### ASSEMBLY BILL NO. 368-ASSEMBLYMAN PAUL ANDERSON

## MARCH 20, 2017

## Referred to Committee on Transportation

SUMMARY—Revises provisions governing total loss vehicles. (BDR 43-314)

FISCAL NOTE: Effect on Local Government: No.

Effect on the State: No.

EXPLANATION - Matter in bolded italics is new; matter between brackets formitted material is material to be omitted.

AN ACT relating to motor vehicles; revising the circumstances under which a damaged motor vehicle is considered a total loss vehicle; revising provisions governing the calculations of certain costs in considering whether a damaged motor vehicle is a total loss vehicle; and providing other matters properly relating thereto.

#### **Legislative Counsel's Digest:**

Under existing law, a motor vehicle which has been wrecked, destroyed or otherwise damaged is considered a "total loss vehicle" if the cost of repair is 65 percent or more of the fair market value of the vehicle immediately before it was wrecked, destroyed or otherwise damaged. Existing law sets forth exceptions to the definition of "total loss vehicle" for: (1) a nonrepairable vehicle; (2) a motor vehicle which is 10 model years or older and which, to restore the vehicle, requires the replacement of only certain parts, regardless of cost; and (3) a motor vehicle that was stolen and recovered, if the motor vehicle has no structural damage and is missing only tires, wheels, audio or video equipment or some combination thereof. (NRS 487.790)

This bill revises the formula by which a motor vehicle is considered a total loss vehicle by: (1) changing the threshold for the cost of repair to 80 percent; (2) specifying that the percentage is of the "retail value" of the motor vehicle; and (3) providing requirements for how "retail value" and the costs of parts and labor are calculated for the purposes of applying the formula. This bill further provides that a motor vehicle obtained by an insurance company in a damage settlement may be declared a total loss vehicle by the insurance company, unless the damage settlement resulted from the vehicle being stolen and recovered. This bill also provides that a motor vehicle is a total loss vehicle if as a result of the damage to the vehicle the owner of the vehicle obtains a salvage title for the vehicle. The exceptions to the definition of a total loss vehicle remain.



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# THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEVADA, REPRESENTED IN SENATE AND ASSEMBLY, DO ENACT AS FOLLOWS:

Section 1. NRS 487.790 is hereby amended to read as follows: 487.790 1. "Total loss vehicle" means a motor vehicle [: (a) Of] of a type which is subject to registration [;] and [(b)]:

- (a) Which has been wrecked, destroyed, submerged in water or otherwise damaged to such an extent that the total estimated or actual cost of [repair is 65] parts and labor required to repair, rebuild or reconstruct the vehicle to a condition that allows for safe and legal operation on the highways of this State and is equivalent to its condition immediately before it was wrecked, destroyed, submerged in water or otherwise damaged is 80 percent or more of the [fair market] retail value of the vehicle immediately before it was wrecked, destroyed, submerged in water or otherwise damaged [, except that, for the purposes of this paragraph, the cost of repair does not include the cost of:
  - (1) Painting any portion of the vehicle;
- 17 (2) Replacing electronic components in accordance with the specifications of the manufacturer; or
  - (3) Towing the vehicle.
  - (b) Which is declared a total loss by an insurance company which obtained ownership of the vehicle pursuant to a damage settlement other than a damage settlement involving a vehicle which was stolen and recovered; or
    - (c) For which vehicle the owner has obtained a salvage title.
    - 2. The term does not include:
    - (a) A nonrepairable vehicle;
  - (b) A motor vehicle which is 10 model years old or older and which, to restore the vehicle to its condition before it was wrecked, destroyed , *submerged in water* or otherwise damaged and regardless of cost, requires the replacement of only:
    - (1) The hood;
    - (2) The trunk lid;
    - (3) A fender;
  - (4) Two or fewer of the following parts or assemblies, which may be bolted or unbolted:
    - (I) Doors;
    - (II) A grill assembly;
    - (III) A bumper assembly;
    - (IV) A headlight assembly; or
- 40 (V) A taillight assembly, or 41 (5) Any combination of subpara
  - (5) Any combination of subparagraph (1), (2), (3) or (4);



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- (c) A motor vehicle , regardless of the age of the vehicle, for which the cost to repair the vehicle is less than 65 percent of the fair market value of the vehicle immediately before the vehicle was wrecked, destroyed or otherwise damaged, except that, for the purposes of this paragraph, the cost of repair does not include the cost of:
- (1) Painting any portion of the vehicle;
- (2) Replacing electronic components in accordance with the specifications of the manufacturer; or 10
  - (3) Towing the vehicle; or

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- (d) A motor vehicle that was stolen and subsequently recovered, if the motor vehicle:
  - (1) Has no structural damage; and
- (2) Is missing only tires, wheels, audio or video equipment, or some combination thereof.
  - 3. For the purposes of this section [, the]:
  - (a) The cost of labor is calculated using:
    - (1) The hourly rate which is commonly charged; and
- (2) The amount of time which is commonly allocated for the necessary repairs, rebuilding or reconstruction,
- in the community in which the repairs, rebuilding or reconstruction will be performed.
  - (b) The cost of parts is calculated based on the:
- (1) Current published actual retail price of original manufacturer parts;
  - (2) Retail price of new alternative parts; or
  - (3) Actual cost of parts used in the repair.
- (c) The retail value of a motor vehicle is calculated based on the value set forth in the current edition of any nationally recognized compilation of retail values, including, without limitation, an electronic database, which has been approved by the Department.
- (d) The model year of manufacture is calculated based on a year beginning on January 1 of the calendar year in which the damage occurs.





