

SENATE BILL NO. 106—COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY

(ON BEHALF OF THE COMMISSION ON STATEWIDE  
JUVENILE JUSTICE REFORM)

FEBRUARY 11, 2013

Referred to Committee on Judiciary

SUMMARY—Revises various provisions relating to judicial administration. (BDR 14-509)

FISCAL NOTE: Effect on Local Government: No.  
Effect on the State: No.

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EXPLANATION – Matter in *bolded italics* is new; matter between brackets ~~omitted material~~ is material to be omitted.

AN ACT relating to judicial administration; revising provisions governing the collection of delinquent fines, administrative assessments, fees, restitution and other payments imposed in criminal and juvenile court proceedings; revising provisions governing the appointment of an attorney in juvenile court proceedings; authorizing a juvenile court to establish a restitution contribution fund; and providing other matters properly relating thereto.

**Legislative Counsel’s Digest:**

1 Existing law authorizes a court to impose a collection fee for certain delinquent  
2 fines, administrative assessments, fees and restitution and authorizes the court to  
3 take certain actions to collect such delinquent payments. (NRS 176.064) **Section 1**  
4 of this bill authorizes the court to enter a civil judgment for the amount of any  
5 unpaid fines, administrative assessments, fees and restitution imposed against a  
6 criminal defendant. Under **section 1**, the civil judgment may be enforced and  
7 renewed in the same manner as a judgment for money rendered in a civil action,  
8 and a person who is not indigent and who has not satisfied the civil judgment  
9 within a certain period may be punished for contempt. **Section 1** also revises the  
10 purposes for which money collected from collection fees imposed by a court may  
11 be used. **Section 4** of this bill authorizes a juvenile court to impose the same  
12 collection fees for delinquent fines, administrative assessments, fees, restitution and  
13 certain other payments as a court may impose against a criminal defendant pursuant  
14 to **section 1**. **Section 4** authorizes a juvenile court to enter a civil judgment against  
15 a child or the parent or guardian of the child for any delinquent fines, administrative  
16 assessments, fees, restitution or other payments required in a juvenile court



17 proceeding and authorizes the juvenile court to take certain actions if the juvenile  
18 court has entered such a civil judgment. Moreover, if the juvenile court has entered  
19 a civil judgment against a person who is not indigent and the juvenile court  
20 determines that the person has failed to make reasonable efforts to satisfy the civil  
21 judgment, **section 4** authorizes the juvenile court to punish the person for contempt.  
22 **Section 4** also provides that if a civil judgment entered by the juvenile court is  
23 unsatisfied and the person against whom the judgment is entered is convicted of a  
24 crime, the unsatisfied portion of the civil judgment must be included in the sentence  
25 for that crime.

26 Existing law requires a juvenile court to appoint an attorney to represent a child  
27 who is alleged to be delinquent or in need of supervision under certain  
28 circumstances. If the parent or guardian of a child for whom the juvenile court has  
29 appointed an attorney is not indigent, the parent or guardian is required to pay the  
30 reasonable fees and expenses of the attorney. If the parent or guardian of the child  
31 is indigent, the juvenile court may order the parent or guardian to reimburse the  
32 county or State in accordance with his or her ability to pay. (NRS 62D.030) Under  
33 **section 7** of this bill, the juvenile court is required to find that the parent or  
34 guardian of a child is indigent if the parent or guardian: (1) receives public  
35 assistance, resides in public housing, has an income that is less than 200 percent of  
36 the federally designated poverty standard, is incarcerated or is housed in a public or  
37 private mental health facility; or (2) is financially unable, without substantial  
38 hardship to the parent or guardian or his or her dependents, to obtain qualified and  
39 competent legal counsel.

40 **Section 9** of this bill authorizes a juvenile court to establish a restitution  
41 contribution fund. Under **section 9**, all expenditures from the restitution  
42 contribution fund: (1) must be authorized by the juvenile court; and (2) must  
43 provide restitution to victims of unlawful acts committed by children or, if the  
44 source of the money is a grant, gift, donation, bequest or devise, must be made in  
45 accordance with the terms of the grant, gift, donation, bequest or devise. **Section 6**  
46 of this bill authorizes an agreement for the informal supervision of a child to  
47 require the child to make a monetary contribution to a restitution contribution fund.

