#### **REQUIRES TWO-THIRDS MAJORITY VOTE (§ 1)** (Reprinted with amendments adopted on May 21, 2013) SECOND REPRINT S.B. 224

SENATE BILL NO. 224–SENATORS CEGAVSKE; HARDY AND MANENDO

### MARCH 7, 2013

JOINT SPONSOR · ASSEMBLYWOMAN DONDERO LOOP

## Referred to Committee on Judiciary

SUMMARY-Revises provisions governing driving under the influence. (BDR 43-668)

FISCAL NOTE: Effect on Local Government: No. Effect on the State: No.

EXPLANATION - Matter in *bolded italics* is new; matter between brackets for ital and italics is new; matter between brackets for ital and italics is new; matter between brackets for ital and italics is new; matter between brackets for ital and italics is new; matter between brackets for ital and italics is new; matter between brackets for ital and italics is new; matter between brackets for ital and italics is new; matter between brackets for ital and italics is new; matter between brackets for ital and italics is new; matter between brackets for ital and italics is new; matter between brackets for ital and italics is new; matter between brackets for ital and italics is new; matter between brackets for ital and italics is new; matter between brackets for ital and italics is new; matter between brackets for ital and italics is new; matter between brackets for ital and ital

AN ACT relating to driving under the influence; providing for the imposition and collection of a fee for the provision of specialty court programs following a conviction for a misdemeanor offense of driving a vehicle under the influence; and providing other matters properly relating thereto.

#### Legislative Counsel's Digest:

This bill requires a court to impose a fee of \$500, in addition to any other 1 23456789 administrative assessment, penalty or fine imposed, if a person pleads guilty, guilty but mentally ill or nolo contendere to, or is found guilty of, a charge of driving under the influence of intoxicating liquor or a controlled substance that is punishable as a misdemeanor. If the fee of \$500 is not within a defendant's present ability to pay, the justice or judge may require the equivalent community service to be performed. Under this bill, the money collected for this fee is deposited with the State Controller for credit to a special account in the State General Fund administered by the Office of Court Administrator and money apportioned to a 10 court from this fee must be used by the court for certain purposes related to 11 specialty court programs.





# THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEVADA, REPRESENTED IN SENATE AND ASSEMBLY, DO ENACT AS FOLLOWS:

Section 1. Chapter 484C of NRS is hereby amended by adding
 thereto a new section to read as follows:

3 1. Except as otherwise provided in this section, if a defendant who is charged with a violation of NRS 484C.110 or 484C.120 that 4 is punishable as a misdemeanor pursuant to paragraph (a) or (b) 5 of subsection 1 of NRS 484C.400 pleads guilty, guilty but mentally 6 ill or nolo contendere to, or is found guilty or guilty but mentally 7 ill of, that charge, the justice or judge shall include in the 8 sentence, in addition to any other penalty or administrative 9 assessment provided by law, a fee of \$500 for the provision of 10 specialty court programs and render a judgment against the 11 defendant for the fee. If a defendant is sentenced to perform 12 community service in lieu of a fine, the sentence must include the 13 14 fee required pursuant to this subsection.

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2. If the fee pursuant to subsection 1:

16 (a) Is not within the defendant's present ability to pay, the 17 justice or judge may include in the sentence, in addition to any 18 other penalty or administrative assessment provided by law, 19 community service for a reasonable number of hours, the value of 20 which would be commensurate with the fee.

(b) Is not entirely within the defendant's present ability to pay, the justice or judge may include in the sentence, in addition to any other penalty or administrative assessment provided by law, a reduced fee and community service for a reasonable number of hours, the value of which would be commensurate with the amount of the reduction of the fee.

The money collected for the specialty courts fee must not 27 3. be deducted from any fine imposed by the justice or judge but must 28 29 be collected from the defendant in addition to the fine. The money collected for such a fee must be stated separately on the court's 30 31 docket. If the justice or judge cancels a fine because the fine has been determined to be uncollectible, any balance of the fine and 32 the specialty courts fee remaining unpaid shall be deemed to be 33 uncollectible and the defendant is not required to pay them. If a 34 fine is determined to be uncollectible, the defendant is not entitled 35 to a refund of any amount of the fine or fee that the defendant has 36 37 paid.

4. A justice or judge shall, if requested by a defendant, allow
a specialty courts fee to be paid in installments under terms
established by the justice or judge.

