ASSEMBLY BILL NO. 394-ASSEMBLYMAN OHRENSCHALL

MARCH 21, 2011

Referred to Committee on Judiciary

SUMMARY—Revises provisions relating to common-interest communities. (BDR 10-346)

FISCAL NOTE: Effect on Local Government: No. Effect on the State: No.

EXPLANATION - Matter in *bolded italics* is new; matter between brackets [omitted material] is material to be omitted.

AN ACT relating to common-interest communities; revising provisions governing the collection of past due financial obligations in common-interest communities; establishing limits on the amount which may be charged to a unit's owner to cover the costs of collecting a past due financial obligation; revising provisions governing an association's lien for assessments; revising provisions governing the foreclosure of an association's lien by sale; revising provisions governing the manner of collecting debts owed to an association; establishing a limit on the amount of the fee which may be charged to a unit's owner to record a transfer of the unit in the records of the association; revising various provisions relating to common-interest communities; and providing other matters properly relating thereto.

Legislative Counsel's Digest:

Existing law establishes certain restrictions on the actions of an association of a common-interest community with respect to regulating the use of a unit by a unit's owner. (NRS 116.2111) Section 3 of this bill prohibits an association from prohibiting or unreasonably restricting a unit's owner from installing and using a clothesline within the boundaries of his or her unit. Existing law requires the Commission for Common-Interest Communities and Condominium Hotels to adopt regulations establishing the amount of the fees that

Existing law requires the Commission for Common-Interest Communities and
Condominium Hotels to adopt regulations establishing the amount of the fees that
may be charged to a unit's owner to cover the costs of collecting a past due
financial obligation owed to an association of a common-interest community. (NRS
116.310313) Section 5 of this bill prohibits the association from charging a unit's
owner the costs of collecting a past due obligation unless two-thirds of the total
number of voting members of the association approve a collection policy for the





13 association. Section 5 requires the collection policy to establish the rates for the 14 costs of collecting a past due obligation and establishes limits on the amount a 15 unit's owner may be charged to cover the costs of collecting such obligations, 16 which are based on the amount of the outstanding balance of the past due 17 obligation. In addition, section 5 establishes limits on the amount of the fee charged 18 to a unit's owner to transfer an account for collection and to change the name of the 19 unit's owner on such an account.

Under existing law, the association has a lien for certain amounts due the association. This lien is prior to the lien of a first security interest on the unit to the extent of charges incurred by the association to maintain certain units which are being foreclosed and to the extent of a specified number of months of assessments. (NRS 116.3116) **Section 8** of this bill provides that if the title to the unit is acquired at a foreclosure sale or trustee's sale and the mortgage on the unit was insured by the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation or the Federal National Mortgage Association, the amount secured by the lien given priority must not exceed the amount of common expenses and assessments authorized to be given such priority by the federal regulations or underwriting guidelines of the federal entity which insured the debt.

31 32 Existing law authorizes the association to foreclose its lien by sale of the unit and prescribes the procedures for such a foreclosure. (NRS 116.31162-116.31168) 33 Sections 9 and 10 of this bill revise provisions governing such foreclosures by 34 prohibiting the association from: (1) foreclosing its lien by sale based on delinquent 35 assessments unless the amount of delinquent assessments exceeds a certain amount; 36 (2) foreclosing its lien by sale unless the executive board of the association 37 authorizes the foreclosure in an executive session after providing notice of the 38 meeting to a unit's owner; and (3) selling the unit and charging any costs of 39 collecting to a unit's owner if the sale does not occur within 120 days after the 40 association mails the notice of default and election to sell to the unit's owner.

Existing law requires the association to provide a statement of any transfer fees, transaction fees or any other fees associated with the resale of a unit in the resale package which is provided to a potential purchaser of a unit. (NRS 116.4109) Section 11 of this bill establishes a limit of not more than \$50 on a fee charged to a unit's owner to record the transfer of a unit in the records of the association or its community manager.

47 Existing law provides that a collection agency which violates the federal Fair 48 Debt Collection Practices Act, 15 U.S.C. §§ 1692 et seq., or any regulation adopted 49 pursuant thereto violates the provisions in existing state law relating to collection 50 agencies. (NRS 649.370) Because the Fair Debt Collection Practices Act applies to 51 consumer debts owed by natural persons, it does not apply when a collection 52 agency collects any debt owed by an entity. (15 U.S.C. §§ 1692 et seq.) Section 12 53 of this bill provides that a collection agency which violates the federal Fair Debt 54 Collection Practices Act with respect to any debt owed to an association by a unit's 55 owner is deemed to violate existing state law relating to collection agencies.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEVADA, REPRESENTED IN SENATE AND ASSEMBLY, DO ENACT AS FOLLOWS:

1 **Section 1.** Chapter 116 of NRS is hereby amended by adding 2 thereto a new section to read as follows:

3 "Costs of collecting" includes any fee, charge or cost, by 4 whatever name, including, without limitation, any collection fee, 5 filing fee, recording fee, fee related to the preparation, recording





or delivery of a notice of default and election to sell or notice of 1 foreclosure sale or a rescission thereof, title search lien fee, 2 bankruptcy search fee, referral fee, fee for postage or delivery and 3 any other fee or cost that an association charges a unit's owner 4 for the investigation, enforcement or collection of a past due 5 obligation. The term does not include any costs incurred by an 6 7 association if a lawsuit is filed to enforce any past due obligation 8 or any costs awarded by a court.