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THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEVADA, REPRESENTED IN  
SENATE AND ASSEMBLY, DO ENACT AS FOLLOWS:

1 **Section 1.** NRS 176.064 is hereby amended to read as follows:  
2 176.064 1. If a fine, administrative assessment, fee or  
3 restitution is imposed upon a defendant pursuant to this chapter,  
4 whether or not the fine, administrative assessment, fee or restitution  
5 is in addition to any other punishment, and the fine, administrative  
6 assessment, fee or restitution or any part of it remains unpaid after  
7 the time established by the court for its payment, the defendant is  
8 liable for a collection fee, to be imposed by the court at the time it  
9 finds that the fine, administrative assessment, fee or restitution is  
10 delinquent, of:

11 (a) Not more than \$100, if the amount of the delinquency is less  
12 than \$2,000.

13 (b) Not more than \$500, if the amount of the delinquency is  
14 \$2,000 or greater, but is less than \$5,000.



1 (c) Ten percent of the amount of the delinquency, if the amount  
2 of the delinquency is \$5,000 or greater.

3 2. A state or local entity that is responsible for collecting a  
4 delinquent fine, administrative assessment, fee or restitution may, in  
5 addition to attempting to collect the fine, administrative assessment,  
6 fee or restitution through any other lawful means, take any or all of  
7 the following actions:

8 (a) Report the delinquency to reporting agencies that assemble  
9 or evaluate information concerning credit.

10 (b) Request that the court take appropriate action pursuant to  
11 subsection 3.

12 (c) Contract with a collection agency licensed pursuant to NRS  
13 649.075 to collect the delinquent amount and the collection fee. The  
14 collection agency must be paid as compensation for its services an  
15 amount not greater than the amount of the collection fee imposed  
16 pursuant to subsection 1, in accordance with the provisions of the  
17 contract.

18 3. The court may, on its own motion or at the request of a state  
19 or local entity that is responsible for collecting the delinquent fine,  
20 administrative assessment, fee or restitution, take any or all of the  
21 following actions, in the following order of priority if practicable:

22 (a) *Enter a civil judgment for the amount due in favor of the*  
23 *state or local entity that is responsible for collecting the delinquent*  
24 *fine, administrative assessment, fee or restitution. A civil judgment*  
25 *entered pursuant to this paragraph may be enforced and renewed*  
26 *in the manner provided by law for the enforcement and renewal of*  
27 *a judgment for money rendered in a civil action. If the court has*  
28 *entered a civil judgment pursuant to this paragraph and the*  
29 *person against whom the judgment is entered is not indigent and*  
30 *has not satisfied the judgment within the time established by the*  
31 *court, the person may be dealt with as for contempt of court.*

32 (b) Request that a prosecuting attorney undertake collection of  
33 the delinquency, including, without limitation, the original amount  
34 *of the civil judgment entered pursuant to paragraph (a)* and the  
35 collection fee, by attachment or garnishment of the defendant's  
36 property, wages or other money receivable.

37 ~~(b)~~ (c) Order the suspension of the driver's license of the  
38 defendant. If the defendant does not possess a driver's license, the  
39 court may prohibit the defendant from applying for a driver's  
40 license for a specified period. If the defendant is already the subject  
41 of a court order suspending or delaying the issuance of the  
42 defendant's driver's license, the court may order the additional  
43 suspension or delay, as appropriate, to apply consecutively with the  
44 previous order. At the time the court issues an order suspending the  
45 driver's license of a defendant pursuant to this paragraph, the court



1 shall require the defendant to surrender to the court all driver's  
2 licenses then held by the defendant. The court shall, within 5 days  
3 after issuing the order, forward to the Department of Motor Vehicles  
4 the licenses, together with a copy of the order. At the time the court  
5 issues an order pursuant to this paragraph delaying the ability of a  
6 defendant to apply for a driver's license, the court shall, within 5  
7 days after issuing the order, forward to the Department of Motor  
8 Vehicles a copy of the order. The Department of Motor Vehicles  
9 shall report a suspension pursuant to this paragraph to an insurance  
10 company or its agent inquiring about the defendant's driving record,  
11 but such a suspension must not be considered for the purpose of  
12 rating or underwriting.

