## ASSEMBLY BILL NO. 88-ASSEMBLYMAN ELLISON

## Prefiled January 27, 2017

## Referred to Committee on Judiciary

SUMMARY—Provides additional protection against certain crimes for a peace officer, firefighter or emergency medical provider or the spouse or child of such a person. (BDR 15-156)

FISCAL NOTE: Effect on Local Government: No.

Effect on the State: Yes.

EXPLANATION - Matter in bolded italics is new; matter between brackets fomitted material; is material to be omitted.

AN ACT relating to crimes; imposing an additional penalty for the commission of certain crimes against a peace officer, firefighter or emergency medical provider or the spouse or child of such a person under certain circumstances; revising provisions relating to aggravating factors for murder in the first degree; creating civil liability for the commission of certain crimes; revising provisions concerning the reporting of certain crimes; and providing other matters properly relating thereto.

## **Legislative Counsel's Digest:**

Existing law imposes an additional penalty for the commission of certain crimes that were motivated by the actual or perceived race, color, religion, national origin, physical or mental disability, sexual orientation or gender identity or expression of the victim. (NRS 193.1675, 207.185) Existing law also creates civil liability for the perpetrator of certain crimes motivated by any of these factors and authorizes the recovery of actual and punitive damages by a victim. (NRS 41.690) Sections 1, 3 and 4 of this bill expand these provisions to include the commission of certain crimes that are motivated by: (1) a victim's employment status as a peace officer, firefighter or emergency medical provider; or (2) the relationship of the victim as the spouse or child of any age of a person who holds such a position.

Existing law makes the murder of a peace officer or firefighter an aggravating factor for murder in the first degree. (NRS 200.033) **Section 2** of this bill adds the murder of an emergency medical provider as an additional aggravating factor.

Existing law requires the Director of the Department of Public Safety to establish a program for reporting crimes that is designed to collect, compile and analyze statistical data about crimes motivated by race, color, religion, national origin, physical or mental disability, sexual orientation or gender identity or





expression. (NRS 179A.175) Section 5 of this bill requires that such a program collect, compile and analyze statistical data on crimes motivated by: (1) a victim's 20 employment as a peace officer, firefighter or emergency medical provider; or (2) the relationship of the victim as the spouse or child of any age of a person who holds such a position.

WHEREAS, The peace officers, firefighters and emergency medical providers of this State place their lives at risk on a daily basis to ensure the safety of their fellow Nevadans; and

WHEREAS, Violence motivated solely by bias against these first responders has recently increased, making it difficult for these professionals to perform their duties; and

WHEREAS, Crimes directed against first responders discriminatory in a similar manner to crimes that are motivated by race, color, religion, national origin, physical or mental disability, sexual orientation or gender identity or expression in that they target individuals based on their status as first responders; and

WHEREAS, Providing additional protection to peace officers, firefighters and emergency medical providers from crimes committed against them or their families based on their employment status is warranted to ensure these first responders are able to carry out their duties to protect the public; now, therefore,

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEVADA, REPRESENTED IN SENATE AND ASSEMBLY, DO ENACT AS FOLLOWS:

**Section 1.** NRS 193.1675 is hereby amended to read as follows:

193.1675 1. Except as otherwise provided in NRS 193.169, any person who willfully violates any provision of NRS 200.030, 200.050, 200.280, 200.310, 200.366, 200.380, 200.400, 200.460 to 200.465, inclusive, paragraph (b) of subsection 2 of NRS 200.471, NRS 200.481 which is punishable as a felony, NRS 200.508, 200.5099, subsection 2 of NRS 200.575, NRS 205.010 to 205.025, inclusive, 205.060, 205.067, 205.075, NRS 205.0832 which is punishable as a felony, NRS 205.220, 205.226, 205.228, 205.270, 206.150, NRS 206.330 which is punishable as a felony or NRS 207.190 [because] :

- (a) Because the actual or perceived race, color, religion, national origin, physical or mental disability, sexual orientation or gender identity or expression of the victim was different from that characteristic of the perpetrator; or
- (b) Because of the employment status of the victim as a peace officer, firefighter or emergency provider or the relationship of the



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victim as the spouse or child of any age of a person with such employment status,