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Sec. 2. NRS 116.003 is hereby amended to read as follows:

10 116.003 As used in this chapter and in the declaration and 11 bylaws of an association, unless the context otherwise requires, the 12 words and terms defined in NRS 116.005 to 116.095, inclusive, *and* 13 *section 1 of this act* have the meanings ascribed to them in those 14 sections.

Sec. 3. NRS 116.2111 is hereby amended to read as follows:

16 116.2111 1. Except as otherwise provided in this section and 17 subject to the provisions of the declaration and other provisions of 18 law, a unit's owner:

(a) May make any improvements or alterations to his or her unit
that do not impair the structural integrity or mechanical systems or
lessen the support of any portion of the common-interest
community;

(b) May not change the appearance of the common elements, or
 the exterior appearance of a unit or any other portion of the
 common-interest community, without permission of the association;
 and

(c) After acquiring an adjoining unit or an adjoining part of an adjoining unit, may remove or alter any intervening partition or create apertures therein, even if the partition in whole or in part is a common element, if those acts do not impair the structural integrity or mechanical systems or lessen the support of any portion of the common-interest community. Removal of partitions or creation of apertures under this paragraph is not an alteration of boundaries.

2. An association may not:

(a) Unreasonably restrict, prohibit or otherwise impede the
 lawful rights of a unit's owner to have reasonable access to his or
 her unit.

(b) Charge any fee for a person to enter the common-interest
community to provide services to a unit, a unit's owner or a tenant
of a unit's owner or for any visitor to the common-interest
community or invitee of a unit's owner or a tenant of a unit's owner
to enter the common-interest community.

43 (c) Unreasonably restrict, prohibit or withhold approval for a 44 unit's owner to add to a unit:





1 (1) Improvements such as ramps, railings or elevators that 2 are necessary to improve access to the unit for any occupant of the 3 unit who has a disability;

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(2) Additional locks to improve the security of the unit;

5 (3) Shutters to improve the security of the unit or to reduce 6 the costs of energy for the unit; or

7 (4) A system that uses wind energy to reduce the costs of 8 energy for the unit if the boundaries of the unit encompass 2 acres or 9 more within the common-interest community.

10 (d) With regard to approving or disapproving any improvement 11 or alteration made to a unit, act in violation of any state or federal 12 law.

(e) Prohibit or unreasonably restrict a unit's owner from
installing and using a clothesline within the boundaries of his or
her unit.

3. Any improvement or alteration made pursuant to subsection that is visible from any other portion of the common-interest community must be installed, constructed or added in accordance with the procedures set forth in the governing documents of the association and must be selected or designed to the maximum extent practicable to be compatible with the style of the common-interest community.

4. An association may not unreasonably restrict, prohibit or withhold approval for a unit's owner to add shutters to improve the security of the unit or to reduce the costs of energy for the unit, including, without limitation, rolling shutters, that are attached to a portion of an interior or exterior window, interior or exterior door or interior or exterior wall which is not part of the unit and which is a common element or limited common element if:

30 (a) The portion of the window, door or wall to which the 31 shutters are attached is adjoining the unit; and

(b) The shutters must necessarily be attached to that portion of
the window, door or wall during installation to achieve the
maximum benefit in improving the security of the unit or reducing
the costs of energy for the unit.

5. If a unit's owner adds shutters pursuant to subsection 4, the unit's owner is responsible for the maintenance of the shutters.

6. For the purposes of subsection 4, a covenant, restriction or condition which does not unreasonably restrict the addition of shutters and which is contained in the governing documents of a common-interest community or a policy established by a commoninterest community is enforceable so long as the covenant, restriction or condition was:

44 (a) In existence on July 1, 2009; or





(b) Contained in the governing documents in effect on the close 1 2 of escrow of the first sale of a unit in the common-interest 3 community.

4 7. A unit's owner may not add to the unit a system that uses 5 wind energy as described in subparagraph (4) of paragraph (c) of 6 subsection 2 unless the unit's owner first obtains the written consent 7 of each owner of property within 300 feet of any boundary of the 8 unit.

9 Sec. 4. NRS 116.310312 is hereby amended to read as 10 follows:

11 116.310312 1. A person who holds a security interest in a 12 unit must provide the association with the person's contact 13 information as soon as reasonably practicable, but not later than 30 14 days after the person:

15 (a) Files an action for recovery of a debt or enforcement of any 16 right secured by the unit pursuant to NRS 40.430; or

17 (b) Records or has recorded on his or her behalf a notice of a 18 breach of obligation secured by the unit and the election to sell or have the unit sold pursuant to NRS 107.080. 19

2. If an action or notice described in subsection 1 has been 20 filed or recorded regarding a unit and the association has provided 21 22 the unit's owner with notice and an opportunity for a hearing in the manner provided in NRS 116.31031, the association, including its 23 24 employees, agents and community manager, may, but is not 25 required to, enter the grounds of the unit, whether or not the unit is vacant, to take any of the following actions if the unit's owner 26 27 refuses or fails to take any action or comply with any requirement imposed on the unit's owner within the time specified by the 28 29 association as a result of the hearing:

30 (a) Maintain the exterior of the unit in accordance with the 31 standards set forth in the governing documents, including, without limitation, any provisions governing maintenance, standing water or 32 snow removal. 33

34 (b) Remove or abate a public nuisance on the exterior of the unit 35 which:

(1) Is visible from any common area of the community or 36 37 public streets;

38 (2) Threatens the health or safety of the residents of the 39 common-interest community;

40 (3) Results in blighting or deterioration of the unit or 41 surrounding area; and 42

(4) Adversely affects the use and enjoyment of nearby units.