41 5. Any payments made by a defendant must be applied in the 42 following order:





(a) To pay the unpaid balance of an administrative assessment 1 2 imposed pursuant to NRS 176.059;

3 (b) To pay the unpaid balance of an administrative assessment 4 for the provision of court facilities pursuant to NRS 176.0611;

(c) To pay the unpaid balance of an administrative assessment 5 for the provision of specialty court programs pursuant to 6 7 NRS 176.0613;

8 (d) To pay the unpaid balance of the specialty courts fee 9 pursuant to this section; and 10

(e) To pay the fine.

11 The money collected for a specialty courts fee pursuant to 6. this section in municipal court must be paid by the clerk of the 12 13 court to the city treasurer on or before the fifth day of each month for the preceding month. On or before the 15th day of that month, 14 15 the city treasurer shall deposit the money received for each 16 specialty courts fee with the State Controller for credit to a special 17 account in the State General Fund administered by the Office of 18 Court Administrator.

19 The money collected for a specialty courts fee pursuant to 7. this section in justice courts must be paid by the clerk of the court 20 21 to the county treasurer on or before the fifth day of each month 22 for the preceding month. On or before the 15th day of that month, the county treasurer shall deposit the money received for each 23 specialty courts fee with the State Controller for credit to a special 24 25 account in the State General Fund administered by the Office of 26 Court Administrator.

27 8. Money that is apportioned to a court from specialty courts 28 fees pursuant to this section must be used by the court to:

29 (a) Pay for any level of treatment, including, without 30 limitation, psychiatric care, required for successful completion 31 and testing of persons who participate in the program; and

32 (b) Improve the operations of the specialty court program by 33 any combination of: 34

(1) Acquiring necessary capital goods;

(2) Providing for personnel to staff and oversee the 35 36 specialty court program; 37

(3) Providing training and education to personnel;

(4) Studying the management and operation of the 38 39 program;

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(5) Conducting audits of the program;

(6) Providing for district attorney and public defender 41 42 representation: 43

(7) Acquiring or using appropriate technology;

(8) Providing capital for building facilities necessary to 44 45 *house persons who participate in the program;* 





1 (9) Providing funding for employment programs for 2 persons who participate in the program; and

3 (10) Providing funding for statewide public information 4 campaigns necessary to deter driving under the influence of 5 intoxicating liquor or a controlled substance.

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9. As used in this section:

7 (a) "Office of Court Administrator" means the Office of Court
8 Administrator created pursuant to NRS 1.320; and

9 (b) "Specialty court program" means a program established by 10 a court to facilitate testing, treatment and oversight of certain 11 persons over whom the court has jurisdiction and who the court 12 has determined suffer from a mental illness or who abuse alcohol 13 or drugs. Such a program includes, without limitation, a program 14 established pursuant to NRS 176A.250 or 453.580.

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Sec. 2. NRS 176.0611 is hereby amended to read as follows:

16 176.0611 1. A county or a city, upon recommendation of the appropriate court, may, by ordinance, authorize the justices or judges of the justice or municipal courts within its jurisdiction to impose for not longer than 50 years, in addition to the administrative assessments imposed pursuant to NRS 176.059 and 176.0613, an administrative assessment for the provision of court facilities.

22 Except as otherwise provided in subsection 3, in any 2. 23 jurisdiction in which an administrative assessment for the provision of court facilities has been authorized, when a defendant pleads 24 25 guilty or guilty but mentally ill or is found guilty or guilty but mentally ill of a misdemeanor, including the violation of any 26 municipal ordinance, the justice or judge shall include in the 27 sentence the sum of \$10 as an administrative assessment for the 28 29 provision of court facilities and render a judgment against 30 the defendant for the assessment. If the justice or judge sentences 31 the defendant to perform community service in lieu of a fine, the justice or judge shall include in the sentence the administrative 32 33 assessment required pursuant to this subsection.

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3. The provisions of subsection 2 do not apply to:

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(a) An ordinance regulating metered parking; or

(b) An ordinance that is specifically designated as imposing a
 civil penalty or liability pursuant to NRS 244.3575 or 268.019.

38 The money collected for an administrative assessment for 4. 39 the provision of court facilities must not be deducted from the fine 40 imposed by the justice or judge but must be taxed against the 41 defendant in addition to the fine. The money collected for such an 42 administrative assessment must be stated separately on the court's 43 docket and must be included in the amount posted for bail. If bail is 44 forfeited, the administrative assessment included in the amount 45 posted for bail pursuant to this subsection must be disbursed in the





1 manner set forth in subsection 6 or 7. If the defendant is found not 2 guilty or the charges are dismissed, the money deposited with the court must be returned to the defendant. If the justice or judge 3 4 cancels a fine because the fine has been determined to be uncollectible, any balance of the fine and the administrative 5 6 assessment remaining unpaid shall be deemed to be uncollectible 7 and the defendant is not required to pay it. If a fine is determined to 8 be uncollectible, the defendant is not entitled to a refund of the fine 9 or administrative assessment the defendant has paid and the justice 10 or judge shall not recalculate the administrative assessment.

