SENATE BILL NO. 5-SENATOR SETTELMEYER

Prefiled December 19, 2014

Referred to Committee on Legislative Operations and Elections

SUMMARY—Revises provisions governing elections for nonpartisan offices. (BDR 24-90)

FISCAL NOTE: Effect on Local Government: No.

Effect on the State: No.

EXPLANATION - Matter in **bolded italics** is new; matter between brackets [fomitted material] is material to be omitted.

AN ACT relating to elections; providing that a candidate for nonpartisan office who receives a majority of the votes cast in a primary election or certain primary city elections must be declared the winner and not be placed on the ballot at a general election; and providing other matters properly relating thereto.

Legislative Counsel's Digest:

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22 23 Existing law provides that if there are more candidates than twice the number to be elected to a nonpartisan office, other than a city office: (1) the names of the candidates must appear on the ballot for a primary election; and (2) those candidates who receive the highest number of votes at that election, not to exceed twice the number to be elected, must be declared nominees for the office. (NRS 293.260) **Section 1** of this bill provides that if one candidate receives a majority of the votes cast in the primary election for the office for which he or she is a candidate, the candidate must be declared elected to the office and his or her name must not be placed on the ballot for the general election.

For primary city elections conducted in certain general law cities, existing law provides that if one candidate receives "more than a majority" of the votes cast in such an election for the office for which he or she is a candidate, the candidate must be declared to be elected to the office and the candidate's name must not be placed on the ballot for the general city election. (NRS 293C.175) **Section 2** of this bill amends the statute to clarify that such a candidate need only receive a majority of the votes cast, not some greater number, to be declared to be elected. **Section 3** of this bill makes a similar change to the Charter of Carson City.

For most charter cities that hold primary city elections, existing law provides that if one candidate receives a majority of votes cast in the primary city election for the office for which he or she is a candidate, the candidate must be declared elected to the office and the candidate's name must not be placed on the ballot for the general city election. (Boulder City Charter § 96, Henderson City Charter § 5.010, Las Vegas City Charter § 5.020)





THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEVADA, REPRESENTED IN SENATE AND ASSEMBLY, DO ENACT AS FOLLOWS:

- **Section 1.** NRS 293.260 is hereby amended to read as follows: 293.260 1. Where there is no contest of election for nomination to a particular office, neither the title of the office nor the name of the candidate may appear on the ballot.
- 2. If more than one major political party has candidates for a particular office, the persons who receive the highest number of votes at the primary elections must be declared the nominees of those parties for the office.
- 3. If only one major political party has candidates for a particular office and a minor political party has nominated a candidate for the office or an independent candidate has filed for the office, the candidate who receives the highest number of votes in the primary election of the major political party must be declared the nominee of that party and his or her name must be placed on the general election ballot with the name of the nominee of the minor political party for the office and the name of the independent candidate who has filed for the office.
- 4. If only one major political party has candidates for a particular office and no minor political party has nominated a candidate for the office and no independent candidate has filed for the office:
- (a) If there are more candidates than twice the number to be elected to the office, the names of the candidates must appear on the ballot for a primary election. Except as otherwise provided in this paragraph, the candidates of that party who receive the highest number of votes in the primary election, not to exceed twice the number to be elected to that office at the general election, must be declared the nominees for the office. If only one candidate is to be elected to the office and a candidate receives a majority of the votes in the primary election for that office, that candidate must be declared the nominee for that office and his or her name must be placed on the ballot for the general election.
- (b) If there are no more than twice the number of candidates to be elected to the office, the candidates must, without a primary election, be declared the nominees for the office.
- 5. Where no more than the number of candidates to be elected have filed for nomination for:





- (a) Any partisan office, the office of judge of the Court of Appeals or the office of justice of the Supreme Court, the names of those candidates must be omitted from all ballots for a primary election and placed on all ballots for a general election;
- (b) Any nonpartisan office, other than the office of justice of the Supreme Court, office of judge of the Court of Appeals or the office of member of a town advisory board, the names of those candidates must appear on the ballot for a primary election unless the candidates were nominated pursuant to subsection 2 of NRS 293.165. If a candidate receives one or more votes at the primary election, the candidate must be declared elected to the office and his or her name must not be placed on the ballot for the general election. If a candidate does not receive one or more votes at the primary election, his or her name must be placed on the ballot for the general election; and
- (c) The office of member of a town advisory board, the candidate must be declared elected to the office and no election must be held for that office.
- 6. If there are more candidates than twice the number to be elected to a nonpartisan office, the names of the candidates must appear on the ballot for a primary election. [Those] Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, those candidates who receive the highest number of votes at that election, not to exceed twice the number to be elected, must be declared nominees for the office. If one candidate receives a majority of the votes cast in the primary election for that office, the candidate must be declared elected to the office and his or her name must not be placed on the ballot for the general election.
 - Sec. 2. NRS 293C.175 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 293C.175 1. Except as otherwise provided in NRS 293C.115, a primary city election must be held in each city of population category one, and in each city of population category two that has so provided by ordinance, on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in April of every year in which a general city election is to be held, at which time there must be nominated candidates for offices to be voted for at the next general city election.
- 2. Except as otherwise provided in NRS 293C.115, a candidate for any office to be voted for at the primary city election must file a declaration of candidacy with the city clerk not less than 60 days or more than 70 days before the date of the primary city election. The city clerk shall charge and collect from the candidate and the candidate must pay to the city clerk, at the time of filing the declaration of candidacy, a filing fee in an amount fixed by the governing body of the city by ordinance or resolution. The filing





fees collected by the city clerk must be deposited to the credit of the general fund of the city.

- 3. All candidates, except as otherwise provided in NRS 266.220, must be voted upon by the electors of the city at large.
- 4. If, in a primary city election held in a city of population category one or two, one candidate receives [more than] a majority of votes cast in that election for the office for which he or she is a candidate, the candidate must be declared elected to the office and the candidate's name must not be placed on the ballot for the general city election. If, in the primary city election, no candidate receives a majority of votes cast in that election for the office for which he or she is a candidate, the names of the two candidates receiving the highest number of votes must be placed on the ballot for the general city election.
- **Sec. 3.** Section 5.010 of the Charter of Carson City, being chapter 213, Statutes of Nevada 1969, as last amended by chapter 100, Statutes of Nevada 1999, at page 271, is hereby amended to read as follows:

Sec. 5.010 Primary election.

- 1. A primary election must be held on the date fixed by the election laws of this state for statewide elections, at which time there must be nominated candidates for offices to be voted for at the next general election.
- 2. A candidate for any office to be voted for at any primary election must file a declaration of candidacy as provided by the election laws of this state.
- 3. All candidates for the office of Mayor and Supervisor, and candidates for the office of Municipal Judge if a third department of the Municipal Court has been established, must be voted upon by the registered voters of Carson City at large.
- 4. If only two persons file for a particular office, their names must not appear on the primary ballot but their names must be placed on the ballot for the general election.
- 5. If in the primary election one candidate receives [more than] a majority of votes cast in that election for the office for which he or she is a candidate, [his or her name alone must be placed on the ballot for the general election.] the candidate must be declared elected to the office and his or her name must not be placed on the ballot for the general election. If in the primary election no candidate receives a majority of votes cast in that election for the office for which he or she is a candidate, the names of the two candidates receiving the highest numbers of votes must be placed on the ballot for the general election.

Sec. 4. (Deleted by amendment.)





- Sec. 5. (Deleted by amendment.)Sec. 6. (Deleted by amendment.)Sec. 7. (Deleted by amendment.) 1
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