If a unit is vacant and the association has provided the unit's 43 3. 44 owner with notice and an opportunity for a hearing in the manner 45 provided in NRS 116.31031, the association, including its



employees, agents and community manager, may enter the grounds
 of the unit to maintain the exterior of the unit or abate a public
 nuisance as described in subsection 2 if the unit's owner refuses or
 fails to do so.

5 The association may order that the costs of any maintenance 4. 6 or abatement conducted pursuant to subsection 2 or 3, including, 7 without limitation, reasonable inspection fees, notification and collection costs and interest, be charged against the unit. The 8 9 association shall keep a record of such costs and interest charged 10 against the unit and has a lien on the unit for any unpaid amount of 11 the charges. The lien may be foreclosed under NRS 116.31162 to 12 116.31168. inclusive.

5. A lien described in subsection 4 bears interest from the date
that the charges become due at a rate determined pursuant to NRS
17.130 until the charges, including all interest due, are paid.

16 6. [Except as otherwise provided in this subsection,] Subject to 17 the limitations provided in NRS 116.3116, a lien described in 18 subsection 4 is prior and superior to all liens, claims, encumbrances and titles other than the liens described in paragraphs (a) and (c) of 19 subsection 2 of NRS 116.3116. [If the federal regulations of the 20 21 Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation or the Federal National 22 Mortgage Association require a shorter period of priority for the lien, the period during which the lien is prior and superior to other 23 security interests shall be determined in accordance with those 24 25 federal regulations. Notwithstanding the federal regulations, the 26 period of priority of the lien must not be less than the 6 months 27 immediately preceding the institution of an action to enforce the lien.] 28

7. A person who purchases or acquires a unit at a foreclosure sale pursuant to NRS 40.430 or a trustee's sale pursuant to NRS 107.080 is bound by the governing documents of the association and shall maintain the exterior of the unit in accordance with the governing documents of the association. Such a unit may only be removed from a common-interest community in accordance with the governing documents pursuant to this chapter.

8. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, an association,
its directors or members of the executive board, employees, agents
or community manager who enter the grounds of a unit pursuant to
this section are not liable for trespass.

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9. As used in this section:

41 (a) "Exterior of the unit" includes, without limitation, all 42 landscaping outside of a unit and the exterior of all property 43 exclusively owned by the unit owner.

44 (b) "Vacant" means a unit:

(1) Which reasonably appears to be unoccupied;





(2) On which the owner has failed to maintain the exterior to 1 2 the standards set forth in the governing documents the association; 3 and (3) On which the owner has failed to pay assessments for 4 5 more than 60 days. Sec. 5. NRS 116.310313 is hereby amended to read as 6 7 follows: 8 116.310313 1. An association may *not* charge a unit's owner **<u>reasonable fees to cover</u>** the costs of collecting any past due 9 obligation [. The Commission shall adopt regulations establishing 10 the amount of the fees that an association may charge pursuant to 11 this section.] unless: 12 13 (a) The executive board proposes a collection policy which 14 includes. without limitation: 15 (1) The responsibility of the unit's owner to pay an 16 obligation in a timely manner; 17 (2) The association's rights concerning the collection of an obligation if the unit's owner fails to pay the obligation in a timely 18 19 manner; and 20 (3) The rate established by the association for the costs of 21 collecting a past due obligation; and 22 (b) Units' owners constituting at least two-thirds of the total number of voting members of the association approve the 23 collection policy proposed by the executive board. 24 25 2. Subject to the limitation set forth in subsection 3, if, pursuant to subsection 1, the association is authorized to charge a 26 27 unit's owner the costs of collecting a past due obligation, the rate established by the association for the costs of collecting the past 28 29 due obligation: 30 (a) May not exceed \$50, if the outstanding balance is less than 31 *\$200*. 32 (b) May not exceed \$75, if the outstanding balance is \$200 or 33 more but is less than \$500. (c) May not exceed \$100, if the outstanding balance is \$500 or 34 35 more but is less than \$1,000. (d) May not exceed \$250, if the outstanding balance is \$1,000 36 37 or more but is less than \$5,000. (e) May not exceed \$500, if the outstanding balance is \$5,000 38 39 or more. 40 3. The rate established by the association for the costs of collecting a past due obligation must provide that, during any 24-41 42 month period, the association may not charge a unit's owner the costs of collecting a past due obligation in an amount which 43 44 exceeds \$600 per unit.