5. If the justice or judge permits the fine and administrative 11 12 assessment for the provision of court facilities to be paid in 13 installments, the payments must be applied in the following order:

(a) To pay the unpaid balance of an administrative assessment 14 15 imposed pursuant to NRS 176.059;

16 (b) To pay the unpaid balance of an administrative assessment 17 for the provision of court facilities pursuant to this section;

18 (c) To pay the unpaid balance of an administrative assessment 19 for the provision of specialty court programs pursuant to NRS 20 176.0613; and

21 (d) To pay the unpaid balance of the specialty courts fee pursuant to section 1 of this act; and 22 23

(e) To pay the fine.

6. The money collected for administrative assessments for the 24 25 provision of court facilities in municipal courts must be paid by the 26 clerk of the court to the city treasurer on or before the fifth day of 27 each month for the preceding month. The city treasurer shall deposit 28 the money received in a special revenue fund. The city may use the 29 money in the special revenue fund only to:

30 (a) Acquire land on which to construct additional facilities for 31 the municipal courts or a regional justice center that includes the municipal courts. 32

33 (b) Construct or acquire additional facilities for the municipal 34 courts or a regional justice center that includes the municipal courts.

35 (c) Renovate or remodel existing facilities for the municipal 36 courts.

37 (d) Acquire furniture, fixtures and equipment necessitated by the 38 construction or acquisition of additional facilities or the renovation 39 of an existing facility for the municipal courts or a regional justice 40 center that includes the municipal courts. This paragraph does not 41 authorize the expenditure of money from the fund for furniture, 42 fixtures or equipment for judicial chambers.

43 (e) Acquire advanced technology for use in the additional or 44 renovated facilities.





1 (f) Pay debt service on any bonds issued pursuant to subsection 2 3 of NRS 350.020 for the acquisition of land or facilities or the 3 construction or renovation of facilities for the municipal courts or a 4 regional justice center that includes the municipal courts.

5 → Any money remaining in the special revenue fund after 5 fiscal 6 years must be deposited in the municipal general fund for the 7 continued maintenance of court facilities if it has not been committed for expenditure pursuant to a plan for the construction or 8 9 acquisition of court facilities or improvements to court facilities. 10 The city treasurer shall provide, upon request by a municipal court, 11 monthly reports of the revenue credited to and expenditures made 12 from the special revenue fund.

7. The money collected for administrative assessments for the provision of court facilities in justice courts must be paid by the clerk of the court to the county treasurer on or before the fifth day of each month for the preceding month. The county treasurer shall deposit the money received to a special revenue fund. The county may use the money in the special revenue fund only to:

(a) Acquire land on which to construct additional facilities for
 the justice courts or a regional justice center that includes the justice
 courts.

(b) Construct or acquire additional facilities for the justicecourts or a regional justice center that includes the justice courts.

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(c) Renovate or remodel existing facilities for the justice courts.

(d) Acquire furniture, fixtures and equipment necessitated by the construction or acquisition of additional facilities or the renovation of an existing facility for the justice courts or a regional justice center that includes the justice courts. This paragraph does not authorize the expenditure of money from the fund for furniture, fixtures or equipment for judicial chambers.

31 (e) Acquire advanced technology for use in the additional or 32 renovated facilities.

(f) Pay debt service on any bonds issued pursuant to subsection
of NRS 350.020 for the acquisition of land or facilities or the
construction or renovation of facilities for the justice courts or a
regional justice center that includes the justice courts.

37 → Any money remaining in the special revenue fund after 5 fiscal years must be deposited in the county general fund for the continued 38 maintenance of court facilities if it has not been committed for 39 40 expenditure pursuant to a plan for the construction or acquisition of 41 court facilities or improvements to court facilities. The county treasurer shall provide, upon request by a justice court, monthly 42 43 reports of the revenue credited to and expenditures made from the 44 special revenue fund.





8. If money collected pursuant to this section is to be used to acquire land on which to construct a regional justice center, to construct a regional justice center or to pay debt service on bonds issued for these purposes, the county and the participating cities shall, by interlocal agreement, determine such issues as the size of the regional justice center, the manner in which the center will be used and the apportionment of fiscal responsibility for the center.

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**Sec. 3.** NRS 176.0613 is hereby amended to read as follows:

9 176.0613 1. The justices or judges of the justice or municipal 10 courts shall impose, in addition to an administrative assessment 11 imposed pursuant to NRS 176.059 and 176.0611, an administrative 12 assessment for the provision of specialty court programs.