13 ~~(e)~~ (d) For a delinquent fine or administrative assessment,  
14 order the confinement of the person in the appropriate prison, jail or  
15 detention facility, as provided in NRS 176.065 and 176.075.

16 4. Money collected from a collection fee imposed pursuant to  
17 subsection 1 must be distributed in the following manner:

18 (a) Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (d), if the money  
19 is collected by or on behalf of a municipal court, the money must be  
20 deposited in a special fund in the appropriate city treasury. The city  
21 may use the money in the fund only to develop and implement a  
22 program for the collection of fines, administrative assessments, fees  
23 and restitution ~~+~~ *and to hire additional personnel necessary for*  
24 *the success of such a program.*

25 (b) Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (d), if the money  
26 is collected by or on behalf of a justice court or district court, the  
27 money must be deposited in a special fund in the appropriate county  
28 treasury. The county may use the money in the special fund only to  
29 ~~develop~~ :

30 (I) *Develop* and implement a program for the collection of  
31 fines, administrative assessments, fees and restitution ~~+~~ *and to hire*  
32 *additional personnel necessary for the success of such a program;*  
33 *or*

34 (2) *Improve the operations of a court by providing funding*  
35 *for:*

36 (I) *A civil law self-help center; or*

37 (II) *Court security personnel and equipment for a*  
38 *regional justice center that includes the justice courts of that*  
39 *county.*

40 (c) Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (d), if the money  
41 is collected by a state entity, the money must be deposited in an  
42 account, which is hereby created in the State Treasury. The Court  
43 Administrator may use the money in the account only to develop  
44 and implement a program for the collection of fines, administrative



1 assessments, fees and restitution in this State **H and to hire**  
2 **additional personnel necessary for the success of such a program.**

3 (d) If the money is collected by a collection agency, after the  
4 collection agency has been paid its fee pursuant to the terms of the  
5 contract, any remaining money must be deposited in the state, city  
6 or county treasury, whichever is appropriate, to be used only for the  
7 purposes set forth in paragraph (a), (b) or (c) of this subsection.

8 **Sec. 2.** NRS 176.065 is hereby amended to read as follows:

9 176.065 1. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 2,  
10 when a person is sentenced to both fine and imprisonment, or to pay  
11 a forfeiture in addition to imprisonment, the court may, pursuant to  
12 NRS 176.064, **or section 4 of this act**, order that the person be  
13 confined in the state prison, the city or county jail or a detention  
14 facility, whichever is designated in the person's sentence of  
15 imprisonment, for an additional period of 1 day for each \$75 of the  
16 amount until the administrative assessment and the fine or forfeiture  
17 are satisfied or the maximum term of imprisonment prescribed by  
18 law for the offense committed has elapsed, whichever is earlier, but  
19 the person's eligibility for parole is governed only by the person's  
20 sentence of imprisonment.

21 2. The provisions of this section do not apply to indigent  
22 persons.

23 **Sec. 3.** NRS 176.075 is hereby amended to read as follows:

24 176.075 1. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 2,  
25 when a person is sentenced to pay a fine or forfeiture without an  
26 accompanying sentence of imprisonment, the court may, pursuant to  
27 NRS 176.064, **or section 4 of this act**, order that the person be  
28 confined in the city or county jail or detention facility for a period of  
29 not more than 1 day for each \$75 of the amount until the  
30 administrative assessment and the fine or forfeiture are satisfied.

31 2. The provisions of this section do not apply to indigent  
32 persons.