4. The provisions of this section apply to any costs of
 collecting a past due obligation charged to a unit's owner, regardless
 of whether the past due obligation is collected by the association
 itself or by any person acting on behalf of the association, including,
 without limitation, an officer or employee of the association, a
 community manager or a collection agency.

7 5. An association or a community manager may not charge a
8 unit's owner, or require a unit's owner to pay, a fee of more than:
9 (a) Fifty dollars for transferring an account for the collection

9 (a) Fifty addars for transferring an account for the code 10 of a past due obligation to another person; and

11 (b) Twenty-five dollars for changing the name of the unit's 12 owner on the account for the collection of a past due obligation.

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[3.] 6. As used in this section:

14 (a) ["Costs of collecting" includes any fee, charge or cost, by 15 whatever name, including, without limitation, any collection fee, 16 filing fee, recording fee, fee related to the preparation, recording or delivery of a lien or lien rescission, title search lien fee, bankruptcy 17 18 search fee, referral fee, fee for postage or delivery and any other fee or cost that an association charges a unit's owner for the 19 20 investigation, enforcement or collection of a past due obligation. The term does not include any costs incurred by an association if a 21 22 lawsuit is filed to enforce any past due obligation or any costs 23 awarded by a court. (b)] "Obligation" means any assessment, fine, construction 24

(b) Obligation means any assessment, fine, construction
 penalty, fee, charge or interest levied or imposed against a unit's
 owner pursuant to any provision of this chapter or the governing
 documents.

(b) "Outstanding balance" means the amount of a past due
obligation that remains unpaid before any interest, charges for
late payment or costs of collecting the past due obligation are
added.

Sec. 6. NRS 116.31085 is hereby amended to read as follows:

116.31085 1. Except as otherwise provided in this section, a
unit's owner may attend any meeting of the units' owners or of the
executive board and speak at any such meeting. The executive board
may establish reasonable limitations on the time a unit's owner may
speak at such a meeting.

2. An executive board may not meet in executive session to
open or consider bids for an association project as defined in NRS
116.31086, or to enter into, renew, modify, terminate or take any
other action regarding a contract.

42 3. An executive board may meet in executive session only to:

43 (a) Consult with the attorney for the association on matters 44 relating to proposed or pending litigation if the contents of the





discussion would otherwise be governed by the privilege set forth in
 NRS 49.035 to 49.115, inclusive.

3 (b) Discuss the character, alleged misconduct, professional 4 competence, or physical or mental health of a community manager 5 or an employee of the association.

6 (c) Except as otherwise provided in subsection 4, discuss a 7 violation of the governing documents, including, without limitation, 8 the failure to pay an assessment.

9 (d) Discuss the alleged failure of a unit's owner to adhere to a 10 schedule required pursuant to NRS 116.310305 if the alleged failure 11 may subject the unit's owner to a construction penalty.

(e) Discuss an authorization to foreclose the association's lien by sale pursuant to paragraph (b) of subsection 1 of NRS 116.31162. The vote of each member of the executive board concerning whether to authorize the foreclosure of the association's lien by sale must be recorded in the minutes of the meeting.

4. An executive board shall meet in executive session to hold a
hearing on an alleged violation of the governing documents unless
the person who may be sanctioned for the alleged violation requests
in writing that an open hearing be conducted by the executive board.
If the person who may be sanctioned for the alleged violation
requests in writing that an open hearing be conducted, the person:

(a) Is entitled to attend all portions of the hearing related to the
 alleged violation, including, without limitation, the presentation of
 evidence and the testimony of witnesses;

(b) Is entitled to due process, as set forth in the standards adopted by regulation by the Commission, which must include, without limitation, the right to counsel, the right to present witnesses and the right to present information relating to any conflict of interest of any member of the hearing panel; and

32 (c) Is not entitled to attend the deliberations of the executive 33 board.

5. The provisions of subsection 4 establish the minimum protections that the executive board must provide before it may make a decision. The provisions of subsection 4 do not preempt any provisions of the governing documents that provide greater protections.

6. Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, any matter discussed by the executive board when it meets in executive session must be generally noted in the minutes of the meeting of the executive board. The executive board shall maintain minutes of any decision made pursuant to subsection 4 concerning an alleged violation and, upon request, provide a copy of the decision to the





person who was subject to being sanctioned at the hearing or to the
 person's designated representative.

3 7. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 4, a unit's owner 4 is not entitled to attend or speak at a meeting of the executive board 5 held in executive session.

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Sec. 7. NRS 116.31151 is hereby amended to read as follows:

7 116.31151 1. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 2 8 and unless the declaration of a common-interest community imposes 9 more stringent standards, the executive board shall, not less than 30 10 days or more than 60 days before the beginning of the fiscal year of 11 the association, prepare and distribute to each unit's owner a copy 12 of:

(a) The budget for the daily operation of the association. The
budget must include, without limitation, the estimated annual
revenue and expenditures of the association and any contributions to
be made to the reserve account of the association.

