 21. NRS 632.470 is hereby amended to read as follows:

632.470 1. [From time to time and not less than once each year,] Not less than once every 3 years, the board shall cause to be surveyed all accredited schools of professional nursing in this state. Full and complete written reports of such surveys shall be submitted to and considered by the full board.

2. If, after consideration of such reports, the board determines that any such school of professional nursing is not maintaining the standards required by this chapter and by the board, notice thereof in writing specifying the [defect or defects] weaknesses shall immediately be given to such school.

3. The board shall revoke the accreditation of any school of professional nursing which fails to remedy such [defect or defects] weaknesses within a reasonable time after receiving written notice thereof.

SEC. 22. NRS 632.180, 632.190, 632.290 and 632.295 are hereby repealed.

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(REPRINTED WITH ADOPTED AMENDMENTS)

FIRST REPRINT

S. B. 248

SENATE BILL NO. 248-SENATOR RAGGIO

FEBRUARY 14, 1973

Referred to Committee on Health, Welfare and State Institutions

SUMMARY—Amends provisions relating to pharmacies, pharmacists and hospitals. Fiscal Note: No. (BDR 54-958)

EXPLANATION—Matter in *italics* is new; matter in brackets [] is material to be omitted.

AN ACT relating to pharmacy; providing additional regulation of pharmacies operated in conjunction with hospitals; and providing other matters properly relating thereto.

The People of the State of Nevada, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. NRS 639.020 is hereby amended to read as follows:

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639.020 1. The state board of pharmacy consisting of five members appointed by the governor is hereby created.

Appointees shall be competent registered pharmacists actively 2. engaged in the practice of pharmacy in this state and shall have had at least [10] 5 years' experience as registered pharmacists in this state. Not more than [two] three members may be appointed from any one county.

3. Composition of the board shall be representative of community

practice and hospital practice of pharmacy. SEC. 2. Chapter 639 of NRS is hereby amended by adding thereto the provisions set forth as sections 3 and 4 of this act.

SEC. 3. The operation of a pharmacy in conjunction with a hospital 12 shall meet the following requirements: 13

1. In hospitals with 100 or more beds, the pharmacy shall be under 14 the continuous supervision of a pharmacist during the time it is open for 15 pharmaceutical services. 16

2. In hospitals with less than 100 beds, the services of a pharmacist 17 18 may be on less than a full-time basis, depending upon the needs of the hospital, and pursuant to the regulations and recommendations of the 19 20state board of pharmacy and the board of hospital trustees charged with the administration and control of such hospital. 21

223. In the absence of a pharmacist from the hospital, a person desig-23nated by the pharmacist may obtain from the pharmacy necessary doses of such drugs as are ordered by a medical practitioner and needed by a $\mathbf{24}$ 25patient in an emergency.

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$ \begin{array}{c} 1 \\ 2 \\ 3 \\ 4 \\ 5 \\ 6 \\ 7 \\ 8 \\ 9 \\ 10 \\ 11 \\ 12 \\ \end{array} $	4. The pharmacist in charge of the p to provide for administration and techn taining to the acquiring, stocking, recor- and devices. SEC. 4. I. A pharmaceutical techn functions only if under the direct super in conjunction with hospital inpatient ph (a) Counting, pouring and prepackagi (b) Typing and affixing of labels; and (c) Recordkeeping. 2. The number of pharmaceutical te exceed the number of registered pharma	nical guidance in all mi dkeeping and dispensin ician may perform the rvision of a registered p armaceutical services: ing of drugs; echnicians in a pharmac	atters per- g of drugs following pharmacist	
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A. C. R. 6

ASSEMBLY CONCURRENT RESOLUTION NO. 6---MR. BANNER (by request)

FEBRUARY 14, 1973

Referred to Committee on Health and Welfare

SUMMARY—Expresses the attitude of the legislature concerning the services of barbers and cosmetologists. (BDR 855)

EXPLANATION—Matter in *italics* is new; matter in brackets [] is material to be omitted.

ASSEMBLY CONCURRENT RESOLUTION—Expressing the attitude of the legislature concerning the services of barbers and cosmetologists.