33 **Sec. 4.** Chapter 62B of NRS is hereby amended by adding  
34 thereto a new section to read as follows:

35 **1. Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, if,**  
36 **pursuant to this title, a child or a parent or guardian of a child is**  
37 **ordered by the juvenile court to pay a fine, administrative**  
38 **assessment, fee or restitution or to make any other payment and**  
39 **the fine, administrative assessment, fee, restitution or other**  
40 **payment or any part of it remains unpaid after the time established**  
41 **by the juvenile court for its payment, the juvenile court may enter**  
42 **a civil judgment against the child or the parent or guardian of the**  
43 **child for the amount due in favor of the victim, the state or local**  
44 **entity to whom the amount is owed or both. The juvenile court**  
45 **may not enter a civil judgment against a person who is a child**



1 *unless the person has attained the age of 18 years, the person is a*  
2 *child who is determined to be outside the jurisdiction of the*  
3 *juvenile court pursuant to NRS 62B.330 or 62B.335 or the person*  
4 *is a child who is certified for proper criminal proceedings as an*  
5 *adult pursuant to NRS 62B.390.*

6 *2. Notwithstanding the termination of the jurisdiction of the*  
7 *juvenile court pursuant to NRS 62B.410 or the termination of any*  
8 *period of supervision or probation ordered by the juvenile court,*  
9 *the juvenile court retains jurisdiction over any civil judgment*  
10 *entered pursuant to subsection 1 and retains jurisdiction over the*  
11 *person against whom a civil judgment is entered pursuant to*  
12 *subsection 1. The juvenile court may supervise the civil judgment*  
13 *and take any of the actions authorized by the laws of this State.*

14 *3. A civil judgment entered pursuant to subsection 1 may be*  
15 *enforced and renewed in the manner provided by law for the*  
16 *enforcement and renewal of a judgment for money rendered in a*  
17 *civil action.*

18 *4. If the juvenile court enters a civil judgment pursuant to*  
19 *subsection 1, the person or persons against whom the judgment is*  
20 *issued is liable for a collection fee, to be imposed by the juvenile*  
21 *court at the time the civil judgment is issued, of:*

22 *(a) Not more than \$100, if the amount of the judgment is less*  
23 *than \$2,000.*

24 *(b) Not more than \$500, if the amount of the judgment is*  
25 *\$2,000 or greater, but is less than \$5,000.*

26 *(c) Ten percent of the amount of the judgment, if the amount*  
27 *of the judgment is \$5,000 or greater.*

28 *5. In addition to attempting to collect the judgment through*  
29 *any other lawful means, a victim, a representative of the victim or*  
30 *a state or local entity that is responsible for collecting a civil*  
31 *judgment entered pursuant to subsection 1 may take any or all of*  
32 *the following actions:*

33 *(a) Except as otherwise provided in this paragraph, report the*  
34 *judgment to reporting agencies that assemble or evaluate*  
35 *information concerning credit. If the judgment was entered*  
36 *against a person who was less than 21 years of age at the time the*  
37 *judgment was entered, the judgment cannot be reported pursuant*  
38 *to this paragraph until the person reaches 21 years of age.*

39 *(b) Request that the juvenile court take appropriate action*  
40 *pursuant to subsection 6.*

41 *(c) Contract with a collection agency licensed pursuant to NRS*  
42 *649.075 to collect the judgment and the collection fee. The*  
43 *collection agency must be paid as compensation for its services an*  
44 *amount not greater than the amount of the collection fee imposed*



1 *pursuant to subsection 4, in accordance with the provisions of the*  
2 *contract.*

3 *6. If the juvenile court determines that a child or the parent*  
4 *or guardian of a child against whom a civil judgment has been*  
5 *entered pursuant to subsection 1 has failed to make reasonable*  
6 *efforts to satisfy the civil judgment, the juvenile court may take*  
7 *any of the following actions:*