(b) The budget to provide adequate funding for the reserves
required by paragraph (b) of subsection 2 of NRS 116.3115. The
budget must include, without limitation:

20 (1) The current estimated replacement cost, estimated 21 remaining life and estimated useful life of each major component of 22 the common elements and any other portion of the common-interest 23 community that the association is obligated to maintain, repair, 24 replace or restore;

(2) As of the end of the fiscal year for which the budget is prepared, the current estimate of the amount of cash reserves that are necessary, and the current amount of accumulated cash reserves that are set aside, to repair, replace or restore the major components of the common elements and any other portion of the commoninterest community that the association is obligated to maintain, repair, replace or restore;

(3) A statement as to whether the executive board has determined or anticipates that the levy of one or more special assessments will be necessary to repair, replace or restore any major component of the common elements or any other portion of the common-interest community that the association is obligated to maintain, repair, replace or restore or to provide adequate funding for the reserves designated for that purpose; and

39 (4) A general statement describing the procedures used for 40 the estimation and accumulation of cash reserves pursuant to 41 subparagraph (2), including, without limitation, the qualifications of 42 the person responsible for the preparation of the study of the 43 reserves required by NRS 116.31152.

44 2. In lieu of distributing copies of the budgets of the 45 association required by subsection 1, the executive board may





1 distribute to each unit's owner a summary of those budgets, 2 accompanied by a written notice that:

(a) The budgets are available for review at the business office of 3 the association or some other suitable location within the county 4 5 where the common-interest community is situated or, if it is situated 6 in more than one county, within one of those counties but not to 7 exceed 60 miles from the physical location of the common-interest 8 community; and

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(b) Copies of the budgets will be provided upon request.

10 Within 60 days after adoption of any proposed budget for 3. 11 the common-interest community, the executive board shall provide a 12 summary of the proposed budget to each unit's owner and shall set a 13 date for a meeting of the units' owners to consider ratification of the 14 proposed budget not less than 14 days or more than 30 days after the 15 mailing of the summaries. Unless at that meeting a majority of all 16 units' owners, or any larger vote specified in the declaration, reject 17 the proposed budget, the proposed budget is ratified, whether or not 18 a quorum is present. If the proposed budget is rejected, the periodic budget last ratified by the units' owners must be continued until 19 such time as the units' owners ratify a subsequent budget proposed 20 21 by the executive board.

22 The executive board shall, at the same time and in the same 4. 23 manner that the executive board makes the budget available to a 24 unit's owner pursuant to this section, make available to each unit's 25 owner the *collection* policy [established] for the association [concerning the collection of any fees, fines, assessments or costs 26 27 imposed against a unit's owner pursuant to this chapter. The policy 28 must include, without limitation:

29 (a) The responsibility of the unit's owner to pay any such fees, 30 fines, assessments or costs in a timely manner; and

31 (b) The association's rights concerning the collection of such fees, fines, assessments or costs if the unit's owner fails to pay the 32 33 fees, fines, assessments or costs in a timely manner.] adopted pursuant to NRS 116.310313. 34 35

Sec. 8. NRS 116.3116 is hereby amended to read as follows:

116.3116 1. The association has a lien on a unit for any 36 37 construction penalty that is imposed against the unit's owner pursuant to NRS 116.310305, any assessment levied against that 38 unit or any fines imposed against the unit's owner from the time the 39 40 construction penalty, assessment or fine becomes due. Unless the 41 declaration otherwise provides, any penalties, fees, charges, late 42 charges, fines and interest charged pursuant to paragraphs (i) to (n), inclusive, of subsection 1 of NRS 116.3102 are enforceable as 43 44 assessments under this section. If an assessment is payable in



1 installments, the full amount of the assessment is a lien from the2 time the first installment thereof becomes due.

3 2. A lien under this section is prior to all other liens and 4 encumbrances on a unit except:

5 (a) Liens and encumbrances recorded before the recordation of 6 the declaration and, in a cooperative, liens and encumbrances which 7 the association creates, assumes or takes subject to;

8 (b) A first security interest on the unit recorded before the date 9 on which the assessment sought to be enforced became delinquent 10 or, in a cooperative, the first security interest encumbering only the 11 unit's owner's interest and perfected before the date on which the 12 assessment sought to be enforced became delinquent; and

13 (c) Liens for real estate taxes and other governmental
 14 assessments or charges against the unit or cooperative.
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16 3. The lien *under this section* is also prior to all security 17 interests described in paragraph (b) of subsection 2 to the extent of 18 any charges incurred by the association on a unit pursuant to NRS 116.310312 and to the extent of the assessments for common 19 expenses based on the periodic budget adopted by the association 20 21 pursuant to NRS 116.3115 which would have become due in the 22 absence of acceleration during the 9 months immediately preceding 23 institution of an action to enforce the lien, unless federal regulations or underwriting guidelines adopted by the Federal Home Loan 24 25 Mortgage Corporation or the Federal National Mortgage Association require a shorter period of priority for the lien. If federal 26 27 regulations or underwriting guidelines adopted by the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation or the Federal National 28 29 Mortgage Association require a shorter period of priority for the lien, the period [during which the lien is prior to all security interests 30 described in paragraph (b)] of priority must be determined in 31 32 accordance with those federal regulations **[]** or underwriting guidelines, except that notwithstanding the provisions of the federal 33 regulations *i* or underwriting guidelines, the period of priority for 34 35 the lien must not be less than the 6 months immediately preceding institution of an action to enforce the lien. [This subsection does] If 36 37 title to a unit is acquired by a sale conducted pursuant to NRS 38 40.430 or 107.080 to obtain payment of a debt secured by a security interest described in paragraph (b) of subsection 2 and 39 that debt was insured by the Federal Home Loan Mortgage 40 41 Corporation or the Federal National Mortgage Association, the 42 amount secured by the lien given priority over the security interests described in paragraph (b) of subsection 2 must not 43 44 exceed the amount of common expenses and assessments 45 authorized to be given such priority by the federal regulations or





underwriting guidelines adopted by the entity which insured the 1 2 debt.