WHEREAS, There exist substantial differences between the practices, training and tools used in the cutting and styling of men's hair and beards in contrast to the practices, training and tools used in cutting women's hair; and

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WHEREAS, The courses of training in barber colleges and cosmetology colleges are remarkably and substantially different in preparing their prospective members to serve the public, not only in the use of the razor and scissors, but also in the methods and manner of treating or conditioning hair, in the styling of short or long hair and, most importantly, in the curriculum and amount of time in training given to the shaving of the beard and the cutting of men's and women's hair; now, therefore, be it

Resolved by the Assembly of the State of Nevada, the Senate concurring, That the legislature determines it in the best public interest, for the protection of the health, safety and welfare of the citizens of Nevada, to keep separate the professions practiced by barbers and cosmetologists, and the required training; and be it further

18 *Resolved*, That there should exist a separation of the professions prac-19 ticed by barbers and cosmetologists in order for each profession to more 20 particularly and precisely train its potential members in the arts and skills 21 necessary to their respective profession; and be it further

Resolved, That the cutting of men's and male children's hair should be permitted only by licensed barbers in licensed barber shops; and be it further

Resolved, That the distinctions and differences between the two professions should remain as long as the colleges of barbering and cosmetology instruct and teach different subjects, the use of different tools and give 2 -----

different amounts of time and instruction to different subjects involved in their respective professions; and be it further

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Resolved, That there should exist a separation of barbershops and cosmetological establishments and the services they offer to the public, or at least a separation of the areas in which such services are performed so as to indicate clearly to the public what kinds of service are or may be obtained at any particular location and clearly to separate these services.

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adopted by the board, shall make a determination of the applicant's qualifications as an emergency medical technician, and shall issue an emergency medical technician certificate to each qualified applicant.

4. An emergency medical technician certificate shall be valid for a period not exceeding 2 years and may be renewed if the holder meets the qualifications set forth in the rules, regulations and standards established by the board pursuant to this chapter.

5. The health division may suspend or revoke an emergency medical technician certificate if, after reasonable notice and opportunity for a hearing, it is determined that the holder no longer meets the prescribed qualifications. The holder has the right of appeal to the board, subject to judicial review as provided in chapter 233B of NRS.

SEC. 20. 1. The health division may, at its discretion, issue:

(a) A provisional license; or

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(b) An emergency medical technician certificate,

to an individual who does not meet the qualifications established pursuan to this chapter, if the health division determines that such issuance wil be in the public interest.

2. A provisional license or provisional emergency medical techniciar certificate shall not be valid for more than 1 year from the date of issuance. A provisional license is renewable.

SEC. 21. 1. The health division may issue permits for the operation of ambulance service and air ambulance service.

2. Each permit shall be evidenced by a card issued to the permitholder.

3. No permit shall be issued unless the applicant is qualified under rules and regulations of the board.

4. An application for a permit shall be made upon forms prescribed by the board and in accordance with procedures established by the board and shall contain the following:

(a) The name and address of the owner of the ambulance service of air ambulance service or proposed service;

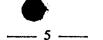
(b) The name under which the applicant is doing business or proposes to do business;

(c) A description of each ambulance or air ambulance, including the make, model, year of manufacture, motor and chassis numbers, and the color scheme, insignia, name, monogram or other distinguishing characteristics to be used to designate the applicant's ambulance or air ambulance;

(d) The location and description of the place or places from which the ambulance or air ambulance service is intended to operate; and

(e) Such other information as the board shall deem reasonable and necessary to a fair determination of compliance with the provisions of this chapter.

45 5. The board may establish an annual permit fee not to exceed \$10.
6. All permits shall expire on July 1 following the date of issue, and are renewable annually thereafter upon payment of the fee required by subsection 5 at least 30 days prior to the expiration date.



7. The health division may revoke, suspend or refuse to renew any permit to operate an ambulance or air ambulance service for violation of any provision of this chapter or of any rule or regulation promulgated by the board.

8. No revocation, suspension or refusal may be made without the concerned permitholder's having been afforded an opportunity for a public hearing before the board in the matter prior to such time as any suit is filed in court for violation of this chapter or the rules and regulations issued hereunder. The board shall issue regulations and procedures for the conduct of hearings required by this subsection, and determinations are subject to judicial review pursuant to chapter 233B of NRS.

9. The health division may suspend a permit if the permitholder is using an ambulance or air ambulance which does not meet the minimum equipment requirements as established by the board pursuant to this chapter.

10. The issuance of a permit under this section or section 22 of this act does not authorize any person, firm, corporation, association or government entity to provide ambulance or air ambulance services or to operate any ambulance or air ambulance not in conformity with any ordinance or regulation enacted by any county, municipality or special purpose district.

SEC. 22. The board may issue provisional permits limited as to time, place and purpose, based on the need therefor. No provisional permit may be issued for a period of time longer than six months. The board may establish a reasonable fee for such provisional permits.