8 *(a) Order the suspension of the driver's license of a child for a*  
9 *period not to exceed 1 year. If the child is already the subject of a*  
10 *court order suspending the driver's license of the child, the*  
11 *juvenile court may order the additional suspension to apply*  
12 *consecutively with the previous order. At the time the juvenile*  
13 *court issues an order suspending the driver's license of a child*  
14 *pursuant to this paragraph, the juvenile court shall require the*  
15 *child to surrender to the juvenile court all driver's licenses then*  
16 *held by the child. The juvenile court shall, within 5 days after*  
17 *issuing the order, forward to the Department of Motor Vehicles*  
18 *the licenses, together with a copy of the order. The Department of*  
19 *Motor Vehicles shall report a suspension pursuant to this*  
20 *paragraph to an insurance company or its agent inquiring about*  
21 *the driving record of a child, but such a suspension must not be*  
22 *considered for the purpose of rating or underwriting.*

23 *(b) If a child does not possess a driver's license, prohibit the*  
24 *child from applying for a driver's license for a period not to*  
25 *exceed 1 year. If the child is already the subject of a court order*  
26 *delaying the issuance of a license to drive, the juvenile court may*  
27 *order any additional delay in the ability of the child to apply for a*  
28 *driver's license to apply consecutively with the previous order. At*  
29 *the time the juvenile court issues an order pursuant to this*  
30 *paragraph delaying the ability of a child to apply for a driver's*  
31 *license, the juvenile court shall, within 5 days after issuing the*  
32 *order, forward to the Department of Motor Vehicles a copy of the*  
33 *order.*

34 *(c) If the civil judgment was issued for a delinquent fine or*  
35 *administrative assessment, order the confinement of the person in*  
36 *the appropriate prison, jail or detention facility, as provided in*  
37 *NRS 176.065 and 176.075.*

38 *(d) Enter a finding of contempt against a child or the parent or*  
39 *guardian of a child and punish the child or the parent or guardian*  
40 *for contempt in the manner provided in NRS 62E.040. A person*  
41 *who is indigent may not be punished for contempt pursuant to this*  
42 *subsection.*

43 *7. Money collected from a collection fee imposed pursuant to*  
44 *subsection 4 must be deposited and used in the manner set forth in*  
45 *subsection 4 of NRS 176.064.*



1 **8. If the juvenile court enters a civil judgment pursuant to**  
2 **subsection 1 and the person against whom the judgment is entered**  
3 **is convicted of a crime before he or she satisfies the civil**  
4 **judgment, the court sentencing the person for that crime shall**  
5 **include in the sentence the civil judgment or such portion of the**  
6 **civil judgment that remains unpaid.**

7 **Sec. 5.** (Deleted by amendment.)

8 **Sec. 6.** NRS 62C.210 is hereby amended to read as follows:

9 62C.210 1. An agreement for informal supervision may  
10 require the child to:

11 (a) Perform community service , ~~or~~ provide restitution to any  
12 victim of the acts for which the child was referred to the probation  
13 officer ~~or~~ **or make a monetary contribution to a restitution**  
14 **contribution fund established pursuant to section 9 of this act;**

15 (b) Participate in a program of restitution through work that is  
16 established pursuant to NRS 62E.580 if the child:

17 (1) Is 14 years of age or older;

18 (2) Has never been found to be within the purview of this  
19 title for an unlawful act that involved the use or threatened use of  
20 force or violence against a victim and has never been found to have  
21 committed such an unlawful act in any other jurisdiction, unless the  
22 probation officer determines that the child would benefit from the  
23 program;

24 (3) Is required to provide restitution to a victim; and

25 (4) Voluntarily agrees to participate in the program of  
26 restitution through work;

27 (c) Complete a program of cognitive training and human  
28 development pursuant to NRS 62E.220 if:

29 (1) The child has never been found to be within the purview  
30 of this title; and

31 (2) The unlawful act for which the child is found to be within  
32 the purview of this title did not involve the use or threatened use of  
33 force or violence against a victim; or

34 (d) Engage in any combination of the activities set forth in this  
35 subsection.