The provisions of subsections 2 and 3 do not affect the 3 4. priority of mechanics' or materialmen's liens, or the priority of liens 4 5 for other assessments made by the association.

Unless the declaration otherwise provides, if two or 6 [<u>3.]</u> 5. 7 more associations have liens for assessments created at any time on 8 the same property, those liens have equal priority.

[4.] **6**. Recording of the declaration constitutes record notice 9 10 and perfection of the lien. No further recordation of any claim of 11 lien for assessment under this section is required.

12 A lien for unpaid assessments is extinguished unless [5.] 7. 13 proceedings to enforce the lien are instituted within 3 years after the 14 full amount of the assessments becomes due.

15 This section does not prohibit actions to recover sums [6.] 8. 16 for which subsection 1 creates a lien or prohibit an association from 17 taking a deed in lieu of foreclosure.

18 [7.] 9. A judgment or decree in any action brought under this 19 section must include costs and reasonable attorney's fees for the 20 prevailing party.

[8.] 10. The association, upon written request, shall furnish to a 21 22 unit's owner a statement setting forth the amount of unpaid 23 assessments against the unit. If the interest of the unit's owner is real 24 estate or if a lien for the unpaid assessments may be foreclosed 25 under NRS 116.31162 to 116.31168, inclusive, the statement must 26 be in recordable form. The statement must be furnished within 10 27 business days after receipt of the request and is binding on the 28 association, the executive board and every unit's owner.

29 [9.] 11. In a cooperative, upon nonpayment of an assessment 30 on a unit, the unit's owner may be evicted in the same manner as 31 provided by law in the case of an unlawful holdover by a 32 commercial tenant, and:

33 (a) In a cooperative where the owner's interest in a unit is real estate under NRS 116.1105, the association's lien may be foreclosed 34 35 under NRS 116.31162 to 116.31168, inclusive.

36 (b) In a cooperative where the owner's interest in a unit is 37 personal property under NRS 116.1105, the association's lien:

(1) May be foreclosed as a security interest under NRS 38 39 104.9101 to 104.9709, inclusive; or

40 (2) If the declaration so provides, may be foreclosed under 41 NRS 116.31162 to 116.31168, inclusive. 42

Sec. 9. NRS 116.31162 is hereby amended to read as follows:

43 116.31162 1. Except as otherwise provided in [subsection] 44 subsections 4 [] and 5 and paragraph (a) of subsection 2 of NRS 45 116.31164, in a condominium, in a planned community, in a





cooperative where the owner's interest in a unit is real estate under 1 2 NRS 116.1105, or in a cooperative where the owner's interest in a unit is personal property under NRS 116.1105 and the declaration 3 provides that a lien may be foreclosed under NRS 116.31162 to 4 5 116.31168, inclusive, the association may foreclose its lien by sale 6 after all of the following occur:

7 (a) The association has mailed by certified or registered mail, 8 return receipt requested, to the unit's owner or his or her successor 9 in interest, at his or her address, if known, and at the address of the 10 unit, a notice of delinquent assessment which states the amount of 11 the assessments and other sums which are due in accordance with 12 subsection 1 of NRS 116.3116, a description of the unit against 13 which the lien is imposed and the name of the record owner of the 14 unit.

15 (b) Before the association records the notice of default and 16 election to sell in the manner required by paragraph (c), the executive board authorizes the foreclosure of the association's lien 17 18 by sale by a majority vote of the members of the executive board which is recorded in the minutes of the meeting at which such 19 action is taken. Except as otherwise provided in this paragraph, if 20 21 the lien is imposed against a unit which is occupied by the unit's 22 owner, not later than 20 days before the meeting, the association 23 must provide to the unit's owner or his or her successor in interest 24 by personal delivery notice that the executive board will determine 25 whether to authorize the foreclosure of the association's lien by 26 sale of the unit. If the lien is imposed against a unit which is not 27 occupied by the unit's owner, the association may provide the notice by first-class mail to the last known mailing address of the 28 29 unit's owner.

30 (c) Not less than 30 days after mailing the notice of delinquent 31 assessment pursuant to paragraph (a), the association or other person 32 conducting the sale has executed and caused to be recorded, with the 33 county recorder of the county in which the common-interest community or any part of it is situated, a notice of default and 34 election to sell the unit to satisfy the lien which must contain the 35 36 same information as the notice of delinquent assessment and which 37 must also comply with the following:

38

(1) Describe the deficiency in payment.