13 Except as otherwise provided in subsection 3, when a 2. 14 defendant pleads guilty or guilty but mentally ill or is found guilty 15 or guilty but mentally ill of a misdemeanor, including the violation 16 of any municipal ordinance, the justice or judge shall include in the 17 sentence the sum of \$7 as an administrative assessment for the 18 provision of specialty court programs and render a judgment against 19 the defendant for the assessment. If a defendant is sentenced to perform community service in lieu of a fine, the sentence must 20 21 include the administrative assessment required pursuant to this 22 subsection.

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3. The provisions of subsection 2 do not apply to:

(a) An ordinance regulating metered parking; or

(b) An ordinance which is specifically designated as imposing a
 civil penalty or liability pursuant to NRS 244.3575 or 268.019.

27 4. The money collected for an administrative assessment for the provision of specialty court programs must not be deducted 28 29 from the fine imposed by the justice or judge but must be taxed 30 against the defendant in addition to the fine. The money collected 31 for such an administrative assessment must be stated separately on 32 the court's docket and must be included in the amount posted for 33 bail. If bail is forfeited, the administrative assessment included in the bail pursuant to this subsection must be disbursed pursuant to 34 35 subsection 6 or 7. If the defendant is found not guilty or the charges 36 are dismissed, the money deposited with the court must be returned 37 to the defendant. If the justice or judge cancels a fine because the 38 fine has been determined to be uncollectible, any balance of the fine 39 and the administrative assessment remaining unpaid shall be 40 deemed to be uncollectible and the defendant is not required to pay 41 it. If a fine is determined to be uncollectible, the defendant is not 42 entitled to a refund of the fine or administrative assessment the 43 defendant has paid and the justice or judge shall not recalculate the 44 administrative assessment.





1 5. If the justice or judge permits the fine and administrative assessment for the provision of specialty court programs to be paid 2 in installments, the payments must be applied in the following 3 4 order:

5 (a) To pay the unpaid balance of an administrative assessment 6 imposed pursuant to NRS 176.059;

(b) To pay the unpaid balance of an administrative assessment 7 for the provision of court facilities pursuant to NRS 176.0611; 8

9 (c) To pay the unpaid balance of an administrative assessment 10 for the provision of specialty court programs; [and]

(d) To pay the unpaid balance of the specialty courts fee 11 12 pursuant to section 1 of this act; and 13

(e) To pay the fine.

14 The money collected for an administrative assessment for 6. 15 the provision of specialty court programs in municipal court must be 16 paid by the clerk of the court to the city treasurer on or before the 17 fifth day of each month for the preceding month. On or before the 18 15th day of that month, the city treasurer shall deposit the money received for each administrative assessment with the State 19 20 Controller for credit to a special account in the State General Fund 21 administered by the Office of Court Administrator.

22 The money collected for an administrative assessment for 7. the provision of specialty court programs in justice courts must be 23 paid by the clerk of the court to the county treasurer on or before the 24 25 fifth day of each month for the preceding month. On or before the 15th day of that month, the county treasurer shall deposit the money 26 27 received for each administrative assessment with the State 28 Controller for credit to a special account in the State General Fund 29 administered by the Office of Court Administrator.

30 The Office of Court Administrator shall allocate the money 8. 31 credited to the State General Fund pursuant to subsections 6 and 7 to 32 courts to assist with the funding or establishment of specialty court 33 programs.

34 9. Money that is apportioned to a court from administrative 35 assessments for the provision of specialty court programs must be 36 used by the court to:

37 (a) Pay for the treatment and testing of persons who participate 38 in the program; and

39 (b) Improve the operations of the specialty court program by any 40 combination of: 41

(1) Acquiring necessary capital goods;

42 (2) Providing for personnel to staff and oversee the specialty 43 court program;

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(3) Providing training and education to personnel; (4) Studying the management and operation of the program;



(5) Conducting audits of the program; 1 (6) Supplementing the funds used to pay for judges to 2

oversee a specialty court program; or 3 4

- (7) Acquiring or using appropriate technology.10. As used in this section:
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(a) "Office of Court Administrator" means the Office of Court 6 Administrator created pursuant to NRS 1.320; and (b) "Specialty court program" means a program established by a 7

- 8 court to facilitate testing, treatment and oversight of certain persons over whom the court has jurisdiction and who the court has 9 10 determined suffer from a mental illness or abuses alcohol or drugs. 11 12 Such a program includes, without limitation, a program established pursuant to NRS 176A.250, 176A.280 or 453.580. 13
- Sec. 4. This act becomes effective on July 1, 2013. 14