- may, in addition to the term of imprisonment prescribed by statute for the crime, be punished by imprisonment in the state prison for a minimum term of not less than 1 year and a maximum term of not more than 20 years.
- In determining the length of any additional penalty imposed pursuant to subsection 1, the court shall consider the following information.
  - (a) The facts and circumstances of the crime:
  - (b) The criminal history of the person;
  - (c) The impact of the crime on any victim;
  - (d) Any mitigating factors presented by the person; and
  - (e) Any other relevant information.
- → The court shall state on the record that it has considered the information described in paragraphs (a) to (e), inclusive, in determining the length of any additional penalty imposed.
  - 12.1 3. A sentence imposed pursuant to this section:
  - (a) Must not exceed the sentence imposed for the crime; and
- (b) Runs consecutively with the sentence prescribed by statute for the crime.
  - 13.1 4. This section does not create a separate offense but provides an additional penalty for the primary offense, whose imposition is contingent upon the finding of the prescribed fact.
    - 5. As used in this section:
  - (a) "Emergency medical provider" has the meaning ascribed to it in NRS 450B.199.
- (b) "Firefighter" has the meaning ascribed to it NRS 450B.071.
- 30 (c) "Peace officer" has the meaning ascribed to it in NRS 169.125.
  - **Sec. 2.** NRS 200.033 is hereby amended to read as follows:
  - 200.033 The only circumstances by which murder of the first degree may be aggravated are:
  - The murder was committed by a person under sentence of imprisonment.
  - The murder was committed by a person who, at any time before a penalty hearing is conducted for the murder pursuant to NRS 175.552, is or has been convicted of:
  - (a) Another murder and the provisions of subsection 12 do not otherwise apply to that other murder; or
  - (b) A felony involving the use or threat of violence to the person of another and the provisions of subsection 4 do not otherwise apply to that felony.



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- → For the purposes of this subsection, a person shall be deemed to have been convicted at the time the jury verdict of guilt is rendered or upon pronouncement of guilt by a judge or judges sitting without a jury.
- 3. The murder was committed by a person who knowingly created a great risk of death to more than one person by means of a weapon, device or course of action which would normally be hazardous to the lives of more than one person.
- 4. The murder was committed while the person was engaged, alone or with others, in the commission of, or an attempt to commit or flight after committing or attempting to commit, any robbery, arson in the first degree, burglary, invasion of the home or kidnapping in the first degree, and the person charged:
  - (a) Killed or attempted to kill the person murdered; or
- (b) Knew or had reason to know that life would be taken or lethal force used.
- 5. The murder was committed to avoid or prevent a lawful arrest or to effect an escape from custody.
- 6. The murder was committed by a person, for himself or herself or another, to receive money or any other thing of monetary value
- 7. The murder was committed upon a peace officer, for firefighter *or emergency medical provider* who was killed while engaged in the performance of his or her official duty or because of an act performed in his or her official capacity, and the defendant knew or reasonably should have known that the victim was a peace officer, for firefighter [.] or emergency medical provider. For the purposes of this subsection [, "peace]:
- (a) "Emergency medical provider" has the meaning ascribed to it in NRS 450B.199.
- (b) "Firefighter" has the meaning ascribed to it in NRS 450B.071.
  - (c) "Peace officer" means:
  - [(a)] (1) An employee of the Department of Corrections who does not exercise general control over offenders imprisoned within the institutions and facilities of the Department, but whose normal duties require the employee to come into contact with those offenders when carrying out the duties prescribed by the Director of the Department.
  - (b) (2) Any person upon whom some or all of the powers of a peace officer are conferred pursuant to NRS 289.150 to 289.360, inclusive, when carrying out those powers.
    - 8. The murder involved torture or the mutilation of the victim.
  - 9. The murder was committed upon one or more persons at random and without apparent motive.





- 10. The murder was committed upon a person less than 14 years of age.
- 11. The murder was committed upon a person because of the actual or perceived race, color, religion, national origin, physical or mental disability or sexual orientation of that person.
- 12. The defendant has, in the immediate proceeding, been convicted of more than one offense of murder in the first or second degree. For the purposes of this subsection, a person shall be deemed to have been convicted of a murder at the time the jury verdict of guilt is rendered or upon pronouncement of guilt by a judge or judges sitting without a jury.
- 13. The person, alone or with others, subjected or attempted to subject the victim of the murder to nonconsensual sexual penetration immediately before, during or immediately after the commission of the murder. For the purposes of this subsection:
- (a) "Nonconsensual" means against the victim's will or under conditions in which the person knows or reasonably should know that the victim is mentally or physically incapable of resisting, consenting or understanding the nature of his or her conduct, including, but not limited to, conditions in which the person knows or reasonably should know that the victim is dead.
- (b) "Sexual penetration" means cunnilingus, fellatio or any intrusion, however slight, of any part of the victim's body or any object manipulated or inserted by a person, alone or with others, into the genital or anal openings of the body of the victim, whether or not the victim is alive. The term includes, but is not limited to, anal intercourse and sexual intercourse in what would be its ordinary meaning.
- 14. The murder was committed on the property of a public or private school, at an activity sponsored by a public or private school or on a school bus while the bus was engaged in its official duties by a person who intended to create a great risk of death or substantial bodily harm to more than one person by means of a weapon, device or course of action that would normally be hazardous to the lives of more than one person. For the purposes of this subsection, "school bus" has the meaning ascribed to it in NRS 483.160.
- 15. The murder was committed with the intent to commit, cause, aid, further or conceal an act of terrorism. For the purposes of this subsection, "act of terrorism" has the meaning ascribed to it in NRS 202.4415.
  - **Sec. 3.** NRS 207.185 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 207.185 *I.* Unless a greater penalty is provided by law, a person who [, by]:
- (a) By reason of the actual or perceived race, color, religion, national origin, physical or mental disability, sexual orientation or