39 (2) State the name and address of the person authorized by 40 the association to enforce the lien by sale. (3) Contain, in 14-point bold type, the following warning:

41

42 43

WARNING! IF YOU FAIL TO PAY THE AMOUNT

44 45







(d) The unit's owner or his or her successor in interest has 1 2 failed to pay the amount of the lien, including costs, fees and expenses incident to its enforcement, for 90 days following the 3 recording of the notice of default and election to sell. 4

5 The notice of default and election to sell must be signed by 2. 6 the person designated in the declaration or by the association for that 7 purpose or, if no one is designated, by the president of the 8 association.

9

3. The period of 90 days begins on the first day following:

10

(a) The date on which the notice of default is recorded; or

11 (b) The date on which a copy of the notice of default is mailed by certified or registered mail, return receipt requested, to the unit's 12 13 owner or his or her successor in interest at his or her address, if 14 known, and at the address of the unit.

15 → whichever date occurs later.

The association may not foreclose a lien by sale based on a 16 4. 17 fine or penalty for a violation of the governing documents of the 18 association unless:

19 (a) The violation poses an imminent threat of causing a 20 substantial adverse effect on the health, safety or welfare of the 21 units' owners or residents of the common-interest community; or

22 (b) The penalty is imposed for failure to adhere to a schedule 23 required pursuant to NRS 116.310305.

24 The association may not foreclose a lien by sale based on a 5. delinquent assessment unless the amount of the delinquent 25 assessment, excluding acceleration and any interest, charges for 26 27 late payment or costs of collecting the assessment: 28

(a) Is more than \$1,800; or

29 (b) Is equal to or greater than the assessments for common 30 expenses based on the periodic budget adopted by the association 31 pursuant to NRS 116.3115 which became due during the 12 32 months immediately preceding institution of the foreclosure.

33 Sec. 10. NRS 116.31164 is hereby amended to read as 34 follows:

35 116.31164 1. The sale must be conducted in the county in 36 which the common-interest community or part of it is situated, and 37 may be conducted by the association, its agent or attorney, or a title insurance company or escrow agent licensed to do business in this 38 State, except that the sale may be made at the office of the 39 association if the notice of the sale so provided, whether the unit is 40 41 located within the same county as the office of the association or 42 not. The association or other person conducting the sale may from time to time postpone the sale by such advertisement and notice as it 43 44 considers reasonable or, without further advertisement or notice, by





proclamation made to the persons assembled at the time and place
 previously set and advertised for the sale.

2. If the sale does not occur within 120 days after the date on which a copy of the notice of default and election to sell was personally delivered or mailed to the unit's owner or his or her successor in interest in the manner required by paragraph (b) of subsection 1 of NRS 116.31162, the association and any person acting on behalf of the association may not:

9

(a) Foreclose the association's lien by sale; or

10 (b) Charge to, or collect from, the unit's owner or his or her 11 successor in interest any costs of collecting the past due obligation 12 to which the notice of default relates unless the unit's owner or his 13 or her successor in interest has agreed to a payment plan which 14 includes the payment, in whole or in part, of the costs of collecting 15 the past due obligation.

16 3. On the day of sale originally advertised or to which the sale 17 is postponed, at the time and place specified in the notice or 18 postponement, the person conducting the sale may sell the unit at public auction to the highest cash bidder. Unless otherwise provided 19 20 in the declaration or by agreement, the association may purchase the unit and hold, lease, mortgage or convey it. The association may 21 22 purchase by a credit bid up to the amount of the unpaid assessments 23 and any permitted costs, fees and expenses incident to the 24 enforcement of its lien.

[3.] 4. After the sale, the person conducting the sale shall:

(a) Make, execute and, after payment is made, deliver to the
purchaser, or his or her successor or assign, a deed without warranty
which conveys to the grantee all title of the unit's owner to the unit;

(b) Deliver a copy of the deed to the Ombudsman within 30
days after the deed is delivered to the purchaser, or his or her
successor or assign; and

(c) Apply the proceeds of the sale for the following purposes inthe following order:

34

25

(1) The reasonable expenses of sale;

35 (2) The reasonable expenses of securing possession before 36 sale, holding, maintaining, and preparing the unit for sale, including 37 payment of taxes and other governmental charges, premiums on 38 hazard and liability insurance, and, to the extent provided for by the 39 declaration, reasonable attorney's fees and other legal expenses 40 incurred by the association;

41

(3) Satisfaction of the association's lien;

42 (4) Satisfaction in the order of priority of any subordinate 43 claim of record; and

44

(5) Remittance of any excess to the unit's owner.