SEC. 23. Subsequent to issuance of any permit to an ambulance service or air ambulance service under sections 21 and 22 of this act, the health division shall cause to be inspected the ambulances, aircraft, equipment, personnel, records, premises and operational procedures of such ambulance service or air ambulance service whenever such inspection is deemed necessary, but no less frequently than once each year. The periodic inspection required by this section is in addition to any other state or local safety or motor vehicle inspection required for ambulances, aircraft or motor vehicles under general law or ordinances.

SEC. 24. The public or private owner of an ambulance or air ambulance shall not permit its operation and use without the equipment required by regulations and standards of the board.

SEC. 25. A person, firm, corporation, association or government entity shall not engage in the operation of any ambulance or air ambulance service in Nevada without a currently valid permit for such service issued by the health division.

SEC. 26. A person shall not serve as an attendant on any ambulance or air ambulance unless he holds a currently valid license as an attendant issued by the health division, except as otherwise provided pursuant to the provisions of this chapter.

46 SEC. 27. 1. The public or private owner of an ambulance or air 47 ambulance shall not permit its operation and use by any person not 48 licensed under this chapter, except as provided in subsection 4.

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42 43 2. Every ambulance when carrying a sick or injured patient shall be occupied by a driver and an attendant, both of whom shall be licensed at attendants under the provision of this chapter, except in geographic areas which may be designated by the board.

 Every air ambulance when carrying a sick or injured patient shal be occupied by a licensed attendant in addition to the pilot of the aircraft
 The pilot of an air ambulance is not required to have a license

under this chapter. SEC. 28. Each permitholder for an ambulance or air ambulance service shall maintain accurate records upon such forms as may be provided by the health division and containing such information as may be reasonably required by the board concerning the transportation of each patien within this state and beyond its limits. Such records shall be available for inspection by the health division at any reasonable time and copies thereof shall be furnished to the health division upon request. Such record does not constitute a diagnosis, and a legal signature is not required or forms dealing with the type of injury sustained by a particular patient.

SEC. 29. The issuance of a permit does not authorize any person, firm corporation or association to provide ambulance services or to operate an ambulance without a franchise or permit in any county or incorporatec city which has enacted an ordinance making it unlawful to do so.

SEC. 30. The following are exempted from the provisions of this chapter:

1. The occasional use of a vehicle or aircraft to transport injured or sick persons, which vehicle or aircraft is not ordinarily used in the business of transporting persons who are sick or injured.

2. A vehicle or aircraft rendering services as an ambulance or air ambulance in case of a major catastrophe or emergency when ambulance or air ambulance services with permits are insufficient to render the services required.

3. Persons rendering service as attendants in case of a major catastrophe or emergency when licensed attendants cannot be secured.

4. Ambulances or air ambulances based outside this state, except that any such ambulance or air ambulance receiving a patient within this state for transport to a location within this state shall comply with the provisions of this chapter.

5. Attendants based outside this state.

6. Vehicles owned and operated by search and rescue organizations chartered by the state as corporations not for profit or otherwise existing as nonprofit associations which are not regularly used to transport injured or sick persons except as part of rescue operations.

7. Ambulances or air ambulances owned and operated by an agency of the United States Government.

44 SEC. 31. 1. This act does not preclude local authorities from adopt 45 ing more restrictive rules or regulations than those adopted by the boarc 46 pursuant to the provisions of this chapter.

47 2. No local authority may adopt rules or regulations less restrictive48 than those established by the board.

3. The board shall determine whether local rules and regulations are less or more restrictive than those adopted by the board.

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SEC. 32. No county or city may operate an ambulance service, or contract to have another operate an ambulance service, in violation of this chapter or the rules or regulations promulgated under this chapter.

SEC. 33. The health division may operate training programs and may contract with others to operate training programs for ambulance attendants, ambulance service operators, firemen, law enforcement officers, physicians, nurses and others in emergency first aid, emergency care and any other techniques associated with emergency care, transportation and treatment of the sick and injured and the proper operation of an ambulance service.

13 SEC. 34. Any person who violates any of the provisions of this chap-14 ter is guilty of a misdemeanor.

15 SEC. 35. A current, valid license issued to any ambulance driver or 16 ambulance attendant pursuant to the provisions of former chapter 450A 17 of NRS shall remain valid until its expiration date and shall be considered 18 equivalent to a license issued under the provisions of sections 2 to 34, 19 inclusive, of this act.

20 SEC. 36. NRS 202.590 and chapter 450A of NRS are hereby 21 repealed.

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