36 2. If the agreement for informal supervision requires the child  
37 to participate in a program of restitution through work or complete a  
38 program of cognitive training and human development, the  
39 agreement may also require any or all of the following, in the  
40 following order of priority if practicable:

41 (a) The child or the parent or guardian of the child, or both, to  
42 the extent of their financial ability, to pay the costs associated with  
43 the participation of the child in the program, including, but not  
44 limited to:





1 (1) A reasonable sum of money to pay for the cost of policies  
2 of insurance against liability for personal injury and damage to  
3 property during those periods in which the child participates in the  
4 program or performs work; and

5 (2) In the case of a program of restitution through work, for  
6 industrial insurance, unless the industrial insurance is provided by  
7 the employer for which the child performs the work; or

8 (b) The child to work on projects or perform community service  
9 for a period that reflects the costs associated with the participation  
10 of the child in the program.

11 **Sec. 7.** NRS 62D.030 is hereby amended to read as follows:

12 62D.030 1. If a child is alleged to be delinquent or in need of  
13 supervision, the juvenile court shall advise the child and the parent  
14 or guardian of the child that the child is entitled to be represented by  
15 an attorney at all stages of the proceedings.

16 2. If a parent or guardian of a child is indigent, the parent or  
17 guardian may request the appointment of an attorney to represent  
18 the child pursuant to the provisions in NRS 171.188.

19 3. Except as otherwise provided in this section, the juvenile  
20 court shall appoint an attorney for a child if the parent or guardian of  
21 the child does not retain an attorney for the child and is not likely to  
22 retain an attorney for the child.

23 4. A child may waive the right to be represented by an attorney  
24 if:

25 (a) A petition is not filed and the child is placed under informal  
26 supervision pursuant to NRS 62C.200; or

27 (b) A petition is filed and the record of the juvenile court shows  
28 that the waiver of the right to be represented by an attorney is made  
29 knowingly, intelligently, voluntarily and in accordance with any  
30 applicable standards established by the juvenile court.

31 5. Except as otherwise provided in *subsection 6 and* NRS  
32 424.085, if the juvenile court appoints an attorney to represent a  
33 child and:

34 (a) The parent or guardian of the child is not indigent, the parent  
35 or guardian shall pay the reasonable fees and expenses of the  
36 attorney.

37 (b) The parent or guardian of the child is indigent, the juvenile  
38 court may order the parent or guardian to reimburse the county or  
39 State in accordance with the ability of the parent or guardian to pay.

40 6. *For the purposes of paragraph (b) of subsection 5, the*  
41 *juvenile court shall find that the parent or guardian of the child is*  
42 *indigent if:*

43 (a) *The parent or guardian:*

44 (1) *Receives public assistance, as that term is defined in*  
45 *NRS 422A.065;*



1           (2) *Resides in public housing, as that term is defined in*  
2 *NRS 315.021;*

3           (3) *Has a household income that is less than 200 percent of*  
4 *the federally designated level signifying poverty;*

5           (4) *Is incarcerated pursuant to a sentence imposed upon*  
6 *conviction of a crime; or*

7           (5) *Is housed in a public or private mental health facility;*  
8 *or*

9           (b) *After considering the particular circumstances of the*  
10 *parent or guardian, including, without limitation, the seriousness*  
11 *of the charges against the child, the monthly expenses of the*  
12 *parent or guardian and the rates for attorneys in the area in which*  
13 *the juvenile court is located, the juvenile court determines that the*  
14 *parent or guardian is financially unable, without substantial*  
15 *hardship to the parent or guardian or his or her dependents, to*  
16 *obtain qualified and competent legal counsel.*

17         7. Each attorney, other than a public defender, who is  
18 appointed under the provisions of this section is entitled to the same  
19 compensation and expenses from the county as is provided in NRS  
20 7.125 and 7.135 for attorneys appointed to represent persons  
21 charged with criminal offenses.

22         **Sec. 8.** Chapter 62E of NRS is hereby amended by adding  
23 thereto the provisions set forth as sections 9 and 10 of this act.

