LCB File No. R092-01

PROPOSED REGULATION OF THE

STATE BOARD OF AGRICULTURE

EXPLANATION - Matter in *italics* is new; matter in brackets [omitted material] is material to be omitted.

AUTHORITY: §1, NRS 576.129.

Section 1. NAC 576.200 is hereby amended to read as follows:

576.200 A person shall not import any alternative livestock into this state unless:

He holds a permit for those alternative livestock, which describes their destination in this

state.

2. Each animal is identified by an identification device and entry number.

3. He holds a health certificate for each animal, which identifies the animal by its

identification device and entry number, and which contains:

(a) The dates and results of the tests required by this section;

(b) The certifications required by this section; and

(c) Any other information required by the department.

4. Each animal is certified by a veterinarian as having originated from a herd that, for the 12

months before the entry of the animal into this state:

(a) Has been free from tuberculosis and brucellosis; and

(b) Is not known to have been exposed to infection by Mycobacterium johnes or

Parelaphostrongylus tenuis.

- 5. Each animal which is 6 months of age or older is certified by a veterinarian as having reacted negatively, within 30 days before its entry into this state, to:
 - (a) Two official tests for brucellosis, including a complement fixation test; and
 - (b) An official single cervical test for tuberculosis.
- 6. If the alternative livestock are Rocky Mountain elk (*Cervus elaphus nelsoni*), each animal is certified not to be a hybrid with any other cervid species or subspecies by a laboratory for genetic testing which is recognized by the administrator of the division of animal industry of the department. To issue the certification, the laboratory must use the most [current] recent and scientifically accepted genetic tests available.
- 7. If the alternative livestock are Rocky Mountain elk (Cervus elaphus nelsoni), each animal is certified by an accredited veterinarian to originate from a herd participating in an official Chronic Wasting Disease monitoring program and that no Chronic Wasting Disease has been diagnosed in that herd for the preceding five years. If an official ante mortem test for Chronic Wasting Disease becomes available the Administrator may wave this requirement if the animals are negative to an official test.