Sec. 11. NRS 116.4109 is hereby amended to read as follows:

2 116.4109 1. Except in the case of a sale in which delivery of 3 a public offering statement is required, or unless exempt under 4 subsection 2 of NRS 116.4101, a unit's owner or his or her 5 authorized agent shall, at the expense of the unit's owner, furnish to 6 a purchaser a resale package containing all of the following:

7 (a) A copy of the declaration, other than any plats, the bylaws, 8 the rules or regulations of the association and the information 9 statement required by NRS 116.41095;

10 (b) A statement setting forth the amount of the monthly 11 assessment for common expenses and any unpaid assessment of any 12 kind currently due from the selling unit's owner;

13 (c) A copy of the current operating budget of the association and 14 current year-to-date financial statement for the association, which 15 must include a summary of the reserves of the association required 16 by NRS 116.31152 and which must include, without limitation, a 17 summary of the information described in paragraphs (a) to (e), 18 inclusive, of subsection 3 of NRS 116.31152;

(d) A statement of any unsatisfied judgments or pending legal
actions against the association and the status of any pending legal
actions relating to the common-interest community of which the
unit's owner has actual knowledge;

(e) A statement of any transfer fees, transaction fees or any other
 fees associated with the resale of a unit; and

(f) In addition to any other document, a statement describing all
current and expected fees or charges for each unit, including,
without limitation, association fees, fines, assessments, late charges
or penalties, interest rates on delinquent assessments, additional
costs for collecting past due fines and charges for opening or closing
any file for each unit.

31 2. The purchaser may, by written notice, cancel the contract of 32 purchase until midnight of the fifth calendar day following the date 33 of receipt of the resale package described in subsection 1, and the contract for purchase must contain a provision to that effect. If 34 35 the purchaser elects to cancel a contract pursuant to this subsection, the purchaser must hand deliver the notice of cancellation to the 36 37 unit's owner or his or her authorized agent or mail the notice of cancellation by prepaid United States mail to the unit's owner or his 38 or her authorized agent. Cancellation is without penalty, and all 39 40 payments made by the purchaser before cancellation must be 41 refunded promptly. If the purchaser has accepted a conveyance of 42 the unit, the purchaser is not entitled to:

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1

(a) Cancel the contract pursuant to this subsection; or

44 (b) Damages, rescission or other relief based solely on the 45 ground that the unit's owner or his or her authorized agent failed to





furnish the resale package, or any portion thereof, as required by this
 section.

3 3. Within 10 days after receipt of a written request by a unit's 4 owner or his or her authorized agent, the association shall furnish all 5 of the following to the unit's owner or his or her authorized agent 6 for inclusion in the resale package:

7 (a) Copies of the documents required pursuant to paragraphs (a)8 and (c) of subsection 1; and

9 (b) A certificate containing the information necessary to enable 10 the unit's owner to comply with paragraphs (b), (d) and (e) of 11 subsection 1.

12 4. If the association furnishes the documents and certificate 13 pursuant to subsection 3:

(a) The unit's owner or his or her authorized agent shall include the documents and certificate in the resale package provided to the purchaser, and neither the unit's owner nor his or her authorized agent is liable to the purchaser for any erroneous information provided by the association and included in the documents and certificate.

(b) The association may charge the unit's owner a reasonable fee to cover the cost of preparing the certificate furnished pursuant to subsection 3. Such a fee must be based on the actual cost the association incurs to fulfill the requirements of this section in preparing the certificate. The Commission shall adopt regulations establishing the maximum amount of the fee that an association may charge for preparing the certificate.

(c) The association may charge the unit's owner a reasonable
fee, not to exceed 25 cents per page, to cover the cost of copying the
other documents furnished pursuant to subsection 3.

(d) Except for the fees allowed pursuant to paragraphs (b) and
(c), the association may not charge the unit's owner any other fees
for preparing or furnishing the documents and certificate pursuant to
subsection 3.

5. Neither a purchaser nor the purchaser's interest in a unit is liable for any unpaid assessment or fee greater than the amount set forth in the documents and certificate prepared by the association. If the association fails to furnish the documents and certificate within the 10 days allowed by this section, the seller is not liable for the delinquent assessment.

40 6. Upon the request of a unit's owner or his or her authorized 41 agent, or upon the request of a purchaser to whom the unit's owner 42 has provided a resale package pursuant to this section or his or her 43 authorized agent, the association shall make the entire study of the 44 reserves of the association which is required by NRS 116.31152 45 reasonably available for the unit's owner, purchaser or authorized





agent to inspect, examine, photocopy and audit. The study must be
 made available at the business office of the association or some
 other suitable location within the county where the common-interest
 community is situated or, if it is situated in more than one county,
 within one of those counties.

6 7. An association or a community manager may not charge a 7 unit's owner, and may not require a unit's owner to pay, a fee of 8 more than \$50 to cover the cost of recording in the books and 9 records of the association or community manager the transfer of 10 the ownership of the unit.

11

Sec. 12. NRS 649.370 is hereby amended to read as follows:

12 649.370 *I*. A violation of any provision of the federal Fair 13 Debt Collection Practices Act, 15 U.S.C. §§ [1682] 1692 et seq., or 14 any regulation adopted pursuant thereto, shall be deemed to be a 15 violation of this chapter.

16 2. Even if a claim is not governed by the federal Fair Debt 17 Collection Practices Act, 15 U.S.C. §§ 1692 et seq., a violation of 18 any provision of that Act, or any regulation adopted pursuant 19 thereto, with respect to collecting or attempting to collect a claim 20 owed to a unit-owners' association by a unit's owner shall be 21 deemed to be a violation of this chapter.

22 Sec. 13. The amendatory provisions of sections 9 and 10 of 23 this act apply only if a notice of default and election to sell is 24 recorded pursuant to NRS 116.31162 on or after July 1, 2011.

25 Sec. 14. This act becomes effective on July 1, 2011.