gender identity or expression of another person or group of persons  $t_1 : or$ 

- (b) Because of the employment status of the victim as a peace officer, firefighter or emergency provider or the relationship of the victim as the spouse or child of any age of a person with such employment status,
- employment status,

  willfully violates any provision of NRS 200.471, 200.481, 200.5099, 200.571, 200.575, 203.010, 203.020, 203.030, 203.060, 203.080, 203.090, 203.100, 203.110, 203.119, NRS 205.0832 which is punishable as a misdemeanor, NRS 205.240, 205.2715, 205.274, 205.2741, 206.010, 206.040, 206.125, 206.140, 206.200, 206.310, NRS 206.330 which is punishable as a misdemeanor, NRS 207.180, 207.200 or 207.210 is guilty of a gross misdemeanor.
  - 2. As used in this section:

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- (a) "Emergency medical provider" has the meaning ascribed to it in NRS 450B.199.
- (b) "Firefighter" has the meaning ascribed to it in NRS 450B.071.
- (c) "Peace officer" has the meaning ascribed to it in NRS 169.125.
  - **Sec. 4.** NRS 41.690 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 22 41.690 1. A person who has suffered injury as the proximate result of the willful violation of the provisions of NRS 200.030, 23 200.050, 200.280, 200.310, 200.366, 200.380, 200.400, 200.460, 24 200.463, 200.4631, 200.464, 200.465, 200.467, 200.468, 200.471, 25 200.481, 200.508, 200.5099, 200.571, 200.575, 203.010, 203.020, 26 203.030, 203.060, 203.080, 203.090, 203.100, 203.110, 203.119, 205.010 to 205.025, inclusive, 205.060, 205.067, 205.075, 27 28 205.0832, 205.220, 205.226, 205.228, 205.240, 205.270, 205.2715, 29 205.274, 205.2741, 206.010, 206.040, 206.125, 206.140, 206.150, 30 206.200, 206.310, 206.330, 207.180, 207.190, 207.200 or 207.210 31 32 by a perpetrator who was motivated by the injured person's 33 **factuall:**
- 34 (a) Actual or perceived race, color, religion, national origin, 35 physical or mental disability, sexual orientation or gender identity or 36 expression; or
  - (b) Employment status as a peace officer, firefighter or emergency provider or relationship as the spouse or child of any age of a person with such employment status,
  - may bring an action for the recovery of his or her actual damages and any punitive damages which the facts may warrant. If the person who has suffered injury prevails in an action brought pursuant to this subsection, the court shall award the person costs and reasonable attorney's fees.





- 2. The liability imposed by this section is in addition to any other liability imposed by law.
  - 3. As used in this section, "gender identity or expression" has the meaning ascribed to it in NRS 193.0148.
    - 4. As used in this section:

- (a) "Emergency medical provider" has the meaning ascribed to it in NRS 450B.199.
- (b) "Firefighter" has the meaning ascribed to it in NRS 450B.071.
- (c) "Peace officer" has the meaning ascribed to it in NRS 169.125.

**Sec. 5.** NRS 179A.175 is hereby amended to read as follows:

179A.175 1. The Director of the Department shall establish within the Central Repository a program for reporting crimes that manifest evidence of prejudice based on race, color, religion, national origin, physical or mental disability, sexual orientation, for gender identity or expression for employment status as a peace officer, firefighter or emergency medical provider or the relationship of the victim as the spouse or child of any age of a peace officer, firefighter or emergency provider.

- 2. The program must be designed to collect, compile and analyze statistical data about crimes that manifest evidence of prejudice based on race, color, religion, national origin, physical or mental disability, sexual orientation, [or] gender identity or expression [.] or employment status as a peace officer, firefighter or emergency medical provider or the relationship of the victim as the spouse or child of any age of a peace officer, firefighter or emergency provider. The Director shall adopt guidelines for the collection of the statistical data, including, but not limited to, the criteria to establish the presence of prejudice.
- 3. The Central Repository shall include in any appropriate report an independent section relating solely to the analysis of crimes that manifest evidence of prejudice based on race, color, religion, national origin, physical or mental disability, sexual orientation, [or] gender identity or expression [.] or employment status as a peace officer, firefighter or emergency medical provider or the relationship of the victim as the spouse or child of any age of a peace officer, firefighter or emergency provider.
- 4. Data acquired pursuant to this section must be used only for research or statistical purposes and must not contain any information that may reveal the identity of an individual victim of a crime.
  - 5. As used in this section [, "gender]:
- (a) "Emergency medical provider" has the meaning ascribed to it in NRS 450B.199.





- 1 (b) "Firefighter" has the meaning ascribed to it in 2 NRS 450B.071.
  - (c) "Gender identity or expression" has the meaning ascribed to it in NRS 193.0148.
  - (d) "Peace officer" has the meaning ascribed to it in NRS 169.125.
  - **Sec. 6.** The amendatory provisions of section 4 of this act apply only to a cause of action that accrues on or after October 1, 2017.





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