24         **Sec. 9. 1.** *The juvenile court may establish, with the county*  
25 *treasurer as custodian, a special fund to be known as the*  
26 *restitution contribution fund.*

27         2. *The juvenile court may apply for and accept grants, gifts,*  
28 *donations, bequests or devises which the director of juvenile*  
29 *services shall deposit with the county treasurer for credit to the*  
30 *fund.*

31         3. *The fund must be a separate and continuing fund, and no*  
32 *money in the fund reverts to the general fund of the county at any*  
33 *time. The interest earned on the money in the fund, after*  
34 *deducting any applicable charges, must be credited to the fund.*

35         4. *The juvenile court shall:*

36           (a) *Expend money from the fund only to provide restitution to*  
37 *a victim of an unlawful act committed by a child; and*

38           (b) *If the source of the money is a grant, gift, donation,*  
39 *bequest or devise, expend the money, to the extent permitted by*  
40 *law, in accordance with the terms of the grant, gift, donation,*  
41 *bequest or devise.*

42         5. *The juvenile court must authorize any expenditure from*  
43 *the fund before it is made.*

44         **Sec. 10.** (Deleted by amendment.)



1       **Sec. 11.** NRS 62E.100 is hereby amended to read as follows:

2       62E.100 Except as otherwise provided in NRS 62E.100 to  
3 62E.300, inclusive **H**, *and section 9 of this act*:

4       1. The provisions of NRS 62E.100 to 62E.300, inclusive, *and*  
5 *section 9 of this act* apply to the disposition of a case involving any  
6 child who is found to be within the purview of this title.

7       2. In addition to any other orders or actions authorized or  
8 required by the provisions of this title, if a child is found to be  
9 within the purview of this title:

10       (a) The juvenile court may issue any orders or take any actions  
11 set forth in NRS 62E.100 to 62E.300, inclusive, *and section 9 of*  
12 *this act* that the juvenile court deems proper for the disposition of  
13 the case; and

14       (b) If required by a specific statute, the juvenile court shall issue  
15 the appropriate orders or take the appropriate actions set forth in the  
16 statute.

17       **Sec. 12.** NRS 483.443 is hereby amended to read as follows:

18       483.443 1. The Department shall, upon receiving notification  
19 from a district attorney or other public agency collecting support for  
20 children pursuant to NRS 425.510 that a court has determined that a  
21 person:

22       (a) Has failed to comply with a subpoena or warrant relating to a  
23 proceeding to establish paternity or to establish or enforce an  
24 obligation for the support of a child; or

25       (b) Is in arrears in the payment for the support of one or more  
26 children,

27       ↪ send a written notice to that person that his or her driver's license  
28 is subject to suspension.

29       2. The notice must include:

30       (a) The reason for the suspension of the license;

31       (b) The information set forth in subsections 3, 5 and 6; and

32       (c) Any other information the Department deems necessary.

33       3. If a person who receives a notice pursuant to subsection 1  
34 does not, within 30 days after receiving the notice, comply with the  
35 subpoena or warrant or satisfy the arrearage as required in NRS  
36 425.510, the Department shall suspend the license without providing  
37 the person with an opportunity for a hearing.

38       4. The Department shall suspend immediately the license of a  
39 defendant if so ordered pursuant to NRS 176.064 **H** *or section 4 of*  
40 *this act*.

41       5. The Department shall reinstate the driver's license of a  
42 person whose license was suspended pursuant to this section if it  
43 receives:

44       (a) A notice from the district attorney or other public agency  
45 pursuant to NRS 425.510 that the person has complied with the



1 subpoena or warrant or has satisfied the arrearage pursuant to that  
2 section , ~~to~~ from a district judge that a delinquency for which the  
3 suspension was ordered pursuant to NRS 176.064 has been  
4 discharged ~~to~~ *or from a judge of the juvenile court that an*  
5 *unsatisfied civil judgment for which the suspension was ordered*  
6 *pursuant to section 4 of this act has been satisfied;* and  
7 (b) Payment of the fee for reinstatement of a suspended license  
8 prescribed in NRS 483.410.  
9 6. The Department shall not require a person whose driver's  
10 license was suspended pursuant to this section to submit to the tests  
11 and other requirements which are adopted by regulation pursuant to  
12 subsection 1 of NRS 483.495 as a condition of the reinstatement of  
13 the license.  
14 **Sec. 13.** This act becomes effective upon passage and  
15 approval.

